



**Return in pursuance of the provisions of section 59 of the
contagious diseases (animals) act, 1878, as regards England,
Wales, and Scotland.**

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CONTAGIOUS DISEASES (ANIMALS) ACT, 1878.

R E T U R N

IN PURSUANCE OF THE PROVISIONS

OF

SECTION 59

OF THE

CONTAGIOUS DISEASES (ANIMALS) ACT, 1878,

AS REGARDS

ENGLAND, WALES, AND SCOTLAND.

(Presented pursuant to Act of Parliament.)

*Ordered, by The House of Commons, to be Printed,
31 March 1885.*

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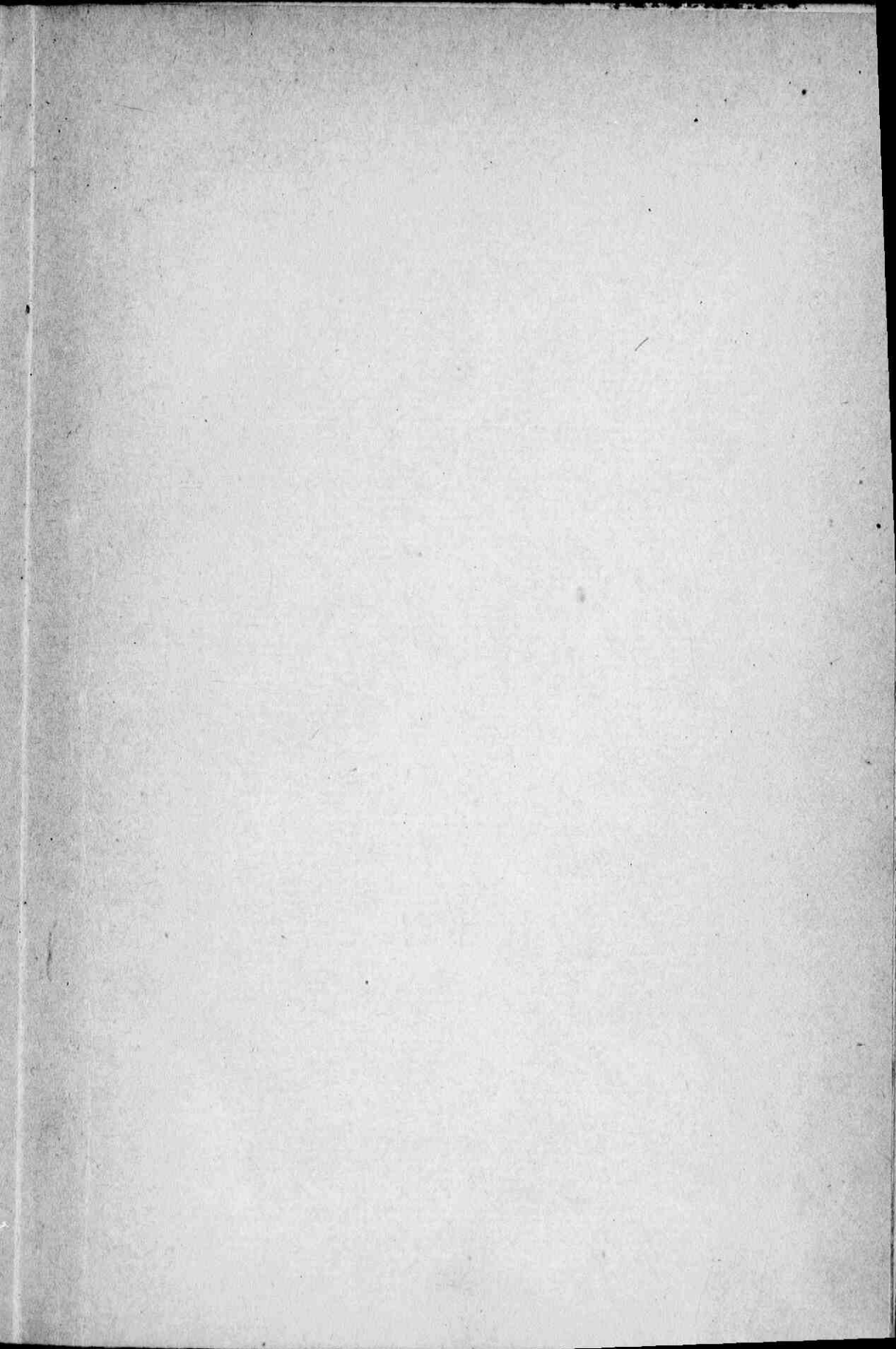
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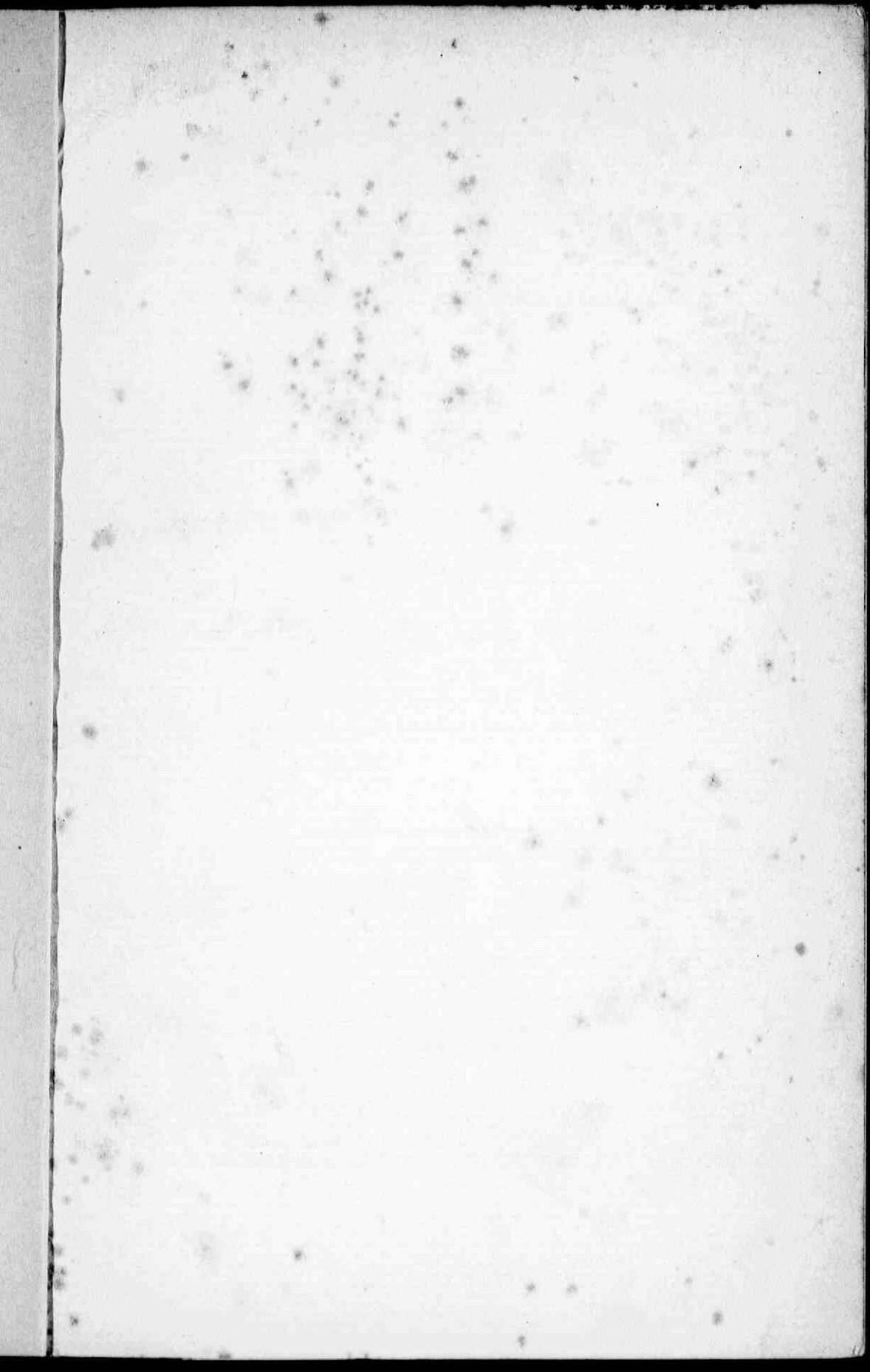
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CONTAGIOUS DISEASES (ANIMALS) ACT, 1878.

R E T U R N

IN PURSUANCE OF THE PROVISIONS

OF

SECTION 59

OF THE

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AS REGARDS

ENGLAND, WALES, AND SCOTLAND.

(PRESENTED PURSUANT TO ACT OF PARLIAMENT.)

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RETURN in pursuance of the Provisions of Section 59 of THE
CONTAGIOUS DISEASES (ANIMALS) ACT, 1878, as regards
ENGLAND, WALES, and SCOTLAND.

I.—ORDERS OF COUNCIL.

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and the 31st of December 1884, and which were not in force
on the latter Date.

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(3050.)

AT THE COUNCIL CHAMBER, WHITEHALL,

The 1st day of January 1884.

BY HER MAJESTY'S MOST HONOURABLE PRIVY COUNCIL.

THE Lords and others of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, by virtue and in exercise of the powers in them vested under The Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878, and of every other power enabling them in this behalf, do order, and it is hereby ordered, as follows :

1. The following Area (namely),—the parish of Kempston, in the county of Bedford,—which was declared by Order of Council to be an area infected with foot-and-mouth disease, is hereby declared to be free from foot-and-mouth disease, and that Area shall, as from the commencement of this Order, cease to be an Area infected with foot-and-mouth disease.
2. This Order shall take effect from and immediately after the second day of January, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-four.

(signed) HERBERT M. SUFT.

(3051.)

AT THE COUNCIL CHAMBER, WHITEHALL,

The 1st day of January 1884.

BY HER MAJESTY'S MOST HONOURABLE PRIVY COUNCIL.

THE Lords and others of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, by virtue and in exercise of the powers in them vested under The Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878, and of every other power enabling them in this behalf, do order, and it is hereby ordered as follows :

1. The following Area declared by Order of Council dated the fourth day of September, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-three, to be an Area infected with foot-and-mouth disease (namely),—so much of the county of Buckingham as is situate on the northward and eastward of the main-road commencing in and leading through part of the town of Newport Pagnell and thence on to Northampton, and so much of the same county as is situate on the northward of the road commencing in and leading through part of the town of Newport Pagnell and from thence through the village of North Crawley to Cranfield Gate in the county of Bedford,—is, except such portion thereof as is included in the Area described in Article 2 of this Order, hereby declared to be free from foot-and-mouth disease, and the Area above described, except as aforesaid, shall, as from the commencement of this Order, cease to be an Area infected with foot-and-mouth disease.
2. The following Area (namely),—the parishes of Cold Brayfield, and Lavendon, in the county of Buckingham,—shall continue to be and is hereby declared to be an Area infected with foot-and-mouth disease.
3. This Order shall take effect from and immediately after the second day of January, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-four.

(signed) HERBERT M. SUFT.

(3052.)

AT THE COUNCIL CHAMBER, WHITEHALL,

The 1st day of January 1884.

BY HER MAJESTY'S MOST HONOURABLE PRIVY COUNCIL.

THE Lords and others of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, by virtue and in exercise of the powers in them vested under The Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878, and of every other power enabling them in this behalf, do order, and it is hereby ordered, as follows :

1. The Area described in the Schedule to this Order is hereby declared to be an Area infected with foot-and-mouth disease.
2. This Order shall take effect from and immediately after the third day of January, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-four.

(signed) HERBERT M. SUFT.

SCHEDULE.

An Area at Waltham Holy Cross, in the petty sessional division of Epping, in the county of Essex, comprised within the following boundaries, that is to say, commencing at Brett's Corner on the Nazeing-road, north side of Holy Field-lane to the third field, thence in a line over the fields to the road leading from Broxbourne to the Coach and Horses Public-house, along the same crossing the Nazeing-road and over the fields to the top of Gulley Hill Green, along the same and the Green-lane to the Keeper's House, and past the same through Mr. Colvin's field to Brett's Corner aforesaid.

(3053.)

AT THE COUNCIL CHAMBER, WHITEHALL,

The 2nd day of January 1884.

BY HER MAJESTY'S MOST HONOURABLE PRIVY COUNCIL.

THE Lords and others of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, by virtue and in exercise of the powers in them vested under The Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878, and of every other power enabling them in this behalf, do order, and it is hereby ordered, as follows :

1. The following Place (namely),—in the borough of Daventry, in the county of Northampton, comprised within the following boundaries, that is to say, on the north the road leading from Daventry to Banbury, on the south the road leading out of the road between Daventry and Weedon and extending to the boundary of Daventry parish, on the west the outer boundary of Mr. Jesse Adams's occupation, and on the east the road leading from Daventry to Weedon,—which was declared by Order of Council dated the second day of May, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-three, to be a Place infected with foot-and-mouth disease, is hereby declared to be free from foot-and-mouth disease, and that Place shall, as from the commencement of this Order, cease to be a Place infected with foot-and-mouth disease.
2. This Order shall take effect from and immediately after the second day of January, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-four.

(signed) HERBERT M. SUFT.

(3054.)

AT THE COUNCIL CHAMBER, WHITEHALL,

The 2nd day of January 1884.

BY HER MAJESTY'S MOST HONOURABLE PRIVY COUNCIL.

THE Lords and others of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, by virtue and in exercise of the powers in them vested under The Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878, and of every other power enabling them in this behalf, do order, and it is hereby ordered, as follows :

1. The following Place (namely),—all the lands and buildings at Asenby, in the North Riding of the county of York, within the following boundaries, that is to say, the river Swale from the Gravel Hole field to the Topcliffe and Dishforth highway on the north-east, thence the Topcliffe and Dishforth highway to the Asenby and Cundall highway on the north-west, thence the Asenby and Cundall highway to the Gravel Hole field on the south-west, and thence the Gravel Hole field to the river Swale aforesaid on the south-east,—which was declared by Order of Council dated the eighteenth day of September, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-three, to be a Place infected with foot-and-mouth disease, is hereby declared to be free from foot-and-mouth disease, and that Place shall, as from the commencement of this Order, cease to be a Place infected with foot-and-mouth disease.

2. This Order shall take effect from and immediately after the second day of January, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-four.

(signed) HERBERT M. SUFT.

(3055.)

AT THE COUNCIL CHAMBER, WHITEHALL,

The 2nd day of January 1884.

BY HER MAJESTY'S MOST HONOURABLE PRIVY COUNCIL.

THE Lords and others of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, by virtue and in exercise of the powers in them vested under The Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878, and of every other power enabling them in this behalf, do order, and it is hereby ordered, as follows :

1. The following Place (namely),—the byres on the farm of Drums, parish of Foveran, in the county of Aberdeen, in the occupation of James H. Harvey, together with the two grass fields on the said farm known respectively by the names of Sannane and Hillfield,—which was declared by Order of Council dated the twenty-first day of June, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-three, to be a Place infected with pleuro-pneumonia, is hereby declared to be free from pleuro-pneumonia, and that Place shall, as from the commencement of this Order, cease to be a Place infected with pleuro-pneumonia.

2. This Order shall take effect from and immediately after the second day of January, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-four.

(signed) HERBERT M. SUFT.

(3056.)

AT THE COUNCIL CHAMBER, WHITEHALL,

The 3rd day of January 1884.

BY HER MAJESTY'S MOST HONOURABLE PRIVY COUNCIL.

THE Lords and others of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, by virtue and in exercise of the powers in them vested under The Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878, and of every other power enabling them in this behalf, do order, and it is hereby ordered, as follows :

1. The following Area (namely),—the hundreds of Aveland, and Beltisloe, in the petty sessional division of Bourn, in the Parts of Kesteven, Lincolnshire,—which was declared by Order of Council to be an Area infected with foot-and-mouth disease, is hereby declared to be free from foot-and-mouth disease, and that Area shall, as from the commencement of this Order, cease to be an Area infected with foot-and-mouth disease.

2. This Order shall take effect from and immediately after the fourth day of January, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-four.

(signed) HERBERT M. SUFT.

(3057.)

AT THE COUNCIL CHAMBER, WHITEHALL,

The 3rd day of January 1884.

BY HER MAJESTY'S MOST HONOURABLE PRIVY COUNCIL.

THE Lords and others of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, by virtue and in exercise of the powers in them vested under the Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878, and of every other power enabling them in this behalf, do order, and it is hereby ordered, as follows :

1. The following Places (namely),—(1.) the cow-shed and two fold-yards on the premises of John Jewitt, situate at Marston, in the West Riding of the county of York, together with the grass-field called Barnfield two grass-fields known as Bottoms in the occupation of the said John Jewitt, and one grass field and two arable fields in the occupation of William Dumvill, and (2.) the grass-field called Oxfield, in the occupation of Thomas Coates, situate at Marston, in the West Riding of the county of York, and the field immediately adjoining thereto on each side thereof, together with the grass-fields called White Firths or Powells Fields and the several farm buildings and premises at Glebe farm and adjoining Oxfield Pasture in the occupation of the said Thomas Coates at Marston aforesaid,—which were declared by Orders of Council dated respectively the seventh and eighth days of December, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-three, to be Places infected with foot-and-mouth disease, are hereby declared to be free from foot-and-mouth disease, and those Places shall, as from the commencement of this Order, cease to be Places infected with foot-and-mouth disease.

2. This Order shall take effect from and immediately after the fourth day of January, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-four.

(signed) HERBERT M. SUFT.

(3058.)

AT THE COUNCIL CHAMBER, WHITEHALL,

The 4th day of January 1884.

BY HER MAJESTY'S MOST HONOURABLE PRIVY COUNCIL.

THE Lords and others of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, by virtue and in exercise of the powers in them vested under The Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878, and of every other power enabling them in this behalf, do order, and it is hereby ordered, as follows :

1. The following Place (namely),—a grass field called Tadcaster Ings (in which several of the parishioners have a common right of pasturage), and the two grass fields adjoining thereto on the north side called the Surgeons fields, the two latter occupied respectively by William Smith and John Dyson, and the grass field also adjoining thereto on the north-west side occupied by Matthew Kidd, situate in Tadcaster West, in the West Riding of the county of York,—which was declared by Order of Council dated the eighth day of October, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-three, to be a Place infected with foot-and-mouth disease, is hereby declared to be free from foot-and-mouth disease, and that Place shall, as from the commencement of this Order, cease to be a Place infected with foot-and-mouth disease.

2. This Order shall take effect from and immediately after the fourth day of January, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-four.

(signed) HERBERT M. SUFT.

(3059.)

AT THE COUNCIL CHAMBER, WHITEHALL,

The 4th day of January 1884.

BY HER MAJESTY'S MOST HONOURABLE PRIVY COUNCIL.

THE Lords and others of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, by virtue and in exercise of the powers in them vested under The Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878, and of every other power enabling them in this behalf, do order, and it is hereby ordered, as follows :

1. The following Place (namely),—the Homestead at the farm at Burdon village, near Sunderland, in the county of Durham, in the occupation of George Mallam, together with a grass field and other premises, bounded by a road from Burdon village to Ryhope and thence to Thristley House on the east and south, and lands in the occupation of Miss Gregson on the west,—which was declared by Order of Council dated the 1st day of June, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-three, to be a Place infected with pleuro-pneumonia, is hereby declared to be free from pleuro-pneumonia, and that Place shall, as from the commencement of this Order, cease to be a Place infected with pleuro-pneumonia.

2. This Order shall take effect from and immediately after the fourth day of January, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-four.

(signed) HERBERT M. SUFT.

(3060.)

THE ENGLAND AND WALES MARKETS AND FAIRS TEMPORARY ORDER
OF 1883, AMENDMENT No. 3.

AT THE COUNCIL CHAMBER, WHITEHALL,

The 4th day of January 1884.

BY HER MAJESTY'S MOST HONOURABLE PRIVY COUNCIL.

PRESENT:

LORD PRESIDENT.

MR. DODSON.

THE Lords and others of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, by virtue and in exercise of the powers in them vested under The Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878, and of every other power enabling them in this behalf, do order, and it is hereby ordered, as follows:

1. The England and Wales Markets and Fairs Temporary Order of 1883 (in this Order referred to as the Markets Order) is hereby amended as follows:

Exclusion of certain Districts from Markets Order.

The provisions of the Markets Order shall not apply to the following Districts (namely),—

County of Somerset,
Borough of Bath,
Borough of Bridgwater,
Borough of Chard,
Borough of Glastonbury,
Borough of Taunton,
Borough of Wells,
Borough of Yeovil,
County of Denbigh,
Borough of Denbigh,
Borough of Ruthin,
Borough of Wrexham,
County of Montgomery,
Borough of Llanidloes,
Borough of Welshpool,

and the Markets Order shall be read and have effect as if those Districts were included in the Schedule to that Order.

2. This Order may be cited as The England and Wales Markets and Fairs Temporary Order of 1883, Amendment No. 3.

(signed) HERBERT M. SUFT.

(3061.)

AT THE COUNCIL CHAMBER, WHITEHALL,

The 7th day of January 1884.

BY HER MAJESTY'S MOST HONOURABLE PRIVY COUNCIL.

THE Lords and others of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, by virtue and in exercise of the powers in them vested under The Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878, and of every other power enabling them in this behalf, do order, and it is hereby ordered, as follows:

1. The following Area (namely),—so much of the petty sessional division of the hundred of Bromfield, in the county of Denbigh, as lies to the south
133.

of the main-road between Holt and Wrexham, and to the east of the Great Western Railway,—which was declared by Order of Council to be an Area infected with foot-and-mouth disease, is hereby declared to be free from foot-and-mouth disease, and that Area shall, as from the commencement of this Order, cease to be an Area infected with foot-and-mouth disease.

2. This Order shall take effect from and immediately after the eighth day of January, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-four.

(signed) HERBERT M. SUFT.

(3062.)

AT THE COUNCIL CHAMBER, WHITEHALL,

The 8th day of January 1884.

BY HER MAJESTY'S MOST HONOURABLE PRIVY COUNCIL.

THE Lords and others of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, by virtue and in exercise of the powers in them vested under The Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878, and of every other power enabling them in this behalf, do order, and it is hereby ordered, as follows :

1. The Area described in the Schedule to this Order is hereby declared to be an Area infected with foot-and-mouth disease.

2. This Order shall take effect from and immediately after the tenth day of January, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-four.

(signed) HERBERT M. SUFT.

SCHEDULE.

An Area at Yapton, in the petty sessional division of Arundel, in the county of Sussex, comprised within the following boundaries, that is to say, on the north by the unused Chichester and Portsmouth Canal (including such Canal), from the Bridge near Bilsham-lane End for a distance of five hundred yards, on the east by two new cottages in the occupation of Allan Boniface, on the west by land in the occupation of Henry Suter as far as the road crossing the Canal, and on the south by land in the occupation of Henry Suter and Allen Boniface through which the highroad leading from Yapton to Littlehampton passes and which road is closed from the Bilsham-lane End to the cottages first before-mentioned.

(3063.)

AT THE COUNCIL CHAMBER, WHITEHALL,

The 8th day of January 1884.

BY HER MAJESTY'S MOST HONOURABLE PRIVY COUNCIL.

THE Lords and others of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, by virtue and in exercise of the powers in them vested under The Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878, and of every other power enabling them in this behalf, do order, and it is hereby ordered, as follows :

1. The following Place (namely),—a meadow used for lairage situate at Trowse, in the borough of Norwich, in the occupation of Mr. Easto, together with the two adjoining meadows except certain sheds situate at the corner of one of the meadows,—which was declared by Order of Council dated the nineteenth day of December, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-three, to be a Place infected with foot-and-mouth disease, is hereby declared to be

free from foot-and-mouth disease, and that Place shall, as from the commencement of this Order, cease to be a Place infected with foot-and-mouth disease.

2. This Order shall take effect from and immediately after the ninth day of January, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-four.

(signed) HERBERT M. SUFT.

(3064.)

AT THE COUNCIL CHAMBER, WHITEHALL,

The 11th day of January 1884.

BY HER MAJESTY'S MOST HONOURABLE PRIVY COUNCIL.

THE Lords and others of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, by virtue and in exercise of the powers in them vested under The Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878, and of every other power enabling them in this behalf, do order, and it is hereby ordered, as follows :

1. The following Area (namely),—in the borough of Darlington, comprised within the following boundaries, that is to say, on the north by the Darlington section of the North-Eastern Railway, on the south and west by land in the occupation of Joseph Raine, and on the east by the western boundary of a Plantation in the occupation of John Colling,—which was declared by Order of Council dated the twenty-fourth day of November, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-three, to be an Area infected with foot-and-mouth disease, is hereby declared to be free from foot-and-mouth disease, and that Area shall, as from the commencement of this Order, cease to be an Area infected with foot-and-mouth disease.

2. This Order shall take effect from and immediately after the twelfth day of January, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-four.

(signed) C. L. PEEL.

(3065.)

AT THE COUNCIL CHAMBER, WHITEHALL,

The 11th day of January 1884.

BY HER MAJESTY'S MOST HONOURABLE PRIVY COUNCIL.

THE Lords and others of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, by virtue and in exercise of the powers in them vested under The Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878, and of every other power enabling them in this behalf, do order, and it is hereby ordered, as follows :

1. The following Area (namely),—all that part of the parish of Willingdon, in the borough of Eastbourne, situate on the north side of the highroad leading from Eastbourne to Pevensey, in the county of Sussex,—which was declared by Order of Council dated the sixth day of December, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-three, to be an Area infected with foot-and-mouth disease, is hereby declared to be free from foot-and-mouth disease, and that Area shall, as from the commencement of this Order, cease to be an Area infected with foot-and-mouth disease.

2. This Order shall take effect from and immediately after the twelfth day of January, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-four.

(signed) C. L. PEEL.

(3066.)

AT THE COUNCIL CHAMBER, WHITEHALL,

The 11th day of January 1884.

BY HER MAJESTY'S MOST HONOURABLE PRIVY COUNCIL.

THE Lords and others of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, by virtue and in exercise of the powers in them vested under The Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878, and of every other power enabling them in this behalf, do order, and it is hereby ordered, as follows :

1. The following Area declared by Order of Council to be an Area infected with foot-and-mouth disease (namely,)—the townships of Baildon, Carlton, Esholt, Guiseley, Hawksworth, Menston, and Yeadon, in the petty sessional division of Otley, in the West Riding of the county of York,—is, except such portion thereof as is included in the Area described in Article 2 of this Order, hereby declared to be free from foot-and-mouth disease, and the Area above described, except as aforesaid, shall, as from the commencement of this Order, cease to be an Area infected with foot-and-mouth disease.

2. The following Area (namely,)—the township of Baildon, in the petty sessional division of Otley, in the West Riding of the county of York,—shall continue to be and is hereby declared to be an Area infected with foot-and-mouth disease.

3. This Order shall take effect from and immediately after the twelfth day of January, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-four.

(signed) C. L. PEEL.

(3067.)

THE ENGLAND AND WALES MARKETS AND FAIRS TEMPORARY ORDER
OF 1883, AMENDMENT No. 4.

AT THE COUNCIL CHAMBER, WHITEHALL,

The 11th day of January 1884.

BY HER MAJESTY'S MOST HONOURABLE PRIVY COUNCIL.

PRESENT :

LORD PRESIDENT.

| MR. DODSON.

THE Lords and others of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, by virtue and in exercise of the powers in them vested under The Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878, and of every other power enabling them in this behalf, do order, and it is hereby ordered, as follows :

1. The England and Wales Markets and Fairs Temporary Order of 1883 (in this Order referred to as the Markets Order) is hereby amended as follows :

Exclusion of certain Districts from Markets Order.

The Provisions of the Markets Order shall not apply to the following Districts (namely),—

County of Dorset.
Borough of Blandford.
Borough of Bridport.
Borough of Dorchester.
Borough of Lyme Regis.
Borough of Poole.
Borough of Shaftesbury.
Borough of Weymouth.
Soke of Peterborough.

Borough of Peterborough.
 County of Flint.
 Borough of Flint.
 County of Glamorgan.
 Borough of Aberavon.
 Borough of Cardiff.
 Borough of Neath.
 Borough of Swansea.

and The Markets Order shall be read and have effect as if those Districts were included in the Schedule to that Order.

2. This Order may be cited as The England and Wales Markets and Fairs Temporary Order of 1883, Amendment No. 4.

(signed) C. L. PEEL.

(3068.)

AT THE COUNCIL CHAMBER, WHITEHALL,

The 15th day of January 1884.

BY HER MAJESTY'S MOST HONOURABLE PRIVY COUNCIL.

THE Lords and others of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, by virtue and in exercise of the powers in them vested under The Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878, and of every other power enabling them in this behalf, do order, and it is hereby ordered as follows :

1. The following Area (namely),—the parish of Toddington, in the county of Bedford,—which was declared by Order of Council to be an Area infected with foot-and-mouth disease, is hereby declared to be free from foot-and-mouth disease, and that Area shall, as from the commencement of this Order, cease to be an Area infected with foot-and-mouth disease.

2. This Order shall take effect from and immediately after the sixteenth day of January, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-four.

(signed) C. L. PEEL.

(3069.)

AT THE COUNCIL CHAMBER, WHITEHALL,

The 15th day of January 1884.

BY HER MAJESTY'S MOST HONOURABLE PRIVY COUNCIL.

THE Lords and others of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, by virtue and in exercise of the powers in them vested under The Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878, and of every other power enabling them in this behalf, do order, and it is hereby ordered as follows :

1. The following Area (namely),—the whole of the Soke of Peterborough, with the exception of the parishes of Pilsgate, Wittering, Ufford, Barnack, Ashton, Bainton, Southorpe, St. Martin's (Stamford Baron), and Wothorpe,—which was declared by Order of Council dated the fourth day of September, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-three, to be an Area infected with foot-and-mouth disease, is hereby declared to be free from foot-and-mouth disease, and that Area shall, as from the commencement of this Order, cease to be an Area infected with foot-and-mouth disease.

2. This Order shall take effect from and immediately after the sixteenth day of January, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-four.

(signed) C. L. PEEL.

(3070.)

AT THE COUNCIL CHAMBER, WHITEHALL,

The 16th day of January 1884.

BY HER MAJESTY'S MOST HONOURABLE PRIVY COUNCIL.

THE Lords and others of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, by virtue and in exercise of the powers in them vested under The Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878, and of every other power enabling them in this behalf, do order, and it is hereby ordered, as follows :

1. The following Areas (namely),—(1.) in the township of Pickering, in the petty sessional division of Pickering Lythe West, in the North Riding of the county of York, comprised within the following boundaries, that is to say, the Bull Ing drain on the north, by Toft-lane to Toft farmhouse (but not including the Toft farmhouse and buildings) on the east, by a quickwood fence on the north side of Toft farmhouse running to the Toft drain on the south, and by the Toft drain on the west, and (2.) in the townships of Thornton, Farmanby, and Wilton, in the petty sessional division of Pickering Lythe West, in the North Riding of the county of York, comprised within the following boundaries, that is to say, commencing at Thornton Beck near the Railway-station in the township of Thornton and including all the land lying on the south side of the North-Eastern Railway in the townships of Thornton and Farmanby, thence by the North-Eastern Railway to the township boundary of Wilton, thence by Wilton township boundary to the Thornton and Wilton high-road, thence by the said high-road through the village of Wilton to Allerston township boundary, thence by Allerston township boundary to the Marishes Low-road, thence by Marishes Low-road to Tong Bridge across Thornton Beck and thence by Thornton Beck to Thornton Railway-station,—which were declared by Order of Council to be Areas infected with foot-and-mouth disease, are hereby declared to be free from foot-and-mouth disease, and those Areas shall, as from the commencement of this Order, cease to be Areas infected with foot-and-mouth disease.

2. This Order shall take effect from and immediately after the seventeenth day of January, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-four.

(signed) C. L. PEEL.

(3071.)

AT THE COUNCIL CHAMBER, WHITEHALL,

The 18th day of January 1884.

BY HER MAJESTY'S MOST HONOURABLE PRIVY COUNCIL.

THE Lords and others of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, by virtue and in exercise of the powers in them vested under The Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878, and of every other power enabling them in this behalf, do order, and it is hereby ordered, as follows :

1. The following Area (namely),—so much of the parishes of Radipole, Fleet, Buckland Ripers, Chickereil, Portisham, Langton Herring, Broadway, Upway, Bincombe, Preston and Sutton Pointz, Poxwell, Osmington, Overmoigne, Broadmayne, Warmwell, Watercombe, Melcombe Regis, Weymouth, and Wyke Regis, and other adjacent parishes in the county of Dorset, and in the borough of Weymouth and Melcombe Regis in the said county, as lies within the following boundaries, that is to say, from the coast at Fleet aforesaid continuing in a direct line to the highway at East Fleet, and from thence the road direct to Chickereil by the Well passing near Morn Villa and Rose Cottage in a direct route to Portisham, then the road branching out of the last-mentioned road on the right before the turning to Roddon, and con-

tinuing to Kellaways farm, Shilvinghampton, then taking the right hand turning to and through Coryates, thence the road passing by Friar Waddon farm direct to Upway and into the main-road from Weymouth to Dorchester by the Royal Oak Inn, from thence along the said main-road to a point at the top of Ridgway Hill where the road leading to Came Wood branches off, from thence the said road passing by Came Wood direct to Culliford Tree, thence along the road leading direct to the junction with the main-road at Broadmayne village, thence along the said main-road to and passing Warmwell Cross to a point on the said main-road at Owermoigne village where the road leading to Holworth branches off, along the said road direct through Holworth and South Holworth, and from South Holworth aforesaid in a direct line to the sea, the coast from this point to the point at East Fleet aforesaid completing the boundary of the Area,—which was declared by Order of Council to be an Area infected with foot-and-mouth disease, is hereby declared to be free from foot-and-mouth disease, and that Area shall, as from the commencement of this Order, cease to be an Area infected with foot-and-mouth disease.

2. This Order shall take effect from and immediately after the nineteenth day of January, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-four.

(signed) C. L. PEEL.

(3072.)

AT THE COUNCIL CHAMBER, WHITEHALL,

The 22nd day of January 1884.

BY HER MAJESTY'S MOST HONOURABLE PRIVY COUNCIL.

THE Lords and others of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, by virtue and in exercise of the powers in them vested under The Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878, and of every other power enabling them in this behalf, do order, and it is hereby ordered, as follows :

1. The following Areas (namely),—(1.) at Helmsley, in the petty sessional division of Ryedale, in the North Riding of the county of York, comprised within the following boundaries, that is to say, commencing at a point at Harom-lane End nearest to a certain field in the parish of Helmsley, in the occupation of Mr. Thomas Carr, called Riccal Field, on the west, and thence along the same lane to a quickwood fence which divides the lands occupied by Messrs. Coverdale and Mr. Joseph Snowden respectively as far as Riccal Beck, and thence by a quickwood fence from Riccal Beck to Harom Heads on the east, thence by the highway which leads to Pockley to a quickwood fence on the north which divides the lands in the occupation of Messrs. Barker and Mr. George Scoby respectively, crossing Riccal Beck near the Plantation bottom, and thence by a quickwood fence on the north to a quickwood fence on the west which leads to and ends at the first-mentioned point, and (2.) at Helmsley, in the petty sessional division of Ryedale, in the North Riding of the county of York, comprised within the following boundaries, that is to say, commencing at a point from a quickwood fence at the Railway Bridge near Harom-lane End and along by this fence to Druids Dale Wood End on the north, thence by the Wood fence to Far Cliff, thence by a quickwood fence to Carlton-lane and across the same lane to Ashdale Wood fence, across Beckdale Pasture top to Seorkill-lane on the west, thence by Seorkill-lane to Rivaulx highway, crossing the same to a quickwood fence dividing the lands respectively occupied by Mr. Isaac Cooper and Mr. George Sigsworth and continuing by this fence to the Park wall and by the Park wall to the river Rye near the Park Lodge, and by the river Rye to Sparndale Beck on the south, thence by the said Beck to Harom-lane, and thence by this lane to the before-mentioned quickwood fence near the Railway Bridge,—which were declared by Order of Council dated the eighth day of November, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-three, to be Areas infected with foot-

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and-mouth disease, are hereby declared to be free from foot-and-mouth disease, and those Areas shall, as from the commencement of this Order, cease to be Areas infected with foot-and-mouth disease.

2. This Order shall take effect from and immediately after the twenty-third day of January, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-four.

(signed) C. L. PEEL.

(3073.)

AT THE COUNCIL CHAMBER, WHITEHALL,

The 23rd day of January 1884.

BY HER MAJESTY'S MOST HONOURABLE PRIVY COUNCIL.

PRESENT :

LORD PRESIDENT. | MR. DODSON.

THE Lords and others of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, by virtue and in exercise of the powers in them vested under The Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878, and of every other power enabling them in this behalf, do order, and it is hereby ordered, as follows :

In Article 3 of the Order of Council dated the twenty-eighth day of March, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-three, prohibiting the landing in England or Wales or Scotland of animals brought from France, the sixth day of March, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-four, is hereby substituted for the sixth day of May, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-three, as the date from and after which that Order shall cease to have effect, and that Order shall be read and have effect accordingly.

(signed) C. L. PEEL.

(3074.)

THE ENGLAND AND WALES MARKETS AND FAIRS TEMPORARY ORDER
OF 1883, AMENDMENT, No. 5.

AT THE COUNCIL CHAMBER, WHITEHALL,

The 25th day of January 1884.

BY HER MAJESTY'S MOST HONOURABLE PRIVY COUNCIL.

PRESENT :

LORD PRESIDENT. | MR. DODSON.

THE Lords and others of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, by virtue and in exercise of the powers in them vested under The Contagious

Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878, and of every other power enabling them in this behalf, do order, and it is hereby ordered, as follows :

1. The England and Wales Markets and Fairs Temporary Order of 1883 (in this Order referred to as the Markets Order) is hereby amended as follows :

Exclusion of certain Districts from Markets Order.

The provisions of the Markets Order shall not apply to the following Districts (namely),—

County of Northumberland,
Borough of Berwick-upon-Tweed,
Borough of Morpeth,
Borough of Newcastle-upon-Tyne,
Borough of Tynemouth.

and The Markets Order shall be read and have effect as if those Districts were included in the Schedule to that Order.

2. This Order may be cited as The England and Wales Markets and Fairs Temporary Order of 1883, Amendment No. 5.

(signed) C. L. PEEL.

(3075.)

AT THE COUNCIL CHAMBER, WHITEHALL,

The 26th day of January 1884.

BY HER MAJESTY'S MOST HONOURABLE PRIVY COUNCIL.

THE Lords and others of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, by virtue and in exercise of the powers in them vested under The Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878, and of every other power enabling them in this behalf, do order, and it is hereby ordered, as follows :

1. The following Area (namely),—so much of the parish of Kenilworth, in the county of Warwick, as lies on the east side of the public highway (late turnpike-road) leading from Coventry through Kenilworth to Leamington, and so much of the parish of Stoneleigh, in the said county, as lies on the east of the public highway from Gibbett Hill to Worsley Bridge, and on the south of the public highway running from the last-mentioned road through Hill to or towards Baginton,—which was declared by Order of Council to be an Area infected with foot-and-mouth disease, is hereby declared to be free from foot-and-mouth disease, and that Area shall, as from the commencement of this Order, cease to be an Area infected with foot-and-mouth disease.

2. This Order shall take effect from and immediately after the twenty-seventh day of January, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-four.

(signed) C. L. PEEL.

(3076.)

AT THE COUNCIL CHAMBER, WHITEHALL,

The 28th day of January 1884.

BY HER MAJESTY'S MOST HONOURABLE PRIVY COUNCIL.

THE Lords and others of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, by virtue and in exercise of the powers in them vested under The Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878, and of every other power enabling them in this behalf, do order, and it is hereby ordered, as follows :

1. The following Areas (namely),—(1.) in the county of Wigtown, comprising the whole of the farms of Culgavie and the adjoining farms of Kildarroch occupied by Alexander McGill and Francis McGuffie, Culbae occupied by Andrew McCandlish, Cairnfield occupied by the heirs of the late Daniel McWilliam, Kirkland occupied by David Gordon, Blairshinnoch east of the public-road to Kirk of Mochrum occupied by Mrs. Margaret Jardine, that part of Carsduchan occupied by John Neilson and the said Mrs. Margaret Jardine, and the farm of Philgown of Barrachan occupied by Peter McGill, and (2.) so much of the county of Wigtown and of the burgh of Wigtown as lies within the following boundaries, that is to say, the river Bladnoch on the south, Wigtown Bay on the east, the Bishop Burn on the north, the public road to near Carsegowan dwelling house, hence by the old road, by Cairn-house, Glenturk, &c., to the public road leading from Wigtown to Spital Bridge, thence the last-mentioned public road to the March of New Mills, and thence to the river Bladnoch on the west,—which were declared by Orders of Council dated respectively the eighth and eleventh days of December, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-three, to be Areas infected with foot-and-mouth disease, are hereby declared to be free from foot-and-mouth disease, and those Areas shall, as from the commencement of this Order, cease to be Areas infected with foot-and-mouth disease.

2. This Order shall take effect from and immediately after the twentieth day of January, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-four.

(signed) C. L. PEEL.

(3077.)

AT THE COUNCIL CHAMBER, WHITEHALL,

The 29th day of January 1884.

BY HER MAJESTY'S MOST HONOURABLE PRIVY COUNCIL.

THE Lords and others of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, by virtue and in exercise of the powers in them vested under The Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878, and of every other power enabling them in this behalf, do order, and it is hereby ordered, as follows :

1. The following Area (namely),—the whole of the parish of Barkston, in the petty sessional division of Spittlegate, in the Parts of Kesteven, Lincolnshire,—which was declared by Order of Council to be an Area infected with foot-and-mouth disease, is hereby declared to be free from foot-and-mouth disease, and that Area shall, as from the commencement of this Order, cease to be an Area infected with foot-and-mouth disease.

2. This Order shall take effect from and immediately after the thirtieth day of January, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-four.

(signed) C. L. PEEL.

(3078.)

AT THE COUNCIL CHAMBER, WHITEHALL,

The 29th day of January 1884.

BY HER MAJESTY'S MOST HONOURABLE PRIVY COUNCIL.

THE Lords and others of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, by virtue and in exercise of the powers in them vested under The Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878, and of every other power enabling them in this behalf, do order, and it is hereby ordered, as follows :

1. The following Area declared by Order of Council to be an Area infected with foot-and-mouth disease (namely),—the whole of the Liberty of the Isle of Ely, with the exception of the parishes of Haddenham, Wilburton, Stretham, Sutton, Thetford, Witchford, Wentworth, Mepal, Downham, Ely, Coveny, and Grunty Fen,—is, except such portions thereof as are included in the Areas described in Article 2 of this Order, hereby declared to be free from foot-and-mouth disease, and the Area above described, except as aforesaid, shall, as from the commencement of this Order, cease to be an Area infected with foot-and-mouth disease.

2. The following Areas (namely),—(1.) the parishes of Benwick, Doddington, March, Wimblington, Whittlesey, and Stanground, in the Liberty of the Isle of Ely ; (2.) the parish of Whitcham, in the Liberty of the Isle of Ely ; (3.) the parish of Littleport, in the Liberty of the Isle of Ely ; and (4.) the parish of Elm, in the Liberty of the Isle of Ely,—shall continue to be and are hereby declared to be Areas infected with foot-and-mouth disease.

3. This Order shall take effect from and immediately after the thirtieth day of January, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-four.

(signed) C. L. PEEL.

(3079.)

AT THE COUNCIL CHAMBER, WHITEHALL,

The 30th day of January 1884.

BY HER MAJESTY'S MOST HONOURABLE PRIVY COUNCIL.

THE Lords and others of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, by virtue and in exercise of the powers in them vested under The Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878, and of every other power enabling them in this behalf, do order, and it is hereby ordered as follows :

1. The Declaration described in the Schedule to this Order, made by the Local Authority for the Borough of Brighton, declaring the existence of foot-and-mouth disease at the Place therein mentioned, is hereby cancelled, and the Infected Place thereby declared shall, as from the commencement of this Order, cease to be a Place infected with foot-and-mouth disease.

2. The following Place (namely),—so much of the borough of Brighton as is comprised within the following boundaries, that is to say, starting from the point of junction of the Hastings Line of Railway with the Corporation Water Works Reservoir north of Hollingdean-road, following the western boundary of the said Reservoir to the south-west corner thereof, thence following the southern boundary of the said Reservoir as far as the north-

east corner of the sheds and premises in Freehold-terrace in the occupation of Edward Patching, thence following the eastern boundary of the said premises and an imaginary line drawn in continuation thereof to the south side of the road in front of Hollingdean-place, thence going eastward along the line of frontage of the buildings in Hollingdean-place as far as the north-east corner of the cow-shed and premises in the occupation of Charles Godden, thence following the eastern boundary of the said premises to the south-eastern corner thereof, thence following the southern boundary of the said premises and an imaginary line drawn in continuation thereof to the eastern boundary of the slaughter-house premises in Hollingdean-road in the occupation of Alfred Goldsmith, thence following the eastern boundary of the said slaughter-house premises northwards to the tenement No. 21, Hollingdean-place in the occupation of Henry Mellish, thence following the southern boundary of the said tenement to the south-western corner thereof, thence following the western boundary of the said tenement to the northern boundary thereof, thence following the line of frontage of the buildings in Hollingdean-place westwards to the north-west corner of the said slaughter-house premises in the occupation of Alfred Goldsmith, thence following the western boundary thereof to the northern boundary of the cow-shed in the occupation of James Payne, thence following the said last-mentioned boundary to the western boundary of the said slaughter-house premises in the occupation of Alfred Goldsmith, thence following the western boundary of the said slaughter-house premises and imaginary line drawn in continuation thereof as far as the south side of Hollingdean-road, thence proceeding eastwards along the south side of Hollingdean-road to the west side of the Lewes road, thence proceeding southwards as far as the Kemp Town Branch of Railway, thence following the said Kemp Town Branch of Railway westwards to its junction with the said Hastings Line of Railway, and thence following the said Hastings Line of Railway northwards to the point of starting,—is hereby declared to be a Place infected with foot-and-mouth disease.

3. This Order shall take effect from and immediately after the thirtieth day of January, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-four.

(signed) C. L. PEEL.

SCHEDULE.

Declaration Cancelled.

Date of Declaration.	Place where Foot-and-Mouth Disease was declared to have been found to exist.
10th January 1884	So much of the borough of Brighton as is comprised within the following boundaries, that is to say, the southern wall of the Cavalry Barracks and a line drawn in continuation thereof as far west as the Hastings Branch Line of Railway on the north, the Lewes-road on the east, the Kemp Town Branch Line of Railway as far west as the junction with the Hastings Line of Railway on the south, and the said Hastings Line of Railway on the west.

(3080.)

THE ENGLAND AND WALES MARKETS AND FAIRS TEMPORARY ORDER
OF 1883, AMENDMENT NO. 6.

AT THE COUNCIL CHAMBER, WHITEHALL,

The 1st day of February 1884.

BY HER MAJESTY'S MOST HONOURABLE PRIVY COUNCIL.

PRESENT :

LORD PRESIDENT. | MR. DODSON.

THE Lords and others of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, by virtue and in exercise of the powers in them vested under The Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878, and of every other power enabling them in this behalf, do order, and it is hereby ordered, as follows :

1. The England and Wales Markets and Fairs Temporary Order of 1883 (in this Order referred to as the Markets Order) is hereby amended as follows :

Exclusion of certain Districts from Markets Order.

The provisions of the Markets Order shall not apply to the following Districts (namely),—

County of Hereford,
Borough of Hereford,
Borough of Leominster,
County of Huntingdon,
Borough of Godmanchester,
Borough of Huntingdon,
Borough of St. Ives (Hunts),
County of Carnarvon,
Borough of Bangor,
Borough of Carnarvon,
Borough of Conway,
Borough of Pwllheli,

and The Markets Order shall be read and have effect as if those Districts were included in the Schedule to that Order.

2. This Order may be cited as The England and Wales Markets and Fairs Temporary Order of 1883, Amendment No. 6.

(signed) C. L. PEEL.

(3081.)

THE REVOCATION ORDER OF 1884.

AT THE COUNCIL CHAMBER, WHITEHALL,

The 5th day of February 1884.

BY HER MAJESTY'S MOST HONOURABLE PRIVY COUNCIL.

PRESENT :

LORD PRESIDENT. | LORD CARRINGTON.
MR. DODSON.

THE Lords and others of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, by virtue and in exercise of the powers in them vested under The Contagious
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Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878, and of every other power enabling them in this behalf, do order and declare, and it is hereby ordered and declared, as follows:

1. This Order may be cited as the Revocation Order of 1884.
2. This Order shall take effect from and immediately after the twenty-sixth day of February, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-four, which date is in this Order referred to as the commencement of this Order.
3. All Orders of Council (except those described in the Schedule to this Order) made previous to the date of this Order (that is to say, the 5th day of February 1884) under the Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878, so far as the same are in force immediately before the commencement of this Order are hereby revoked; but this revocation shall not—
 - (a.) revive any Order or part of any Order revoked by or otherwise affect the past operation of any of those Orders;
 - (b.) affect the validity or invalidity of anything done or suffered, or any appointment or regulation made, or any licence or authority granted, or any right, title, obligation, or liability accrued thereunder, before this Order takes effect;
 - (c.) interfere with the institution or prosecution of any proceeding in respect of any offence committed against or the recovery or imposition of any penalty or forfeiture or punishment incurred under any Order hereby revoked.
4. The Orders of Council described in the Schedule to this Order are the only Orders made previous to the date of this Order (that is to say, the 5th day of February 1884), or of even date with this Order, under The Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878, that will remain in force after the commencement of this Order.

(signed) C. L. PEEL.

SCHEDULE.

Former Orders remaining in force after the commencement of this Order.

Number.	Date.	Subject or Short Title.
	1879.	GENERAL.
499	9 July	The Dairies, Cow-Sheds, and Milk-Shops Order of July 1879.
	1883.	
3000	30 November	The England and Wales Markets and Fairs Temporary Order of 1883.
3038	21 December	The England and Wales Markets and Fairs Temporary Order of 1883, Amendment.
3046	28 December	The England and Wales Markets and Fairs Temporary Order of 1883, Amendment No. 2.
	1884.	
3060	4 January	The England and Wales Markets and Fairs Temporary Order of 1883, Amendment No. 3.
3067	11 January	The England and Wales Markets and Fairs Temporary Order of 1883, Amendment No. 4.
3074	25 January	The England and Wales Markets and Fairs Temporary Order of 1883, Amendment No. 5.
3080	1 February	The England and Wales Markets and Fairs Temporary Order of 1883, Amendment No. 6.
3081	5 February	The Revocation Order of 1884.
3082	5 February	The Animals Order of 1884.
3083	5 February	The Foreign Animals Order of 1884.
3084	5 February	The Foot-and-Mouth Disease Temporary Order of 1884.

Number.	Date.	Subject or Short Title.
1878.		LOCAL.
446	5 October -	Metropolis—Pleuro-Pneumonia—Movement.
447	5 October -	Edinburgh—Pleuro-Pneumonia—Movement.
449	25 October -	Glasgow—Pleuro-Pneumonia—Movement.
450	12 November	Leith—Pleuro-Pneumonia—Movement.
456	17 December	Grimsby—Foreign Animals Wharf.
460	17 December	Sunderland Foreign Animals Wharf.
462	17 December	Edinburghshire—Pleuro-Pneumonia—Movement.
1879.		
472	25 March -	Hull—Foreign Animals Wharf.
502	21 July -	Plymouth and Portsmouth—Foreign Animals Wharves for Naval purposes only (except as regards Portsmouth).
512	17 September	Bristol—Foreign Animals Wharf.
1880.		
525	11 February	Paisley—Pleuro-Pneumonia—Movement.
528	27 April -	Liverpool—Foreign Animals Wharves.
533	24 June -	Bristol (Avonmouth)—Foreign Animals Wharf.
541	12 August -	Southampton—Foreign Animals Quarantine Station for Quarantine.
544	1 October -	Portsmouth—Foreign Animals Wharf—Revocation of Order of Council No. 502 so far as regards Portsmouth.
546	1 October -	Cardiff—Foreign Animals Wharf.
551	21 October -	Barrow-in-Furness—Foreign Animals Wharf.
1881.		
743	9 May -	South Shields—Foreign Animals Wharf.
786	31 May -	Portsmouth—Foreign Animals Wharf.
922	27 August -	The Port of London (Foreign Animals Wharf) Order of 1881.
964	28 September	Plymouth—Foreign Animals Wharf.
978	7 October -	Portsmouth—Foreign Animals Wharf.
1050	9 December	Southampton—Foreign Animals Wharf.
1882.		
1676	2 September	Falmouth—Foreign Animals Wharf.
1743	25 October -	Glasgow—Foreign Animals Wharf.
1883.		
2636	5 May -	West Riding—Pleuro-Pneumonia Infected Area.
2786	10 July -	West Riding—Pleuro-Pneumonia Infected Place.
2789	18 July -	Carlisle—Pleuro-Pneumonia Infected Area.
2854	12 September	Parts of Kesteven—Foot-and-Mouth Disease Infected Area.
2880	25 September	Rutland—Foot-and-Mouth Disease Infected Area.
2883	26 September	West Riding—Foot-and-Mouth Disease Infected Area.
2886	27 September	Burnley—Foot-and-Mouth Disease Infected Area.
2902	6 October -	Parts of Lindsey—Foot-and-Mouth Disease Infected Area.
2910	12 October -	London—Foreign Animals Wharf.
2913	13 October -	Essex—Foot-and-Mouth Disease Infected Area.
2921	22 October -	Essex—Foot-and-Mouth Disease Infected Area.
2928	25 October -	Swine-Fever—Experimental Treatment.
2935	30 October -	Huntingdonshire—Foot-and-Mouth Disease Infected Area.

Number.	Date.	Subject or Short Title.
2939	1 November	Parts of Lindsey—Foot-and-Mouth Disease Infected Area.
2971	20 November	Essex—Foot-and-Mouth Disease Infected Area.
2984	22 November	Hartlepool—Foreign Animals Wharf.
2985	23 November	Essex—Foot-and-Mouth Disease Infected Area.
2990	24 November	Essex—Foot-and-Mouth Disease Infected Area.
2992	26 November	Kirkcaldy—Pleuro-Pneumonia Infected Area.
3011	4 December	Glossop—Foot-and-Mouth Disease Infected Area.
3013	4 December	Shropshire—Foot-and-Mouth Disease Infected Area.
3022	10 December	Essex—Foot-and-Mouth Disease Infected Area.
3029	13 December	Norfolk—Foot-and-Mouth Disease Infected Place.
3032	17 December	Essex—Foot-and-Mouth Disease Infected Area.
3037	20 December	Essex—Foot-and-Mouth Disease Infected Area.
1884.		
3051	1 January -	Buckinghamshire — Foot-and-Mouth Disease Infected Area.
3052	1 January -	Essex—Foot-and-Mouth Disease Infected Area.
3062	8 January -	Sussex—Foot-and-Mouth Disease Infected Area.
3066	11 January -	West Riding—Foot and Mouth Disease Infected Area.
3078	29 January -	Isle of Ely—Foot-and-Mouth Disease Infected Area.
3079	30 January -	Brighton—Foot-and-Mouth Disease Infected Place.
3085	5 February	Glasgow—Transshipment.
3086	5 February	Hull—Transshipment.
3087	5 February	Liverpool—Transshipment No. 1.
3088	5 February	Liverpool—Transshipment No. 2.
3089	5 February	London—Transshipment.
3090	5 February	Newcastle-upon-Tyne—Transshipment.
3091	5 February	Southampton—Foreign Animals Quarantine Station for Reshipment.

(3092.)

AT THE COUNCIL CHAMBER, WHITEHALL,

The 6th day of February 1884.

BY HER MAJESTY'S MOST HONOURABLE PRIVY COUNCIL.

THE Lords and others of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, by virtue and in exercise of the powers in them vested under The Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878, and of every other power enabling them in this behalf, do order, and it is hereby ordered, as follows :

1. The following Area (namely), the parish of Elm, in the Liberty of the Isle of Ely,—which was declared by Order of Council to be an Area infected with foot-and-mouth disease, is hereby declared to be free from foot-and-mouth disease, and that Area shall, as from the commencement of this Order, cease to be an Area infected with foot-and-mouth disease.

2. This Order shall take effect from and immediately after the seventh day of February, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-four.

(signed) C. L. PEEL.

(3093.)

AT THE COUNCIL CHAMBER, WHITEHALL,

The 6th day of February 1884.

BY HER MAJESTY'S MOST HONOURABLE PRIVY COUNCIL.

THE Lords and others of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, by virtue and in exercise of the powers in them vested under The Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878, and of every other power enabling them in this behalf, do hereby declare the whole of the Goods Station of the London and North-Western Railway, in Water-street and Liverpool-road, and the yards, premises, and pig market adjoining thereto, all being the property of the said Company, in the borough of Manchester, in the county of Lancaster, to be a Place infected with foot-and-mouth disease.

(signed) C. L. PEEL.

(3094.)

AT THE COUNCIL CHAMBER, WHITEHALL,

The 6th day of February 1884.

BY HER MAJESTY'S MOST HONOURABLE PRIVY COUNCIL.

THE Lords and others of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, by virtue and in exercise of the powers in them vested under The Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878, and of every other power enabling them in this behalf, do order, and it is hereby ordered, as follows :

1. The Area described in the Schedule to this Order is hereby declared to be an Area infected with swine-fever.
2. This Order shall take effect from and immediately after the eighth day of February, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-four.

(signed) C. L. PEEL.

'SCHEDULE.

An Area comprising so much of the parish of Eton, in the county of Buckingham, as is situate to the westward and north-westward of the Windsor Branch Railway ; and also so much of the parish of Burnham and hamlet of Boveney as is situate within one hundred yards of the boundary of the parish of Eton aforesaid.

(3095.)

THE ENGLAND AND WALES MARKETS AND FAIRS TEMPORARY ORDER OF 1883, AMENDMENT No. 7.

AT THE COUNCIL CHAMBER, WHITEHALL,

The 8th day of February 1884.

BY HER MAJESTY'S MOST HONOURABLE PRIVY COUNCIL.

PRESENT :

LORD PRESIDENT.

|

MR. DODSON.

THE Lords and others of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, by virtue and in exercise of the powers in them vested under The Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878, and of every other power enabling them in this behalf, do hereby declare the whole of the Goods Station of the London and North-Western Railway, in Water-street and Liverpool-road, and the yards, premises, and pig market adjoining thereto, all being the property of the said Company, in the borough of Manchester, in the county of Lancaster, to be a Place infected with foot-and-mouth disease.

Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878, and of every other power enabling them in this behalf, do order, and it is hereby ordered, as follows :

1. The England and Wales Markets and Fairs Temporary Order of 1883 (in this Order referred to as the Markets Order) is hereby amended as follows :

Exclusion of certain Districts from Markets Order.

The provisions of the Markets Order shall not apply to the following Districts (namely),—

County of Berks,
Borough of Abingdon,
Borough of Maidenhead,
Borough of Newbury,
Borough of Reading,
Borough of Wallingford,
Borough of Windsor,
County of Durham,
Borough of Darlington,
Borough of Durham,
Borough of Gateshead,
Borough of Hartlepool,
Borough of Jarrow,
Borough of South Shields,
Borough of Stockton-upon-Tees,
Borough of Sunderland,
Liberty of the Isle of Ely,
Borough of Wisbech,
County of Wilts,
Borough of Calne,
Borough of Chippenham,
Borough of Devizes,
Borough of Marlborough,
Borough of Salisbury,

and the Markets Order shall be read and have effect as if those Districts were included in the Schedule to that Order.

2. This Order may be cited as The England and Wales Markets and Fairs Temporary Order of 1883, Amendment No. 7.

(signed) C. L. PEEL.

(3096.)

THE ENGLAND AND WALES MARKETS AND FAIRS TEMPORARY ORDER
OF 1883, AMENDMENT No. 8.

AT THE COUNCIL CHAMBER, WHITEHALL,

The 8th day of February 1884.

BY HER MAJESTY'S MOST HONOURABLE PRIVY COUNCIL.

PRESENT :

LORD PRESIDENT.

|

MR. DODSON.

THE LORDS and others of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, by virtue and in exercise of the powers in them vested under The Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878, and of every other power enabling them in this behalf, do order, and it is hereby ordered, as follows :

1. The England and Wales Markets and Fairs Temporary Order of 1883 (in this Order referred to as the Markets Order) is hereby amended as follows :

Extension of Markets Order to certain Districts.

The following Districts (namely),—

County of Anglesey,
Borough of Beaumaris,

shall be deemed to be omitted from the Schedule to the Markets Order, and all the provisions contained in the Markets Order shall during the continuance of that Order apply to those Districts as fully as if those Districts had not been included in the Schedule to the Markets Order.

2. This Order may be cited as The England and Wales Markets and Fairs Temporary Order of 1883, Amendment No. 8.

3. This Order shall take effect from and immediately after the fourteenth day of February, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-four.

(signed) C. L. PEEL.

(3097.)

AT THE COUNCIL CHAMBER, WHITEHALL,

The 8th day of February 1884.

BY HER MAJESTY'S MOST HONOURABLE PRIVY COUNCIL.

THE Lords and others of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, by virtue and in exercise of the powers in them vested under The Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878, and of every other power enabling them in this behalf, do order, and it is hereby ordered, as follows :

1. The following Area declared by Order of Council to be an Area infected with foot-and-mouth disease (namely),—the parishes of Benwick, Doddington, March, Wimblington, Whittlesey, and Stanground, in the Liberty of the Isle of Ely,—is, except such portions thereof as are included in the Areas described in Article 2 of this Order, hereby declared to be free from foot-and-mouth disease, and the Area above described, except as aforesaid, shall, as from the commencement of this Order, cease to be an Area infected with foot-and-mouth disease.

2. The following Areas (namely),—(1.) the parishes of Benwick, Doddington, March, and Wimblington, in the Liberty of the Isle of Ely; and (2.) the parish of Stanground, in the Liberty of the Isle of Ely,—shall continue to be and are hereby declared to be Areas infected with foot-and-mouth disease.

3. This Order shall take effect from and immediately after the ninth day of February, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-four.

(signed) C. L. PEEL.

(3098.)

AT THE COUNCIL CHAMBER, WHITEHALL,

The 9th day of February 1884.

BY HER MAJESTY'S MOST HONOURABLE PRIVY COUNCIL.

THE Lords and others of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, by virtue and in exercise of the powers in them vested under The Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878, and of every other power enabling them in this behalf, do order, and it is hereby ordered, as follows :

1. The following Area declared by Order of Council to be an Area in-

fectcd with foot-and-mouth disease (namely),—the parishes of Benwick, Doddington, March, and Wimblington, in the Liberty of the Isle of Ely,—is, except such portion thereof as is included in the Area described in Article 2 of this Order, hereby declared to be free from foot-and-mouth disease, and the Area above described except as aforesaid, shall, as from the commencement of this Order, cease to be an Area infected with foot-and-mouth disease.

2. The following Area (namely),—the parish of Benwick, in the Liberty of the Isle of Ely,—shall continue to be and is hereby declared to be an Area infected with foot-and-mouth disease.

3. This Order shall take effect from and immediately after the tenth day of February, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-four.

(signed) C. L. PEEL.

(3099.)

AT THE COUNCIL CHAMBER, WHITEHALL,

The 12th day of February 1884.

BY HER MAJESTY'S MOST HONOURABLE PRIVY COUNCIL.

THE Lords and others of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, by virtue and in exercise of the powers in them vested under The Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878, and of every other power enabling them in this behalf, do order, and it is hereby ordered, as follows :

1. The following Area (namely),—the parishes of Cold Brayfield, and Lavendon, in the county of Buckingham,—which was declared by Order of Council to be an Area infected with foot-and-mouth disease, is hereby declared to be free from foot-and-mouth disease, and that Area shall, as from the commencement of this Order, cease to be an Area infected with foot-and-mouth disease.

2. This Order shall take effect from and immediately after the thirteenth day of February, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-four.

(signed) C. L. PEEL.

(3100.)

AT THE COUNCIL CHAMBER, WHITEHALL,

The 13th day of February 1884.

BY HER MAJESTY'S MOST HONOURABLE PRIVY COUNCIL.

THE Lords and others of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, by virtue and in exercise of the powers in them vested under The Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878, and of every other power enabling them in this behalf, do order, and it is hereby ordered, as follows :

1. The following Area (namely),—the township of Baildon, in the petty sessional division of Otley, in the West Riding of the county of York,—which was declared by Order of Council to be an Area infected with foot-and-mouth disease, is hereby declared to be free from foot-and-mouth disease, and that Area shall, as from the commencement of this Order, cease to be an Area infected with foot-and-mouth disease.

2. This Order shall take effect from and immediately after the fourteenth day of February, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-four.

(signed) C. L. PEEL.

(3101.)

AT THE COUNCIL CHAMBER, WHITEHALL,

The 15th day of February 1884.

BY HER MAJESTY'S MOST HONOURABLE PRIVY COUNCIL.

THE Lords and others of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, by virtue and in exercise of the powers in them vested under The Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878, and of every other power enabling them in this behalf, do order, and it is hereby ordered, as follows :

1. The following Area (namely),—at Yapton, in the petty sessional division of Arundel, in the county of Sussex, comprised within the following boundaries, that is to say, on the north by the unused Chichester and Portsmouth Canal (including such Canal), from the Bridge near Bilsham-lane End for a distance of five hundred yards, on the east by two new cottages in the occupation of Allan Boniface, on the west by land in the occupation of Henry Suter as far as the road crossing the Canal, and on the south by land in the occupation of Henry Suter and Allen Boniface through which the highroad leading from Yapton to Littlehampton passes and which road is closed from the Bilsham-lane End to the cottages first before-mentioned,—which was declared by Order of Council dated the eighth day of January, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-four, to be an Area infected with foot-and-mouth disease, is hereby declared to be free from foot-and-mouth disease, and that Area shall, as from the commencement of this Order, cease to be an Area infected with foot-and-mouth disease.

2. This Order shall take effect from and immediately after the sixteenth day of February, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-four.

(signed) C. L. PEEL.

(3102.)

THE ENGLAND AND WALES MARKETS AND FAIRS TEMPORARY ORDER OF 1883, AMENDMENT No. 9.

AT THE COUNCIL CHAMBER, WHITEHALL,

The 15th day of February 1884.

BY HER MAJESTY'S MOST HONOURABLE PRIVY COUNCIL.

PRESENT :

LORD PRESIDENT.

| MR. DODSON.

THE Lords and others of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, by virtue and in exercise of the powers in them vested under The Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878, and of every other power enabling them in this behalf, do order, and it is hereby ordered, as follows :

1. The England and Wales Markets and Fairs Temporary Order of 1883 (in this Order referred to as the Markets Order) is hereby amended as follows :

Exclusion of certain Districts from Markets Order.

The provisions of the Markets Order shall not apply to the following Districts (namely),—

County of Bedford,
Borough of Bedford,
Borough of Dunstable,
Borough of Luton,

County of Rutland,
 Western Division of the County of Sussex,
 Borough of Arundel,
 Borough of Chichester,

and the Markets Order shall be read and have effect as if those Districts were included in the Schedule to that Order.

2. This Order may be cited as The England and Wales Markets and Fairs Temporary Order of 1883, Amendment No. 9.

(signed) C. L. PEEL.

(3103.)

AT THE COUNCIL CHAMBER, WHITEHALL,

The 16th day of February 1884.

BY HER MAJESTY'S MOST HONOURABLE PRIVY COUNCIL.

THE Lords and others of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, by virtue and in exercise of the powers in them vested under The Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878, and of every other power enabling them in this behalf, do order, and it is hereby ordered, as follows :

1. The following Area (namely).—the Third Ward of the burgh of Kirkcaldy, in the county of Fife, as defined in the Kirkcaldy Burgh and Harbour Act, 1876, as follows,—commencing at the point in the shore of the Firth of Forth where said shore is joined by the East Burn, thence along the said East Burn to the point north from Smeaton Farm House where the said East Burn is intersected by the northern boundary of the extended Burgh, thence in a north-easterly direction along said boundary, and following said boundary to the point in the shore of the Firth of Forth where said shore is joined by the East Burn,—which was declared by Order of Council dated the twenty-sixth day of November, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-three, to be an Area infected with pleuro-pneumonia, is hereby declared to be free from pleuro-pneumonia, and that Area shall, as from the commencement of this Order, cease to be an Area infected with pleuro-pneumonia.

2. This Order shall take effect from and immediately after the seventeenth day of February, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-four.

(signed) C. L. PEEL.

(3104.)

THE ENGLAND AND WALES MARKETS AND FAIRS TEMPORARY ORDER
 OF 1883, AMENDMENT No. 10.

AT THE COUNCIL CHAMBER, WHITEHALL,

The 18th day of February 1884.

BY HER MAJESTY'S MOST HONOURABLE PRIVY COUNCIL.

PRESENT :

LORD PRESIDENT.

|

MR. DODSON.

THE Lords and others of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, by virtue and in exercise of the powers in them vested under The Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878, and of every other power enabling them in this behalf, do order, and it is hereby ordered, as follows :

1. The England and Wales Markets and Fairs Temporary Order of 1883

(in this Order referred to as the Markets Order) is hereby amended as follows:

Extension of Markets Order to certain Districts.

The following Districts (namely),—

County of Westmorland,
Borough of Kendal,

shall be deemed to be omitted from the Schedule to the Markets Order, and all the provisions contained in the Markets Order shall during the continuance of that Order apply to those Districts as fully as if those Districts had not been included in the Schedule to the Markets Order.

2. This Order may be cited as The England and Wales Markets and Fairs Temporary Order of 1883, Amendment No. 10.

3. This Order shall take effect from and immediately after the nineteenth day of February, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-four.

(signed) C. L. PEEL.

(3105.)

AT THE COUNCIL CHAMBER, WHITEHALL,

The 19th day of February 1884.

BY HER MAJESTY'S MOST HONOURABLE PRIVY COUNCIL.

THE Lords and others of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, by virtue and in exercise of the powers in them vested under The Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878, and of every other power enabling them in this behalf, do order, and it is hereby ordered, as follows:

1. The limits of the following Place which is declared by order of the Executive Committee of the Local Authority for the county of Cambridge, dated the 12th day of January, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-four, to be a Place infected with foot-and-mouth disease (namely),—a field known as Lime Kiln Field, in the parish of Balsham, the property of Mr. William Purkis,—are hereby extended so as to include the Place described in the Schedule to this Order, and the Place described in the Schedule to this Order is hereby declared to be a Place infected with foot-and-mouth disease.

2. This Order shall take effect from and immediately after this nineteenth day of February, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-four.

(signed) C. L. PEEL.

SCHEDULE.

A Place comprising a field known as Lime Kiln Field, in the parish of Balsham, in the county of Cambridge, the property of Mr. William Purkis, together with two adjacent fields known respectively as The New Allotment and The Forty Acres.

(3106.)

AT THE COUNCIL CHAMBER, WHITEHALL,

The 20th day of February 1884.

BY HER MAJESTY'S MOST HONOURABLE PRIVY COUNCIL.

THE Lords and others of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, by virtue and in exercise of the powers in them vested under The Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878, and of every other power enabling them in this behalf, do order, and it is hereby ordered, as follows:

1. The following Area (namely), the whole of the parish of Harrowby, in the petty sessional division of Spittlegate, in the parts of Kesteven, Lincolnshire,—which was declared by Order of Council dated the 12th day of September, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-three, to be an Area infected with foot-and-mouth disease, is hereby declared to be free from foot-and-mouth disease, and that Area shall, as from the commencement of this Order, cease to be an Area infected with foot-and-mouth disease.

2. This Order shall take effect from and immediately after the twenty-first day of February, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-four.

(signed) C. L. PEEL.

(3107.)

AT THE COUNCIL CHAMBER, WHITEHALL,

The 20th day of February 1884.

BY HER MAJESTY'S MOST HONOURABLE PRIVY COUNCIL.

THE Lords and others of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, by virtue and in exercise of the powers in them vested under The Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878, and of every other power enabling them in this behalf, do hereby declare (1.) all those Lairs situate in Market-road, Caledonian-road, in the parish of Saint Mary, Islington, in the county of Middlesex, in the occupation of Messrs. Hicks and Brienholt, and (2.) all those Lairs situate in York-road, in the parish of Saint Mary, Islington, in the county of Middlesex, in the occupation of Messrs. Hope and Harrington, to be Places infected with foot-and-mouth disease.

This Order shall take effect from and immediately after the twenty-first day of February, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-four.

(signed) C. L. PEEL.

(3108.)

THE ENGLAND AND WALES MARKETS AND FAIRS TEMPORARY ORDER OF 1883, CONTINUANCE.

AT THE COUNCIL CHAMBER, WHITEHALL,

The 22nd day of February 1884.

BY HER MAJESTY'S MOST HONOURABLE PRIVY COUNCIL.

PRESENT:

LORD PRESIDENT.

|

MR. DODSON.

THE Lords and others of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, by virtue and in exercise of the powers in them vested under the Contagious

Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878, and of every other power enabling them in this behalf, do order, and it is hereby ordered, as follows :

1. Notwithstanding anything in Article 2 of The England and Wales Markets and Fairs Temporary Order of 1883 (in this Order referred to as the Markets Order), that Order as amended by this Order and the several Orders of Council amending the Markets Order are hereby continued to the thirty-first day of March, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-four, and those Orders shall cease to have effect from and immediately after the thirty-first day of March, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-four, instead of the twenty-ninth day of February, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-four, and those Orders shall be read and have effect as if the words thirty-first day of March were inserted in Article 2 of the Markets Order in lieu of the words twenty-ninth day of February.

2. For the explanation and amendment of the Markets Order, the following provisions shall have effect from and immediately after the twenty-sixth day of February, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-four, and during the continuance of that Order—

(a.) In paragraph (iii.) of Article 3 of the Markets Order, Chapter 3 of The Animals Order of 1884 shall be deemed to be referred to (as providing for public and private sales in Areas infected with foot-and-disease) instead of The Foot-and-Mouth Disease No. 2 Order of 1881, and The Foot-and Mouth Disease No. 2 Order of 1881, Amendment.

(b.) In paragraph (iv.) of Article 3 of the Markets Order, Chapter 7 of The Animals Order of 1884 shall be deemed to be referred to (as providing for public and private sales of swine in Areas infected with swine-fever) instead of The Swine-Fever Order of 1882.

(c.) In paragraph (v.) of Article 3 of the Markets Order, Chapter II. of The Foot-and-Mouth Disease Temporary Order of 1884 shall be deemed to be referred to (as providing for the Metropolitan Market) instead of The Metropolis (Foot-and-Mouth Disease) No. 2 Order of 1881, and The Metropolis (Foot-and-Mouth Disease) No. 2 Order of 1881, Amendment No. 4.

(d.) In Article 5 of the Markets Order Article 9 of The Foot-and-Disease Temporary Order of 1884 shall be deemed to be referred to instead of The Foot-and-Mouth Disease (Regulation of Markets and Fairs) Order of 1883.

3. This Order may be cited as The England and Wales Markets and Fairs Temporary Order of 1883, Continuance.

(signed) C. L. PEEL.

(3109.)

AT THE COUNCIL CHAMBER, WHITEHALL,

The 23rd day of February 1884.

BY HER MAJESTY'S MOST HONOURABLE PRIVY COUNCIL.

THE Lords and others of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, by virtue and in exercise of the powers in them vested under The Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878, and of every other power enabling them in this behalf, do order, and it is hereby ordered, as follows :

1. The following Area (namely),—the parish of Benwick, in the Liberty of the Isle of Ely,—which was declared by Order of Council to be an Area infected with foot-and-mouth disease, is hereby declared to be free from foot-and-mouth disease, and that Area shall, as from the commencement of this Order, cease to be an Area infected with foot-and-mouth disease.

2. This Order shall take effect from and immediately after the twenty-fourth day of February, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-four.

(signed) C. L. PEEL.

(3110.)

AT THE COUNCIL CHAMBER, WHITEHALL,

The 23rd day of February 1884.

BY HER MAJESTY'S MOST HONOURABLE PRIVY COUNCIL.

THE Lords and others of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, by virtue and in exercise of the powers in them vested under the Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878, and of every other power enabling them in this behalf, do order, and it is hereby ordered, as follows :

1. Notwithstanding anything in Article 92 (*Time for Slaughter*) of The Animals Order or in Article 6 (*Slaughter*) of The Foreign Animals Order of 1881, the slaughter of the animals landed on the twenty-second day of February, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-four, at the foreign animals wharf in the port of Liverpool from the vessel Ontario from Portland in the United States of America shall be commenced forthwith, and the slaughter of those animals shall be completed as soon as practicable.

2. If the slaughter of the animals is not commenced as directed by the Privy Council under this Order, or completed in accordance with the provisions of this Order, the person failing to cause such slaughter to be so commenced or completed shall be deemed guilty of an offence against The Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878.

(signed) C. L. PEEL.

(3111.)

AT THE COUNCIL CHAMBER, WHITEHALL,

The 25th day of February 1884.

BY HER MAJESTY'S MOST HONOURABLE PRIVY COUNCIL.

PRESENT :

LORD PRESIDENT.

|

MR. DODSON.

THE Lords and others of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, by virtue and in exercise of the powers in them vested under The Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878, and of every other power enabling them in this behalf, do order, and it is hereby ordered, as follows :

1. Animals shipped at the Port of Portland, in the State of Maine, in the United States of America, between the twenty-seventh day of February and the twelfth day of March, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-four, both days inclusive, shall not be landed in England or Wales or Scotland.

2. In this Order words have the same meaning as in the Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878.

(signed) C. L. PEEL.

(3113.)

THE ENGLAND AND WALES MARKETS AND FAIRS TEMPORARY ORDER
OF 1883, AMENDMENT No. 11.

AT THE COUNCIL CHAMBER, WHITEHALL,

The 29th day of February 1884.

BY HER MAJESTY'S MOST HONOURABLE PRIVY COUNCIL.

PRESENT :

LORD PRESIDENT.

| Mr. DODSON.

THE Lords and others of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, by virtue and in exercise of the powers in them vested under The Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878, and of every other power enabling them in this behalf, do order, and it is hereby ordered as follows :

1. The England and Wales Markets and Fairs Temporary Order of 1883 (in this Order referred to as the Markets Order) is hereby amended as follows :

Exclusion of certain Districts from Markets Order.

The provisions of the Markets Order shall not apply to the following Districts (namely),—

County of Cambridge,
Borough of Cambridge,
County of Gloucester,
Borough of Bristol,
Borough of Cheltenham,
Borough of Gloucester,
Borough of Tewkesbury,
Parts of Holland (Lincolnshire),
Borough of Boston,
Borough of Stamford,

and the Markets Order shall be read and have effect as if those Districts were included in the Schedule to that Order.

2. This Order may be cited as the England and Wales Markets and Fairs Temporary Order of 1883, Amendment No. 11.

(signed) C. L. PEEL.

(3114.)

AT THE COUNCIL CHAMBER, WHITEHALL,

The 3rd day of March 1884.

BY HER MAJESTY'S MOST HONOURABLE PRIVY COUNCIL.

THE Lords and others of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, by virtue and in exercise of the powers in them vested under The Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878, and of every other power enabling them in this behalf, do order, and it is hereby ordered, as follows :

1. The following Area (namely),—the whole of Hadfield Ward (Municipal), in the borough of Glossop, in the county of Derby, with the exception of the township of Dinting,—which was declared by Order of Council to be an Area infected with foot-and-mouth disease, is hereby declared to be free from

foot-and-mouth disease, and that Area shall, as from the commencement of this Order cease to be an Area infected with foot-and-mouth disease.

2. This Order shall take effect from and immediately after the fourth day of March, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-four.

(signed) C. L. PEEL.

(3115.)

AT THE COUNCIL CHAMBER, WHITEHALL,

The 3rd day of March 1884.

BY HER MAJESTY'S MOST HONOURABLE PRIVY COUNCIL.

THE Lords and others of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, by virtue and in exercise of the powers in them vested under The Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878, and of every other power enabling them in this behalf, do order, and it is hereby ordered, as follows :

1. The following Place (namely),—the whole of the Goods Station of the London and North Western Railway, in Water-street and Liverpool-road, and the yards, premises, and pig market adjoining thereto, all being the property of the said Company, in the borough of Manchester, in the county of Lancaster,—which was declared by Order of Council dated the sixth day of February, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-four, to be a Place infected with foot-and-mouth disease, is hereby declared to be free from foot-and-mouth disease, and that Place shall, as from the commencement of this Order, cease to be a Place infected with foot-and-mouth disease.

3. This Order shall take effect from and immediately after the fourth day of March, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-four.

(signed) C. L. PEEL.

(3116.)

AT THE COUNCIL CHAMBER, WHITEHALL,

The 3rd day of March 1884.

BY HER MAJESTY'S MOST HONOURABLE PRIVY COUNCIL.

THE Lords and others of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, by virtue and in exercise of the powers in them vested under The Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878, and of every other power enabling them in this behalf, do order, and it is hereby ordered, as follows :

1. The following Place (namely),—all those three meadows used as lairage situate in the parish of Trowse Newton, in the county of Norfolk, in the occupation of Messrs. Gowing and Savage, and bounded by the road from Norwich to Bixley on the north and north-east, by arable land in the occupation of George Gowing on the south and east, and a meadow and premises in the occupation of the said George Gowing on the west,—which was declared by Order of Council dated the thirteenth day of December, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-three, to be a Place infected with foot-and-mouth disease, is hereby declared to be free from foot-and-mouth disease, and that Place shall, as from the commencement of this Order, cease to be a Place infected with foot and-mouth disease.

2. This Order shall take effect from and immediately after the fourth day of March, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-four.

(signed) C. L. PEEL.

(3117.)

THE ENGLAND AND WALES MARKETS AND FAIRS TEMPORARY ORDER
OF 1883, AMENDMENT NO. 12.

AT THE COUNCIL CHAMBER, WHITEHALL,

The 3rd day of March 1884.

BY HER MAJESTY'S MOST HONOURABLE PRIVY COUNCIL.

PRESENT:

LORD PRESIDENT.

MR. DODSON.

THE Lords and others of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, by virtue and in exercise of the powers in them vested under The Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878, and of every other power enabling them in this behalf, do order, and it is hereby ordered, as follows:

1. The England and Wales Markets and Fairs Temporary Order of 1883 (in this Order referred to as the Markets Order) is hereby amended as follows:

Exclusion of certain Districts from Markets Order.

The provisions of the Markets Order shall not apply to the following Districts (namely),—

County of Northampton,
Borough of Daventry,
Borough of Northampton,
County of Westmorland,
Borough of Kendal,

and the Markets Order shall be read and have effect as if those Districts were included in the Schedule to that Order.

2. This Order may be cited as The England and Wales Markets and Fairs Temporary Order of 1883, Amendment No. 12.

(signed) HERBERT M. SUFT.

(3118.)

AT THE COUNCIL CHAMBER, WHITEHALL,

The 4th day of March 1884.

BY HER MAJESTY'S MOST HONOURABLE PRIVY COUNCIL.

THE Lords and others of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, by virtue and in exercise of the powers in them vested under The Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878, and of every other power enabling them in this behalf, do order, and it is hereby ordered, as follows:

1. The following Area (namely),—in the borough of Burnley, in the county of Lancaster, comprised within the following boundaries, that is to say, on the west by the Leeds and Liverpool Canal from Pheasantford Viaduct to Yorkshire-street Viaduct, on the north-west, north, and north-east to Brunshaw by the Municipal boundary, and the remainder by Brunshaw-road and Yorkshire-street to the Canal Viaduct,—which was declared by Order of Council dated the twenty-seventh day of September, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-three, to be an Area infected with foot-and-mouth

disease, is hereby declared to be free from foot-and-mouth disease, and that Area shall, as from the commencement of this Order, cease to be an Area infected with foot-and-mouth disease.

2. This Order shall take effect from and immediately after the fifth day of March, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-four.

(signed) HERBERT M. SUFT.

(3119.)

AT THE COUNCIL CHAMBER, WHITEHALL,

The 5th day of March 1884.

BY HER MAJESTY'S MOST HONOURABLE PRIVY COUNCIL.

THE Lords and others of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, by virtue and in exercise of the powers in them vested under The Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878, and of every other power enabling them in this behalf, do order, and it is hereby ordered, as follows :

1. The following Place (namely),—a field known as Lime Kiln Field, in the parish of Balsham, in the county of Cambridge, the property of Mr. William Purkis, together with two adjacent fields known respectively as The New Allotment and The Forty Acres,—which was declared by Order of Council dated the nineteenth day of February, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-four, to be a Place infected with foot-and-mouth disease, is hereby declared to be free from foot-and-mouth disease, and that Place shall, as from the commencement of this Order, cease to be a Place infected with foot-and-mouth disease.

2. This Order shall take effect from and immediately after the sixth day of March, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-four.

(signed) C. L. PEEL

(3120.)

THE ENGLAND AND WALES MARKETS AND FAIRS TEMPORARY ORDER
OF 1883, AMENDMENT No. 13.

AT THE COUNCIL CHAMBER, WHITEHALL,

The 5th day of March 1884.

BY HER MAJESTY'S MOST HONOURABLE PRIVY COUNCIL.

PRESENT :

LORD PRESIDENT.

| MR. DODSON.

THE Lords and others of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, by virtue and in exercise of the powers in them vested under The Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878, and of every other power enabling them in this behalf, do order, and it is hereby ordered, as follows :

1. The England and Wales Markets and Fairs Temporary Order of 1883 (in this Order referred to as the Markets Order) is hereby amended as follows :

Exclusion of certain Districts from Markets Order.

The provisions of the Markets Order shall not apply to the following Districts (namely),—

County of Norfolk,
Borough of King's Lynn,
Borough of Norwich,
Borough of Thetford,
Borough of Yarmouth,
County of Suffolk,
Borough of Beccles,
Borough of Bury St. Edmunds,
Borough of Eye,
Borough of Ipswich,
Borough of Southwold,
Borough of Sudbury,

and the Markets Order shall be read and have effect as if those Districts were included in the Schedule to that Order.

2. This Order may be cited as The England and Wales Markets and Fairs Temporary Order of 1883, Amendment No. 13.

(signed) C. L. PEEL.

(3121.)

AT THE COUNCIL CHAMBER, WHITEHALL,

The 6th day of March 1884.

BY HER MAJESTY'S MOST HONOURABLE PRIVY COUNCIL.

THE Lords and others of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, by virtue and in exercise of the powers in them vested under The Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878, and of every other power enabling them in this behalf, do order, and it is hereby ordered, as follows :

1. The Area described in the Schedule to this Order is hereby declared to be an Area infected with foot-and-mouth disease.
2. This Order shall take effect from and immediately after the seventh day of March, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-four.

(signed) C. L. PEEL.

SCHEDULE.

An Area in the counties of Westmorland and Cumberland, comprised within the following boundaries, that is to say, from the bridge over the river Eamont and the east side of the road to the Crown Hotel at Eamont Bridge, from there to a point opposite Southwaite Green Mill, following the south side of the road leading from Eamont to Yanwath to a field called Sutton Field adjoining the said road and now in the occupation of Mr. John Hodgson, thence along the outside north-west boundary of the lands occupied by the said John Hodgson and Lord Brougham and Vaux, thence in a direct line to Hughs Crag Bridge, thence along the north side of the London and North-Western Railway and of the Eden Valley Railway to the Bridge over the Railway at Weatheriggs Tilery, from the said Bridge on the north-west corner of the Plantation of Lord Hothfield called Leicet Wood, thence along the wall of the field of Mr. Richard Richardson to Whinfell Great Wood, thence following the stone wall dividing the farms of Mr. Richard Richardson and Mr. Thomas Mitchell to a point where Mr. Hutchinson's farm comes in,

thence by a fence which divides the farms of Mr. Mitchell and Mr. Hutchinson to the main-road called the Temple Sowerby-road, crossing the main-road and on by the fence dividing the said farms to the river Eamont, thence along the river Eamont, thence crossing the Eamont opposite the east side of the Plantation of Lord Lonsdale called Dasons Scar, thence by the stone wall dividing Frenchfield and Scengh farms to the Edenhall-road, thence by the south side of the said road to the village of Carleton, thence following the south side of the road leading from Carleton to Eamont Bridge.

(3122.)

AT THE COUNCIL CHAMBER, WHITEHALL,

The 7th day of March 1884.

By HER MAJESTY'S MOST HONOURABLE PRIVY COUNCIL.

THE Lords and others of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, by virtue and in exercise of the powers in them vested under The Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878, and of every other power enabling them in this behalf, do order, and it is hereby ordered, as follows :

The following Places (namely),—(1.) all those Lairs situate in Market-road, Caledonian-road, in the parish of Saint Mary, Islington, in the county of Middlesex, in the occupation of Messrs. Hicks and Brienholt, and (2.) all those Lairs situate in York-road, in the parish of Saint Mary, Islington, in the county of Middlesex, in the occupation of Messrs. Hope and Harrington, —which were declared by Order of Council dated the twentieth day of February, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-four, to be Places infected with foot-and-mouth disease, are hereby declared to be free from foot-and-mouth disease, and those Places shall, as from the passing of this Order, cease to be Places infected with foot-and-mouth disease.

(signed) C. L. PEEL.

(3123.)

AT THE COUNCIL CHAMBER, WHITEHALL,

The 7th day of March 1884.

By HER MAJESTY'S MOST HONOURABLE PRIVY COUNCIL.

THE Lords and others of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, by virtue and in exercise of the powers in them vested under The Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878, and of every other power enabling them in this behalf, do order, and it is hereby ordered, as follows :

1. The following Area (namely),—at North Bierley, in the West Riding of the county of York, comprised within the following boundaries, that is to say, from the Guide Post on Bierley-lane at the junction of Woodhouse-lane by Milker Hill-lane to Merrydale Beck on the south, from Milker Hill-lane by Merry Hill Beck to Woodhouse Hill-road on the north-west, and from Merrydale Beck by Woodhouse-lane back to the junction of Woodhouse-lane with Bierley-lane on the east,—which was declared by Order of Council dated the fifth day of May, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-three, to be an Area infected with pleuro-pneumonia, is hereby declared to be free from pleuro-pneumonia, and that Area shall, as from the commencement of this Order, cease to be an Area infected with pleuro-pneumonia.

2. This Order shall take effect from and immediately after the eighth day of March, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-four.

(signed) C. L. PEEL.

(3124.)

AT THE COUNCIL CHAMBER, WHITEHALL,

The 7th day of March 1884.

BY HER MAJESTY'S MOST HONOURABLE PRIVY COUNCIL.

THE Lords and others of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, by virtue and in exercise of the powers in them vested under The Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878, and of every other power enabling them in this behalf, do order, and it is hereby ordered, as follows :

1. The following Place (namely),—the cow-houses and premises at Greenfield House farm, Bierley-lane, in the township of North Bierley, in the West Riding of the county of York, in the occupation of Charles Bentley,—which was declared by Order of Council dated the tenth day of July, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-three, to be a Place infected with pleuro-pneumonia, is hereby declared to be free from pleuro-pneumonia, and that Place shall, as from the commencement of this Order, cease to be a Place infected with pleuro-pneumonia.

2. This Order shall take effect from and immediately after the eighth day of March, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-four.

(signed) C. L. PEEL.

(3125.)

AT THE COUNCIL CHAMBER, WHITEHALL,

The 10th day of March 1884.

BY HER MAJESTY'S MOST HONOURABLE PRIVY COUNCIL.

THE Lords and others of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, by virtue and in exercise of the powers in them vested under The Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878, and of every other power enabling them in this behalf, do order, and it is hereby ordered, as follows :

1. The following Areas (namely),—(1.) the Big Close in Warboys Fen, in the petty sessional division of Ramsey, in the county of Huntingdon, in the occupation of Thomas C. Ashcroft, bounded by the Fenton Drain on the east, a field in the occupation of John Setchell on the south, a field in the occupation of William Bedford on the west, and the Heath Drove-road leading from Warboys to Chatteris on the north, (not including the said road,) which said fields are included in the Area ; (2.) a field on Upwood Common, in the petty sessional division of Ramsey, in the county of Huntingdon, in the occupation of William Simpson, bounded by a field in the occupation of William Cross on the south, two fields in the occupation of John Pentelow on the north and west, and the highway leading from Upwood to Ramsey St. Mary on the east, (not including the said road,) which said fields are included in the Area ; (3.) two adjoining grass fields belonging to the farm at Wistow, in the petty sessional division of Ramsey, in the county of Huntingdon, in the occupation of Thomas Cooke, bounded by a Brick Yard at Shill How Hill on the east, two fields belonging to the Manor farm in the occupation of John Rowell on the north, and the two adjoining fields part of the said farm in the occupation of the said Thomas Cooke on the south and west, which said fields are included in the Area ; (4.) the farm yard and two grass fields in Warboys, in the petty sessional division of Ramsey, in the county of Huntingdon, in the occupation of William Blake, bounded on the north and east by two grass fields in the occupation of Thomas Ekins, on the south by an arable field in the occupation of Girling Saunder's Representatives, and on the west by a grass field in the occupation

of the Reverend C. G. Hill, which said fields are included in the Area; (5.) the Home Close and farm-yard in Tick Fen, Warboys, in the petty sessional division of Ramsey, in the county of Huntingdon, belonging to the farm in the occupation of Hugh J. Smith, bounded on the north by a wheat stubble field, on the south by an arable field, on the east by two arable fields, and on the west by a Drove and an arable field, each of which said fields and the Drove form part of the said farm and are included in the Area; (6.) a grass field in the parish of Orton Longville, called the Battle field, in the petty sessional division of Norman Cross, in the county of Huntingdon, in the occupation of James Ley Rowe, bounded on the north by the river Nene, west by the Great Northern Railway, south by the Peterborough and Oundle-road, and east by two fields in the occupation of William and Richard Jones, which said fields are included in the Area; (7.) a grass field in the parish of Sibson-cum-Stibbington, in the petty sessional division of Norman Cross, in the county of Huntingdon, in the occupation of William Traylin, bounded on the north by the London and North-Western Railway, east by the Old North-road, south by an occupation-road, and west by fields in the occupation of the said William Traylin, which said fields are included in the Area; and (8.) a Public-house and premises in the parish of Elton, in the petty sessional division of Norman Cross, in the county of Huntingdon, in the occupation of William Goodwin, and a grass field immediately adjoining in the occupation of Miss Elizabeth Hopkinson, bounded by Elton village-street on the north and north-west, Elton Back-lane on the south, and fields in the occupation of Lewis Fortescue on the east, which said described fields are included in the Area,—which were declared by Order of Council to be Areas infected with foot-and-mouth disease, are hereby declared to be free from foot-and-mouth disease, and those Areas shall, as from the commencement of this Order, cease to be Areas infected with foot-and-mouth disease.

2. This Order shall take effect from and immediately after the eleventh day of March, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-four.

(signed) C. L. PEEL.

(3126.)

AT THE COUNCIL CHAMBER, WHITEHALL,

The 10th day of March 1884.

BY HER MAJESTY'S MOST HONOURABLE PRIVY COUNCIL.

THE Lords and others of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, by virtue and in exercise of the powers in them vested under The Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878, and of every other power enabling them in this behalf, do order, and it is hereby ordered, as follows:

1. The Area described in the Schedule to this Order is hereby declared to be an Area infected with foot-and-mouth disease.

2. This Order shall take effect from and immediately after the eleventh day of March, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-four.

(signed) C. L. PEEL.

SCHEDULE.

An Area comprising the whole of the parish of Bradwell-near-the-Sea, in the county of Essex.

(3127.)

THE ENGLAND AND WALES MARKETS AND FAIRS TEMPORARY ORDER
OF 1883, AMENDMENT NO. 14.

AT THE COUNCIL CHAMBER, WHITEHALL,

The 10th day of March 1884.

BY HER MAJESTY'S MOST HONOURABLE PRIVY COUNCIL.

PRESENT :

LORD PRESIDENT. | MR. DODSON.

THE Lords and others of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, by virtue and in exercise of the powers in them vested under The Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878, and of every other power enabling them in this behalf, do order, and it is hereby ordered, as follows :

1. The England and Wales Markets and Fairs Temporary Order of 1883 (in this Order referred to as the Markets Order) is hereby amended as follows :

Exclusion of certain Districts from Markets Order.

The provisions of the Markets Order shall not apply to the following Districts (namely),—

County of Essex,
Borough of Colchester,
Borough of Harwich,
Borough of Maldon,
Borough of Saffron Walden,

and the Markets Order shall be read and have effect as if those Districts were included in the Schedule to that Order.

2. This Order may be cited as The England and Wales Markets and Fairs Temporary Order of 1883, Amendment No. 14.

(signed) C. L. PEEL.

(3128.)

THE ENGLAND AND WALES MARKETS AND FAIRS TEMPORARY ORDER
OF 1883, AMENDMENT NO. 15.

AT THE COUNCIL CHAMBER, WHITEHALL,

The 10th day of March 1884.

BY HER MAJESTY'S MOST HONOURABLE PRIVY COUNCIL.

PRESENT :

LORD PRESIDENT. | MR. DODSON.

THE Lords and others of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, by virtue and in exercise of the powers in them vested under The Contagious
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Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878, and of every other power enabling them in this behalf, do order, and it is hereby ordered, as follows :

1. The England and Wales Markets and Fairs Temporary Order of 1883 (in this Order referred to as the Markets Order) is hereby amended as follows :

Exclusion of certain Districts from Markets Order.

The provisions of the Markets Order shall not apply to the following Districts (namely),—

County of Worcester,
Borough of Bewdley,
Borough of Droitwich,
Borough of Dudley,
Borough of Evesham,
Borough of Kidderminster,
Borough of Worcester,

and the Markets Order shall be read and have effect as if those Districts were included in the Schedule to that Order.

2. This Order may be cited as The England and Wales Markets and Fairs Temporary Order of 1883, Amendment No. 15.

(signed) C. L. PEEL.

(3129.)

AT THE COUNCIL CHAMBER, WHITEHALL,

The 11th day of March 1884.

BY HER MAJESTY'S MOST HONOURABLE PRIVY COUNCIL.

THE Lords and others of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, by virtue and in exercise of the powers in them vested under The Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878, and of every other power enabling them in this behalf, do order, and it is hereby ordered, as follows :

1. The following Areas (namely),—(1.) the parish of Whitcham, in the Liberty of the Isle of Ely, and (2.) the parish of Littleport, in the Liberty of the Isle of Ely,—which were declared by Order of Council to be Areas infected with foot-and-mouth disease, are hereby declared to be free from foot-and-mouth disease, and those Areas shall, as from the commencement of this Order, cease to be Areas infected with foot-and-mouth disease.

2. This Order shall take effect from and immediately after the twelfth day of March, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-four.

(signed) C. L. PEEL.

(3130.)

AT THE COUNCIL CHAMBER, WHITEHALL,

The 11th day of March 1884.

BY HER MAJESTY'S MOST HONOURABLE PRIVY COUNCIL.

THE Lords and others of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, by virtue and in exercise of the powers in them vested under The Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878, and of every other power enabling them in this behalf, do order, and it is hereby ordered, as follows :

1. The following Place (namely),—so much of the borough of Brighton as

is comprised within the following boundaries, that is to say, starting from the point of junction of the Hastings Line of Railway with the Corporation Water Works Reservoir north of Hollingdean-road, following the western boundary of the said Reservoir to the south-west corner thereof, thence following the southern boundary of the said Reservoir as far as the north-east corner of the sheds and premises in Freehold-terrace in the occupation of Edward Patching, thence following the eastern boundary of the said premises and an imaginary line drawn in continuation thereof to the south side of the road in front of Hollingdean-place, thence going eastward along the line of frontage of the buildings in Hollingdean-place as far as the north-east corner of the cow-shed and premises in the occupation of Charles Godden, thence following the eastern boundary of the said premises to the south-eastern corner thereof, thence following the southern boundary of the said premises and an imaginary line drawn in continuation thereof to the eastern boundary of the slaughter-house premises in Hollingdean-road in the occupation of Alfred Goldsmith, thence following the eastern boundary of the said slaughter-house premises northwards to the tenement No. 21 Hollingdean-place in the occupation of Henry Mellish, thence following the southern boundary of the said tenement to the south-western corner thereof, thence following the western boundary of the said tenement to the northern boundary thereof, thence following the line of frontage of the buildings in Hollingdean-place westwards to the north-west corner of the said slaughter-house premises in the occupation of Alfred Goldsmith, thence following the western boundary thereof to the northern boundary of the cow-shed in the occupation of James Payne, thence following the said last-mentioned boundary to the western boundary of the said slaughter-house premises in the occupation of Alfred Goldsmith, thence following the western boundary of the said slaughter-house premises and an imaginary line drawn in continuation thereof as far as the south side of Hollingdean-road, thence proceeding eastwards along the south side of Hollingdean-road to the west side of the Lewes-road, thence proceeding southwards as far as the Kemp Town Branch of Railway, thence following the said Kemp Town Branch of Railway westwards to its junction with the said Hastings Line of Railway, and thence following the said Hastings Line of Railway northwards to the point of starting,—which was declared by Order of Council dated the thirtieth day of January one thousand eight hundred and eighty-four, to be a Place infected with foot-and-mouth disease, is hereby declared to be free from foot-and-mouth disease, and that Place shall, as from the commencement of this Order, cease to be a Place infected with foot-and-mouth disease.

2. This Order shall take effect from and immediately after the twelfth day of March, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-four.

(signed) C. L. PEEL.

(3131.)

AT THE COUNCIL CHAMBER, WHITEHALL,

The 12th day of March 1884.

By HER MAJESTY'S MOST HONOURABLE PRIVY COUNCIL.

THE Lords and others of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, by virtue and in exercise of the powers in them vested under The Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878, and of every other power enabling them in this behalf, do order, and it is hereby ordered, as follows :

1. The following Area (namely),—in the borough of Carlisle, in the county of Cumberland, comprised within the following boundaries, that is to say, commencing at the junction of the streets in the City of Carlisle called Bridge-street, Caldewgate, and Shaddongate, along the west side of Shaddongate and the Dalston-road to the point where the Dalston-road crosses the

municipal boundary of the City of Carlisle, thence along the said municipal boundary in a westwardly and northerly direction to the Port Carlisle-road in the village of Newtown, thence east along the south side of the Port Carlisle-road and of the places called Colin-place and Newtown-place and the streets called Port-road and Caldcoats and across the Wigton-road in front of Trinity Church-yard to Church-street, thence along the south side of Church-street to Bridge-street, and along the south side of Bridge-street to the junction of Bridge-street with Shaddongate where the boundary began,—which was declared by Order of Council dated the eighteenth day of July, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-three, to be an Area infected with pleuro-pneumonia, is hereby declared to be free from pleuro-pneumonia, and that Area shall, as from the commencement of this Order, cease to be an Area infected with pleuro-pneumonia.

2. This Order shall take effect from and immediately after the thirteenth day of March, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-four.

(signed) C. L. PEEL.

(3132.)

AT THE COUNCIL CHAMBER, WHITEHALL,

The 13th day of March 1884.

BY HER MAJESTY'S MOST HONOURABLE PRIVY COUNCIL.

THE Lords and others of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, by virtue and in exercise of the powers in them vested under The Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878, and of every other power enabling them in this behalf, do order, and it is hereby ordered, as follows :

1. The following Area (namely),—the whole of the parish of Tickencote, in the county of Rutland,—which was declared by Order of Council dated the twenty-fifth day of September, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-three, to be an Area infected with foot-and-mouth disease, is hereby declared to be free from foot-and-mouth disease, and that Area shall, as from the commencement of this Order, cease to be an Area infected with foot-and-mouth disease.

2. This Order shall take effect from and immediately after the fourteenth day of March, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-four.

(signed) C. L. PEEL.

(3133.)

AT THE COUNCIL CHAMBER, WHITEHALL,

The 13th day of March 1884.

BY HER MAJESTY'S MOST HONOURABLE PRIVY COUNCIL.

THE Lords and others of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, by virtue and in exercise of the powers in them vested under The Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878, and of every other power enabling them in this behalf, do order, and it is hereby ordered, as follows :

1. The Declaration described in the Schedule to this Order, made by the Committee for the petty sessional division of Bromley of the Local Authority for the county of Kent, declaring the existence of foot-and-mouth disease at the Place therein mentioned, is hereby cancelled, and the Infected Place thereby declared shall, as from the commencement of this Order, cease to be a Place infected with foot-and-mouth disease.

2. This Order shall take effect from and immediately after the thirteenth day of March, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-four.

(signed) C. L. PEEL.

SCHEDULE.

Declaration Cancelled.

Date of Declaration.	Place where Foot-and-Mouth Disease was declared to have been found to exist.
1st March 1884 -	Premises situate at Chislehurst, in the county of Kent, in the occupation of Earl Sydney, and known as Frognall, the limits of the Infected Place being a circle of half a mile radius having for its centre the cow-sheds at Frognall, excepting so much thereof as lies to the north-east of the southern fence of the main-road between Eltham and Farningham.

(3134.)

AT THE COUNCIL CHAMBER, WHITEHALL,

The 13th day of March 1884.

BY HER MAJESTY'S MOST HONOURABLE PRIVY COUNCIL.

THE Lords and others of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, by virtue and in exercise of the powers in them vested under The Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878, and of every other power enabling them in this behalf, do order, and it is hereby ordered, as follows :

1. The Declaration described in the Schedule to this Order, made by the Committee for the petty sessional division of Basingstoke, of the Local Authority for the county of Southampton, declaring the existence of swine-fever at the Place therein mentioned, is hereby cancelled, and the Infected Place thereby declared shall, as from the commencement of this Order, cease to be a Place infected with swine-fever.

2. This Order shall take effect from and immediately after the fourteenth day of March, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-four.

(signed) C. L. PEEL.

SCHEDULE.

Declaration Cancelled.

Date of Declaration.	Place where Swine-Fever was declared to have been found to exist.
26th February 1884	A pig-sty, yard and premises, in the occupation of Mr. Thomas Fitchett, at the Red Lion Inn, Water End, Basing.

(3135.)

THE ENGLAND AND WALES MARKETS AND FAIRS TEMPORARY ORDER
OF 1883, AMENDMENT No. 16.

AT THE COUNCIL CHAMBER, WHITEHALL,

The 14th day of March 1884.

BY HER MAJESTY'S MOST HONOURABLE PRIVY COUNCIL.

PRESENT :

LORD PRESIDENT.

MR. DODSON.

THE Lords and others of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, by virtue and in exercise of the powers in them vested under The Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878, and of every other power enabling them in this behalf, do order, and it is hereby ordered, as follows :

1. The England and Wales Markets and Fairs Temporary Order of 1883 (in this Order referred to as the Markets Order) is hereby amended as follows :

Exclusion of certain Districts from Markets Order.

The provisions of the Markets Order shall not apply to the following Districts (namely),—

Eastern Division of the County of Sussex,
Borough of Brighton,
Borough of Eastbourne,
Borough of Hastings,
Borough of Hove,
Borough of Lewes,
Borough of Rye,
County of Anglesey,
Borough of Beaumaris,

and the Markets Order shall be read and have effect as if those Districts were included in the Schedule to that Order.

2. This Order may be cited as The England and Wales Markets and Fairs Temporary Order of 1883, Amendment No. 16.

(signed) C. L. PEEL.

(3136.)

AT THE COUNCIL CHAMBER, WHITEHALL,

The 15th day of March 1884.

BY HER MAJESTY'S MOST HONOURABLE PRIVY COUNCIL.

THE Lords and others of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, by virtue and in exercise of the powers in them vested under The Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878, and of every other power enabling them in this behalf, do order, and it is hereby ordered, as follows :

1. The Area described in the Schedule to this Order is hereby declared to be an Area infected with foot-and-mouth disease.

2. This Order shall take effect from and immediately after the sixteenth day of March, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-four.

(signed) C. L. PEEL.

SCHEDULE.

An Area comprising the whole of the farm called The Hacey Lodge Farm, in the parish of Hacey, in the Parts of Kesteven, Lincolnshire, together with so much of Hacey-lane (being the public highway from the Bridge End-road to the village of Hacey) as passes through such farm.

(3137.)

AT THE COUNCIL CHAMBER, WHITEHALL,

The 15th day of March 1884.

BY HER MAJESTY'S MOST HONOURABLE PRIVY COUNCIL.

THE Lords and others of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, by virtue and in exercise of the powers in them vested under The Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878, and of every other power enabling them in this behalf, do order, and it is hereby ordered, as follows :

1. The Area described in the Schedule to this Order is hereby declared to be an Area infected with foot-and-mouth disease.

2. This Order shall take effect from and immediately after the sixteenth day of March, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-four.

(signed) C. L. PEEL.

SCHEDULE.

An Area comprising so much of the parish of Croxby, in the Parts of Lindsey, Lincolnshire, as lies within the following boundaries, that is to say, on the north the parishes of Rothwell, and Cuxwold, on the south-west the road leading from Rothwell to Croxby, on the south-east the road leading from Thoresway to Beelsby, and on the north-east the road leading from Thorganby to Swallow ; the said roads not being included in the Area.

(3138.)

THE ENGLAND AND WALES MARKETS AND FAIRS TEMPORARY ORDER
OF 1883, AMENDMENT No. 17.

AT THE COUNCIL CHAMBER, WHITEHALL,

The 15th day of March 1884.

BY HER MAJESTY'S MOST HONOURABLE PRIVY COUNCIL.

PRESENT :

LORD PRESIDENT.

MR. DODSON.

THE Lords and others of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, by virtue and in exercise of the powers in them vested under The Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878, and of every other power enabling them in this behalf, do order, and it is hereby ordered, as follows :

1. The England and Wales Markets and Fairs Temporary Order of 1883
133.

(in this Order referred to as the Markets Order) is hereby amended as follows :

Exclusion of certain Districts from Markets Order.

The provisions of the Markets Order shall not apply to the following Districts (namely),—

Parts of Kesteven (Lincolnshire),
Borough of Grantham,

and the Markets Order shall be read and have effect as if those Districts were included in the Schedule to that Order.

2. This Order may be cited as The England and Wales Markets and Fairs Temporary Order of 1883, Amendment No. 17.

(signed) C. L. PEEL.

(3139.)

AT THE COUNCIL CHAMBER, WHITEHALL,

The 17th day of March 1884.

BY HER MAJESTY'S MOST HONOURABLE PRIVY COUNCIL.

THE Lords and others of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, by virtue and in exercise of the powers in them vested under The Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878, and of every other power enabling them in this behalf, do order, and it is hereby ordered, as follows :

1. The Area described in the Schedule to this Order is hereby declared to be an Area infected with foot-and-mouth disease.

2. This Order shall take effect from and immediately after the eighteenth day of March, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-four.

(signed) C. L. PEEL.

SCHEDULE.

An Area at Cheney Longville, in the county of Salop, comprised within the following boundaries, that is to say, from the fence of the north side of the footpath leading from the Church at Wistanstow, crossing the Shrewsbury and Ludlow main-road near Strefford Cottage into Strefford, the south side of the highway from Strefford through Dinchope to Greenway Cross, the north side of the main-road from Greenway Cross to Chinsford Bridge, along the east side of the stream to Newington footbridge, cross the stream thence along the south side of the lane to the corner by the Railway Cottages, cross the main-road to the Blacksmith's Shop, along the south fence to the level crossing of the Railway, across the Railway to the Cottage and by the west fence of the Railway to Aston-on-Clun-road, along the north side of this road to Aston-on-Clun, the east side of the highway, thence through Hopesay to Edgton and to Horderley Railway-station, and to the junction of the road at Horderley Hollow, and along the south fence of the road through Woolstone to Wistanstow Church.

(3140.)

THE ENGLAND AND WALES MARKETS AND FAIRS TEMPORARY ORDER
OF 1883, AMENDMENT No. 18.

AT THE COUNCIL CHAMBER, WHITEHALL,

The 18th day of March 1884.

BY HER MAJESTY'S MOST HONOURABLE PRIVY COUNCIL.

PRESENT :

LORD PRESIDENT.

| MR. DODSON.

THE Lords and others of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, by virtue and in exercise of the powers in them vested under The Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878, and of every other power enabling them in this behalf, do order, and it is hereby ordered, as follows :

1. The England and Wales Markets and Fairs Temporary Order of 1883 (in this Order referred to as the Markets Order) is hereby amended as follows :

Exclusion of certain Districts from Markets Order.

The provisions of the Markets Order shall not apply to the following Districts (namely),—

County of Salop,
Borough of Bridgnorth,
Borough of Ludlow,
Borough of Oswestry,
Borough of Shrewsbury,
Borough of Wenlock,
North Riding of the County of York,
Borough of Middlesbrough,
Borough of Richmond,
Borough of Scarborough,

and the Markets Order shall be read and have effect as if those Districts were included in the Schedule to that Order.

2. This Order may be cited as The England and Wales Markets and Fairs Temporary Order of 1883, Amendment No. 18.

(signed) C. L. PEEL.

(3141.)

AT THE COUNCIL CHAMBER, WHITEHALL,

The 20th day of March 1884.

BY HER MAJESTY'S MOST HONOURABLE PRIVY COUNCIL.

THE Lords and others of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, by virtue and in exercise of the powers in them vested under The Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878, and of every other power enabling them in this behalf, do order, and it is hereby ordered, as follows :

1. The Area described in the Schedule to this Order is hereby declared to be an Area infected with foot-and-mouth disease.

2. This Order shall take effect from and immediately after the twentieth day of March, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-four.

(signed) C. L. PEEL.

SCHEDULE.

An Area comprising the whole of that part of Ivor Hall farm, Barnet Gate, in the county of Hertford, in the occupation of George Elliott, which is in Elstree parish.

(3142.)

THE ENGLAND AND WALES MARKETS AND FAIRS TEMPORARY ORDER OF 1883, AMENDMENT No. 19.

AT THE COUNCIL CHAMBER, WHITEHALL,

The 20th day of March 1884.

BY HER MAJESTY'S MOST HONOURABLE PRIVY COUNCIL.

PRESENT :

LORD PRESIDENT.

| Mr. DODSON.

THE Lords and others of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, by virtue and in exercise of the powers in them vested under The Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878, and of every other power enabling them in this behalf, do order, and it is hereby ordered, as follows :

1. The England and Wales Markets and Fairs Temporary Order of 1883 (in this Order referred to as the Markets Order) is hereby amended as follows :

Exclusion of certain Districts from Markets Order.

The provisions of the Markets Order shall not apply to the following Districts (namely),—

County of Hertford,
Borough of Hertford,
Borough of St. Albans,

and the Markets Order shall be read and have effect as if those Districts were included in the Schedule to that Order.

2. This Order may be cited as The England and Wales Markets and Fairs Temporary Order of 1883, Amendment No. 19.

(signed) C. L. PEEL.

(3143.)

AT THE COUNCIL CHAMBER, WHITEHALL,

The 22nd day of March 1884.

BY HER MAJESTY'S MOST HONOURABLE PRIVY COUNCIL.

THE Lords and others of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, by virtue and in exercise of the powers in them vested under The Contagious

Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878, and of every other power enabling them in this behalf, do order, and it is hereby ordered, as follows :

1. Each of the Areas described in the Schedule to this Order is hereby declared to be an Area infected with foot-and-mouth disease.

2. This Order shall take effect from and immediately after the twenty-fourth day of March, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-four.

(signed) C. L. PEEL.

SCHEDULE.

(1.) An Area comprising the whole of the parish of Somerby, in the county of Leicester.

(2.) An Area comprising the whole of the parish of Prestwold, in the county of Leicester.

(3144.)

AT THE COUNCIL CHAMBER, WHITEHALL,

The 22nd day of March 1884.

BY HER MAJESTY'S MOST HONOURABLE PRIVY COUNCIL.

THE Lords and others of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, by virtue and in exercise of the powers in them vested under The Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878, and of every other power enabling them in this behalf, do order, and it is hereby ordered, as follows :

1. The Area described in the Schedule to this Order is hereby declared to be an Area infected with foot-and-mouth disease.

2. This Order shall take effect from and immediately after the twenty-fourth day of March, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-four.

(signed) C. L. PEEL.

SCHEDULE.

An Area comprising so much of the parishes of Winnall, Easton, Chilcombe, St. Peter Cheeschill, and St. John, within the petty sessional division of Winchester, in the county of Southampton, as lies within the following boundaries, that is to say, on the west by the river Itchen from the point of the county boundary opposite Winnall Church, running in a northerly direction to the boundary of the parishes of Winnall and Easton, thence in an easterly direction across certain arable fields and the road leading from Winnall to Easton, and the road called Long Walk into the road leading from the village of Easton into the London and Winchester-road at a point eight hundred yards or thereabouts to the north of the farm buildings at Larkwhistle farm, thence in a southerly direction by the said road on the east into and across the aforesaid London and Winchester-road, thence in a southerly direction across the Valley into the Petersfield-road, thence in a westerly direction along the northern side of the said road to the line of the city boundary near Chilcombe Lodge, thence in a northerly direction across the road called East Hill near the Lime Works and following the same boundary line crossing the aforesaid London and Winchester-road, and terminating at the aforesaid point in the river Itchen opposite to Winnall Church.

(3145.)

AT THE COUNCIL CHAMBER, WHITEHALL,

The 22nd day of March 1884.

BY HER MAJESTY'S MOST HONOURABLE PRIVY COUNCIL.

THE Lords and others of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, by virtue and in exercise of the powers in them vested under The Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878, and of every other power enabling them in this behalf, do order, and it is hereby ordered, as follows:

1. Each of the Areas described in the Schedule to this Order is hereby declared to be an Area infected with foot-and-mouth disease.

2. This Order shall take effect from and immediately after the twenty-fourth day of March, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-four.

(signed) C. L. PEEL.

SCHEDULE.

(1.) An Area comprising so much of the parish of West Halton, in the Parts of Lindsey, Lincolnshire, as lies within the following boundaries, that is to say, on the north the road leading from West Halton to Alkborough, on the east the road leading from West Halton to Winterton, on the south the road leading from West Halton to Coleby, and on the west the parish of Alkborough; none of the said roads except the said road leading from West Halton to Winterton being included in the Area.

(2.) An Area in the parish of West Torrington, in the Parts of Lindsey, Lincolnshire, bounded on the north by lands occupied by Messrs. Brown, Adams, and Gurnell, on the south by lands occupied by Mr. W. Allis (including his farmstead) and the road leading from West Torrington to Wragby, on the east by lands occupied by Messrs. Sharpley, Epton, Rowson, Gurnell, and Gregson, and on the west by lands occupied by Mr. Bennard; including such parts of all the roads as intercept the before-named lands, or any of them.

(3146.)

THE ENGLAND AND WALES MARKETS AND FAIRS TEMPORARY ORDER
OF 1883, AMENDMENT No. 20.

AT THE COUNCIL CHAMBER, WHITEHALL,

The 22nd day of March 1884.

BY HER MAJESTY'S MOST HONOURABLE PRIVY COUNCIL.

PRESENT:

LORD PRESIDENT.

|

MR. DODSON.

THE Lords and others of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, by virtue and in exercise of the powers in them vested under the Contagious

Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878, and of every other power enabling them in this behalf, do order, and it is hereby ordered, as follows:

1. The England and Wales Markets and Fairs Temporary Order of 1883 (in this Order referred to as the Markets Order) is hereby amended as follows:

Exclusion of certain Districts from Markets Order.

The provisions of the Markets Order shall not apply to the following Districts (namely),—

County of Leicester,
Borough of Leicester,

and the Markets Order shall be read and have effect as if those Districts were included in the Schedule to that Order.

2. This Order may be cited as The England and Wales Markets and Fairs Temporary Order of 1883, Amendment No. 20.

3. This Order shall take effect from and immediately after the twenty-fourth day of March, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-four.

(signed) C. L. PEEL.

(3147.)

THE ENGLAND AND WALES MARKETS AND FAIRS TEMPORARY ORDER
OF 1883, AMENDMENT NO. 21.

AT THE COUNCIL CHAMBER, WHITEHALL,

The 22nd day of March 1884.

BY HER MAJESTY'S MOST HONOURABLE PRIVY COUNCIL.

PRESENT:

LORD PRESIDENT. | M. DODSON.

THE Lords and others of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, by virtue and in exercise of the powers in them vested under The Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878, and of every other power enabling them in this behalf, do order, and it is hereby ordered, as follows:

1. The England and Wales Markets and Fairs Temporary Order of 1883 (in this Order referred to as the Markets Order) is hereby amended as follows:

Exclusion of certain Districts from Markets Order.

The provisions of the Markets Order shall not apply to the following Districts (namely),—

County of Southampton,
Borough of Andover,
Borough of Basingstoke,
Borough of Lymington,
Borough of Newport (Isle of Wight),
Borough of Portsmouth,
Borough of Romsey,
Borough of Ryde,

Borough of Southampton,
 Borough of Winchester,
 Parts of Lindsey (Lincolnshire),
 Borough of Grimsby,
 Borough of Lincoln,
 Borough of Louth,

and the Markets Order shall be read and have effect as if those Districts were included in the Schedule to that Order.

2. This Order may be cited as The England and Wales Markets and Fairs Temporary Order of 1883, Amendment No. 21.

3. This Order shall take effect from and immediately after the twenty-fourth day of March, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-four.

(signed) C. L. PEEL.

(3148.)

THE FOOT-AND-MOUTH DISEASE No. 2 TEMPORARY ORDER OF 1884.

AT THE COUNCIL CHAMBER, WHITEHALL,

The 24th day of March 1884.

BY HER MAJESTY'S MOST HONOURABLE PRIVY COUNCIL.

PRESENT :

LORD PRESIDENT.

| MR. DODSON.

THE Lords and others of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, by virtue and in exercise of the powers in them vested under The Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878, and of every other power enabling them in this behalf, do order, and it is hereby ordered, as follows :

Short Title.

1. This Order may be cited as The Foot-and-Mouth Disease No. 2 Temporary Order of 1884.

Extent.

2. This Order extends to England and Wales and Scotland only.

Commencement and Duration.

3. This Order shall commence and take effect from and immediately after the thirty-first day of March, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-four, and shall continue in force until the Privy Council otherwise order.

Interpretation.

4. Terms in this Order have the same meaning as in The Foot-and-Mouth Disease Temporary Order of 1884.

Regulations of Local Authority as to Movement of Persons or Disinfection of Clothes.

5.—(1.) A Local Authority may, from time to time, make such Regulations as they think fit for the following purposes, or either of them :

(i.) For prohibiting or regulating the movement of persons into, in, or out of any Foot-and-Mouth Disease Infected Place within their District or of so much as is within their District.

(ii.) For prescribing and regulating the disinfection of the clothes of persons coming in contact with or employed about animals affected with or suspected of foot-and-mouth disease, or being in a Foot-and-Mouth Disease Infected Place within their District or of so much as is within their District, and the use of precautions against the spreading of that disease by such persons.

(2.) Every Local Authority shall forthwith send to the Privy Council a copy of every Regulation made by them under this Article.

(3.) If the Privy Council are satisfied on inquiry with respect to any Regulation made by a Local Authority under this Article that the same is of too restrictive a character, or otherwise objectionable, and direct the revocation thereof, the same shall thereupon cease to operate.

Offences.

6. If anything is done or omitted to be done in contravention of any Regulation made by a Local Authority under this Order, the person doing the same, or failing to carry out in any respect the provisions of any such Regulation, shall be deemed guilty of an offence against the Act of 1878.

(signed) C. L. PEEL.

(3149.)

AT THE COUNCIL CHAMBER, WHITEHALL,

The 25th day of March, 1884.

By HER MAJESTY'S MOST HONOURABLE PRIVY COUNCIL.

THE Lords and others of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, by virtue and in exercise of the powers in them vested under The Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878, and of every other power enabling them in this behalf, do order, and it is hereby ordered, as follows :

1. The following Area declared by Order of Council dated the fourth day of December, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-three, to be an Area infected with foot-and-mouth disease (namely),—all that portion of the county of Salop comprised within the following boundaries, that is to say, the main-road from Shipley to Bridgnorth commencing at the boundary of the counties of Stafford and Salop near Shipley Common so far as Roughton, thence to the river Worfe, thence along the river Worfe to the junction with the river Severn, thence by the river Severn to Coalport Bridge, thence to the Coalport and Wellington Branch Railway, thence by the said Railway to the Watling Street-road near the London and North-Western Railway-station at Oakengates, and thence along the Watling Street-road to the county boundary near Weston,—is, except such portion thereof as is included in Article 2 of this Order, hereby declared to be free from foot-and-mouth disease, and the Area above described, except as aforesaid, shall, as from the commencement of this Order, cease to be an Area infected with foot-and-mouth-disease.

2. The following Area (namely),—all that portion of the county of Salop comprised within the following boundaries, that is to say, the eastern side of the Newport and Wolverhampton-road from the county boundary at the crossing of the Watling Street, through Tong to the Bridge under the Great Western Railway at Donington, and along the northern side of the Great Western Railway to the county boundary near Beamish Wood,—shall continue to be and is hereby declared to be an Area infected with foot-and-mouth disease.

3. This Order shall take effect from and immediately after the twenty-sixth day of March, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-four.

(signed) C. L. PEEL.

(3150.)

THE ENGLAND AND WALES MARKETS AND FAIRS TEMPORARY ORDER
OF 1883, AMENDMENT No. 22.

AT THE COUNCIL CHAMBER, WHITEHALL,

The 25th day of March 1884.

BY HER MAJESTY'S MOST HONOURABLE PRIVY COUNCIL.

PRESENT :

LORD PRESIDENT.

| MR. DODSON.

THE Lords and others of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, by virtue and in exercise of the powers in them vested under The Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878, and of every other power enabling them in this behalf, do order, and it is hereby ordered, as follows :

1. The England and Wales Markets and Fairs Temporary Order of 1883 (in this Order referred to as the Markets Order) is hereby amended as follows :

Exclusion of certain Districts from Markets Order.

The provisions of the Markets Order shall not apply to the following Districts (namely),—

County of Buckingham,
Borough of Buckingham,
Borough of Chepping Wycombe,

and the Markets Order shall be read and have effect as if those Districts were included in the Schedule to that Order.

2. This Order may be cited as The England and Wales Markets and Fairs Temporary Order of 1883, Amendment No. 22.

(signed) C. L. PEEL.

(3151.)

AT THE COUNCIL CHAMBER, WHITEHALL,

The 28th day of March 1884.

BY HER MAJESTY'S MOST HONOURABLE PRIVY COUNCIL.

THE Lords and others of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, by virtue and in exercise of the powers in them vested under The Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878, and of every other power enabling them in this behalf, do order, and it is hereby ordered, as follows :

1. The following Area (namely),—the whole of the farm called The Haceyby Ledge Farm, in the parish of Haceyby, in the Parts of Kesteven, Lincolnshire, together with so much of Haceyby-lane (being the public highway from the Bridge End-road to the village of Haceyby) as passes through such farm,—which was declared by Order of Council dated the fifteenth day of March, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-four, to be an Area infected with foot-and-mouth disease, is hereby declared to be free from foot-and-mouth disease, and that Area shall, as from the commencement of this Order, cease to be an Area infected with foot-and-mouth disease.

2. This Order shall take effect from and immediately after the twenty-ninth day of March, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-four.

(signed) C. L. PEEL.

(3152.)

AT THE COUNCIL CHAMBER, WHITEHALL,

The 1st day of April 1884.

BY HER MAJESTY'S MOST HONOURABLE PRIVY COUNCIL.

THE Lords and others of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, by virtue and in exercise of the powers in them vested under The Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878, and of every other power enabling them in this behalf, do order, and it is hereby ordered, as follows :

1. The following Area (namely),—so much of the parish of Eton, in the county of Buckingham, as is situate to the westward and north-westward of the Windsor Branch Railway ; and also so much of the parish of Burnham and hamlet of Boveney as is situate within one hundred yards of the boundary of the parish of Eton aforesaid,—which was declared by Order of Council dated the sixth day of February, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-four, to be an Area infected with swine-fever, is hereby declared to be free from swine-fever, and that Area shall, as from the commencement of this Order, cease to be an Area infected with swine-fever.

2. This Order shall take effect from and immediately after the second day of April, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-four.

(signed) C. L. PEEL.

(3153.)

AT THE COUNCIL CHAMBER, WHITEHALL,

The 2nd day of April 1884.

BY HER MAJESTY'S MOST HONOURABLE PRIVY COUNCIL.

THE Lords and others of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, by virtue and in exercise of the powers in them vested under The Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878, and of every other power enabling them in this behalf, do order, and it is hereby ordered, as follows :

1. The following Area declared by Order of Council dated the sixth day of March, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-four, to be an Area infected with foot-and-mouth disease (namely),—in the counties of Westmorland and Cumberland, comprised within the following boundaries, that is to say, from the bridge over the river Eamont and the east side of the road to the Crown Hotel at Eamont Bridge, from there to a point opposite Southwaite Green Mill, following the south side of the road leading from Eamont to Yanwath to a field called Sutton Field adjoining the said road and now in the occupation of Mr. John Hodgson, thence along the outside north-west boundary of the lands occupied by the said John Hodgson and Lord Brougham and Vaux, thence in a direct line to Hughs Crag Bridge, thence along the north side of the London and North-Western Railway and of the Eden Valley Railway to the Bridge over the Railway at Weatheriggs Tillery, from the said Bridge on the north-west corner of the Plantation of Lord Hothfield called Leicet Wood, thence along the wall of the field of Mr. Richard Richardson to Whinfell Great Wood, thence following the stone wall dividing the farms of Mr. Richard Richardson and Mr. Thomas Mitchell to a point where Mr. Hutchinson's farm comes in, thence by a fence which divides the farms of Mr. Mitchell and Mr. Hutchinson to the main-road called the Temple Sowerby-road, crossing the main-road and on by the fence dividing the said farms to the river Eamont, thence along the river Eamont, thence crossing the Eamont opposite the east side of the Plantation of Lord Lonsdale called Dasons Scar, thence by the stone wall dividing Frenchfield and Sceugh farms to the Edenhall-road, thence by the south side of the said road to the village of Carleton, thence following the south side of the road leading from Carlton to Eamont Bridge,—is, except such portion thereof as is included in the Area described in Article 2 of this Order, hereby declared to be free from foot-and-mouth disease, and the Area above described, except as aforesaid, shall, as from the commencement of this Order, cease to be an Area infected with foot-and-mouth disease.

2. The following Area (namely),—so much of the county of Westmorland as is comprised within the following boundaries, that is to say, from the lowest point of Brougham Castle farm on the right bank of the river Eamont, along the fence dividing this farm from Mr. Mitchell's Whinfell Park farm to the Lightwater Stream, then by the left bank of this stream to the south side of Temple Sowerby-road, then along the wall to the corner of the wall bounding Mrs. Croome's Great Pasture, following this wall southwards to the Fremington-road, there crossing to the south side of the road and by the east fence of Fremington to the Pembroke House farm east fence, thence by the fence bounding Lord Brougham's Narrow Plantation to a straight fence running northwards to Pembroke House, passing twenty yards from the farm buildings and crossing the road at the west corner of the stackyard to the Brougham Park wall, then following the said wall to the river Lowther and along the right bank of the river to a point opposite the centre of Pembroke House Holme, then crossing the river and by a straight line of fence to the nearest point on the river Eamont, thence along the right bank of this river to the point first-mentioned,—shall continue to be and is hereby declared to be an Area infected with foot-and-mouth disease.

3. This Order shall take effect from and immediately after the fourth day of April, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-four.

(signed) C. L. PEEL.

(3154.)

AT THE COUNCIL CHAMBER, WHITEHALL,

The 3rd day of April 1884.

BY HER MAJESTY'S MOST HONOURABLE PRIVY COUNCIL.

THE Lords and others of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, by virtue and in exercise of the powers in them vested under The Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878, and of every other power enabling them in this behalf, do order, and it is hereby ordered, as follows :

1. The following Area declared by Order of Council dated the twenty-sixth day of September, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-three, to be an Area infected with foot-and-mouth disease (namely),—the whole of the Rotherham District of the Upper Strafforth and Tickhill petty sessional division in the West Riding of the county of York,—is, except such portion thereof as is included in the Area described in Article 2 of this Order, hereby declared to be free from foot-and-mouth disease, and the Area above described, except as aforesaid, shall, as from the commencement of this Order, cease to be an Area infected with foot-and-mouth disease.

2. The following Area (namely),—the township of Loughton-en-le-Morthen in the Rotherham District of the Upper Strafforth and Tickhill petty sessional division in the West Riding of the county of York,—shall continue to be and is hereby declared to be an Area infected with foot-and-mouth disease.

3. This Order shall take effect from and immediately after the fourth day of April, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-four.

(signed) C. L. PEEL.

(3156.)

AT THE COUNCIL CHAMBER, WHITEHALL,

The 8th day of April 1884.

BY HER MAJESTY'S MOST HONOURABLE PRIVY COUNCIL.

THE Lords and others of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, by virtue and in exercise of the powers in them vested under The Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878, and of every other power enabling them in this behalf, do order, and it is hereby ordered, as follows :

1. The following Area (namely),—so much of the parish of West Halton, in the Parts of Lindsey, Lincolnshire, as lies within the following boundaries, that is to say, on the north the road leading from West Halton to Alkborough, on the east the road leading from West Halton to Winterton, on the south the road leading from West Halton to Coleby, and on the west the parish of Alkborough ; none of the said roads except the said road leading from West Halton to Winterton being included in the Area,—which was declared by Order of Council dated the twenty-second day of March, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-four, to be an Area infected with foot-and-mouth disease, is hereby declared to be free from foot-and-mouth disease, and that Area shall, as from the commencement of this Order, cease to be an Area infected with foot-and-mouth disease.

2. This Order shall take effect from and immediately after the ninth day of April, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-four.

(signed) C. L. PEEL.

(3157.)

AT THE COUNCIL CHAMBER, WHITEHALL,

The 8th day of April 1884.

BY HER MAJESTY'S MOST HONOURABLE PRIVY COUNCIL.

THE Lords and others of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, by virtue and in exercise of the powers in them vested under The Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878, and of every other power enabling them in this behalf, do order, and it is hereby ordered, as follows :

1. The Declaration described in the Schedule to this Order, made by the Local Authority acting in and for the burgh of Dunfermline, declaring the existence of foot-and-mouth disease at the Place therein mentioned, is hereby cancelled, and the Infected Place thereby declared shall, as from the commencement of this Order, cease to be a Place infected with foot-and-mouth disease.

2. This Order shall take effect from and immediately after the eighth day of April, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-four.

(signed) C. L. PEEL.

SCHEDULE.

Declaration Cancelled.

Date of Declaration.	Place where Foot-and-Mouth Disease was declared to have been found to exist.
28th March 1884 -	A cow-shed situated at the Dunfermline Saw Mills, Rumblingwell, in the burgh of Dunfermline and county of Fife, in the occupation of Joseph McKenna, Cattle Dealer, Dunfermline.

(3158.)

AT THE COUNCIL CHAMBER, WHITEHALL,

The 15th day of April 1884.

BY HER MAJESTY'S MOST HONOURABLE PRIVY COUNCIL.

THE Lords and others of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, by virtue and in exercise of the powers in them vested under The Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878, and of every other power enabling them in this behalf, do order, and it is hereby ordered, as follows :

1. The following Area (namely),—so much of the parish of Croxby, in the Parts of Lindsey, Lincolnshire, as lies within the following boundaries, that is to say, on the north the parishes of Rothwell, and Cuxwold, on the south-west the road leading from Rothwell to Croxby, on the south-east the road leading from Thoresway to Beelsby, and on the north-east the road leading from Thorganby to Swallow, the said roads not being included in the Area,—which was declared by Order of Council dated the fifteenth day of March, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-four, to be an Area infected with

foot-and-mouth disease, is hereby declared to be free from foot-and-mouth disease, and that Area shall, as from the commencement of this Order, cease to be an Area infected with foot-and-mouth disease.

2. This Order shall take effect from and immediately after the sixteenth day of April, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-four.

(signed) C. L. PEEL.

(3159.)

AT THE COUNCIL CHAMBER, WHITEHALL,

The 16th day of April 1884.

BY HER MAJESTY'S MOST HONOURABLE PRIVY COUNCIL.

THE Lords and others of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, by virtue and in exercise of the powers in them vested under The Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878, and of every other power enabling them in this behalf, do order, and it is hereby ordered, as follows :

1. The following Area (namely),—the whole of the parish of Prestwold, in the county of Leicester,—which was declared by Order of Council dated the twenty-second day of March, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-four, to be an Area infected with foot-and-mouth disease, is hereby declared to be free from foot-and-mouth disease, and that Area shall, as from the commencement of this Order, cease to be an Area infected with foot-and-mouth disease.

2. This Order shall take effect from and immediately after the seventeenth day of April, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-four.

(signed) HERBERT M. SUFT.

(3160.)

AT THE COUNCIL CHAMBER, WHITEHALL,

The 16th day of April 1884.

BY HER MAJESTY'S MOST HONOURABLE PRIVY COUNCIL.

THE Lords and others of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, by virtue and in exercise of the powers in them vested under The Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878, and of every other power enabling them in this behalf, do order, and it is hereby ordered, as follows :

1. The following Area (namely),—at Cheney Longville, in the county of Salop, comprised within the following boundaries, that is to say, from the fence of the north side of the footpath leading from the Church at Wistanstow, crossing the Shrewsbury and Ludlow main-road near Strefford Cottage into Strefford, the south side of the highway from Strefford through Dinchope to Greenway Cross, the north side of the main-road from Greenway Cross to Chinsford Bridge, along the east side of the stream to Newington footbridge, cross the stream thence along the south side of the lane to the corner by the Railway Cottages, cross the main-road to the Blacksmith's Shop, along the south fence to the level crossing of the Railway, across the Railway to the Cottage and by the west fence of the Railway to Aston-on-Clun-road, along the north side of this road to Aston-on-Clun, the east side of the highway, thence through Hopesay to Edgton and to Horderley Railway-station, and to the junction of the road at Horderley Hollow, and along the south fence of the road through Woolstone to Wistanstow Church,—which was declared by Order of Council dated the seventeenth day of March, one thousand eight

hundred and eighty-four, to be an Area infected with foot-and-mouth disease, is hereby declared to be free from foot-and-mouth disease, and that Area shall, as from the commencement of this Order, cease to be an Area infected with foot-and-mouth disease.

2. This Order shall take effect from and immediately after the seventeenth day of April, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-four.

(signed) HERBERT M. SUFT.

(3161.)

AT THE COUNCIL CHAMBER, WHITEHALL,

The 18th day of April 1884.

BY HER MAJESTY'S MOST HONOURABLE PRIVY COUNCIL.

THE Lords and others of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, by virtue and in exercise of the powers in them vested under The Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878, and of every other power enabling them in this behalf, do order, and it is hereby ordered, as follows:

1. The following Areas (namely),—(1) the whole of Claybury Park, in the parish of Chigwell, in the county of Essex; (2) at Chigwell Row, in the petty sessional division of Epping, in the county of Essex, comprised within the following boundaries, that is to say, from the Chigwell Row end of Vicarage-lane down the same to the footpath leading to Hainault-road, thence along Hainault-road to the boundary of Chigwell parish, thence along the said boundary to J. Savill's house, and from thence to the Chigwell Row end of Vicarage-lane aforesaid, including therein the main-road leading from the said Vicarage-lane to the Barking Side-road; (3) at Loughton, in the petty sessional division of Epping, in the county of Essex, comprised within the following boundaries, that is to say, from the Loughton Signal Box on the Great Eastern Railway, thence along the said Railway to the boundary of the parish of Chigwell, thence by the boundary of the parishes of Chigwell and Loughton to the Epping New-road, thence along the said road to a lane known as Mud-lane, thence along the said lane to the Upper Park-road, thence along the said road to and along the Lower Park-road and Meadow-road to the Signal Box aforesaid; (4) at Thoydon Mount, in the petty sessional division of Epping, in the county of Essex, comprised within the following boundaries, that is to say, from Gravel Pit-lane, along Bitchett Wood to Mr. Merriday's house on the east, thence along the road towards Thoydon Garnon to Horns Green-lane on the south, thence along the said Horns Green-lane to Gaynes Park corner on the west, and thence along Gravel Pit-lane by Nobbs cottages to the Bitchett Wood aforesaid; (5) at Waltham Holy Cross, in the petty sessional division of Epping, in the county of Essex, comprised within the following boundaries, that is to say, commencing at the end of Wood Green-road, along the same to the Potteries, then taking the footpath by the side of the Potteries to the White House in Honey-lane, then in a straight line across the fields to the Keeper's Lodge, thence to the parish cottages and the boundary of Epping Forest following the said boundary to Wood Green-road aforesaid; (6) at North Weald Bassett, in the petty sessional division of Epping, in the county of Essex, comprised within the following boundaries, that is to say, from Mr. Pegram's Beer-house at Weald Gullett, taking the fence on the left hand side of the high-road leading from Epping to Ongar to the Blacksmith's shop at Tylers Green Cross, thence along and including the road to the Rectory-lane near the Church, and from thence along the Church-path through Mr. Law's fields to Mr. Pegram's Beer-house aforesaid; (7) at Epping Upland, in the petty sessional division of Epping, in the county of Essex, comprised within the following boundaries, that is to say, from Boldings brook on the Epping Green-road on the west, thence along the Garden fence on the right of the

Epping Green-road to the fence adjoining Mr. Cripps, thence along the top of Ellis field to Great Hanplead field on the north, thence to the right by Gibbons spring to Boldings brook on the east, and from thence along the brook to the Epping Green-road aforesaid; (8) in the parish of Nazeing, in the petty sessional division of Epping, in the county of Essex, comprised within the following boundaries, that is to say, commencing at the side of the navigable river Lea, thence on the right hand side of the occupation-road there, along the same over the private-road leading to Broxbourne Gate, thence continuing the said occupation-road along the right hand side to the point where a cart-way joins, thence along the right hand side of the said cart-way to the said river Lea, thence along the side of the said river to the commencing point aforesaid; (9) in the parish of Loughton, in the petty sessional division of Epping, in the county of Essex, comprised within the following boundaries, that is to say, commencing at the Lamp Post at Church Hill, along Church-lane to the fields, thence in a straight line across the same to Chigwell-lane, along the west side of the same to Mr. Maitland's gate, through the old-road to the old Church, thence down the lane by Mr. Bottle's farm in a line to England-lane, along the same to the high-road and the east side of the same to Church Hill aforesaid; and (10) at Waltham Holy Cross, in the petty sessional division of Epping, in the county of Essex, comprised within the following boundaries, that is to say, commencing at Brett's Corner on the Nazeing-road, north side of Holy Field-lane to the third field, thence in a line over the fields to the road leading from Broxbourne to the Couch and Horses Public-house, along the same crossing the Nazeing-road and over the fields to the top of Gulley Hill Green, along the same and the Green-lane to the Keeper's House, and past the same through Mr. Colvin's field to Brett's Corner aforesaid,—which were declared by Orders of Council to be Areas infected with foot-and-mouth disease, are hereby declared to be free from foot-and-mouth disease, and those Areas shall, as from the commencement of this Order, cease to be Areas infected with foot-and-mouth disease.

2. This Order shall take effect from and immediately after the nineteenth day of April, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-four.

(signed) HERBERT M. SUFT.

(3163.)

AT THE COUNCIL CHAMBER, WHITEHALL,

The 22nd day of April 1884.

BY HER MAJESTY'S MOST HONOURABLE PRIVY COUNCIL.

THE Lords and others of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, by virtue and in exercise of the powers in them vested under The Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878, and of every other power enabling them in this behalf, do order, and it is hereby ordered, as follows:

1. The following Area (namely),—in the parish of West Torrington, in the Parts of Lindsey, Lincolnshire, bounded on the north by lands occupied by Messrs. Brown, Adams, and Gurnell, on the south by lands occupied by Mr. W. Allis (including his farmstead) and the road leading from West Torrington to Wragby, on the east by lands occupied by Messrs. Sharpley, Epton, Rowson, Gurnell, and Gregson, and on the west by lands occupied by Mr. Bennard; including such parts of all the roads as intercept the before-named lands, or any of them,—which was declared by Order of Council dated the twenty-second day of March, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-four, to be an Area infected with foot-and-mouth disease, is hereby declared to be free from foot-and-mouth disease, and that Area shall, as from the commencement of this Order, cease to be an Area infected with foot-and-mouth disease.

2. This Order shall take effect from and immediately after the twenty-third day of April, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-four.

(signed) C. L. PEEL.

(3164.)

AT THE COUNCIL CHAMBER, WHITEHALL,

The 24th day of April 1884.

BY HER MAJESTY'S MOST HONOURABLE PRIVY COUNCIL.

THE Lords and others of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, by virtue and in exercise of the powers in them vested under The Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878, and of every other power enabling them in this behalf, do order, and it is hereby ordered, as follows :

1. The following Area (namely),—the whole of the parish of Somerby, in the county of Leicester,—which was declared by Order of Council dated the twenty-second day of March, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-four, to be an Area infected with foot-and-mouth disease, is hereby declared to be free from foot-and-mouth disease, and that Area shall, as from the commencement of this Order, cease to be an Area infected with foot-and-mouth disease.

2. This Order shall take effect from and immediately after the twenty-fifth day of April, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-four.

(signed) C. L. PEEL.

(3165.)

AT THE COUNCIL CHAMBER, WHITEHALL,

The 25th day of April 1884.

BY HER MAJESTY'S MOST HONOURABLE PRIVY COUNCIL.

THE Lords and others of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, by virtue and in exercise of the powers in them vested under The Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878, and of every other power enabling them in this behalf, do order, and it is hereby ordered, as follows :

1. The following Area (namely),—the whole of that part of Ivor Hall farm, Barnet Gate, in the county of Hertford, in the occupation of George Elliott, which is in Elstree parish,—which was declared by Order of Council dated the twentieth day of March, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-four, to be an Area infected with foot-and-mouth disease, is hereby declared to be free from foot-and-mouth disease, and that Area shall, as from the commencement of this Order, cease to be an Area infected with foot-and-mouth disease.

2. This Order shall take effect from and immediately after the twenty-sixth day of April, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-four.

(signed) C. L. PEEL.

(3166.)

AT THE COUNCIL CHAMBER, WHITEHALL,

The 26th day of April 1884.

BY HER MAJESTY'S MOST HONOURABLE PRIVY COUNCIL.

THE Lords and others of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, by virtue and in exercise of the powers in them vested under The Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878, and of every other power enabling them in this behalf, do order, and it is hereby ordered, as follows :

1. The following Area (namely),—the parish of Stanground, in the Liberty

of the Isle of Ely,—which was declared by Order of Council to be an Area infected with foot-and-mouth disease, is hereby declared to be free from foot-and-mouth disease, and that Area shall, as from the commencement of this Order, cease to be an Area infected with foot-and-mouth disease.

2. This Order shall take effect from and immediately after the twenty-seventh day of April, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-four.

(signed) HERBERT M. SUFT.

(3167.)

AT THE COUNCIL CHAMBER, WHITEHALL,

The 26th day of April 1884.

BY HER MAJESTY'S MOST HONOURABLE PRIVY COUNCIL.

THE Lords and others of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, by virtue and in exercise of the powers in them vested under The Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878, and of every other power enabling them in this behalf, do order, and it is hereby ordered, as follows:

1. The following Area (namely),—the township of Loughton-en-le-Morthen in the Rotherham District of the Upper Strafforth and Tickhill petty sessional division in the West Riding of the county of York,—which was declared by Order of Council to be an Area infected with foot-and-mouth disease, is hereby declared to be free from foot-and-mouth disease, and that Area shall, as from the commencement of this order, cease to be an Area infected with foot-and-mouth disease.

2. This Order shall take effect from and immediately after the twenty-seventh day of April, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-four.

(signed) HERBERT M. SUFT.

(3168.)

AT THE COUNCIL CHAMBER, WHITEHALL,

The 29th day of April 1884.

BY HER MAJESTY'S MOST HONOURABLE PRIVY COUNCIL.

THE Lords and others of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, by virtue and in exercise of the powers in them vested under The Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878, and of every other power enabling them in this behalf, do order, and it is hereby ordered, as follows:

1. The following Area (namely),—all that portion of the county of Salop comprised within the following boundaries, that is to say, the eastern side of the Newport and Wolverhampton-road from the county boundary at the crossing of the Watling Street, through Tong to the Bridge under the Great Western Railway at Donington, and along the northern side of the Great Western Railway to the county boundary near Beamish Wood,—which was declared by Order of Council to be an Area infected with foot-and-mouth disease, is hereby declared to be free from foot-and-mouth disease, and that Area shall, as from the commencement of this Order, cease to be an Area infected with foot-and-mouth disease.

2. This Order shall take effect from and immediately after the thirtieth day of April, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-four.

(signed) C. L. PEEL.

(3169.)

AT THE COUNCIL CHAMBER, WHITEHALL,

The 30th day of April 1884.

BY HER MAJESTY'S MOST HONOURABLE PRIVY COUNCIL.

THE Lords and others of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, by virtue and in exercise of the powers in them vested under The Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878, and of every other power enabling them in this behalf, do order, and it is hereby ordered, as follows :

1. The following Area (namely),—so much of the county of Westmorland as is comprised within the following boundaries, that is to say, from the lowest point of Brougham Castle farm on the right bank of the river Eamont, along the fence dividing this farm from Mr. Mitchell's Whinfell Park farm to the Lightwater Stream, then by the left bank of this stream to the south side of Temple Sowerby-road, then along the wall to the corner of the wall bounding Mrs. Croome's Great Pasture, following this wall southwards to the Fremington-road, there crossing to the south side of the road and by the east fence of Fremington to the Pembroke House farm east fence, thence by the fence bounding Lord Brougham's Narrow Plantation to a straight fence running northwards to Pembroke House, passing twenty yards from the farm buildings and crossing the road at the west corner of the stackyard to the Brougham Park wall, then following the said wall to the river Lowther and along the right bank of the river to a point opposite the centre of Pembroke House Holme, then crossing the river and by a straight line of fence to the nearest point on the river Eamont, thence along the right bank of this river to the point first-mentioned,—which was declared by Order of Council to be an Area infected with foot-and-mouth disease, is hereby declared to be free from foot-and-mouth disease, and that Area shall, as from the commencement of this Order, cease to be an Area infected with foot-and-mouth disease.

2. This Order shall take effect from and immediately after the first day of May, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-four.

(signed) C. L. PEEL.

(3170.)

AT THE COUNCIL CHAMBER, WHITEHALL,

The 6th day of May 1884.

BY HER MAJESTY'S MOST HONOURABLE PRIVY COUNCIL.

THE Lords and others of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, by virtue and in exercise of the powers in them vested under The Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878, and of every other power enabling them in this behalf, do order, and it is hereby ordered, as follows :

1. The following Areas (namely),—(1.) the whole of the parish of Newton-on-Trent, in the petty sessional division of Lincoln, in the Parts of Lindsey, Lincolnshire, and (2.) the whole of the parish of Stickford, in the petty sessional division of Spilsby, in the Parts of Lindsey, Lincolnshire,—which were declared by Orders of Council to be Areas infected with foot-and-mouth disease, are hereby declared to be free from foot-and-mouth disease, and those Areas shall, as from the commencement of this Order, cease to be Areas infected with foot-and-mouth disease.

2. This Order shall take effect from and immediately after the seventh day of May, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-four.

(signed) C. L. PEEL.

(3172.)

AT THE COUNCIL CHAMBER, WHITEHALL,

The 16th day of May 1884.

BY HER MAJESTY'S MOST HONOURABLE PRIVY COUNCIL.

THE Lords and others of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, by virtue and in exercise of the powers in them vested under The Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878, and of every other power enabling them in this behalf, do hereby revoke their Order, bearing date the twenty-fifth day of October, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-two, defining a part of the Port of Glasgow, in the county of Lanark, as a foreign animals wharf: Provided that nothing herein shall be deemed to invalidate or make unlawful anything done under the said Order before the date of this revocation, or interfere with the institution or prosecution of any proceeding in respect of any offence committed against, or any penalty incurred under, the said Order.

(signed) C. L. PEEL.

(3176.)

AT THE COUNCIL CHAMBER, WHITEHALL,

The 23rd day of May 1884.

BY HER MAJESTY'S MOST HONOURABLE PRIVY COUNCIL.

THE Lords and others of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, by virtue and in exercise of the powers in them vested under the Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878, and of every other power enabling them in this behalf, do order, and it is hereby ordered, as follows:

1. The Area described in the Schedule to this Order is hereby declared to be an Area infected with foot-and-mouth disease.
2. This Order shall take effect from and immediately after the twenty-third day of May, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-four.

(signed) C. L. PEEL.

SCHEDULE.

An Area comprising the parishes of Burwell, Haugham, Farforth-cum-Maidenwell, Ruckland, Walmsgate, Belleau, Authorpe, and Muckton, in the Parts of Lindsey, Lincolnshire.

(3177.)

AT THE COUNCIL CHAMBER, WHITEHALL,

The 6th day of June 1884.

BY HER MAJESTY'S MOST HONOURABLE PRIVY COUNCIL.

THE Lords and others of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, by virtue and in exercise of the powers in them vested under The Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878, and of every other power enabling them in this behalf, do order, and it is hereby ordered, as follows:

1. The following Area (namely),—so much of the parishes of Winnall, Easton, Chilcombe, St. Peter Cheesehill, and St. John, within the petty sessional division of Winchester, in the county of Southampton, as lies within

the following boundaries, that is to say, on the west by the river Itchen from the point of the county boundary opposite Winnall Church, running in a northerly direction to the boundary of the parishes of Winnall and Easton, thence in an easterly direction across certain arable fields and the road leading from Winnall to Easton, and the road called Long Walk into the road leading from the village of Easton into the London and Winchester-road at a point eight hundred yards or thereabouts to the north of the farm buildings at Larkwhistle farm, thence in a southerly direction by the said road on the east into and across the aforesaid London and Winchester-road, thence in a southerly direction across the Valley into the Petersfield-road, thence in a westerly direction along the northern side of the said road to the line of the city boundary near Chilcombe Lodge, thence in a northerly direction across the road called East Hill near the Lime Works and following the same boundary line crossing the aforesaid London and Winchester-road, and terminating at the aforesaid point in the river Itchen opposite to Winnall Church,—which was declared by Order of Council dated the twenty-second day of March, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-four, to be an Area infected with foot-and-mouth disease, is hereby declared to be free from foot-and-mouth disease, and that Area shall, as from the commencement of this Order, cease to be an Area infected with foot-and-mouth disease.

2. This Order shall take effect from and immediately after the seventh day of June, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-four.

(signed) C. L. PEEL.

(3178.)

AT THE COUNCIL CHAMBER, WHITEHALL,

The 14th day of June 1884.

BY HER MAJESTY'S MOST HONOURABLE PRIVY COUNCIL.

THE Lords and others of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, by virtue and in exercise of the powers in them vested under The Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878, and of every other power enabling them in this behalf, do order, and it is hereby ordered, as follows :

1. The Area described in the Schedule to this Order is hereby declared to be an Area infected with swine-fever.

2. This Order shall take effect from and immediately after the sixteenth day of June, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-four.

(signed) C. L. PEEL.

SCHEDULE.

An Area comprising the hamlets of New Town, and Carters Clay, and the adjoining farm of Lockerley Hole, all in the parish of Lockerley, in the county of Southampton.

(3180.)

AT THE COUNCIL CHAMBER, WHITEHALL,

The 21st day of June 1884.

BY HER MAJESTY'S MOST HONOURABLE PRIVY COUNCIL.

THE Lords and others of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, by virtue and in exercise of the powers in them vested under The Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878, and of every other power enabling them in this behalf, do order, and it is hereby ordered, as follows :

1. The Area described in the Schedule to this Order is hereby declared to be an Area infected with pleuro-pneumonia.
2. This Order shall take effect from and immediately after the twenty-third day of June, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-four.

(signed) C. L. PEEL.

SCHEDULE.

An Area at Liscard, in the township of Liscard, in the county of Chester, comprised within the following boundaries, that is to say, from Mill-lane-End to the Water Tower, thence by the foot-road to Wallasey-road, thence along Wallasey-road by Wallasey Church to the stone wall bounding Palmer's school grounds, thence by the fence to Braithwaite's Conservatory, thence by the occupation-road to Lindsey's Yard, thence by the boundary wall to Mount Pleasant-road, thence by Mount Pleasant-road to the footpath leading to Earlston-road, thence by the footpath and Earlston-road to Rake-lane, and thence by Rake-lane, Queen-street, Grosvenor-street, and Westminster-road to Mill-lane-End aforesaid.

(3181.)

AT THE COUNCIL CHAMBER, WHITEHALL,

The 3rd day of July 1884.

BY HER MAJESTY'S MOST HONOURABLE PRIVY COUNCIL.

THE Lords and others of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, by virtue and in exercise of the powers in them vested under The Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878, and of every other power enabling them in this behalf, do order, and it is hereby ordered, as follows :

1. The Area described in the Schedule to this Order is hereby declared to be an Area infected with foot-and-mouth disease.
2. This Order shall take effect from and immediately after the fifth day of July, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-four.

(signed) C. L. PEEL.

SCHEDULE.

An Area comprising the townships of Hellifield, Longpreston, Otterburn, Swinden, Nappay, Halton West, and Wigglesworth, in the West Riding of the county of York.

(3182.)

AT THE COUNCIL CHAMBER, WHITEHALL,

The 7th day of July 1884.

BY HER MAJESTY'S MOST HONOURABLE PRIVY COUNCIL.

THE Lords and others of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, by virtue and in exercise of the powers in them vested under The Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878, and of every other power enabling them in this behalf, do order, and it is hereby ordered, as follows :

1. The Area described in the Schedule to this Order is hereby declared to be an Area infected with swine-fever.
2. This Order shall take effect from and immediately after the ninth day of July, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-four.

(signed) C. L. PEEL.

SCHEDULE.

An Area at Northwich, in the county of Chester, comprised within the following boundaries, that is to say, commencing at Acton Bridge, over the river Weaver by road to the junction with the Runcorn and Northwich high-road, thence by the said high-road and the road leading through Cogshall and Comberbach to Warrington high-road at Great Budworth, thence by the said high-road through Lostock-Graham to the Cheshire Lines Railway, thence by the said Railway to Northwich Railway Station, thence by the Northwich and Middlewich Railway to Billinge Green Railway Bridge, thence by the road through Davenham village to the river Weaver at Hartford Bridge, thence by the river Weaver to the London and North-Western Railway Viaduct, thence by the said Railway Line to Acton Station, and thence by the road leading from Acton Station through Acton village by Old Green Hall to Acton Bridge aforesaid.

(3183.)

AT THE COUNCIL CHAMBER, WHITEHALL,

The 9th day of July 1884.

BY HER MAJESTY'S MOST HONOURABLE PRIVY COUNCIL.

THE Lords and others of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, by virtue and in exercise of the powers in them vested under The Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878, and of every other power enabling them in this behalf, do order, and it is hereby ordered, as follows :

1. The Area described in the Schedule to this Order is hereby declared to be an Area infected with foot-and-mouth disease.
2. This Order shall take effect from and immediately after the eleventh day of July, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-four.

(signed) C. L. PEEL.

SCHEDULE.

An Area comprising the parishes of Stoke Holy Cross, Dunston, Poringland, Shotesham St. Mary and St. Martin, Shotesham All Saints, and Swainsthorpe, in the county of Norfolk.

(3184.)

AT THE COUNCIL CHAMBER, WHITEHALL,

The 14th day of July 1884.

BY HER MAJESTY'S MOST HONOURABLE PRIVY COUNCIL.

THE Lords and others of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, by virtue and in exercise of the powers in them vested under The Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878, and of every other power enabling them in this behalf, do order, and it is hereby ordered, as follows :

1. The limits of the following Place, which is declared by order of the Sub-Committee for the petty sessional division of Staincliffe West of the Local Authority for the West Riding of the county of York, dated the eighth day of July, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-four, to be a Place infected with foot-and-mouth disease (namely),—the farm called Arnford Farm, situate in the township of Hellifield, in the West Riding of the county of York, in the occupation of Richard and William Hargreaves,—are hereby extended so as to include the Place described in the Schedule to this Order, and the Place described in the Schedule to this Order is hereby declared to be a Place infected with foot-and-mouth disease.

2. This Order shall take effect from and immediately after the fifteenth day of July, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-four.

(signed) C. L. PEEL.

SCHEDULE.

A Place around the farm called Arnford Farm, situate in the township of Hellifield, in the West Riding of the county of York, in the occupation of Richard and William Hargreaves, comprised within the following boundaries, that is to say, commencing at Cow Bridge, thence along Flat-lane to Bend Gate (including the said lane), thence along the Marsden, Gisburn, and Long Preston-road (including the said road) to the point where Pan Beck runs under the said road, thence along Pan Beck to the river Ribble, and thence along the river Ribble to Cow Bridge aforesaid.

(3185.)

AT THE COUNCIL CHAMBER, WHITEHALL,

The 15th day of July 1884.

BY HER MAJESTY'S MOST HONOURABLE PRIVY COUNCIL.

THE Lords and others of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, by virtue and in exercise of the powers in them vested under The Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878, and of every other power enabling them in this behalf, do order, and it is hereby ordered, as follows :

1. The following Area (namely),—the parishes of Burwell, Haugham, Farforth-cum-Maidenwell, Ruckland, Walmsgate, Belleau, Authorpe, and Muckton, in the Parts of Lindsey, Lincolnshire,—which was declared by Order of Council dated the twenty-third day of May, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-four, to be an Area infected with foot-and-mouth disease, is hereby declared to be free from foot-and-mouth disease, and that Area shall, as from the commencement of this Order, cease to be an Area infected with foot-and-mouth disease.

2. This Order shall take effect from and immediately after the sixteenth day of July, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-four.

(signed) C. L. PEEL.

(3186.)

AT THE COUNCIL CHAMBER, WHITEHALL,

The 16th day of July 1884.

BY HER MAJESTY'S MOST HONOURABLE PRIVY COUNCIL.

PRESENT :

LORD PRESIDENT.

| MR. DODSON.

THE Lords and others of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, by virtue and in exercise of the powers in them vested under The Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878, and of every other power enabling them in this behalf, do order, and it is hereby ordered, as follows :

1. Notwithstanding anything in The Foreign Animals Order of 1884, the cargo of cattle brought from Boston in the United States of America to the Port of Glasgow, which cattle are at the time of the making of this Order on board the vessel *Justitia* lying in Glasgow Harbour, may be transhipped in Glasgow Harbour from such vessel into another vessel (in this Order called the landing-vessel) for conveyance to the Foreign Animals Wharf known as the Foreign Cattle Market at Deptford in the port of London.

2. Those cattle shall be transhipped in the presence and under the supervision and control of an Officer of Customs ; and an Officer of Customs shall remain in charge of the cattle on board the landing-vessel until its arrival at the Foreign Cattle Market at Deptford in the port of London.

3. The landing-vessel shall, immediately after the landing of such cattle, and before the taking on board of any other animal or other cargo, be cleansed and disinfected in manner provided respecting vessels by Article 41 of The Foreign Animals Order of 1884.

4. The cattle so transhipped shall continue to be deemed foreign animals.

5. If anything is done or omitted to be done in contravention of any of the provisions of this Order, the owner or consignee of the animals, and the owner and the charterer and the master of the landing-vessel, each according to and in respect of his own acts or omissions, shall be deemed guilty of an offence against the Act of 1878.

6. Terms in this Order have the same meaning as in The Foreign Animals Order of 1884.

(signed) C. L. PEEL.

(3187.)

AT THE COUNCIL CHAMBER, WHITEHALL,

The 17th day of July 1884.

BY HER MAJESTY'S MOST HONOURABLE PRIVY COUNCIL.

THE Lords and others of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, by virtue and in exercise of the powers in them vested under The Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878, and of every other power enabling them in this behalf, do order, and it is hereby ordered, as follows :

1. The following Area (namely),—the whole of the parish of Bradwell-near-the-Sea, in the county of Essex,—which was declared by Order of Council dated the tenth day of March, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-four, to be an Area infected with foot-and-mouth disease, is hereby

declared to be free from foot-and-mouth disease, and that Area shall, as from the commencement of this Order, cease to be an Area infected with foot-and-mouth disease.

2. This Order shall take effect from and immediately after the eighteenth day of July, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-four.

(signed) C. L. PEEL.

(3189.)

AT THE COUNCIL CHAMBER, WHITEHALL,

The 2nd day of August 1884.

BY HER MAJESTY'S MOST HONOURABLE PRIVY COUNCIL.

THE Lords and others of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, by virtue and in exercise of the powers in them vested under The Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878, and of every other power enabling them in his behalf, do order, and it is hereby ordered, as follows :

1. The exposure for sale of any cattle, sheep, or swine in or at the fair intended to be held at Lyndhurst, in the county of Southampton, on or about the 9th day of August, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-four, is hereby prohibited.

2. The exposure for sale of any cattle, sheep, or swine in or at any other fair, or in or at any market, auction, sale-yard, sale, or exhibition held during the continuance of this Order within a distance of five miles from any part of the Foot-and-Mouth Disease Infected Place (described in the Schedule to this Order) declared by the Committee for the Division of Lymington and the New Forest, in the said county, is hereby prohibited.

3. If a head of cattle or a sheep or a pig is exposed for sale in or at any market, fair, auction, sale-yard, sale, or exhibition in contravention of this Order, the owner or consignee of each head of cattle, and of each sheep, or pig so exposed, and the person so exposing the same, and the auctioneer, if any, or other person conducting a sale of cattle, sheep, or swine at such market, fair, auction, sale-yard, sale, or exhibition, and the purchaser thereof of any cattle, sheep, or swine so exposed in contravention of this Order, such purchaser knowing the animal to be exposed for sale in contravention as aforesaid, shall, each according to and in respect of his own acts and defaults, be deemed guilty of an offence against The Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878.

(signed) C. L. PEEL.

SCHEDULE.

Description of Foot-and-Mouth Disease Infected Place.

The whole of the premises at Boltons Bench, in the parish of Lyndhurst, in the county of Southampton, in the occupation of James Wiltshire.

(3190.)

(PORT OF LONDON—QUEENBOROUGH.)

AT THE COUNCIL CHAMBER, WHITEHALL,

The 12th day of August 1884.

BY HER MAJESTY'S MOST HONOURABLE PRIVY COUNCIL.

THE Lords and others of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, by virtue and in exercise of the powers in them vested under The Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878, and of every other power enabling them in this behalf, do hereby define the following part of the Port of London, as a Foreign Animals Quarantine Station :

All that space situate at Queenborough Pier, at Queenborough, in the county of Kent, and included within a boundary line commencing at a point at the water-edge on the Pier twenty-five feet or thereabouts from the north-western corner of the Pier, and thence at right angles to the western edge of the Pier and in an easterly direction for a distance of four hundred feet or thereabouts, thence at an angle and in a north-easterly direction for a distance of five hundred and sixty feet or thereabouts, thence at an angle and in an easterly direction for a distance of four hundred and eighty feet or thereabouts, thence at a right angle and in a southerly direction for a distance of two hundred and sixty feet or thereabouts, thence at a right angle and in a westerly direction for a distance of two hundred and sixty feet or thereabouts, thence at a right angle and in a northerly direction for a distance of one hundred and sixteen feet or thereabouts, thence at a right angle and in a westerly direction for a distance of one hundred and eighty-four feet or thereabouts, thence at a right angle and in a northerly direction for a distance of one hundred and twelve feet or thereabouts, thence at a right angle and in a westerly direction for a distance of thirty-six feet or thereabouts, thence at an angle and in a south-westerly direction for a distance of five hundred and forty-six feet or thereabouts, thence at an angle and in a westerly direction for a distance of four hundred and forty feet or thereabouts, thence at a right angle and in a northerly direction for a distance of forty feet or thereabouts to the point aforesaid, all which space is coloured pink on the plan of Queenborough Pier deposited for the purposes of this Order at the Privy Council Office, copies of which are deposited at the offices of the Town Clerk of the City of London, and the Clerk of the Peace for the county of Kent.

(signed) C. L. PEEL.

(3191.)

AT THE COUNCIL CHAMBER, WHITEHALL,

The 14th day of August 1884.

BY HER MAJESTY'S MOST HONOURABLE PRIVY COUNCIL.

THE Lords and others of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, by virtue and in exercise of the powers in them vested under The Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878, and of every other power enabling them in this behalf, do order, and it is hereby ordered, as follows :

1. The Area described in the Schedule to this Order is hereby declared to be an Area infected with foot-and-mouth disease.
2. This Order shall take effect from and immediately after the sixteenth day of August, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-four.

(signed) C. L. PEEL.

SCHEDULE.

An Area comprising so much of the parishes of Fishtoft and Frieston, in the Parts of Holland, Lincolnshire, as lies to the east of Hobhole Drain, and so much of the said parishes as lies to the south of the main-road leading from Boston to Wainfleet.

(3192.)

AT THE COUNCIL CHAMBER, WHITEHALL,

The 15th day of August 1884.

BY HER MAJESTY'S MOST HONOURABLE PRIVY COUNCIL.

THE Lords and others of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, by virtue and in exercise of the powers in them vested under The Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878, and of every other power enabling them in this behalf, do order, and it is hereby ordered, as follows :

1. The following Place (namely),—around the farm called Arnford Farm, situate in the township of Hellifield, in the West Riding of the county of York, in the occupation of Richard and William Hargreaves, comprised within the following boundaries, that is to say, commencing at Cow Bridge, thence along Flat-lane to Bend Gate (including the said lane), thence along the Marsden, Gisburn, and Long Preston-road (including the said road) to the point where Pan Beck runs under the said road, thence along Pan Beck to the river Ribble, and thence along the river Ribble to Cow Bridge aforesaid,—which was declared by Order of Council dated the fourteenth day of July, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-four, to be a Place infected with foot-and-mouth disease, is hereby declared to be free from foot-and-mouth disease, and that Place shall, as from the commencement of this Order, cease to be a Place infected with foot-and-mouth disease.

2. This Order shall take effect from and immediately after the sixteenth day of August, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-four.

(signed) C. L. PEEL.

(3193.)

AT THE COUNCIL CHAMBER, WHITEHALL,

The 21st day of August 1884.

BY HER MAJESTY'S MOST HONOURABLE PRIVY COUNCIL.

THE Lords and others of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, by virtue and in exercise of the powers in them vested under The Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878, and of every other power enabling them in this behalf, do order, and it is hereby ordered, as follows :

1. The following Area (namely),—the townships of Hellifield, Long Preston, Otterburn, Swinden, Nappay, Halton West, and Wigglesworth, in the West Riding of the county of York,—which was declared by Order of Council dated the third day of July, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-four, to be an area infected with foot-and-mouth disease, is hereby declared to be free from foot-and-mouth disease, and that Area shall, as from the commencement of this Order, cease to be an Area infected with foot-and-mouth disease.

2. This Order shall take effect from and immediately after the twenty-second day of August, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-four.

(signed) C. L. PEEL.

(3195.)

AT THE COUNCIL CHAMBER, WHITEHALL,

The 26th day of August 1884.

BY HER MAJESTY'S MOST HONOURABLE PRIVY COUNCIL.

THE Lords and others of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, by virtue and in exercise of the powers in them vested under The Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878, and of every other power enabling them in this behalf, do order, and it is hereby ordered, as follows :

1. The following Area (namely),—the parishes of Stoke Holy Cross, Dunston, Poringland, Shotesham St. Mary and St. Martin, Shotesham All Saints, and Swainsthorpe, in the county of Norfolk,—which was declared by Order of Council dated the ninth day of July, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-four, to be an Area infected with foot-and-mouth disease, is hereby declared to be free from foot-and-mouth disease, and that Area shall, as from the commencement of this Order, cease to be an Area infected with foot-and-mouth disease.

2. This Order shall take effect from and immediately after the twenty-seventh day of August, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-four.

(signed) C. L. PEEL.

(3197.)

AT THE COUNCIL CHAMBER, WHITEHALL,

The 1st day of September 1884.

BY HER MAJESTY'S MOST HONOURABLE PRIVY COUNCIL.

THE Lords and others of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, by virtue and in exercise of the powers in them vested under The Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878, and of every other power enabling them in this behalf, do order, and it is hereby ordered, as follows :

1. The following Area (namely),—at Northwich, in the county of Chester, comprised within the following boundaries, that is to say, commencing at Acton Bridge over the river Weaver by road to the junction with the Run-corn and Northwich high-road, thence by the said high-road and the road leading through Cogshall and Comberbach to Warrington high-road at Great Budworth, thence by the said high-road through Lostock-Graham to the Cheshire Lines Railway, thence by the said Railway to Northwich Railway Station, thence by the Northwich and Middlewich Railway to Billinge Green Railway Bridge, thence by the road through Davenham village to the river Weaver at Hartford Bridge, thence by the river Weaver to the London and North-Western Railway Viaduct, thence by the said Railway Line to Acton Station, and thence by the road leading from Acton Station through Acton village by Old Green Hall to Acton Bridge aforesaid,—which was declared by Order of Council dated the seventh day of July, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-four, to be an Area infected with swine-fever, is hereby declared to be free from swine-fever, and that Area shall, as from the commencement of this Order, cease to be an Area infected with swine-fever.

2. This Order shall take effect from and immediately after the second day of September, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-four.

(signed) HERBERT M. SUFT.

(3198.)

AT THE COUNCIL CHAMBER, WHITEHALL,

The 1st day of September 1884.

BY HER MAJESTY'S MOST HONOURABLE PRIVY COUNCIL.

THE Lords and others of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, by virtue and in exercise of the powers in them vested under The Contagious Diseases (Animals) Acts, 1878, and of every other power enabling them in this behalf, do order, and it is hereby ordered, as follows :

1. The limits of the following Place which is declared by order of the Local Authority for the county of Ross, dated the twenty-sixth day of August, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-four, to be a Place infected with pleuro-pneumonia (namely),—the farm of Pollo, in the parish Kilmuir Easter, occupied by George Grant,—are hereby extended so as to include the Place described in the Schedule to this Order, and the Place described in the Schedule to this Order is hereby declared to be a Place infected with pleuro-pneumonia.

2. This Order shall take effect from and immediately after the second day of September, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-four.

(signed) HERBERT M. SUFT.

SCHEDULE.

A Place comprising the farm of Pollo, in the parish of Kilmuir Easter, in the county of Ross, in the occupation of George Grant, together with that piece of ground in the parish of Kilmuir Easter bounded on the north by the county-road from Alness to Parkhill, on the east by the county-road from Barbaraville to Scotsburn, on the west by the East March of the farm of Delny, and on the south by the North March of the said farm of Pollo.

(3203.)

AT THE COUNCIL CHAMBER, WHITEHALL,

The 12th day of September 1884.

BY HER MAJESTY'S MOST HONOURABLE PRIVY COUNCIL.

THE Lords and others of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, by virtue and in exercise of the powers in them vested under The Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878, and of every other power enabling them in this behalf, do hereby revoke their Order, bearing date the second day of August, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-four, prohibiting the exposure for sale of any cattle, sheep, or swine, in or at Lyndhurst fair ; or in or at any other fair, or any market, auction, sale-yard, sale, or exhibition held within a distance of five miles from any part of a certain Foot-and-Mouth Disease Infected Place (therein described) at Boltens Bench, in the parish of Lyndhurst, in the county of Southampton : Provided that nothing herein shall be deemed to invalidate or make unlawful anything done under the said Order before the date of this revocation, or interfere with the institution or prosecution of any proceeding in respect of any offence committed against, or any penalty incurred under, the said Order.

(signed) HERBERT M. SUFT.

(3204.)

AT THE COUNCIL CHAMBER, WHITEHALL,

The 13th day of September 1884.

BY HER MAJESTY'S MOST HONOURABLE PRIVY COUNCIL.

THE Lords and others of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, by virtue and in exercise of the powers in them vested under The Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878, and of every other power enabling them in this behalf, do order, and it is hereby ordered, as follows :

1. The Declaration described in the Schedule to this Order, made by the Local Authority for the county of Stirling, declaring the existence of pleuro-pneumonia at the Place therein mentioned, is hereby cancelled, and the Infected Place thereby declared shall, as from the commencement of this Order, cease to be a Place infected with pleuro-pneumonia.

2. This Order shall take effect from and immediately after the thirteenth day of September, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-four.

(signed) HERBERT M. SUFT.

SCHEDULE.

Declaration cancelled.

Date of Declaration.	Place where Pleuro-Pneumonia was declared to have been found to exist.
19th August 1884 -	The steading on the farm of Woodburn, in the parish of Falkirk, in the county of Stirling, in the occupation of Mrs. Stark, together with the field immediately to the south, and in other directions the land within a radius of fifty yards of the steading.

(3205.)

AT THE COUNCIL CHAMBER, WHITEHALL,

The 20th day of September 1884.

BY HER MAJESTY'S MOST HONOURABLE PRIVY COUNCIL.

THE Lords and others of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, by virtue and in exercise of the powers in them vested under The Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878, and of every other power enabling them in this behalf, do order, and it is hereby ordered, as follows :

1. The following Area (namely),—the hamlets of New Town, and Carters Clay, and the adjoining farm of Lockerley Hole, all in the parish of Lockerley, in the county of Southampton,—which was declared by Order of Council dated the fourteenth day of June, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-four, to be an Area infected with swine-fever, is hereby declared to be free from swine-fever, and that Area shall, as from the commencement of this Order, cease to be an Area infected with swine-fever.

2. This Order shall take effect from and immediately after the twenty-first day of September, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-four.

(signed) HERBERT M. SUFT.

(3206.)

THE NEW FOREST (SWINE-FEVER) ORDER OF 1884.

AT THE COUNCIL CHAMBER, WHITEHALL,

The 23rd day of September 1884.

BY HER MAJESTY'S MOST HONOURABLE PRIVY COUNCIL.

PRESENT :

LORD PRESIDENT.

MR. DODSON.

THE Lords and others of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, by virtue and in exercise of the powers in them vested under The Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878, and of every other power enabling them in this behalf, do order, and it is hereby ordered, as follows :

Short Title.

1. This Order may be cited as The New Forest (Swine-Fever) Order of 1884.

Commencement and Duration.

2. This Order shall commence and take effect from and immediately after the twenty-fourth day of September, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-four ; and shall cease to have effect from and immediately after the thirtieth day of November, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-four, without prejudice to the institution or prosecution of any proceeding in respect of an offence committed on or before that day.

Interpretation.

3. In this Order—

The Act of 1878 means The Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878.

The New Forest means the New Forest within the perambulation of the New Forest, in the county of Southampton.

Other terms have the same meaning as in The Animals Order of 1884.

Restriction on Movement.

4. No pig shall be moved into, in, through, or out of the New Forest except as expressly authorized by this Order.

Movement into or in the New Forest.

5. Swine may be moved into or in the New Forest from a farm or premises to which pannage rights attach not being in a Swine-Fever Infected Place or a Swine-Fever Infected Circle or a Swine-Fever Infected Area with a movement licence of a Verderer of the New Forest, or of the Deputy Surveyor of the New Forest, or of their or his appointee or appointees under this Order, on a certificate of a Veterinary Inspector or of a person qualified according to the Act of 1878 to be such certifying that the swine to be moved are not affected with swine-fever, and have not, to the best of his knowledge and belief, been exposed to the infection of swine-fever, or instead of that certificate if the Verderer or the Deputy Surveyor or their or his appointee or appointees as aforesaid think fit, on a declaration made by the owner of the swine, or by his agent duly authorized for that purpose, that, to the best of his knowledge and belief, those swine—

(i.) are not affected with swine-fever ; and

(ii.) have not been exposed to the infection of swine-fever ; and

(iii.) have been on the farm or premises not less than twenty-eight days immediately before the making of the declaration.

Movement of Swine through the New Forest.

6. Swine not affected with swine-fever may be moved through the New Forest by railway without untrucking.

Movement of Swine out of the New Forest.

7. Swine may be moved out of such parts of the New Forest as are not comprised within a Swine-Fever Infected Place or a Swine-Fever Infected Circle or a Swine-Fever Infected Area with a movement licence of the Local Authority of the District in or into which the swine are to be moved on such conditions, if any, as the Local Authority granting the licence think expedient.

Granting of Movement Licences.

8.—(1.) A Verderer of the New Forest, or the Deputy Surveyor of the New Forest, or their or his appointee or appointees, or a Local Authority may, if they think fit, withhold a movement licence in any case where the movement of the swine proposed to be moved would be in their judgment inexpedient or improper.

(2.) No Licence for movement of a pig granted under this Order shall be available if granted by the owner of the pig to be moved or by his agent, or by the owner or consignee or other person selling the pig, or by the purchaser thereof or by his agent, or by the occupier of the farm or premises from or to which the pig is to be moved.

Production of Licences; Names and Addresses.

9.—(1.) Every person in charge of swine being moved, where under this Order a movement licence may be necessary, shall, on demand of a Verderer of the New Forest, or of an officer of the Verderers of the New Forest, or of the Deputy Surveyor of the New Forest or any officer acting under him, or of a Justice, or of a Constable, or of an Inspector or other officer of a Local Authority, produce and show to him the movement licence, if any, authorizing the movement, and shall allow it to be read and a copy of or extract from it to be taken by the person to whom it is produced.

(2.) Every person so in charge shall, on demand as aforesaid, give his name and address to the person so authorized under this Article to demand the movement licence.

Offences.

10.—(1.) If a pig is moved in contravention of this Order, or of the conditions of a movement licence thereunder, the owner of the pig, and the person for the time being in charge thereof, and the person causing, directing, or permitting the movement, and the person moving or conveying the pig, and the consignee or other person receiving or keeping it, knowing it to have been moved in contravention as aforesaid, shall, each according to and in respect of his own acts and defaults, be deemed guilty of an offence against the Act of 1878.

(2.) If a person in charge of swine being moved, where under this Order a movement licence is necessary, on demand made under this Order, fails to give his true name and address, or gives a false name or address, he shall be deemed guilty of an offence against the Act of 1878.

(signed) HERBERT M. SUFT.

(3208.)

AT THE COUNCIL CHAMBER, WHITEHALL,

The 3rd day of October 1884.

BY HER MAJESTY'S MOST HONOURABLE PRIVY COUNCIL.

THE Lords and others of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, by virtue and in exercise of the powers in them vested under The Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878, and of every other power enabling them in this behalf, do order, and it is hereby ordered, as follows :

1. The following Area (namely).—so much of the parishes of Fishtoft and Frieston, in the Parts of Holland, Lincolnshire, as lies to the east of Hobhole Drain, and so much of the said parishes as lies to the south of the main-road leading from Boston to Wainfleet,—which was declared by Order of Council dated the fourteenth day of August, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-four, to be an Area infected with foot-and-mouth disease, is hereby declared to be free from foot-and-mouth disease, and that Area shall, as from the commencement of this Order, cease to be an Area infected with foot-and-mouth disease.

2. This Order shall take effect from and immediately after the fourth day of October, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-four.

(signed) HERBERT M. SUFT.

(3209.)

AT THE COUNCIL CHAMBER, WHITEHALL,

The 3rd day of October 1884.

BY HER MAJESTY'S MOST HONOURABLE PRIVY COUNCIL.

THE Lords and others of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, by virtue and in exercise of the powers in them vested under The Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878, and of every other power enabling them in this behalf, do order, and it is hereby ordered, as follows :

1. The following Area (namely).—at Liscard, in the township of Liscard, in the county of Chester, comprised within the following boundaries, that is to say, from Mill-lane-End to the Water Tower, thence by the foot-road to Wallasey-road, thence along Wallasey-road by Wallasey Church to the stone wall bounding Palmer's school grounds, thence by the fence to Braithwaite's Conservatory, thence by the occupation-road to Lindsey's Yard, thence by the boundary wall to Mount Pleasant-road, thence by Mount Pleasant-road to the footpath leading to Earlstown-road, thence by the footpath and Earlstown-road to Rake-lane, and thence by Rake-lane, Queen-street, Grosvenor-street, and Westminster-road to Mill-lane-End aforesaid,—which was declared by Order of Council dated the twenty-first day of June, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-four, to be an Area infected with pleuro-pneumonia, is hereby declared to be free from pleuro-pneumonia, and that Area shall, as from the commencement of this Order, cease to be an Area infected with pleuro-pneumonia.

2. This Order shall take effect from and immediately after the fourth day of October, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-four.

(signed) HERBERT M. SUFT.

(3212.)

AT THE COUNCIL CHAMBER, WHITEHALL,

The 6th day of October 1884.

BY HER MAJESTY'S MOST HONOURABLE PRIVY COUNCIL.

THE Lords and others of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, by virtue and in exercise of the powers in them vested under The Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878, and of every other power enabling them in this behalf, do order, and it is hereby ordered, as follows :

1. The limits of the following Place which is declared by order of the Local Authority for the borough of Peterborough, dated the twenty-sixth day of September, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-four, to be a Place infected with swine-fever (namely),—the pig-sty on premises situate in Christian-street otherwise St. Marks-road in the occupation of Mr. J. W. Buckle,—are hereby extended so as to include the Place described in the Schedule to this Order, and the Place described in the Schedule to this Order is hereby declared to be a Place infected with swine-fever.

2. This Order shall take effect from and immediately after the seventh day of October, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-four.

(signed) HERBERT M. SUFT.

SCHEDULE.

A Place comprising so much of the borough of Peterborough as lies within the following boundaries, that is to say, on the north Lincoln-road East, on the east and south Christian-street otherwise St. Marks-road, and on the west Lincoln-road; the said roads not being included in the Infected Place except Christian-street otherwise St. Marks-road.

(3213.)

AT THE COUNCIL CHAMBER, WHITEHALL,

The 8th day of October 1884.

BY HER MAJESTY'S MOST HONOURABLE PRIVY COUNCIL.

THE Lords and others of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, by virtue and in exercise of the powers in them vested under The Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878, and of every other power enabling them in this behalf, do hereby revoke their Order, bearing date the twelfth day of August, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-four, defining a part of the Port of London as a Foreign Animals Quarantine Station : Provided that nothing herein shall be deemed to invalidate or make unlawful anything done under the said Order before the date of this revocation, or interfere with the institution or prosecution of any proceeding in respect of any offence committed against, or any penalty incurred under, the said Order.

(signed) HERBERT M. SUFT.

(3214.)

AT THE COUNCIL CHAMBER, WHITEHALL,

The 11th day of October 1884.

BY HER MAJESTY'S MOST HONOURABLE PRIVY COUNCIL.

THE Lords and others of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, by virtue and in exercise of the powers in them vested under The Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878, and of every other power enabling them in this behalf, do order, and it is hereby ordered, as follows :

1. The Declaration described in the Schedule to this Order, made by the Local Authority acting in and for the county of Warwick, declaring the existence of foot-and-mouth disease at the Place therein mentioned, is hereby cancelled, and the Infected Place thereby declared shall, as from the commencement of this Order, cease to be a Place infected with foot-and-mouth disease.

2. This Order shall take effect from and immediately after the eleventh day of October, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-four.

(signed) HERBERT M. SUFT.

SCHEDULE.

Declaration cancelled.

Date of Declaration.	Place where Foot-and-Mouth Disease was declared to have been found to exist.
7th October 1884 -	The farm-yard and buildings in the parish of Church-over, and the farm-yard and buildings and four fields in the township of Newton, all adjoining and belonging to Joseph Cave, and in the occupation of the said Joseph Cave, in the Rugby division of the county of Warwick.

(3215.)

AT THE COUNCIL CHAMBER, WHITEHALL,

The 17th day of October 1884.

BY HER MAJESTY'S MOST HONOURABLE PRIVY COUNCIL.

THE Lords and others of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, by virtue and in exercise of the powers in them vested under The Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878, and of every other power enabling them in this behalf, do order, and it is hereby ordered, as follows :

1. The Area described in the Schedule to this Order is hereby declared to be an Area infected with swine-fever.

2. This Order shall take effect from and immediately after the nineteenth day of October, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-four.

(signed) HERBERT M. SUFT.

SCHEDULE.

An Area comprising so much of the parish of Mitchelmersh, in the county of Southampton, as is comprised in the Ecclesiastical division of Braishfield.

(3216.)

AT THE COUNCIL CHAMBER, WHITEHALL,

The 11th day of November 1884.

BY HER MAJESTY'S MOST HONOURABLE PRIVY COUNCIL.

PRESENT :

LORD PRESIDENT.

| MR. TREVELYAN.

THE Lords and others of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, by virtue and in exercise of the powers in them vested under The Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878, and of every other power enabling them in this behalf, do order, and it is hereby ordered, as follows :

1. The provisions of Chapter II. (Special Regulations relating to the Metropolis) of The Foot-and-Mouth Disease Temporary Order of 1884, together with all other provisions of that Order so far as the same relate to the provisions of that Chapter, are hereby revoked : Provided that nothing in this Order shall be deemed to invalidate or make unlawful anything done under any of those provisions before the commencement of this Order, or interfere with the institution or prosecution of any proceeding in respect of any offence committed thereunder before the commencement of this Order.

2. This Order shall take effect from and immediately after the sixteenth day of November, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-four.

(signed) C. L. PEEL.

(3218.)

AT THE COUNCIL CHAMBER, WHITEHALL,

The 15th day of November 1884.

BY HER MAJESTY'S MOST HONOURABLE PRIVY COUNCIL.

THE Lords and others of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, by virtue and in exercise of the powers in them vested under The Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878, and of every other power enabling them in this behalf, do order, and it is hereby ordered, as follows :

1. The following Place (namely),—The farm of Pollo, in the parish of Kilmuir Easter, in the county of Ross, in the occupation of George Grant, together with that piece of ground in the parish of Kilmuir Easter bounded on the north by the county-road from Alness to Parkhill, on the east by the county-road from Barbaraville to Scotsburn, on the west by the East March of the farm of Delny, and on the south by the North March of the said farm of Pollo,—which was declared by Order of Council dated the first day of September, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-four, to be a Place infected with pleuro-pneumonia, is hereby declared to be free from pleuro-pneumonia, and that Place shall, as from the commencement of this Order, cease to be a Place infected with pleuro-pneumonia.

2. This Order shall take effect from and immediately after the sixteenth day of November, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-four.

(signed) HERBERT M. SUFT.

(3221.)

AT THE COUNCIL CHAMBER, WHITEHALL,

The 1st day of December 1884.

BY HER MAJESTY'S MOST HONOURABLE PRIVY COUNCIL.

THE Lords and others of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, by virtue and in exercise of the powers in them vested under The Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878, and of every other power enabling them in this behalf, do order, and it is hereby ordered, as follows:

1. The following Place (namely),—so much of the borough of Peterborough as lies within the following boundaries, that is to say, on the north Lincoln-road East, on the east and south Christian-street otherwise St. Mark's-road, and on the west Lincoln-road; the said roads not being included in the Infected Place except Christian-street otherwise St. Mark's-road,—which was declared by Order of Council dated the sixth day of October, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-four, to be a Place infected with swine-fever, is hereby declared to be free from swine-fever, and that Place shall, as from the commencement of this Order, cease to be a Place infected with swine-fever.

2. This Order shall take effect from and immediately after the second day of December, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-four.

(signed) HERBERT M. SUFT.

(3222.)

AT THE COUNCIL CHAMBER, WHITEHALL,

The 13th day of December 1884.

BY HER MAJESTY'S MOST HONOURABLE PRIVY COUNCIL.

THE Lords and others of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, by virtue and in exercise of the powers in them vested under The Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878, and of every other power enabling them in this behalf, do order, and it is hereby ordered, as follows:

1. The following Area (namely),—so much of the parish of Mitchelmers, in the county of Southampton, as is comprised in the Ecclesiastical division of Braishfield,—which was declared by Order of Council dated the seventeenth day of October, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-four, to be an Area infected with swine-fever, is hereby declared to be free from swine-fever, and that Area shall, as from the commencement of this Order, cease to be an Area infected with swine-fever.

2. This Order shall take effect from and immediately after the fourteenth day of December, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-four.

(signed) HERBERT M. SUFT.

- 2.—ORDER of COUNCIL made between the 1st of January 1884 and the 31st of December 1884, and which did not come into force until after the latter Date.

No.

3223.

[See below.]

(3223.)

AT THE COUNCIL CHAMBER, WHITEHALL,

The 31st day of December 1884.

BY HER MAJESTY'S MOST HONOURABLE PRIVY COUNCIL.

THE Lords and others of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, by virtue and in exercise of the powers in them vested under The Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878, and of every other power enabling them in this behalf, do order, and it is hereby ordered, as follows:

1. The Declaration described in the Schedule to this Order, made by the Committee for the petty sessional division of Ashford of the Local Authority for the county of Kent, declaring the existence of foot-and-mouth disease at the Place therein mentioned, is hereby cancelled, and the Infected Place thereby declared shall, as from the commencement of this Order, cease to be a Place infected with foot-and-mouth disease.

2. This Order shall take effect from and immediately after the first day of January, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-five.

(signed) C. L. PEEL.

SCHEDULE.

Declaration Cancelled.

Date of Declaration.	Place where Foot-and-Mouth Disease was declared to have been found to exist.
16 December 1884	The farm-buildings at Kingsgate Farm, Wittersham, in the county of Kent, in the occupation of Stephen Cooper of Peening Quarter Farm, Wittersham, the limits of the Infected Place being the whole of the land in the occupation of the said Stephen Cooper lying between the Tenterden and Ebony highways.

ORDERS OF COUNCIL IN FORCE.

1.—ORDERS of COUNCIL made before the 1st of January 1884, and which were wholly or in part in force on the 31st December 1884.

No.	No.	No.	No.	No.
446	462	525	551	978
447	472	528	743	1,050
449	499	533	786	1,676
450	502	541	922	2,910
456	512	546	964	2,984
460				

[See Pages 89 to 111.]

(446.)

(THE METROPOLIS.)

AT THE COUNCIL CHAMBER, WHITEHALL,

The 5th day of October 1878.

BY THE LORDS OF HER MAJESTY'S MOST HONOURABLE PRIVY COUNCIL.

THE Lords of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, by virtue and in exercise of the powers in them vested under The Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878, and of every other power enabling them in this behalf, do order, and it is hereby ordered as follows :

1. In this Order words have the same meaning as in The Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878.

2. Cattle infected with pleuro-pneumonia may be moved out of places infected with pleuro-pneumonia, within the Metropolis, for slaughter, in manner and under the conditions following, and not otherwise :

(1.) The diseased cattle shall be moved with a licence of the Local Authority of the Metropolis, to a slaughter-house in the Metropolis specified in the licence, in a cattle-van properly constructed so as to prevent contact of the diseased cattle with other cattle during the movement.

(2.) The diseased cattle shall be moved to the slaughter-house in charge of an Inspector or other officer of the Local Authority ; and the same officer shall enforce and superintend the immediate slaughter there of the cattle, and shall forthwith report the fact of the slaughter to the Local Authority.

(3.) The cattle-van shall immediately after each occasion of use be cleansed and disinfected, by or under the superintendence of the Local Authority, in manner provided respecting vans by Article 8 of The Cleansing and Disinfection Order of 1878.

(signed) C. L. PEEL.

(447.)

(EDINBURGH.)

AT THE COUNCIL CHAMBER, WHITEHALL,

The 5th day of October 1878.

BY THE LORDS OF HER MAJESTY'S MOST HONOURABLE PRIVY COUNCIL.

THE Lords of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, by virtue and in exercise of the powers in them vested under The Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878, and of every other power enabling them in this behalf, do order, and it is hereby ordered, as follows :

1. In this Order words have the same meaning as in The Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878.

2. Cattle affected with pleuro-pneumonia may be moved out of places infected with pleuro-pneumonia, within the Burgh of Edinburgh, for slaughter, in manner and under the conditions following, and not otherwise :

(1.) The diseased cattle shall be moved, with a licence of the Local Authority of the Burgh of Edinburgh, to a slaughter-house in the Burgh specified in the licence, in a float or cattle-van properly constructed so as to prevent contact of the diseased cattle with other cattle during the movement.

(2.) The diseased cattle shall be moved to the slaughter-house in charge of an Inspector or other officer of the Local Authority; and the same officer shall enforce and superintend the immediate slaughter thereof of the cattle, and shall forthwith report the fact of the slaughter to the Local Authority.

(3.) The float or cattle-van shall immediately after each occasion of use be cleansed and disinfected, by or under the superintendence of the Local Authority, in manner provided respecting vans by Article 8 of The Cleansing and Disinfection Order of 1878.

(signed) C. L. PEEL.

(449.)

(GLASGOW.)

AT THE COUNCIL CHAMBER, WHITEHALL,

The 25th day of October 1878.

BY THE LORDS OF HER MAJESTY'S MOST HONOURABLE PRIVY COUNCIL.

THE Lords of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, by virtue and in exercise of the powers in them vested under The Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878, and of every other power enabling them in this behalf, do order, and it is hereby ordered, as follows :

1. In this Order words have the same meaning as in The Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878.

2. Cattle affected with pleuro-pneumonia may be moved out of places infected with pleuro-pneumonia, within the Burgh of Glasgow, for slaughter, in manner and under the conditions following, and not otherwise :

(1.) The diseased cattle shall be moved, with a licence of the Local Authority of the Burgh of Glasgow, to a slaughter-house in the Burgh specified in the licence, in a float or cattle-van properly constructed so as to prevent contact of the diseased cattle with other cattle during the movement.

(2.) The diseased cattle shall be moved to the slaughter-house in

charge of an Inspector or other officer of the Local Authority; and the same officer shall enforce and superintend the immediate slaughter there of the cattle, and shall forthwith report the fact of the slaughter to the Local Authority.

(3.) The float or cattle-van shall immediately after each occasion of use be cleansed and disinfected, by or under the superintendence of the Local Authority, in manner provided respecting vans by Article 8 of The Cleansing and Disinfection Order of 1878.

(signed) C. L. PEEL.

(450.)

(LEITH.)

AT THE COUNCIL CHAMBER, WHITEHALL,

The 12th day of November 1878.

BY THE LORDS OF HER MAJESTY'S MOST HONOURABLE PRIVY COUNCIL.

THE Lords of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, by virtue and in exercise of the powers in them vested under The Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878, and of every other power enabling them in this behalf, do order, and it is hereby ordered, as follows: *

1. In this Order words have the same meaning as in The Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878.

2. Cattle affected with pleuro-pneumonia may be moved out of places infected with pleuro-pneumonia, within the Burgh of Leith, for slaughter, in manner and under the conditions following, and not otherwise:

(1.) The diseased cattle shall be moved with a licence of the Local Authority of the Burgh of Leith, to a slaughter-house in the Burgh specified in the licence, in a float or cattle-van properly constructed so as to prevent contact of the diseased cattle with other cattle during the movement.

(2.) The diseased cattle shall be moved to the slaughter-house in charge of an Inspector or other officer of the Local Authority; and the same officer shall enforce and superintend the immediate slaughter there of the cattle, and shall forthwith report the fact of the slaughter to the Local Authority.

(3.) The float or cattle-van shall immediately after each occasion of use be cleansed and disinfected, by or under the superintendence of the Local Authority, in manner provided respecting vans by Article 8 of The Cleansing and Disinfection Order of 1878.

(signed) C. L. PEEL.

(456.)

(PORT OF GRIMSBY.)

AT THE COUNCIL CHAMBER, WHITEHALL,

The 17th day of December 1878.

BY THE LORDS OF HER MAJESTY'S MOST HONOURABLE PRIVY COUNCIL.

THE Lords of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, by virtue and in exercise of the powers in them vested under The Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878, and of every other power enabling them in this behalf,

do hereby define the following part of the Port of Grimsby, in the parts of Lindsey, in the county of Lincoln, as a foreign animals wharf :

All that space at the Great Grimsby Royal Dock, in the borough of Grimsby, situate on the north-west side of the lock, known as the 70 feet lock, of the said Royal Dock, bounded by a line commencing at the water of the said lock at a point nineteen feet or thereabouts from the north corner of the said lock, thence running in a straight line in a north-westerly direction for one hundred and six feet or thereabouts along the northern side of certain cattle-pens, slaughter-house, and premises to the north-west corner thereof, thence running in a straight line in a south-westerly direction for two hundred and eighty-one feet or thereabouts along the north-west side of the said cattle-pens, slaughter-house, and premises to the south-west corner thereof, thence running in a straight line in a south-easterly direction for one hundred and six feet or thereabouts along the south-western side of the said cattle-pens, slaughter-house, and premises to the water of the said lock, and thence along the water of the said lock to the point aforesaid, all which space is coloured pink on the plan of part of Great Grimsby Docks, deposited, for the purposes of an Order in Council of the eighth day of August, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-eight, at the Privy Council Office, a copy of which is deposited at the office of the Town Clerk of the borough of Grimsby.

This Order shall take effect from and immediately after the thirty-first day of December, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-eight.

(signed) C. L. PEEL.

(460.)

(PORT OF SUNDERLAND.)

AT THE COUNCIL CHAMBER, WHITEHALL,

The 17th day of December 1878.

BY THE LORDS OF HER MAJESTY'S MOST HONOURABLE PRIVY COUNCIL.

THE LORDS of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, by virtue and in exercise of the powers in them vested under The Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878, and of every other power enabling them in this behalf, do hereby define the following part of the Port of Sunderland, in the county of Durham, as a foreign animals wharf :

All that space in the port and borough of Sunderland being a part of the South Dock property of the River Wear Commissioners and situate between the North Half Tide Basin of the South Dock and the German Ocean, enclosed in a line commencing at the water at the north-east corner of the said North Half Tide Basin, thence skirting the eastern wall of the said North Half Tide Basin in a south-easterly direction for a distance of one hundred and fifty-one feet, and bounded on the south-west by the water of the said North Half Tide Basin, thence in a north-easterly direction for a distance of forty-six feet, and bounded by the south-east brick wall of a building called the New Landing Lair, thence in a north-westerly direction for a distance of seventy-seven feet, and bounded by the north-east brick wall of the said New Landing Lair, thence in a curved line in a generally easterly direction for a distance of three hundred and thirty-five feet, and bounded by a wooden fence forming the southern side of a passage-way twenty-feet in breadth, or thereabouts, thence in a north-easterly direction along the south-eastern side of a sub-way or tunnel passing beneath the Graving Dock Railway for a distance of fifty-five feet, and bounded by the south-east wall of the said sub-way or tunnel, thence in a southerly direction for a distance of thirty-five feet to a point three feet to the westward of the western corner of a building called the Coast Guard Watch House, and bounded by a wooden fence, thence in a north-easterly direction for a distance of forty-two feet, and

bounded by a wooden fence and by the north-west brick wall of the said Coast Guard Watch House, thence in a northerly direction for a distance of one hundred and forty feet, and bounded by a wooden fence, thence in a north-westerly direction for a distance of one hundred and forty-nine feet, and bounded by the north-east wooden wall of a building called the New Lair, thence in a westerly direction for a distance of one hundred and forty-nine feet, and bounded by the north wooden wall of the said New Lair, the stone wall of the Slaughter House Yard, and the north stone wall of a building called the Slaughter House, thence in a curved line in a generally southerly direction for a distance of one hundred and ninety-five feet, and bounded by the west stone wall of the said Slaughter House and a wooden fence, thence in an easterly direction for a distance of thirteen feet, and bounded by a wooden door, thence in a southerly direction for a distance of forty-five feet, to the north-west corner of the said sub-way or tunnel, and bounded by a wooden fence, thence in a south-westerly direction along the north-western side of the said sub-way or tunnel, for a distance of seventy feet, and bounded by the north-west wall of the said sub-way or tunnel, thence in a curved line in a generally westerly direction for a distance of three hundred and thirty-five feet, and bounded by a wooden fence forming the northern side of the said passage-way, thence in a north-westerly direction for a distance of fifty-eight feet, and bounded by the north-east brick wall of the said New Landing Lair, thence in a south-westerly direction for a distance of forty-six feet, and bounded by the north-west brick wall of the said New Landing Lair, and thence to the water at the north-east corner of the North Half Tide Basin before mentioned, all which space is coloured pink on the plan of part of the Port of Sunderland, deposited, for the purposes of an Order of Council of the twenty-sixth day of November, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-seven, at the Privy Council Office, a copy of which is deposited at the office of the Town Clerk of the borough of Sunderland.

This Order shall take effect from and immediately after the thirty-first day of December, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-eight.

(signed) C. L. PEEL.

(462.)

(COUNTY OF EDINBURGH.)

AT THE COUNCIL CHAMBER, WHITEHALL,

The 17th day of December 1878.

BY THE LORDS OF HER MAJESTY'S MOST HONOURABLE PRIVY COUNCIL.

THE Lords of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, by virtue and in exercise of the powers in them vested under The Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878, and of every other power enabling them in this behalf, do order, and it is hereby ordered, as follows:

1. In this Order words have the same meaning as in The Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878.

2. Cattle affected with pleuro-pneumonia may be moved out of places infected with pleuro-pneumonia, within the parishes of St. Cuthberts, Cramond, Corstorphine, Colinton, Liberton, Duddingstone, North Leith, and South Leith, situate in the county of Edinburgh, for slaughter, in manner and under the conditions following, and not otherwise:

(1.) The diseased cattle shall be moved with a licence of the Local Authority of the County of Edinburgh, to a public slaughter-house situate in the Burgh of Edinburgh or in the Burgh of Leith specified in the licence, in a float or cattle-van properly constructed so as to prevent contact of the diseased cattle with other cattle during the movement.

(2.) The diseased cattle shall be moved to the slaughter-house in charge of an Inspector or other officer of the Local Authority of the

County of Edinburgh; and the same officer shall enforce and superintend the immediate slaughter there of the cattle, and shall forthwith report the fact of the slaughter to that Local Authority.

(3.) The float or cattle-van shall immediately after each occasion of use be cleansed and disinfected, by or under the superintendence of the same officer, in manner provided respecting vans by Article 8 of The Cleansing and Disinfection Order of 1878.

(signed) C. L. PEEL.

(472.)

(PORT OF HULL.)

AT THE COUNCIL CHAMBER, WHITEHALL,

The 25th day of March 1879.

BY THE LORDS OF HER MAJESTY'S MOST HONOURABLE PRIVY COUNCIL.

THE LORDS of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, by virtue and in exercise of the powers in them vested under The Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878, and of every other power enabling them in this behalf, do hereby define the following part of the Port of Hull, in the East Riding of the county of York, as a foreign animals wharf:

All that space on the land known as the Citadel Estate in the borough of Kingston-upon-Hull, situate on the south side thereof, bounded by a line commencing on the quay abutting on the River Humber at a point three hundred and seventy feet or thereabouts from the shipyard lately occupied by Messrs. Humphreys and Pearson, thence running at a right angle in a northerly direction for twenty feet or thereabouts, thence westerly at a right angle for one hundred feet or thereabouts, thence in an angular direction north-westwardly for twenty-one feet or thereabouts, thence northerly for three hundred and twenty-five feet or thereabouts, thence at a right angle in a westerly direction for two hundred and ten feet or thereabouts, thence at a right angle in a southerly direction for three hundred and sixty-six feet or thereabouts to the quay on the River Humber, thence at a right angle in an easterly direction along the southern face of the said quay for a length of three hundred and sixteen feet to the point aforesaid, all which space is coloured pink on the plan of part of the borough of Kingston-upon-Hull, deposited for the purposes of this Order at the Privy Council Office, a copy of which is deposited at the office of the Town Clerk of the borough of Kingston-upon-Hull.

(signed) C. L. PEEL.

(499.)

THE DAIRIES, COW-SHEDS, AND MILK-SHOPS ORDER OF JULY 1879.

AT THE COUNCIL CHAMBER, WHITEHALL,

The 9th day of July 1879.

BY THE LORDS OF HER MAJESTY'S MOST HONOURABLE PRIVY COUNCIL.

PRESENT :

LORD PRESIDENT.

| LORD GEORGE HAMILTON.

THE LORDS and others of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, by virtue and in exercise of the powers in them vested under The Contagious

Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878, and of every other power enabling them in this behalf, do order, and it is hereby ordered, as follows:

Preliminary.

1. This Order may be cited as, The Dairies, Cow-Sheds, and Milk-Shops Order of July 1879.
2. This Order extends to England and Wales and Scotland only.
3. In this Order words have the same meaning as in The Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878.

Revocation of former Orders.

4. The Dairies, Cow-Sheds, and Milk-Shops Order of 1879, and The Dairies, Cow-Sheds, and Milk-Shops Amendment Order of 1879, are hereby from the making of this Order revoked: but nothing herein shall invalidate or make unlawful anything done under those Orders, or either of them, before the making of this Order, or interfere with the institution or prosecution of any proceeding in respect of any offence committed against, or any penalty incurred under, those Orders, or either of them.

Construction and Water-Supply of New Dairies and Cow-Sheds.

5.—(1.) It shall not be lawful for any person following the trade of cow-keeper or dairyman to begin to occupy as a dairy or cow-shed any building not so occupied at the making of this Order, unless and until he first makes provision, to the reasonable satisfaction of the Local Authority, for the lighting, and the ventilation including air-space, and the cleansing, drainage, and water-supply of the same, while occupied as a dairy or cow-shed.

(2.) It shall not be lawful for any such person to begin so to occupy any such building without first giving one month's notice in writing to the Local Authority of his intention so to do.

Sanitary State of all Dairies and Cow-Sheds.

6. It shall not be lawful for any person following the trade of cow-keeper or dairyman to occupy as a dairy or cow-shed any building, whether so occupied at the making of this Order, or not, if and as long as the lighting, and the ventilation including air-space, and the cleansing, drainage, and water-supply, thereof are not such as are necessary or proper—

- (a.) for the health and good condition of the cattle therein; and
- (b.) for the cleanliness of milk-vessels used therein for containing milk for sale; and
- (c.) for the protection of the milk therein against infection and contamination.

Cleansing of Dairies, Cow-Sheds, Milk-Stores, Milk-Shops, and, Milk-Vessels.

7. A Local Authority may, from time to time, make regulations for prescribing and regulating the cleansing of dairies and cow-sheds in the occupation of persons following the trade of cow-keepers or dairymen, and the cleansing of milk-stores, milk-shops, and milk-vessels used for containing milk for sale by such persons.

Contamination of Milk.

8. If at any time disease exists among the cattle in a dairy or cow-shed, or other building or place, the milk of a diseased cow therein—

- (a.) shall not be mixed with other milk ; and
- (b.) shall not be sold or used for human food ; and
- (c.) shall not be sold or used for food of swine, or other animals, unless and until it has been boiled.

9. It shall not be lawful for any person following the trade of cow-keeper, or dairyman, or purveyor of milk, or being the occupier of a milk-store or milk-shop—

(1.) To allow any person suffering from a dangerous infectious disorder, or having recently been in contact with a person so suffering, to milk cows or to handle vessels used for containing milk for sale, or in any way to take part or assist in the conduct of the trade or business of the cow-keeper or dairyman, purveyor of milk, or occupier of a milk-store, or milk-shop, as far as regards the production, distribution, or storage of milk ; or

(2.) If himself so suffering or having recently been in contact as aforesaid, to milk cows, or handle vessels used for containing milk for sale, or in any way take part in the conduct of his trade or business, as far as regards the production, distribution, or storage of milk—

until in each case all danger therefrom of the communication of infection to the milk or of its contamination has ceased.

10. It shall not be lawful for any person following the trade of cow-keeper or dairyman or purveyor of milk, or being the occupier of a milk-store or milk-shop, to use a milk-store or milk-shop in his occupation, or permit the same to be used, for any purpose incompatible with the proper preservation of the cleanliness of the milk-store or milk-shop, and of the milk-vessels and milk therein, or in any manner likely to cause contamination of the milk therein.

Keeping of Swine.

11. It shall not be lawful for any person following the trade of cow-keeper or dairyman or purveyor of milk to keep any swine in any cow-shed or other building used by him for keeping cows, or in any milk-store or other place used by him for keeping milk for sale.

Registration of Dairymen and others.

12.—(1.) Every Local Authority shall keep a register of persons from time to time carrying on in the district of the Local Authority the trade of cow-keepers, dairymen, or purveyors of milk, and shall from time to time revise and correct the register.

(2.) The Local Authority shall from time to time give public notice by advertisement in a newspaper circulating in their district, and, if they think fit by placards, hand-bills, or otherwise, of registration being required, and of the mode of registration.

(3.) It shall not be lawful for any person to carry on in the district of any Local Authority the trade of cow-keeper, dairyman, or purveyor of milk unless he is registered as such therein.

(4.) A person who carries on the trade of cow-keeper or dairyman for the purpose only of making and selling butter or cheese or both, and who does not carry on the trade of purveyor of milk, shall not, for the purposes of registration, be deemed to be a person carrying on the trade of cow-keeper or dairyman, and need not be registered.

(5.) A person who sells milk of his own cows in small quantities to his workmen or neighbours, for their accommodation, shall not, for the purposes

of registration, be deemed, by reason only of such selling, to be a person carrying on the trade of cow-keeper, dairyman, or purveyor of milk, and need not, by reason thereof, be registered.

Acts of Local Authorities.

13.—(1.) All orders and regulations made by a Local Authority under The Dairies, Cow-Sheds, and Milk-Shops Order of 1879 and in force at the making of this Order shall, as far as the same are not varied by or inconsistent with this Order, remain in force until altered or revoked by the Local Authority.

(2.) Forms of registers and other forms which have been before the making of this Order prepared for use by a Local Authority under The Dairies, Cow-Sheds, and Milk-Shops Order of 1879 may be used, as far as they are suitable, for the purposes of this Order.

Scotland.

14. Nothing in this Order shall be deemed to interfere with the operation of The Cattle Sheds in Burghs (Scotland) Act, 1866.

(signed) C. L. PEEL.

(502.)

PORTS OF PLYMOUTH AND PORTSMOUTH (ROYAL NAVAL VICTUALLING YARDS).

AT THE COUNCIL CHAMBER, WHITEHALL,

The 21st day of July 1879.

BY THE LORDS OF HER MAJESTY'S MOST HONOURABLE PRIVY COUNCIL.

THE Lords of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, by virtue and in exercise of the powers in them vested under The Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878, and of every other power enabling them in this behalf, do hereby define the following parts of the Ports of Plymouth and Portsmouth, in the counties of Devon and Southampton, respectively, as foreign animals wharves for Naval purposes only :

Port of Plymouth.

All that space at Stonehouse on which are situate the Government wharf, stores, lairs, slaughter-houses, and premises, known by the name of the Royal William Victualling Yard, all which space is coloured pink on the plan of Plymouth, Devonport, and Stonehouse, deposited for the purposes of an Order of Council of the seventeenth day of December, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-eight, at the Privy Council Office, copies of which are deposited at the offices of the Town Clerk of the borough of Plymouth, and the Clerk of the Peace for the county of Devon.

Port of Portsmouth.

All that space at Gosport on which are situate the Government wharf, stores, lairs, slaughter-houses, and premises, known by the name of the Royal Clarence Victualling Yard, all which space is coloured green on the plan of Portsmouth, Portsea, Landport, Southsea, and Gosport, deposited for the purposes of this Order at the Privy Council Office, a copy of which is deposited at the office of the Clerk of the Peace for the county of Southampton.

(signed) C. L. PEEL.

(512.)

(PORT OF BRISTOL.)

AT THE COUNCIL CHAMBER, WHITEHALL,

The 17th day of September 1879.

BY THE LORDS OF HER MAJESTY'S MOST HONOURABLE PRIVY COUNCIL.

THE Lords of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, by virtue and in exercise of the powers in them vested under The Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878, and of every other power enabling them in this behalf, do hereby define the following part of the Port of Bristol, in the county of Gloucester, as a foreign animals wharf :

All that space within the city and county of Bristol, situate near the Cumberland Tidal Basin, commencing at a point at the water edge of the north side of the New Junction Lock ninety-three feet from the north-east corner of the said Lock, thence in a northerly direction for a distance of thirty-two feet or thereabouts and bounded by a wooden fence, thence at a right angle in a westerly direction for a distance of eighty feet or thereabouts and bounded by a wooden fence, thence at a right angle in a northerly direction for a distance of seventy-five feet or thereabouts and bounded by a wooden fence, thence at a right angle in an easterly direction for a distance of thirty-three feet or thereabouts and bounded by a wall, thence at a right angle in a northerly direction for a distance of two hundred and thirty feet or thereabouts and bounded by the eastern side of a building called the Lairs and by a wooden fence, thence at a right angle in a westerly direction for a distance of one hundred and forty-eight feet or thereabouts and bounded by a wall, thence in a generally southerly direction for a distance of two hundred and forty feet or thereabouts and bounded by a wall and by the western wall of another building called the Lairs and by a wall, thence at a right angle in an easterly direction for a distance of one hundred and forty-six feet or thereabouts and bounded by the south wall of a building called the Slaughter-houses, thence at a right angle in a southerly direction for a distance of seventy-five feet or thereabouts and bounded by a wooden fence, thence at a right angle in a westerly direction for a distance of eighty feet or thereabouts and bounded by a wooden fence, thence at a right angle in a southerly direction for a distance of thirty-two feet or thereabouts and bounded by a wooden fence, thence at a right angle in an easterly direction for a distance of one hundred and seventy-five feet or thereabouts and bounded by the north wall of the said New Junction Lock to the point aforesaid, all which space is coloured pink on the plan of part of the Bristol Docks deposited for the purposes of this Order at the Privy Council Office, a copy of which is deposited at the office of the Town Clerk of the borough of Bristol.

(signed) C. L. PEEL.

(525.)

(PAISLEY.)

AT THE COUNCIL CHAMBER, WHITEHALL,

The 11th day of February 1880.

BY THE LORDS OF HER MAJESTY'S MOST HONOURABLE PRIVY COUNCIL.

THE Lords of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, by virtue and in exercise of the powers in them vested under the Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878, and of every other power enabling them in this behalf, do order, and it is hereby ordered, as follows :

1. In this Order words have the same meaning as in The Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878.

2. Cattle affected with pleuro-pneumonia may be moved out of places infected with pleuro-pneumonia, within the Burgh of Paisley, for slaughter, in manner and under the conditions following, and not otherwise :

(1.) The diseased cattle shall be moved with a licence of the Local Authority of the Burgh of Paisley, to the Burgh Slaughter-house, in a float or cattle-van properly constructed so as to prevent contact of the diseased cattle with other cattle during the movement.

(2.) The diseased cattle shall be moved to the Burgh Slaughter-house in charge of an Inspector or other officer of the Local Authority ; and the same officer shall enforce and superintend the immediate slaughter thereof of the cattle, and shall forthwith report the fact of the slaughter to the Local Authority.

(3.) The float or cattle-van shall immediately after each occasion of use be cleansed and disinfected, by or under the superintendence of the same officer, in manner provided respecting vans by Article 70 of The Animals Order.

(signed) C. L. PEEL.

(528.)

(PORT OF LIVERPOOL.)

AT THE COUNCIL CHAMBER, WHITEHALL,

The 27th day of April 1880.

BY THE LORDS OF HER MAJESTY'S MOST HONOURABLE PRIVY COUNCIL.

THE Lords of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, by virtue and in exercise of the powers in them vested under The Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878, and of every other power enabling them in this behalf, do hereby define the following parts of the Port of Liverpool, in the counties of Chester and Lancaster, as foreign animals wharves :

(1.) All that space at the Wallasey Dock, in the borough of Birkenhead, and the township of Poolton-cum-Seacombe, in the county of Chester, situate on the east and the north sides of the said dock, bounded by a line commencing on the Wallasey landing-stage at a point seventy-eight feet or thereabouts from the south-east corner of the said stage, thence running in a westwardly direction thirty-six feet or thereabouts, thence in an angular direction northwardly two hundred and ten feet or thereabouts, thence westwardly two hundred and twenty feet or thereabouts along the south side of the north bridge connecting the said landing-stage with the river wall, thence running in a straight line northwardly six hundred and fifty feet or thereabouts, thence in a north-westwardly direction ninety feet or thereabouts to the south-east corner of certain cattle-pens, slaughter-houses and premises, thence in a straight line westwardly one thousand and sixty-nine feet or thereabouts to the north-east corner of a passage nine feet in width or thereabouts leading southwardly for a distance of sixty feet into certain other cattle-pens and premises on the north side of the Wallasey Dock, thence eastwardly three hundred feet or thereabouts to the north-east corner of the said cattle-pens and premises, thence southwardly eighty-five feet or thereabouts, thence westwardly seven hundred and ninety-six feet or thereabouts, thence northwardly eighty-five feet or thereabouts, thence eastwardly four hundred and eighty-seven feet or thereabouts to the south-west corner of the said passage, thence northwardly sixty-nine feet or thereabouts, thence eastwardly for a distance of six hundred and thirty feet or thereabouts to the south-west corner of certain cattle-pens, slaughter-houses and premises, thence northwardly for a distance of three hundred and sixteen feet or thereabouts along the said cattle-pens, slaughter-houses and premises to the north-west corner of the said cattle-pens, slaughter-houses and premises, thence in an eastwardly and southwardly direction for a distance of five hundred and

seventy feet or thereabouts, thence eastwardly for a distance of forty-nine feet or thereabouts to the north-east corner of the said cattle-pens, slaughter-houses and premises, thence southwardly for a distance of nine hundred feet or thereabouts to or near the top of the said north bridge to the said stage, thence eastwardly two hundred and ten feet or thereabouts along the north side of the said north bridge connecting the said landing-stage with the river wall, thence eastwardly in an angular direction on the said landing-stage for a length of ninety-five feet or thereabouts, and thence southwardly along the eastern face of the said landing-stage for a length of two hundred and sixty-two feet or thereabouts to the point of commencement aforesaid near the south-east corner of the said landing-stage, all which space is coloured pink on the plan of part of the borough of Birkenhead and township of Poolton-cum-Seacombe deposited for the purposes of this Order at the Privy Council Office, copies of which are deposited at the offices of the Town Clerk of the borough of Birkenhead, and the Clerk of the Peace for the county of Chester :

(2.) All that space at the Woodside enclosure, in the borough of Birkenhead, in the county of Chester, situate between the floating roadway to the Woodside landing-stage and the warehouses to the southward of the Morpeth Branch Dock, commencing at the north-east corner of the said Woodside landing-stage and extending southwardly along the eastern or river front of the said landing-stage for three hundred and one foot or thereabouts, thence running westwardly for thirty-seven feet or thereabouts, thence northwardly one hundred and seventy feet or thereabouts, thence in an angular direction westwardly for forty-three feet or thereabouts to the foot of the north bridge of the said landing-stage, thence westwardly one hundred and fifty feet or thereabouts along the south side of the cartway of the said bridge to the junction between the said bridge and the river wall, thence in a straight line southwardly for one hundred and seventy feet or thereabouts along the river frontage to the south-east corner of certain cattle-pens, slaughter-houses, stores, loading-staiths and premises, thence westwardly eighty-six feet or thereabouts, thence southwardly for one hundred and thirty-seven feet or thereabouts to the south-east corner of the said cattle-pens, slaughter-houses, stores, loading-staiths and premises, thence westwardly for four hundred and sixty feet or thereabouts along the south side of the said cattle-pens, slaughter-houses, stores, loading-staiths and premises, thence in a north-westwardly direction for three hundred and eighty feet or thereabouts along the said cattle-pens, slaughter-houses, stores, loading-staiths, and premises, thence running eastwardly for four hundred and fifty feet or thereabouts along the north side of the said cattle-pens, slaughter-houses, stores, loading-staiths and premises, thence forty-three feet or thereabouts in a northwardly direction, thence westwardly one hundred feet or thereabouts, thence northwardly one hundred and forty-two feet or thereabouts, thence eastwardly three hundred and seven feet or thereabouts to the north-east corner of the said cattle-pens, slaughter-houses, stores, loading-staiths and premises, thence southwardly one hundred and seventy-two feet or thereabouts to or near the top of the north bridge of the said landing-stage, thence eastwardly along the north side of the cartway of the said bridge for one hundred and sixty-seven feet or thereabouts to the western margin of the said landing-stage, thence in an angular direction eastwardly forty-three feet or thereabouts on the said landing-stage, thence northwardly seventy-one feet or thereabouts along the said landing-stage, thence eastwardly thirty-seven feet or thereabouts on the said landing-stage terminating at the point of commencement aforesaid at the north-east corner of the said landing-stage, all which space is also coloured pink on the said plan and copies deposited as aforesaid ;

(3.) All that space between the Canada Dock and the Huskisson Branch Dock, No. 2, in the borough of Liverpool, in the county of Lancaster, bounded by a line commencing at twenty-five feet or thereabouts from the western-most angle of the north wall of the Huskisson Branch Dock, No. 2, thence running northwardly for a distance of one hundred and forty feet or thereabouts, thence eastwardly one hundred and twenty-eight feet or thereabouts along the north side of a passage ten feet in width leading to a certain slaughter-house, yard and premises, thence northwardly fifty-four feet to the north-west angle of the said slaughter-house, yard and premises, thence in

an eastwardly direction two hundred and sixteen feet or thereabouts along the north side of the said slaughter-house, yard and premises, thence northwardly one hundred and thirty-eight feet or thereabouts along the western side of certain cattle-pens and premises, thence eastwardly one hundred and twenty-four feet or thereabouts along the northern end of the said cattle-pens and premises, thence in a southwardly direction two hundred and four feet or thereabouts to the south-east angle of the aforesaid cattle-pens and premises, thence westwardly four hundred and forty-three feet or thereabouts along the southern side of the said cattle-pens, slaughter-house, yard, premises, and passage ten feet in width, thence southwardly one hundred and thirty feet or thereabouts, thence westwardly twenty-five feet or thereabouts, terminating at the point of commencement aforesaid near the westernmost angle of the north wall of the Huskisson Branch Dock No. 2, all which space is coloured pink on the plan of part of the borough of Liverpool deposited for the purposes of an Order of Council of the fourth day of July, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-nine, at the Privy Council Office, a copy of which is deposited at the office of the Town Clerk of the borough of Liverpool.

(signed) C. L. PEEL.

(533.)

(PORT OF BRISTOL (AVONMOUTH).)

AT THE COUNCIL CHAMBER, WHITEHALL,

The 24th day of June 1880.

BY THE LORDS OF HER MAJESTY'S MOST HONOURABLE PRIVY COUNCIL.

THE LORDS of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, by virtue and in exercise of the powers in them vested under The Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878, and of every other power enabling them in this behalf, do hereby define the following part of the Port of Bristol, in the county of Gloucester, as a foreign animals wharf:

All that space at the Dock and premises called or known as the Avonmouth Dock, belonging to the Bristol Port and Channel Dock Company, situate at or near the confluence of the Rivers Avon and Severn, in the county of Gloucester, commencing at a point at the water edge of the south-west side of the Lock of the said Dock sixty feet or thereabouts from the corner of the said Dock, thence running in a south-westerly direction at a right angle to the quay side for a distance of two hundred and eighty-five feet or thereabouts, and bounded by a temporary wooden fence, a wooden fence, the south-east walls of a building called the New Lairs, and a further wooden fence, thence at a right angle in a north-westerly direction for a distance of three hundred and eight feet or thereabouts, and bounded by a wooden fence, the south-west wall of a building called the Slaughter House, and a further wooden fence, thence at a right angle in a north-easterly direction for a distance of two hundred and five feet or thereabouts, and bounded by a wooden fence, the north-west wall of a building called the Lairs, and a further wooden fence, thence at a right angle in a south-easterly direction for a distance of ninety-nine feet or thereabouts, and bounded by a wooden fence, thence at a right angle, in a south-westerly direction for a distance of eighty-five feet or thereabouts, and bounded by a wooden fence, and the north-west wall of a building called the Hydraulic Engine House, thence at a right angle in a south-easterly direction for a distance of eighty-one feet or thereabouts, and bounded by the south-west wall of the said building called the Hydraulic Engine House, thence at a right angle in a north-easterly direction for a distance of one hundred and thirty-seven feet or thereabouts, and bounded by a wooden fence, thence at a right angle in a north-westerly direction for a distance of forty feet or thereabouts, and bounded by a wooden fence, thence at a right angle in a north-easterly

direction for a distance of thirty-six feet or thereabouts to the water edge of the said Lock, and bounded by a temporary wooden fence, thence along the south-western face of the said Lock for a distance of one hundred and sixty-eight feet or thereabouts to the point aforesaid, all which space is coloured pink on the plan of part of the Avonmouth Dock deposited for the purposes of this Order at the Privy Council Office, a copy of which is deposited at the office of the Clerk of the Peace for the county of Gloucester.

(signed) C. L. PEEL.

(541.)

(PORT OF SOUTHAMPTON.)

AT THE COUNCIL CHAMBER, WHITEHALL,

The 12th day of August 1880.

BY THE LORDS OF HER MAJESTY'S MOST HONOURABLE PRIVY COUNCIL.

THE LORDS of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, by virtue and in exercise of the powers in them vested under The Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878, and of every other power enabling them in this behalf, do hereby define the following part of the Port of Southampton, in the town and county of that name, as a foreign animals quarantine station :

All that space in the Southampton Docks, within the borough of Southampton, included within a line commencing at a point at a distance of about three hundred and fifty feet from the south-western corner of the Close Dock, and running in a southerly direction for a distance of about two hundred and sixteen feet, thence running westward on the southern side of the Southampton Dock Company's sheds in a line parallel with the wall forming the southern side of the said Close Dock, and extending a distance of about four hundred and fifty feet to the western boundary wall, thence in a northerly direction along the said western boundary wall for a distance of about three hundred feet, thence in an easterly direction for a distance of about four hundred and twenty feet to the north-eastern corner of the Southernmost Jetty, thence along the end of the said Jetty for a distance of about thirty feet, thence along the side of the said Jetty for a distance of about two hundred feet, thence in a southerly direction along the wall of the said Close Dock for a distance of about two hundred feet, and thence in an easterly direction for a distance of about three hundred and fifty feet to the point first-mentioned, all which space is coloured blue on the plan of Southampton Docks deposited for the purposes of this Order at the Privy Council Office, a copy of which is deposited at the office of the Town Clerk of the borough of Southampton.

(signed) C. L. PEEL.

(546.)

(PORT OF CARDIFF.)

AT THE COUNCIL CHAMBER, WHITEHALL,

The 1st day of October 1880.

BY THE LORDS OF HER MAJESTY'S MOST HONOURABLE PRIVY COUNCIL.

THE LORDS of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, by virtue and in exercise of the powers in them vested under The Contagious Disease (Animals) Act, 1878, and of every other power enabling them in this behalf,

do hereby define the following part of the Port of Cardiff, in the county of Glamorgan, as a foreign animals wharf :

All that space at the Bute Docks, in the borough of Cardiff, in the county of Glamorgan, situate on the east side of the Roath Basin, bounded by a line commencing at a point at the water edge of the said Basin three hundred and forty-one feet or thereabouts from the south-east corner of the said Basin, thence running at a right angle from the said Basin in an easterly direction for ninety-two feet or thereabouts, and bounded by a temporary wooden fence, thence continued in an easterly direction for one hundred and twenty feet or thereabouts and bounded by a wooden fence, thence in a north-easterly direction for two hundred and eighty-one feet or thereabouts and bounded by a wooden fence, thence at a right angle in a north-westerly direction for one hundred and sixty-eight feet or thereabouts and bounded by a wooden fence, thence at a right angle in a south-westerly direction for two hundred and eighty-two feet or thereabouts and bounded by a wooden fence, thence in a southerly direction for ninety-six feet or thereabouts and bounded by a wooden fence, thence at a right angle in a westerly direction for ninety-two feet or thereabouts to the edge of the water of the said Basin, and bounded by a temporary wooden fence, thence in a southerly direction along the edge of the said Basin for ten feet or thereabouts to the point aforesaid, all which space is coloured pink on the plan of part of the Bute Docks deposited for the purposes of this Order at the Privy Council Office, a copy of which is deposited at the office of the Town Clerk of the borough of Cardiff.

(signed) C. L. PEEL.

(551.)

(PORT OF BARROW-IN-FURNESS.)

AT THE COUNCIL CHAMBER, WHITEHALL,

The 21st day of October 1880.

BY THE LORDS OF HER MAJESTY'S MOST HONOURABLE PRIVY COUNCIL.

THE Lords of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, by virtue and in exercise of the powers in them vested under The Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878, and of every other power enabling them in this behalf, do hereby define the following part of the Port of Barrow-in-Furness, in the county of Lancaster, as a foreign animals wharf :

All that space in the borough of Barrow-in-Furness situate on the south side of the Lock and Basin of the Ramsden Dock, commencing at a point at the water edge of the Fifth Jetty about six hundred and seventy-five feet from the west wing wall of the said Basin, thence in a southerly direction for one hundred and ten feet or thereabouts bounded by a wooden fence, thence in an easterly direction for ninety feet or thereabouts bounded by a close wooden fence, thence in a northerly direction for one hundred and ten feet or thereabouts bounded by a wooden fence, thence for fifteen feet or thereabouts along the water edge of the Sixth Jetty, thence in a southerly direction for one hundred and ten feet or thereabouts bounded by a wooden fence, thence in an easterly direction for three hundred and eighty feet or thereabouts bounded by the wall of the Cattle Lairs, Slaughter-house, and a close wooden fence, thence in a southerly direction for two hundred and thirty-five feet or thereabouts bounded by a close wooden fence, thence in a westerly direction for one hundred and sixty feet or thereabouts bounded by a close wooden fence, thence in a northerly direction for twenty-five feet or thereabouts bounded by the wall of the Chill Room, thence in a westerly direction for one hundred and ninety feet or thereabouts bounded by the wall of the Chill Room Engine and Boiler-house, thence in a southerly direction for twenty-five feet or thereabouts bounded by the wall of the said Boiler-house, thence in a westerly direction for one hundred and thirty feet

or thereabouts bounded by a close wooden fence, thence in a northerly direction for two hundred feet or thereabouts bounded by the Iron Grain Shed, thence in an easterly direction for twenty feet or thereabouts bounded by a close wooden fence, thence in a northerly direction for one hundred and ten feet or thereabouts bounded by a close wooden fence to the water edge of the said Fifth Jetty, thence for fifteen feet or thereabouts along the water edge of the said Fifth Jetty to the point first mentioned, all which space is coloured pink on the plan of part of the Barrow Docks deposited for the purposes of this Order at the Privy Council Office, a copy of which is deposited at the office of the Town Clerk of the borough of Barrow-in-Furness.

(signed) C. L. PEEL.

(743.)

(PORT OF SOUTH SHIELDS.)

AT THE COUNCIL CHAMBER, WHITEHALL,

The 9th day of May 1881.

BY THE LORDS OF HER MAJESTY'S MOST HONOURABLE PRIVY COUNCIL.

THE Lords of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, by virtue and in exercise of the powers in them vested under The Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878, and of every other power enabling them in this behalf, do hereby define the following part of the Port of South Shields, in the county of Durham, as a foreign animals wharf:

All that space in the port and borough of South Shields, being a part of the Tyne Dock, the property of the North Eastern Railway Company, and situate between the Tyne Dock and the road leading from South Shields to Tyne Dock and called Slake Row, inclosed in a line commencing at the water on the timber discharging jetty on the eastern side of the said Dock at a point two hundred and seven feet south-west of the south-west corner of the Jarrow Chemical Works, thence passing in an easterly direction for a distance of six hundred and forty-six feet to the north-west corner of the building called the Sanatorium and slaughter house and bounded by a wooden fence, thence in a northerly direction for a distance of thirty-six feet bounded by the wooden fence of the slaughter-house yard, thence in a south-easterly direction for a distance of thirty-six feet bounded by the north-eastern stone wall of the slaughter-house yard and the slaughter-house, thence in a southerly direction for a distance of five hundred and thirty-seven feet and bounded by the east stone wall of the slaughter-house and the said Sanatorium, thence in a westerly direction for a distance of thirty-four feet and bounded by the south wooden wall of the said Sanatorium and slaughter-house, thence in a northerly direction for a distance of seventy-nine feet and bounded by the west wooden wall of the said Sanatorium and slaughter-house, thence in a westerly direction for a distance of six feet and bounded by a wooden fence, thence in a northerly direction for a distance of two hundred and seventy-five feet and bounded by a wooden fence and wooden gates, thence in a westerly direction for a distance of one hundred and twenty-two feet and bounded by a wooden fence and wooden gates, thence in a northerly direction for a distance of one hundred and ninety feet and bounded by a wooden fence, thence in a westerly direction for a distance of five hundred and ten feet and bounded by a wooden fence, and terminating at the water at the east side of the said Dock at the timber discharging jetty before mentioned at a point five feet south of the point of starting before mentioned, all which space is coloured pink on the plan of part of the Tyne Dock deposited for the purposes of this Order at the Privy Council Office, a copy of which is deposited at the office of the Town Clerk of the borough of South Shields.

(signed) C. L. PEEL.

(786.)

PORT OF PORTSMOUTH (ROYAL NAVAL VICTUALLING YARD).

AT THE COUNCIL CHAMBER, WHITEHALL,

The 31st day of May 1881.

BY THE LORDS OF HER MAJESTY'S MOST HONOURABLE PRIVY COUNCIL.

THE LORDS of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, by virtue and in exercise of the powers in them vested under the Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878, and of every other power enabling them in this behalf, do hereby define the following part of the Port of Portsmouth, in the county of Southampton, as a foreign animals wharf for Naval purposes only :

All that space at Gosport on which are situate the Government wharf, stores, lairs, slaughter-houses, and premises, known by the name of the Royal Clarence Victualling Yard, all which space is coloured green on the plan of Portsmouth, Portsea, Landport, Southsea, and Gosport, deposited for the purposes of this Order at the Privy Council Office, a copy of which is deposited at the office of the Clerk of the Peace for the county of Southampton.

This Order shall take effect from and immediately after the nineteenth day of June, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-one.

(signed) C. L. PEEL.

(922.)

PORT OF LONDON (FOREIGN ANIMALS WHARF) ORDER OF 1881.

AT THE COUNCIL CHAMBER, WHITEHALL,

The 27th day of August 1881.

BY HER MAJESTY'S MOST HONOURABLE PRIVY COUNCIL.

PRESENT :

LORD PRESIDENT.

| LORD MONSON.

THE LORDS and others of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, by virtue and in exercise of the powers in them vested under The Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878, and of every other power enabling them in this behalf, do order, and it is hereby ordered, as follows :

Short Title.

1. This Order may be cited as The Port of London (Foreign Animals Wharf) Order of 1881.

Commencement.

2. This Order shall commence and take effect from and immediately after the eleventh day of September, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-one.

Interpretation.

3. In this Order—

The wharf means the foreign animals wharf known as The Foreign Cattle Market, at Deptford, in the Port of London :

Corporation means the Corporation of London :

Other terms have the same meaning as in The Animals Order.

4. Chapter 27 (Foreign Animals subject to slaughter) of The Animals Order shall not apply to the wharf, and in lieu thereof the provisions of this Order shall, as from the commencement of this Order, apply to foreign animals landed in and to persons and things in the wharf.

Employment of Special Staff.

5. The Corporation shall specially employ a sufficient number of men to receive animals on landing at the wharf, in this Order referred to as landing-men.

Disposal of Animals on Landing.

6. Animals when landed at the wharf shall be driven by landing-men to some lair or other proper place adjacent to the place of landing, set apart for the reception of the animals, there to await the examination of the Inspector of the Privy Council, and the animals shall not be moved from that lair or other place or be allowed to come in contact with any other animals, except in accordance with the provisions of this Order.

Admission and Disinfection of Persons.

7.—(1.) No person, except landing-men and except the officers of Customs and of the Corporation, the owners and the consignees of the animals and the Inspector of the Privy Council, and such other persons as may be specially employed by the Corporation for the purpose of slaughtering or feeding or watering or tending the animals, shall be admitted to the landing-stage, pier, quay, or other part of the wharf where the animals are landed, or to the lair or other place aforesaid, or be allowed to come in contact with or be about or have access to such animals, except as in this Order specially provided.

(2.) All persons before leaving that landing-place, pier, quay, or other part of the wharf where the animals are landed, or the lair or other place aforesaid, and all persons that have in any way come in contact or been with such animals, shall take such means, by washing and disinfecting themselves, and by changing or disinfecting their clothes, or otherwise, as the Privy Council shall, from time to time, in order to prevent the spreading of disease, direct.

Examination and Consequences.

8. The animals shall be examined in the said lair or other place by an Inspector of the Privy Council during daylight.

9. If on such examination all the animals landed from the same vessel are found free from disease, the Inspector of the Privy Council may permit the animals to be taken charge of by the owners or consignees, or by their drovers or servants, and in that case those animals may be moved into such other parts of the wharf as the Corporation or their officers direct or permit.

10. If on such examination any one or more of the animals landed from a vessel is or are found to be affected with disease, then all the diseased animals shall be slaughtered in that lair or other place, and, after the diseased animals have been so slaughtered, the Inspector of the Privy Council may, if he thinks fit, permit the animals not so diseased to be taken charge of by the owners or consignees, or by their drovers or servants, and may permit other persons to enter that lair or other place for the purpose of purchasing such animals, but those animals, if moved out of that lair or other place, shall only be moved direct to a slaughter-house situate in the wharf for the purpose of being there slaughtered, and shall not be moved elsewhere.

Time for Slaughter.

11.—(1.) Animals landed in the wharf shall be slaughtered within ten days after the landing thereof, exclusive of the day of landing.

(2.) The slaughter of the animals may be commenced at any time after the landing thereof, with the permission of an Inspector of the Privy Council.

(3.) The slaughter of the animals shall be commenced at such time after the landing thereof as the Privy Council in any case direct.

Movement of Carcases, Fodder, Litter, Dung, and Things.

12.—(1.) No carcase, fodder, litter, or dung ; and no utensils, pens, hurdles, or fittings used for or about animals, that have been landed from a vessel ; shall be removed from the wharf, except with the permission of an Inspector of the Privy Council.

(2.) If the Inspector of the Privy Council is of opinion that any such carcase or thing as aforesaid may introduce disease, the same shall be destroyed or otherwise dealt with in accordance with instructions from time to time given by the Privy Council.

Disinfection of Dung, Manure, and Wharf.

13. Dung and manure shall, before being removed from the wharf, be disinfected to the satisfaction of an Inspector of the Privy Council.

14. Where an animal in the wharf is affected with disease, the portion of the wharf where the diseased animal is or has been shall not be used for animals unless and until that portion has been cleansed and disinfected to the satisfaction of the Privy Council.

Feeding and Watering.

15. Animals landed in the wharf shall, until they are taken charge of by the owners or consignees, be supplied by the Corporation with requisite food and water, and the expenses incurred by them in respect thereof shall be defrayed by the owners or consignees of the animals, and may be recovered by the Corporation from the owners or consignees by proceeding in any court of competent jurisdiction.

Offences.

16. If an animal is moved in contravention of this Order, the owner of the animal, and the person for the time being in charge thereof, and the person causing, directing, or permitting the movement, and the person moving or conveying the animal, and the consignee or other person receiving or keeping it, knowing it to have been moved in contravention as aforesaid, shall, each according to and in respect of his own acts and defaults, be deemed guilty of an offence against the Act of 1878.

17. If the slaughter of animals is not commenced at the time directed by the Privy Council under this Order the person failing to cause the same to be slaughtered shall be deemed guilty of an offence against the Act of 1878.

18. If any person fails to carry out or observe any direction of the Privy Council as regards cleansing or disinfection, which he is by this Order required to carry out or observe, he shall be deemed guilty of an offence against the Act of 1878.

(signed) C. L. PEEL.

(964.)

(PORT OF PLYMOUTH.)

AT THE COUNCIL CHAMBER, WHITEHALL,

The 28th day of September 1881.

BY HER MAJESTY'S MOST HONOURABLE PRIVY COUNCIL.

THE Lords and others of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, by virtue and in exercise of the powers in them vested under The Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878, and of every other power enabling them in this behalf, do hereby define the following part of the Port of Plymouth, in the county of Devon, as a foreign animals wharf :

All that space situate at Millbay Docks, at Stonehouse, in the county of Devon, and included within a boundary line commencing at a point at the water edge of the quay one hundred and ten feet or thereabouts from the southernmost point of the timber wharf on the western shore of the outer harbour of Millbay, thence at a right angle to the edge of the quay in a westerly direction for a distance of forty-eight feet or thereabouts, thence at a right angle in a southerly direction for a distance of twenty-two feet or thereabouts, thence at a right angle in a westerly direction for a distance of sixty feet or thereabouts, thence at about a right angle along the wall forming the easternmost boundary of the Admiralty road for a distance of one hundred and forty-one feet or thereabouts, thence at about a right angle in an easterly direction for a distance of seventy-two feet or thereabouts, thence at a right angle in a southerly direction for a distance of thirteen feet or thereabouts, thence at a right angle in an easterly direction for a distance of forty-eight feet or thereabouts, thence at a right angle in a southerly direction along the water edge of the quay for a distance of one hundred and six feet or thereabouts to the point aforesaid, all which space is coloured pink on the plan thereof deposited for the purposes of this Order at the Privy Council Office, a copy of which is deposited at the office of the Clerk of the Peace for the county of Devon.

(signed) C. L. PEEL.

(978.)

(PORT OF PORTSMOUTH.)

AT THE COUNCIL CHAMBER, WHITEHALL,

The 7th day of October 1881.

BY HER MAJESTY'S MOST HONOURABLE PRIVY COUNCIL.

THE Lords and others of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, by virtue and in exercise of the powers in them vested under The Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878, and of every other power enabling them in this behalf, do hereby define the following part of the Port of Portsmouth, in the county of Southampton, as a foreign animals wharf :

All that space and premises at the Camber Dock, in the borough of Portsmouth, in the county of Southampton, situate on the north side of the Outer Camber, bounded by a line commencing at the north quay wall of the said Outer Camber at a point twenty-three feet west from the north-west corner of the Camber Dry Dock, thence in a north-east direction for a distance of thirty-four feet three inches, thence eastward one hundred and sixty-two feet ten inches, thence northward six feet, thence eastward forty-three feet seven inches, thence northward thirty feet seven inches, thence westward two hundred and two feet seven inches, thence south-westward seventy-one feet nine inches, thence north-westward seven feet two inches, thence south-westward one hundred and nine feet to the before-

named north quay wall, thence south-eastward thirty-eight feet six inches, and thence eastward one hundred and nineteen feet seven inches along the edge of the said north quay wall to the point aforesaid, all which space and premises are coloured pink on the plan of the said foreign animals wharf deposited for the purposes of this Order at the Privy Council Office, a copy of which is deposited at the office of the Town Clerk of the borough of Portsmouth.

(signed) C. L. PEEL.

(1050.)

(PORT OF SOUTHAMPTON.)

AT THE COUNCIL CHAMBER, WHITEHALL,

The 9th day of December 1881.

BY HER MAJESTY'S MOST HONOURABLE PRIVY COUNCIL.

THE Lords and others of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, by virtue and in exercise of the powers in them vested under The Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878, and of every other power enabling them in this behalf, do hereby define the following part of the Port of Southampton, in the town and county of that name, as a foreign animals wharf:

All that space in the Southampton Docks in the parish of Saint Mary within the borough of Southampton, situate on the Extension Quay, and included within a line commencing at the water edge of the eastern side of the said Quay at a point situate one thousand and ten feet or thereabouts in a southerly direction from the north-eastern angle of the said Quay, thence at a right angle in a westerly direction for a distance of one hundred and twenty-five feet or thereabouts bounded by a fence and by the southern end of a building called Shed No. 3, thence at a right angle in a southerly direction for a distance of two hundred and fifty-two feet or thereabouts bounded by a fence, by the western side of a building called the Cattle-Sheds, and by a further fence, thence at a right angle in a westerly direction for a distance of fifty-five feet or thereabouts bounded by a fence, meeting the water edge of the south-western side of the said Extension Quay at the south-west corner of the said Quay, thence by the water edge first in a south-easterly direction round the extreme end of the said Quay and finally in a northerly direction, the whole comprising a distance of five hundred and eighty-eight feet or thereabouts, to the point aforesaid, all which space is coloured pink on the plan of part of the Southampton Docks deposited for the purposes of this Order at the Privy Council Office, a copy of which is deposited at the office of the Town Clerk of the borough of Southampton.

(signed) EDMUND HARRISON.

(1676.)

(PORT OF FALMOUTH.)

AT THE COUNCIL CHAMBER, WHITEHALL,

The 2nd day of September 1882.

BY HER MAJESTY'S MOST HONOURABLE PRIVY COUNCIL.

THE Lords and others of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, by virtue and in exercise of the powers in them vested under The Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878, and of every other power enabling them in

this behalf, do hereby define the following part of the Port of Falmouth, in the county of Cornwall, as a foreign animals wharf:

All that piece of land within the borough of Penryn, in the county of Cornwall, situate between Commercial-road and the Penryn River, and included within a line commencing at a point one hundred and nineteen feet or thereabouts north-west of the easternmost corner of the New Quay on the said Penryn River, thence at right angles in a south-westerly direction for a distance of one hundred and forty feet or thereabouts to Commercial-road, thence in a north-westerly direction along the north-east side of Commercial-road for a distance of one hundred and nine feet or thereabouts, thence in a north-easterly direction for a distance of one hundred and two feet or thereabouts to the water's edge of the said Penryn River, thence in a south-easterly direction along the water's edge of the Quay wall of the said Penryn River for a distance of one hundred and ten feet or thereabouts to the point first above-mentioned, all which space is coloured pink on the plan of the said foreign animals wharf deposited for the purposes of this Order at the Privy Council Office, a copy of which is deposited at the office of the Town Clerk of the borough of Penryn.

(signed) C. L. PEEL.

(2910.)

(PORT OF LONDON.)

AT THE COUNCIL CHAMBER, WHITEHALL,

The 12th day of October 1883.

BY HER MAJESTY'S MOST HONOURABLE PRIVY COUNCIL.

THE Lords and others of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, by virtue and in exercise of the powers in them vested under The Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878, and of every other power enabling them in this behalf, do hereby define the following part of the Port of London as a Foreign Animals Wharf:

All that space known as the Foreign Cattle Market belonging to the Corporation of London, situate on the Banks of the River Thames at Deptford, occupying an Area of twenty-six acres or thereabouts, formerly part of the Royal Dock Yard at Deptford, bounded, northward by a wall extending from the Victoria-road to the River Thames and separating such Market from the Royal Victualling Yard, eastward by the River Thames, southward by a wall extending from the River Thames to Dock-street, and separating such market from Old King-street, Orchard-place, and Dock-street, south-eastward by a wall separating such Market from Dock-street and Princes-street, and westward by a wall extending from Princes-street to the Victoria-road before-mentioned and separating such Market from lands and premises belonging to William John Evelyn, Esquire, together with the three Piers projecting therefrom into the River Thames; which space is edged pink on the plan of the Foreign Cattle Market deposited for the purposes of this Order at the Privy Council Office, a copy of which is deposited at the Office of the Town Clerk of the City of London.

(signed) HERBERT M. SUFT.

(2984.)

(PORT OF HARTLEPOOL.)

AT THE COUNCIL CHAMBER, WHITEHALL,

The 22nd day of November 1883.

BY HER MAJESTY'S MOST HONOURABLE PRIVY COUNCIL.

THE Lords and others of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, by virtue and in exercise of the powers in them vested under The Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878, and of every other power enabling them in this behalf, do hereby define the following part of the Port of Hartlepool, in the county of Durham, as a foreign animals wharf :

All that space and premises at the West Hartlepool Docks, in the borough of Hartlepool, in the county of Durham, situate on the south side of the North Basin, bounded by a line commencing at the south quay wall of the said North Basin at a point two hundred and seventy-two feet from the south-east corner thereof, and extending southward for a distance of sixty feet, thence eastward for a distance of fifty-three feet, thence southward for a distance of three hundred and ten feet, thence eastward for a distance of forty-five feet, thence southward for a distance of fifty-one feet six inches, thence westward for a distance of thirty-three feet, thence southward for a distance of twelve feet, thence westward for a distance of one hundred and sixty-nine feet, thence northward for a distance of eighty-five feet, thence eastward for a distance of twenty feet, thence northward for a distance of three hundred and ten feet, thence eastward for a distance of fifty-three feet, thence northward for a distance of sixty feet to the before-named south quay wall of the said North Basin, thence eastward for a distance of twenty-four feet along the edge of the said south quay wall to the point aforesaid, all which space and premises are coloured pink on the plan of part of the Port of Hartlepool deposited for the purposes of an Order of Council of the twenty-first day of September, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-one, at the Privy Council Office, a copy of which is deposited at the office of the Town Clerk of the borough of Hartlepool.

(signed) C. L. PEEL.

2.—ORDERS of COUNCIL made between the 1st January 1884 and the 31st of December 1884, and which were wholly or in part in force on the latter Date.

<i>No.</i>	<i>No.</i>	<i>No.</i>	<i>No.</i>	<i>No.</i>
3082	3089	3171	3194	3207
3083	3090	3173	3196	3210
3084	3091	3174	3199	3211
3085	3112	3175	3200	3217
3086	3155	3179	3201	3219
3087	3162	3188	3202	3220
3088				

[See pages 112 to 279.]

(3082.)

THE ANIMALS ORDER OF 1884.

AT THE COUNCIL CHAMBER, WHITEHALL,

The 5th day of February 1884.

BY HER MAJESTY'S MOST HONOURABLE PRIVY COUNCIL.

PRESENT :

LORD PRESIDENT.
LORD CARRINGTON.

MR. DODSON.

THE Lords and others of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, by virtue and in exercise of the powers in them vested under The Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878, and of every other power enabling them in this behalf, do order, and it is hereby ordered, as follows :

PART I.

PRELIMINARY.

Short Title.

1. This Order may be cited as The Animals Order of 1884.

Parts.

2. This Order is divided into Parts as follows :

PART I.—PRELIMINARY (Arts. 1—5).
PART II.—DISEASE (Arts. 6—92).
PART III.—DISINFECTION (Arts. 93—109).
PART IV.—TRANSIT (Arts. 110—121).
PART V.—GENERAL (Arts. 122—137).

Extent.

3. This Order extends to England and Wales and Scotland only.

Commencement.

4. This Order shall commence and take effect from and immediately after the twenty-sixth day of February, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-four.

Interpretation.

5. In this Order—

The Act of 1878 means The Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878 :
Cattle-Plague Infected Place means a Place for the time being a Place infected with cattle-plague under the Act of 1878 :

Pleuro-Pneumonia Infected Place means a Place for the time being a Place infected with pleuro-pneumonia under the Act of 1878 :

Pleuro-Pneumonia Infected Area means an Area for the time being an Area infected with pleuro-pneumonia under the Act of 1878 :

Foot-and-mouth Disease Infected Place means a Place for the time being a Place infected with foot-and-mouth disease under the Act of 1878 :

Foot-and-Mouth Disease Infected Area means an Area for the time being an Area infected with foot-and-mouth disease under the Act of 1878 :

Foot-and-Mouth Disease Infected Circle means a Circle for the time being an Infected Circle under Article 27 :

Sheep-Pox Infected Place means a Place for the time being a Place infected with sheep-pox under the Act of 1878 and Chapter 4 :

Swine-Fever Infected Place means a Place for the time being a Place infected with swine-fever under the Act of 1878 and Chapter 7 :

Swine-Fever Infected Area means an Area for the time being an Area infected with swine-fever under the Act of 1878 and Chapter 7 :

Cattle means bulls, cows, oxen, heifers, and calves :

Animals means, except where it is otherwise expressed, cattle, sheep, and goats, and all other ruminating animals, and swine :

Fat animal or fat pig or fat swine means an animal or a pig or swine intended for slaughter :

Store animal or store pig or store swine means an animal or a pig or swine other than a fat animal or a fat pig or fat swine :

Public sale includes a market or fair, and any sale, whether conducted by auction or not, which is open to the public, whether on payment of entrance-money or other payment or not, whether it is held in a public place or not, and whether animals of different owners are exposed thereat or not ; and includes also an exhibition :

Private sale means any sale other than a public sale :

Expose means expose for sale or in any manner put up or offer for sale, or exhibit at an exhibition :

Farm or premises includes two or more adjoining farms or premises in the same occupation :

Disease includes, with the diseases specified in the Act of 1878 (that is cattle-plague, contagious pleuro-pneumonia of cattle, foot-and-mouth disease, sheep-pox, or sheep-scab), glanders, farcy, and swine-fever :

Carcase means the carcass of an animal, horse, ass, or mule, and part of such a carcass, and the meat, flesh, bones, hide, skin, hoofs, horns, offal, or other part of an animal, horse, ass, or mule, separately or otherwise, or any portion thereof :

Fodder means hay or other substance commonly used for food of animals :

Litter means straw or other substance commonly used for bedding or otherwise for or about animals :

Master includes a person having the charge or command of a vessel :

Van means a vehicle constructed for moving animals by road :

Landing-Place for foreign animals means any dock, quay, wharf, or other place approved by the Privy Council for the landing, and includes any lands, buildings, or premises approved for the lairage, of foreign animals not subject to slaughter or quarantine :

Part, Chapter, Article means Part, Chapter, Article of this Order :

Schedule means Schedule to this Order :

Form means a Form given in the Schedules, including the directions and notes in and on a Form :

Other terms, unless it is otherwise expressed, have the same meaning and scope as in the Act of 1878.

PART II.

DISEASE.

CHAPTER I.—CATTLE-PLAGUE.

Duty of Police on Notice of Cattle-Plague.

6.—(1.) The constable to whom notice of the fact of an animal being affected with cattle-plague, or with disease supposed to be cattle-plague, is given, under Section thirty-one of the Act of 1878, shall immediately give information thereof to his superior officer, who shall immediately transmit the information by telegraph or other rapid means to the Clerk of the Privy Council, Whitehall, London.

(2.) The constable shall also forthwith give information of the receipt by him of the notice to an Inspector of the Local Authority, and to the Local Authority.

Optional Notice of Disease or Illness.

7. Any person having in his possession or under his charge an animal affected with cattle-plague, or with any illness, or suspected of being so affected, besides giving such notice to a constable as he is required by Section thirty-one of the Act of 1878 to give, may, if he thinks fit, give notice of the fact of the animal being so affected, or suspected, to the Inspector of the Local Authority.

Duty of Inspector to act immediately.

8. An Inspector of a Local Authority on receiving in any manner whatsoever information of the supposed existence of cattle-plague, or having reasonable ground to suspect the existence of cattle-plague, shall proceed with all practicable speed to the place where such cattle-plague, according to the information received by him, exists, or is suspected to exist, and shall there and elsewhere put in force and discharge the powers and duties by or under the Act of 1878, and any Order of Council, conferred and imposed on him as Inspector.

Movement out of Place where Cattle-Plague exists.

9. No animal, horse, ass, or mule, and no dog shall be moved alive out of a building or inclosed place in which cattle-plague exists or has within ten days existed.

Movement out of Cattle-Plague Infected Place.

10. Pending the arrival of an Inspector or other officer of the Privy Council—

(a.) No animal shall be moved alive out of a cow-shed, field, or other place which has become a Cattle-Plague Infected Place ; and

(b.) No carcase, and no dung of animals, horses, asses, or mules, and no litter, manure, or fodder shall be removed thereout.

Duty of Local Authority and Police in Cattle-Plague.

11.—(1.) Where by virtue of the declaration of an Inspector of a Local Authority (under Section 10 of the Act of 1878), a cow-shed, field, or other place has become a Cattle-Plague Infected Place, the Local Authority shall take all necessary and proper measures, pending the arrival of an Inspector or other officer of the Privy Council, to enforce the observance of the law relating to cattle-plague, including the placing of constables or other proper officers at the entrance of that cow-shed, field, or other place.

(2.) After the arrival of the Inspector or other officer of the Privy Council, the Local Authority and all constables and police officers shall assist him to carry into effect and enforce the law relating to cattle-plague, and shall do or cause to be done all things from time to time necessary for the effectual execution of the same.

CHAPTER 2.—PLEURO-PNEUMONIA.

Duty of Police on Notice of Pleuro-Pneumonia.

12. The constable to whom notice of the fact of a head of cattle being affected with pleuro-pneumonia, or with disease supposed to be pleuro-pneumonia, is given, under Section thirty-one of the Act of 1878, shall forthwith give information thereof to an Inspector of the Local Authority, who shall forthwith report the same to the Local Authority.

Optional Notice of Disease or Illness.

13. Any person having in his possession or under his charge a head of cattle affected with pleuro-pneumonia, or with any illness, or suspected of being so affected, besides giving such notice to a constable as he is required by Section thirty-one of the Act of 1878 to give, may, if he thinks fit, give notice of the fact of the head of cattle being so affected, or suspected, to the Inspector of the Local Authority.

Duty of Inspector to act immediately.

14. An Inspector of a Local Authority on receiving in any manner whatsoever information of the supposed existence of pleuro-pneumonia, or having reasonable ground to suspect the existence of pleuro-pneumonia, shall proceed with all practicable speed to the place where such pleuro-pneumonia, according to the information received by him, exists, or is suspected to exist, and shall there and elsewhere put in force and discharge the powers and duties by or under the Act of 1878, and any Order of Council, conferred and imposed on him as Inspector.

Movement into or out of Pleuro-Pneumonia Infected Place.

15. No cattle shall be moved into or out of a Pleuro-Pneumonia Infected Place otherwise than in accordance with the provisions of this Article (that is to say):

I.—Movement into.

(a.) Cattle not affected with pleuro-pneumonia may be moved into a Pleuro-Pneumonia Infected Place, at any time and from time to time after a Veterinary Inspector has reported in writing to the Local Authority that all the cattle which were in the Infected Place at the time when it was declared infected by the Local Authority have died or been slaughtered, or have been moved thereout, and that pleuro-pneumonia does not exist therein, and that the cow-sheds or other places where the diseased cattle were kept therein have been, as far as practicable, cleansed and disinfected.

II.—Movement out.

(b.) Cattle affected with pleuro-pneumonia may, under a Special Order of Council made on the application of a Local Authority, be moved out of a Pleuro-Pneumonia Infected Place, for slaughter, in the manner and on the conditions in that Special Order specified, but not otherwise; which Special Order will only be made on the Privy Council being satisfied by the Local Authority, that the slaughter of diseased cattle in Pleuro-Pneumonia Infected Places in the District of the Local Authority is impracticable or would be highly inconvenient.

(c.) Cattle not affected with pleuro-pneumonia may be moved out of a Pleuro-Pneumonia Infected Place in accordance with the following Regulations (that is to say):

(Regulation A.—For Slaughter.)

(i.) The cattle may be moved out of a Pleuro-Pneumonia Infected Place to a specified slaughter-house for the purpose of being there forthwith slaughtered.

(ii.) For the movement to the specified slaughter-house as aforesaid there must be a Pleuro-Pneumonia Movement Licence of the Local Authority (Form C) granted on such a certificate of a Veterinary Inspector as is described in that Movement Licence.

(iii.) If the movement to the specified slaughter-house is wholly in the District of the same Local Authority, the cattle so moved shall be moved to the specified slaughter-house under the direction and in charge of an Inspector or other officer of the Local Authority; and he shall enforce and superintend the immediate slaughter there of the cattle, and shall forthwith report to the Local Authority the fact of the slaughter there.

(iv.) If the movement to the specified slaughter-house is to be into the District of another Local Authority, there must also be a Movement Licence of that other Local Authority indorsed on or referring to the first-mentioned Licence; which second Licence must be granted before the cattle are moved into the District of that other Local Authority.

(v.) The cattle so moved into the District of that other Local Authority shall be moved to the specified slaughter-house under the direction and in charge of an Inspector or other officer of the Local Authority out of whose District they are moved; and he shall enforce and superintend the immediate slaughter there of the cattle, and shall forthwith report to both the Local Authorities the fact of the slaughter there.

(Regulation B.—For other Purposes.)

(vi.) The cattle may be moved out of a Pleuro-Pneumonia Infected Place to a specified place other than a slaughter-house for purposes of feeding, or other ordinary purposes connected with the breeding of cattle, or for the purpose of isolation.

(vii.) For the movement to the specified place as aforesaid there must be a Pleuro-Pneumonia Movement Licence of the Local Authority (Form D) granted on such a certificate of a Veterinary Inspector as is described in that Movement Licence.

(viii.) The cattle so moved shall be moved to the specified place under the direction and in charge of an Inspector or other officer of the Local Authority.

(ix.) The cattle, after they are received at the specified place, shall not be again moved except with a further Licence of the Local Authority.

(x.) If the movement to the specified place is to be into the District of another Local Authority, there must also be a Movement Licence of that other Local Authority indorsed on or referring to the first-mentioned Licence; which second Licence must be granted before the cattle are moved into the District of that other Local Authority.

(xi.) The cattle so moved into the District of that other Local Authority shall be moved to the specified place under the direction and in charge of an Inspector or other officer of the Local Authority out of whose District they are moved.

(xii.) The cattle, after they are received at the specified place in the District of that other Local Authority, shall not be again moved except with a further Licence of that other Local Authority.

III.—Limitation.

(d.) Nothing in this Article shall authorize the granting of a Licence by a Local Authority for the movement of cattle to a public or private sale.

Public and Private Sales in Pleuro-Pneumonia Infected Area.

16.—(1.) No public or private sale of cattle, fat or store, shall be held in a Pleuro-Pneumonia Infected Area, otherwise than in accordance with the following Regulations (that is to say):

(Regulation A.—Public Sale of Fat Cattle by Licence of Local Authority.)

(2.) A public sale of fat cattle may be held in a Pleuro-Pneumonia Infected Area, with a Licence of the Local Authority, on the following conditions (namely):

(i.) Every head of cattle exposed at the public sale so licensed shall, after its arrival thereat, and before it is moved therefrom, be marked by and at the expense of the owner, consignee, or other person exposing it, by the clipping of a broad arrow, about five inches long, on the left hind quarter.

(ii.) Every head of cattle that is exposed at the public sale so licensed, whether it is sold thereat or not, shall either be slaughtered at the place where the sale is held, or be moved therefrom to a specified slaughter-house and be there slaughtered.

(iii.) Every head of cattle that is exposed at the public sale so licensed, whether it is sold thereat or not, shall be slaughtered within six days after the day on which the sale is held.

(3.) For the movement to the specified slaughter-house as aforesaid there must be a Pleuro-Pneumonia Movement Licence of the Local Authority (Form F).

(4.) If the movement to the specified slaughter-house is to be into the District of another Local Authority, whether into a Pleuro-Pneumonia Infected Area or not, there must also be a Movement Licence of that other Local Authority indorsed on or referring to the first-mentioned Licence (subject nevertheless to the provisions of Chapter 8 as to agreements between Local Authorities respecting movement); which second Licence must be granted before the cattle are moved into the District of that other Local Authority.

(5.) A Licence of a Local Authority for a public sale of fat cattle under this Article shall be signed by the clerk of the Local Authority, by special direction of the Local Authority, and shall give notice of the conditions contained in this Article by specifying the same as conditions on which the Licence is granted, and may impose such further conditions, if any, as the

Local Authority think expedient, and shall be granted to the person entitled to hold the sale (as owner of a market, or as an auctioneer, or otherwise), and shall specify the place where the sale is to be held, and may authorize the holding of periodical sales on stated days for a time limited, not exceeding one month, but may be renewed from time to time, and shall be published in such manner as the Local Authority consider best fitted to ensure publicity for the same.

(6.) If the Privy Council are of opinion, with respect to any Licence of a Local Authority for a public sale of fat cattle under this Article, that the holding of the public sale thereby licensed is inexpedient, or that the Licence is objectionable in any particular, and direct the revocation thereof, the same shall thereupon cease to operate.

(Regulation B.—Public or Private Sale of Cattle, Fat or Store, without Licence of Local Authority.)

(7.) A public or private sale of any cattle, fat or store, may be held in a Pleuro-Pneumonia Infected Area, without a Licence of the Local Authority, in any case where the sale is held in accordance with the following conditions (namely):

(i.) That the sale is held on a farm or premises not in a Pleuro-Pneumonia Infected Place:

(ii.) That no head of cattle on the farm or premises is affected with pleuro-pneumonia:

(iii.) That each head of cattle exposed at the sale has been on the farm or premises not less than fifty-six clear days immediately before the day on which the sale is held, without having been removed therefrom except under a Pleuro-Pneumonia Occupation Movement Licence (in this Chapter provided for):

(iv.) That no head of cattle exposed at the sale has been in contact with any cattle brought on to the farm or premises within those fifty-six days, except under such an Occupation Movement Licence.

(8.) Any cattle that have been exposed at a public or private sale under this Article may be moved from the farm or premises on which the sale is held with a Pleuro-Pneumonia Movement Licence of the Local Authority (Form H) granted on such a declaration (Form B) as is described in that Movement Licence, and in addition to that declaration either such a certificate of a Veterinary Inspector as is described in that Movement Licence or, instead of that certificate, if in any case the Local Authority think fit, such a declaration (Form A) as is described in that Movement Licence, but not otherwise.

(9.) If the movement is to be into the District of another Local Authority, whether into a Pleuro-Pneumonia Infected Area or not, there must also be a Movement Licence of that other Local Authority indorsed on or referring to the first-mentioned Licence (subject nevertheless to the provisions of Chapter 8 as to agreements between Local Authorities respecting movement); which second Licence must be granted before any of the cattle are moved into the District of that other Local Authority.

(Regulation C.—Sale by Licence of Privy Council.)

(10.) Without prejudice to the foregoing provisions of this Article and in addition thereto, a public or private sale of cattle, fat or store, may be held in a Pleuro-Pneumonia Infected Area in any circumstances, with a Licence of the Privy Council.

(Regulation D.—Attendance at Sales.)

(11.) A fit person or a sufficient number of fit persons shall be appointed by the Local Authority to attend at every public sale, being a market or fair, licensed under this Article, for the purpose of granting thereat on behalf of the Local Authority without fee or charge such Pleuro-Pneumonia Movement Licences as are required under this Article.

(12.) A fit person appointed by the Local Authority may, if the Local Authority think fit, on the request of the person holding any public sale licensed under or authorised by this Article (other than a market or fair) or any private sale authorised by or licensed under this Article, attend thereat, and grant thereat on behalf of the Local Authority such Pleuro-Pneumonia Movement Licences as are required under this Article.

Movement in or into or out of Pleuro-Pneumonia Infected Area.

17. Except as authorized by paragraphs (3.) (4.) (8.) and (9.) of the last preceding Article, no cattle shall be moved in or into or out of a Pleuro-Pneumonia Infected Area otherwise than in accordance with the following Regulations (that is to say):

(Regulation A.—Movement in.)

(i.) Cattle may be moved in a Pleuro-Pneumonia Infected Area with a Pleuro-Pneumonia Movement Licence of the Local Authority (Form O) granted either on such a certificate of a Veterinary Inspector as is described in that Movement Licence or, instead of that certificate, if in any case the Local Authority think fit, on such a Declaration (Form A) as is described in that Movement Licence, the movement being wholly in the District of the same Local Authority.

(ii.) If the movement is to be in the Districts of more Local Authorities than one, there must also be a Movement Licence of each of those Local Authorities (subject nevertheless to the provisions of Chapter 8 as to agreements of Local Authorities respecting movement); and every such second or subsequent Movement Licence must be indorsed on or refer to the first Movement Licence, and be granted before the cattle are moved into the District of the Local Authority granting the second or subsequent Licence.

(iii.) Cattle may be moved in a Pleuro-Pneumonia Infected Area from one part of a farm or of farms in the same occupation to another part of that farm or of those farms, or from and to a farm or premises to and from a common or grazing-land or watering-place which the occupier of the farm or premises is entitled to use for the cattle, with a Movement Licence of the Local Authority (Pleuro-Pneumonia Occupation Movement Licence, Form K) granted either on such a certificate of a Veterinary Inspector as is described in that Occupation Movement Licence or, instead of that certificate, if in any case the Local Authority think fit, on such a declaration (Form A) as is described in that Occupation Movement Licence, the movement being wholly in the District of the same Local Authority; and a Pleuro-Pneumonia Occupation Movement Licence may authorise movement from time to time for fourteen days and no longer; but a fresh like Licence may be granted from time to time on a fresh like certificate or declaration.

(Regulation B.—Movement into.)

(iv.) Cattle may be moved into a Pleuro-Pneumonia Infected Area with a Pleuro-Pneumonia Movement Licence of the Local Authority (Form M) granted either on such a certificate of a Veterinary Inspector as is described in that Movement Licence or, instead of that certificate, if in any case the Local Authority think fit, on such a Declaration (Form A) as is described in that Movement Licence, the movement being wholly in the District of the same Local Authority, whether out of a Pleuro-Pneumonia Infected Area or not.

(v.) If the movement is to be out of a Pleuro-Pneumonia Infected Area in the District of another Local Authority, there must be first a Pleuro-Pneumonia Movement Licence (Form P) of that Local Authority granted either on such a certificate of a Veterinary Inspector as is described in that Movement Licence or, instead of that certificate, if in any case the Local Authority think fit, on such a declaration (Form A)

as is described in that Movement Licence, and, secondly, a Movement Licence of the Local Authority into whose District the cattle are to be moved, indorsed on or referring to the first Movement Licence (subject nevertheless to the provisions of Chapter 8 as to agreements of Local Authorities respecting movement); which second Licence must be granted before the cattle are moved into the District of the last-mentioned Local Authority.

(vi.) If the movement is to be out of the District of another Local Authority, but not out of a Pleuro-Pneumonia Infected Area, the only Movement Licence required is a Pleuro-Pneumonia Movement Licence (Form M) of the Local Authority into whose District the cattle are to be moved granted either on such a certificate of a Veterinary Inspector as is described in that Movement Licence or, instead of that certificate, if in any case the Local Authority think fit, on such a declaration (Form A) as is described in that Movement Licence, which Licence must be granted before the cattle are moved into the District of that Local Authority.

(Regulation C.—Movement out.)

(vii.) Cattle may be moved out of a Pleuro-Pneumonia Infected Area with a Pleuro-Pneumonia Movement Licence of the Local Authority (Form Q) granted either on such a certificate of a Veterinary Inspector as is described in that Movement Licence or, instead of that certificate, if in any case the Local Authority think fit, on such a declaration (Form A) as is described in that Movement Licence, the movement being wholly in the District of the same Local Authority.

(viii.) If the movement is to be into the District of another Local Authority, whether into a Pleuro-Pneumonia Infected Area or not, there must also be a Movement Licence of that other Local Authority indorsed on or referring to the first-mentioned Licence (subject nevertheless to the provisions of Chapter 8 as to agreements of Local Authorities respecting movement); which second Licence must be granted before the cattle are moved into the District of that other Local Authority.

Limitation on Provisions respecting Movement in connexion with Pleuro-Pneumonia Infected Area.

18. Nothing in this Chapter respecting movement of cattle affects movement in a Pleuro-Pneumonia Infected Area in any case unless the movement is intended to be, wholly or partly, along or across a highway or thoroughfare, or by railway, canal, river, or inland navigation.

Exception of Railways from Pleuro-Pneumonia Infected Area.

19. Where the Privy Council have declared a Pleuro-Pneumonia Infected Area, there shall be deemed to be excepted from that Area the lines of railway within that Area, so far as those lines are used or required for the transit of cattle through that Area, without untrucking, and nothing in any Order of the Privy Council declaring such Area shall be deemed to interfere with that transit.

Post-Mortem Examination.

20.--(1.) Where under Section twenty-one of the Act of 1878 a head of cattle has been slaughtered by order of a Local Authority, the Local Authority shall, previous to the disposal of the carcase, cause a post-mortem examination to be made thereof, which examination shall be conducted by a Veterinary Inspector specially appointed in that behalf who shall forthwith report to the Local Authority, for their information, the result of such examination.

(2.) The provisions of this Article operate only in the case of the first head of cattle so ordered to be slaughtered in a Pleuro-Pneumonia Infected Place.

Disinfection for Pleuro-Pneumonia.

21. A Local Authority shall at their own expense—

(i.) Cause the cow-shed or other place in which a head of cattle affected with pleuro-pneumonia has been kept while so affected, or has died or been slaughtered, to be cleansed and disinfected as follows :

(a.) The cow-shed or other place shall be swept out and all litter, dung, or other thing that has been in contact with, or used about any such animal, shall be effectually removed therefrom : then

(b.) The floor of the cow-shed or other place and all other parts thereof with which such animal or its droppings or any discharge from the mouth or nostrils of such animal has come in contact shall be, as far as practicable, thoroughly washed or scrubbed or scoured with water : then

(c.) The same parts of the cow-shed or other place shall be washed over with lime-wash.

(ii.) Cause the litter, dung, or other thing that has been removed from the cow-shed or other place to be forthwith disinfected, burnt, or destroyed.

(iii.) Except that where any place as aforesaid is not capable of being so cleansed and disinfected, it shall be sufficient if such place be cleansed and disinfected as far as practicable.

CHAPTER 3.—FOOT-AND-MOUTH DISEASE.

Duty of Police on Notice of Foot-and-Mouth Disease.

22. The constable to whom notice of the fact of an animal being affected with foot-and-mouth disease, or with disease supposed to be foot-and-mouth disease, is given, under Section thirty-one of the Act of 1878, shall forthwith give information thereof to an Inspector of the Local Authority, who shall forthwith report the same to the Local Authority.

Optional Notice of Disease or Illness.

23. Any person having in his possession or under his charge an animal affected with foot-and-mouth disease, or with any illness, or suspected of being so affected, besides giving such notice to a constable as he is required by Section thirty-one of the Act of 1878 to give, may, if he thinks fit, give notice of the fact of the animal being so affected or suspected, to the Inspector of the Local Authority.

Duty of Inspector to act immediately.

24. An Inspector of a Local Authority on receiving in any manner whatsoever information of the supposed existence of foot-and-mouth disease, or having reasonable ground to suspect the existence of foot-and-mouth disease, shall proceed with all practicable speed to the place where such foot-and-mouth disease, according to the information received by him, exists, or is suspected to exist, and shall there and elsewhere put in force and discharge the powers and duties by or under the Act of 1878, and any Order of Council, conferred and imposed on him as Inspector.

Movement into or out of Foot-and-Mouth Disease Infected Place.

25. No animal shall be moved into or out of a Foot-and-Mouth Disease Infected Place otherwise than in accordance with the provisions of this Article (that is to say) :

I.—Movement into.

(a.) Animals not affected with foot-and-mouth disease may be moved into a Foot-and-Mouth Disease Infected Place at any time and from time to time after a Veterinary Inspector has reported in writing to the Local Authority that all the animals which were in the Infected Place at the time when it was declared infected by the Local Authority have died or been slaughtered, or have been moved thereout, and that foot-and-mouth disease does not exist therein, and that the cow-sheds or other places where the diseased animals were kept therein have been, as far as practicable, cleansed and disinfected.

(b.) Rams not affected with foot-and-mouth disease may at any time be moved into a Foot-and-Mouth Disease Infected Place for the purpose of the breeding of sheep, in accordance with the following Regulations (that is to say) :

(i.) For the movement into the Infected Place there must be a Licence of the Local Authority of the District in which the Infected Place is situate.

(ii.) The Rams so moved shall be moved into the Infected Place under the direction and in charge of an Inspector or other officer of the Local Authority.

II.—Movement out.

(c.) Animals not affected with foot-and-mouth disease may be moved out of a Foot-and-Mouth Disease Infected Place in accordance with the following Regulations (that is to say) :

(Regulation A.—For Slaughter.)

(i.) The animals may be moved out of a Foot-and-Mouth Disease Infected Place to a specified slaughter-house for the purpose of being there forthwith slaughtered.

(ii.) For the movement to the specified slaughter-house as aforesaid there must be a Foot-and-Mouth Disease Movement Licence of the Local Authority (Form U) granted on such a certificate of a Veterinary Inspector as is described in that Movement Licence.

(iii.) If the movement to the specified slaughter-house is wholly in the District of the same Local Authority, the animals so moved shall be moved to the specified slaughter-house under the direction and in charge of an Inspector or other officer of the Local Authority; and he shall enforce and superintend the immediate slaughter there of the animals, and shall forthwith report to the Local Authority the fact of the slaughter there.

(iv.) If the movement to the specified slaughter-house is to be into the District of another Local Authority, there must also be a Movement Licence of that other Local Authority indorsed on or referring to the first-mentioned Licence; which second Licence must be granted before the animals are moved into the District of that other Local Authority.

(v.) The animals so moved into the District of that other Local Authority shall be moved to the specified slaughter-house under the direction and in charge of an Inspector or other officer of the Local Authority out of whose district they are moved; and he shall enforce and superintend the immediate slaughter there of the animals, and shall forthwith report to both the Local Authorities the fact of the slaughter there.

(Regulation B.—For other Purposes.)

(vi.) The animals may be moved out of a Foot-and-Mouth Disease Infected Place to a specified place other than a slaughter-house for purposes of feeding, or other ordinary purposes connected with the breeding of animals, or for the purpose of isolation.

(vii.) For the movement to the specified place as aforesaid there must be a Foot-and-Mouth Disease Movement Licence of the Local Authority (Form V) granted on such a certificate of a Veterinary Inspector as is described in that Movement Licence.

(viii.) The animals so moved shall be moved to the specified place under the direction and in charge of an Inspector or other officer of the Local Authority.

(ix.) The animals, after they are received at the specified place shall not be again moved except with a further licence of the Local Authority.

(x.) If the movement to the specified place is to be into the District of another Local Authority, there must also be a Movement Licence of that other Local Authority indorsed on or referring to the first-mentioned Licence; which second Licence must be granted before the animals are moved into the District of that other Local Authority.

(xi.) The animals so moved into the District of that other Local Authority shall be moved to the specified place under the direction and in charge of an Inspector or other officer of the Local Authority out of whose District they are moved.

(xii.) The animals, after they are received at the specified place in the District of that other Local Authority, shall not be again moved except with a further Licence of that other Local Authority.

III.—Limitation.

(d.) Nothing in this Article shall authorize the granting of a Licence by a Local Authority for the movement of animals to a public or private sale.

Definition of Term Animals for Certain Purposes.

26. The word Animals in the three following Articles, namely,—Article 27 (*Foot-and-Mouth Disease Infected Circles*) Article 28 (*Public and Private Sales in Foot-and-Mouth Disease Infected Area*) and Article 29 (*Movement in or into or out of Foot-and-Mouth Disease Infected Area*) means cattle, sheep, and swine.

Foot-and-Mouth Disease Infected Circles.

I.—Formation.

27.—(i.) Where under the provisions of Section twenty-two of the Act of 1878 any cow-shed, field, or other place has, upon service of notice of declaration by an Inspector of the Local Authority, become a Foot-and-Mouth Disease Infected Place, the whole space lying within a distance of half a mile from any part of such Infected Place shall forthwith become and be for the purposes of this Article a Foot-and-Mouth Disease Infected Circle.

(ii.) The Inspector shall forthwith serve or cause to be served a notice of his declaration, signed by him, unless in the circumstances this appears to him not to be expedient, on the occupiers of all lands and buildings any part whereof in his judgment is situate within half a mile from such Foot-and-Mouth Disease Infected Place.

(iii.) The Inspector shall, with all practicable speed, inform the Local Authority of every District within which any part of the Infected Circle is situate of his declaration and notice, and shall send his declaration and a copy of his notice to each of such Local Authorities.

(iv.) A Local Authority may at any time, and from time to time, by order reduce the limits of a Foot-and-Mouth Disease Infected Circle within their District, or of so much as is within their District, and where an Infected Circle has been reduced as aforesaid, they may reduce, extend, or otherwise alter the limits thereof or of so much as is within their District, provided that no lands or buildings shall be included within an Infected Circle that are not situate within half a mile of a Foot-and-Mouth Disease Infected Place, and any Infected Circle so reduced, extended, or altered, shall thenceforth be the Infected Circle for the purposes of this Article.

(v.) A Local Authority may at any time by order dissolve a Foot-and-Mouth Disease Infected Circle within their District, or such part as is within their District, and thereupon such Infected Circle or such part, as the case may be, shall cease to exist.

(vi.) Where under the Act of 1878 the cow-shed, field, or other place in respect of which a Foot-and-Mouth Disease Infected Circle has been constituted under the provisions of this Article ceases to be a Foot-and-Mouth Disease Infected Place, such Infected Circle shall cease to exist.

(vii.) Where the Privy Council at any time by Order declare a Foot-and-Mouth Disease Infected Area and any part of such Area is at the date of the Order situate within a Foot-and-Mouth Disease Infected Circle, such part shall thereupon cease to be part of an Infected Circle.

(viii.) The Local Authority of every District in which a Foot-and-Mouth Disease Infected Circle or part of a Foot-and-Mouth Disease Infected Circle under this Article is situate shall give such notice of the existence of the Infected Circle or of that part by placards or otherwise in and about the Infected Circle, or in such other manner as the Local Authority consider best fitted to insure publicity for the same, and shall give notice of the existence of such Foot-and-Mouth Disease Infected Circle or such part to every Railway Company having a railway or railway station in the same.

(ix.) The Privy Council may by Order dissolve a Foot-and-Mouth Disease Infected Circle or any part thereof, and thereupon such Infected Circle or such part as the case may be shall cease to exist.

II.—Movement in or into or out of Infected Circles.

(x.) A Local Authority may, from time to time, make such general or special Regulations as they think fit for prohibiting or regulating the movement of animals in or into or out of Foot-and-Mouth Disease Infected Circles.

(xi.) No animal shall be moved in or into or out of a Foot-and-Mouth Disease Infected Circle otherwise than in accordance with Regulations made by the Local Authority under this Article for the time being in force.

(xii.) Where two or more Foot-and-Mouth Disease Infected Circles adjoin, overlap, or extend beyond the limits of each other, the whole of such Infected Circles shall, for the purposes of movement of animals under this Article, be deemed to be one Foot-and-Mouth Disease Infected Circle.

III.—Limitation.

(xiii.) Nothing in this Article or in any Regulation made by a Local Authority under this Article shall be deemed to apply to the movement of—

(a.) Animals in or into or out of a Cattle-Plague Infected Place; or

(b.) Cattle in or into or out of a Pleuro-Pneumonia Infected Place or Area; or

(c.) Animals in or into or out of a Foot-and-Mouth Disease Infected Place or Area; or

(d.) Sheep in or into or out of a Sheep-Pox Infected Place or Area; or

(e.) Swine in or into or out of a Swine-Fever Infected Place or Area; or

- (f.) Animals affected with foot-and-mouth disease ; or
- (g.) Animals in or into or out of a Foreign Animals Wharf or a Foreign Animals Quarantine Station or a Landing-Place for foreign animals.

Public and Private Sales in Foot-and-Mouth Disease Infected Area.

28.—(1.) No public or private sale of an animal or animals, fat or store, shall be held in a Foot-and-Mouth Disease Infected Area, otherwise than in accordance with the following Regulations (that is to say) :

(Regulation A.—Public Sale of Fat Animals by Licence of Local Authority.)

(2.) A public sale of fat animals may be held in a Foot-and-Mouth Disease Infected Area, with a Licence of the Local Authority, on the following conditions (namely) :

(i.) Every animal exposed at the public sale so licensed shall, after its arrival thereat, and before it is moved therefrom, be marked by and at the expense of the owner, consignee, or other person exposing it, as follows :

Cattle.—By the clipping of a broad arrow, about five inches long, on the left hind quarter of each of the cattle.

Sheep and Swine.—By the painting or stamping of the letter M, about six inches long, on the left side of each of the sheep or swine with the following composition, namely :—Rosin, five parts ; oil of turpentine, two parts ; and blue or red ochre, one part ; melted and used warm : or with some other adhesive composition of a blue or red colour.

(ii.) Every animal that is exposed at the public sale so licensed, whether it is sold thereat or not, shall either be slaughtered at the place where the sale is held, or be moved therefrom to a specified slaughter-house and be there slaughtered.

(iii.) Every animal that is exposed at the public sale so licensed, whether it is sold thereat or not, shall be slaughtered within six days after the day on which the sale is held.

(3.) For the movement to the specified slaughter-house as aforesaid there must be a Foot-and-Mouth Disease Movement Licence of the Local Authority (Form X).

(4.) If the movement to the specified slaughter-house is to be into the District of another Local Authority, whether into a Foot-and-Mouth Disease Infected Area or not, there must also be a Movement Licence of that other Local Authority indorsed on or referring to the first-mentioned Licence (subject nevertheless to the provisions of Chapter 8 as to agreements between Local Authorities respecting movement) ; which second Licence must be granted before the animal is moved into the District of that other Local Authority.

(5.) A Licence of a Local Authority for a public sale of fat animals under this Article shall be signed by the clerk of the Local Authority, by special direction of the Local Authority, and shall give notice of the conditions contained in this Article by specifying the same as conditions on which the Licence is granted, and may impose such further conditions, if any, as the Local Authority think expedient, and shall be granted to the person entitled to hold the sale (as owner of a market, or as an auctioneer, or otherwise), and shall specify the place where the sale is to be held, and may authorize the holding of periodical sales on stated days for a time limited, not exceeding one month, but may be renewed from time to time, and shall be published

in such manner as the Local Authority consider best fitted to insure publicity for the same.

(6.) If the Privy Council are of opinion, with respect to any Licence of a Local Authority for a public sale of fat animals under this Article, that the holding of the public sale thereby licensed is inexpedient, or that the Licence is objectionable in any particular, and direct the revocation thereof, the same shall thereupon cease to operate.

(Regulation B.—Public or Private Sale, Fat or Store, without Licence of Local Authority.)

(7.) A public or private sale of an animal or animals, fat or store, may be held in a Foot-and-Mouth Disease Infected Area, without a Licence of the Local Authority, in any case where the sale is held in accordance with the following conditions (namely) :

(i.) That the sale is held on a farm or premises not in a Foot-and-Mouth Disease Infected Place :

(ii.) That no animal on the farm or premises is affected with foot-and-mouth disease :

(iii.) That the animal or each animal exposed at the sale has been on the farm or premises not less than fourteen clear days immediately before the day on which the sale is held, without having been moved therefrom except under a Foot-and-Mouth Disease Occupation Movement Licence (in this Chapter provided for) :

(iv.) That no animal exposed at the sale has been in contact with any animal brought on to the farm or premises within those fourteen days, except under such an Occupation Movement Licence.

(8.) An animal that has been exposed at a public or private sale under this Article may be moved from the farm or premises on which the sale is held with a Foot-and-Mouth Disease Movement Licence of the Local Authority (Form Z) granted on such a declaration (Form T) as is described in that Movement Licence, and in addition to that declaration either such a certificate of a Veterinary Inspector as is described in that Movement Licence or, instead of that certificate, if in any case the Local Authority think fit, such a declaration (Form S) as is described in that Movement Licence, but not otherwise.

(9.) If the movement is to be into the District of another Local Authority, whether into a Foot-and-Mouth Disease Infected Area or not, there must also be a Movement Licence of that other Local Authority indorsed on or referring to the first-mentioned Licence (subject nevertheless to the provisions of Chapter 8 as to agreements between Local Authorities respecting movement) ; which second Licence must be granted before the animal is moved into the District of that other Local Authority.

(Regulation C.—Sale by Licence of Privy Council.)

(10.) Without prejudice to the foregoing provisions of this Article and in addition thereto, a public or private sale of an animal or animals, fat or store, may be held in a Foot-and-Mouth Disease Infected Area in any circumstances, with a Licence of the Privy Council.

(Regulation D.—Attendance at Sales.)

(11.) A fit person or a sufficient number of fit persons shall be appointed by the Local Authority to attend at every public sale, being a market or fair, licensed under this Article, for the purpose of granting thereat on behalf of the Local Authority without fee or charge such Foot-and-Mouth Disease Movement Licences as are required under this Article.

(12.) A fit person appointed by the Local Authority may, if the Local Authority think fit, on the request of the person holding any public sale licensed under or authorized by this Article (other than a market or fair) or any private sale authorized by or licensed under this Article, attend thereat, and grant thereat on behalf of the Local Authority such Foot-and-Mouth Disease Movement Licences as are required under this Article.

Movement in or into or out of Foot-and-Mouth Disease Infected Area.

29. Except as authorized by paragraphs (3.) (4.) (8.) and (9.) of the last preceding Article, no animal shall be moved in or into or out of a Foot-and-Mouth Disease Infected Area otherwise than in accordance with the following Regulations (that is to say) :

(Regulation A.—Movement in.)

(i.) Animals may be moved in a Foot-and-Mouth Disease Infected Area with a Foot-and-Mouth Disease Movement Licence of the Local Authority (Form FF) granted either on such a certificate of a Veterinary Inspector as is described in that Movement Licence or, instead of that certificate, if in any case the Local Authority think fit, on such a declaration (Form S) as is described in that Movement Licence, the movement being wholly in the District of the same Local Authority.

(ii.) If the movement is to be in the Districts of more Local Authorities than one, there must also be a Movement Licence of each of those Local Authorities (subject nevertheless to the provisions of Chapter 8 as to agreements between Local Authorities respecting movement); and every such second or subsequent Movement Licence must be indorsed on or refer to the first Movement Licence, and be granted before the animals are moved into the District of the Local Authority granting the second or subsequent Licence.

(iii.) Animals may be moved in a Foot-and-Mouth Disease Infected Area from one part of a farm or of farms in the same occupation to another part of that farm or of those farms, or from and to a farm or premises to and from a common or grazing-land or watering-place which the occupier of the farm or premises is entitled to use for the animals, with a Movement Licence of the Local Authority (Foot-and-Mouth Disease Occupation Movement Licence, Form BB) granted either on such a certificate of a Veterinary Inspector as is described in that Occupation Movement Licence or, instead of that certificate, if in any case the Local Authority think fit, on such a declaration (Form S) as is described in that Occupation Movement Licence, the movement being wholly in the District of the same Local Authority; and a Foot-and-Mouth Disease Occupation Movement Licence may authorize movement from time to time for fourteen days and no longer; but a fresh like Licence may be granted from time to time on a fresh like certificate or declaration.

(Regulation B.—Movement into.)

(iv.) Animals may be moved into a Foot-and-Mouth Disease Infected Area with a Foot-and-Mouth Disease Movement Licence of the Local Authority (Form DD) granted either on such a certificate of a Veterinary Inspector as is described in that Movement Licence or, instead of that certificate, if in any case the Local Authority think fit, on such a declaration (Form S) as is described in that Movement Licence, the movement being wholly in the District of the same Local Authority, whether out of a Foot-and-Mouth Disease Infected Area or not.

(v.) If the movement is to be out of a Foot-and-Mouth Disease Infected Area in the District of another Local Authority, there must be first a Foot-and-Mouth Disease Movement Licence (Form GG) of that Local Authority granted either on such a certificate of a Veterinary Inspector as is described in that Movement Licence or, instead of that

certificate, if in any case the Local Authority think fit, on such a declaration (Form S) as is described in that Movement Licence, and, secondly, a Movement Licence of the Local Authority into whose District the animals are to be moved, indorsed on or referring to the first Movement Licence (subject nevertheless to the provisions of Chapter 8 as to agreements between Local Authorities respecting movement); which second Licence must be granted before the animals are moved into the District of the last-mentioned Local Authority.

(vi.) If the movement is to be out of the District of another Local Authority, but not out of a Foot-and-Mouth Disease Infected Area, the only Movement Licence required is a Foot-and-Mouth Disease Movement Licence (Form DD) of the Local Authority into whose District the animals are to be moved granted either on such a certificate of a Veterinary Inspector as is described in that Movement Licence or, instead of that certificate, if in any case the Local Authority think fit, on such a declaration (Form S) as is described in that Movement Licence, which Licence must be granted before the animals are moved into the District of that Local Authority.

(Regulation C.—Movement out.)

(vii.) Animals may be moved out of a Foot-and-Mouth Disease Infected Area with a Foot-and-Mouth Disease Movement Licence of the Local Authority (Form HH) granted either on such a certificate of a Veterinary Inspector as is described in that Movement Licence or, instead of that certificate, if in any case the Local Authority think fit, on such a declaration (Form S) as is described in that Movement Licence, the movement being wholly in the District of the same Local Authority.

(viii.) If the movement is to be into the District of another Local Authority, whether into a Foot-and-Mouth Disease Infected Area or not, there must also be a Movement Licence of that other Local Authority indorsed on or referring to the first-mentioned Licence (subject nevertheless to the provisions of Chapter 8 as to agreements between Local Authorities respecting movement); which second Licence must be granted before the animals are moved into the District of that other Local Authority.

Limitation on Provisions respecting Movement in connexion with Foot-and-Mouth Disease Infected Circle or Area.

30. Nothing in this Chapter respecting movement of animals or in any Regulation made by a Local Authority as to Infected Circles under this Chapter affects movement in a Foot-and-Mouth Disease Infected Area or Circle in any case unless the movement is intended to be, wholly or partly, along or across a highway or thoroughfare, or by railway, canal, river, or inland navigation.

Exception of Railways from Foot-and-Mouth Disease Infected Circle or Area.

31. Where a Foot-and-Mouth Disease Infected Circle has been constituted under this Chapter, or the Privy Council have declared a Foot-and-Mouth Disease Infected Area, there shall be deemed to be excepted from that Circle or Area the lines of railway within that Circle or Area, so far as those lines are used or required for the transit of animals through that Circle or Area, without untrucking, and nothing in any Regulation of a Local Authority respecting movement of animals in or into or out of such Circle or in any Order of the Privy Council declaring such Area shall be deemed to interfere with that transit.

Regulations of Local Authority as to Hides, &c.

32.—(1.) A Local Authority may, from time to time, make such Regulations as they think fit for the following purposes :

For requiring the disinfection of any hide, hoof, offal, or other part of a carcase found in a slaughter-house or other place in any case where a Veterinary Inspector shall have certified in writing that such hide, hoof, offal, or other part has formed part of an animal that was, when slaughtered, affected with foot-and-mouth disease, and that in his opinion such hide, hoof, offal, or other part is likely to spread foot-and-mouth disease.

For prescribing the mode in which such disinfection is to be effected.

(2.) The expenses incurred in carrying into effect the provisions of any Regulation made under this Article shall be defrayed by the Local Authority.

Disinfection for Foot-and-Mouth Disease.

33. A Local Authority shall at their own expense—

(i.) Cause the cow-shed or other place in which an animal affected with foot-and-mouth disease has been kept while so affected, or has died or been slaughtered, to be cleansed and disinfected as follows :

(a.) The cow-shed or other place shall be swept out, and all litter, dung, or other thing that has been in contact with, or used about any such animal, shall be effectually removed therefrom : then

(b.) The floor of the cow-shed or other place and all other parts thereof with which the animal or its droppings or any discharge from the mouth or nostrils of the animal has come in contact shall be, as far as practicable, thoroughly washed or scrubbed or scoured with water : then

(c.) The same parts of the cow-shed or other place shall be washed over with limewash.

(ii.) Cause the litter, dung, or other thing that has been removed from the cow-shed or other place to be forthwith disinfected, burnt, or destroyed.

(iii.) Except that where any place as aforesaid is not capable of being so cleansed and disinfected, it shall be sufficient if such place be cleansed and disinfected as far as practicable.

CHAPTER 4.—SHEEP-POX.

Duty of Police on Notice of Sheep-Pox.

34. The constable to whom notice of the fact of a sheep being affected with sheep-pox, or with disease supposed to be sheep-pox, is given, under Section thirty-one of the Act of 1878, shall forthwith give information thereof to an Inspector of the Local Authority, who shall forthwith report the same to the Local Authority.

Optional Notice of Disease or Illness.

35. Any person having in his possession or under his charge a sheep affected with sheep-pox, or with any illness, or suspected of being so affected, besides giving such notice to a constable as he is required by Section thirty-one of the Act of 1878 to give, may, if he thinks fit, give notice of the fact of the sheep being so affected, or suspected, to the Inspector of the Local Authority.

Duty of Inspector to act immediately.

36. An Inspector of a Local Authority on receiving in any manner whatsoever information of the supposed existence of sheep-pox, or having reason-

able ground to suspect the existence of sheep-pox, shall proceed with all practicable speed to the place where such sheep-pox, according to the information received by him, exists, or is suspected to exist, and shall there and elsewhere put in force and discharge the powers and duties by or under the Act of 1878, and any Order of Council, conferred and imposed on him as Inspector.

Declaration of Sheep-Pox Infected Place.

37.—(1.) Where it appears to an Inspector of a Local Authority that sheep-pox exists, or has within ten days existed, in a shed, field, or other place, he shall forthwith make and sign a declaration thereof.

(2.) He shall serve a notice, signed by him, of the declaration on the occupier of that shed, field, or other place.

(3.) Thereupon that shed, field, or other place shall become and be a Sheep-Pox Infected Place, subject to the determination and declaration of the Local Authority.

(4.) The Inspector shall, with all practicable speed, inform the Local Authority and the Privy Council of his declaration and notice, and shall send his declaration and a copy of his notice to the Local Authority.

(5.) The Local Authority shall forthwith on receipt of that information inquire into the correctness of the Inspector's declaration, with the assistance and advice of a Veterinary Inspector, or of a person qualified according to the Act of 1878 to be such.

(6.) If the Local Authority are satisfied of the correctness of the Inspector's declaration as regards the existence or past existence of disease, they shall by order determine and declare accordingly, and prescribe the limits of the Sheep-Pox Infected Place, and may, if they think fit, include within those limits any lands or buildings adjoining or near to the shed, field, or other place to which the Inspector's declaration relates.

(7.) The Local Authority may include in a Sheep-Pox Infected Place any adjoining part of the District of another Local Authority, with the previous consent in writing of that Authority, but not otherwise.

(8.) If the Local Authority are not satisfied of the correctness of the Inspector's declaration as regards the existence or past existence of the disease, they shall by order determine and declare accordingly; and thereupon, as from the time specified in that behalf in their order, the shed, field, or other place to which the Inspector's declaration relates shall cease to be a Sheep-Pox Infected Place.

(9.) The Local Authority shall forthwith report to the Privy Council the declaration of the Inspector, and the proceedings of the Local Authority thereon.

Declaration of Freedom from Sheep-Pox by Local Authority.

38. Where a Local Authority have declared a Sheep-Pox Infected Place, they may, if they think fit, at any time after the expiration of twenty-eight days from the date of the cessation therein of that disease, but not sooner, declare by order that Place to be free from sheep-pox.

Rules for Sheep-Pox Infected Place.

39. The following Rules shall have effect in relation to a shed, field, or other place which has become a Sheep-Pox Infected Place (namely):

(1.) No sheep shall be moved alive out of a Sheep-Pox Infected Place.

(2.) A carcase of a sheep may be taken out of a Sheep-Pox Infected Place as follows, and not otherwise:

(i.) With a certificate of an Inspector of the Local Authority certifying that the carcase to be taken out is not the carcase of a

sheep that was infected with sheep-pox, the carcase in that case being first skinned ; or

(ii.) With a Licence of an Inspector of the Local Authority permitting the carcase to be taken out for the purpose of being buried or destroyed ; in which latter case the following Regulations shall apply :

(a.) The Licence shall be available for twelve hours, and no longer.

(b.) The Licence shall specify the place to which the carcase is to be taken for burial or destruction, and it shall not be taken to any other place.

(c.) The carcase shall be taken to the place specified in the Licence under the direction and in charge of an Inspector or other officer of the Local Authority ; and he shall enforce and superintend the immediate burial or destruction there of the carcase, and shall forthwith report to the Local Authority the fact of the burial or destruction there.

(d.) If the carcase is to be taken into the District of another Local Authority, there shall also be requisite a Licence of that other Local Authority indorsed on or referring to the first-mentioned Licence.

(e.) The carcase so taken into the District of that other Local Authority shall be taken to the place specified in the Licence under the direction and in charge of an Inspector or other officer of the Local Authority out of whose District it is taken ; and he shall enforce and superintend the immediate burial or destruction there of the carcase, and shall forthwith report to both the Local Authorities the fact of the burial or destruction there.

(3.) No skin, or fleece, or wool, separate from the rest of the carcase, of a sheep shall be taken out of a Sheep-Pox Infected Place, except with a certificate of a Veterinary Inspector certifying that that skin, fleece, or wool has been disinfected to his satisfaction.

(4.) No sheep shall be moved into a shed, field, or other place where sheep-pox has existed, unless and until an Inspector of the Local Authority has certified that all the sheep in that shed, field, or other place have died or been slaughtered, and that the shed or other place has been, as far as practicable, cleansed and disinfected.

Slaughter in Sheep-Pox.

40.—(1.) A Local Authority shall cause all sheep affected with sheep-pox to be slaughtered within two days after the existence of the disease is known to them.

(2.) A Local Authority may, if they think fit, cause any sheep being or having been in the same shed, or flock, or in contact with a sheep affected with sheep-pox to be slaughtered.

(3.) The Local Authority shall, out of the local rate, pay compensation as follows for sheep slaughtered under this Article :

(a.) Where the sheep slaughtered was affected with sheep-pox, the compensation shall be one half of its value immediately before it became so affected, but so that the compensation do not in any such case exceed forty shillings.

(b.) In every other case the compensation shall be the value of the sheep immediately before it was slaughtered, but so that the compensation do not in any case exceed four pounds.

Disinfection for Sheep-Pox.

41. A Local Authority shall at their own expense cause the shed, or other place in which a sheep affected with sheep-pox has been kept while so affected, or has died or been slaughtered, to be, as far as practicable, cleansed and disinfected, and all litter, dung, or other thing that has been in contact with or used about any such sheep to be disinfected, burnt, or destroyed, or otherwise dealt with in accordance with instructions from time to time given by the Privy Council.

Declaration of Sheep-Pox Infected Place or Area by Privy Council.

42. Nothing in this Order shall be deemed to take away or abridge the power of the Privy Council, by Special Order :

(a.) To declare any shed, field, or other place, with or without any lands or buildings adjoining or near to that shed, field, or other place, to be a Sheep-Pox Infected Place : or

(b.) To extend the limits of a Sheep-Pox Infected Place : or

(c.) To declare any Place that has been declared either by a Local Authority or by the Privy Council to be a Sheep-Pox Infected Place, to be free from Sheep-Pox : or

(d.) To declare any Area wherein a Sheep-Pox Infected Place is situate to be a Sheep-Pox Infected Area, and to extend the limits of such an Area : or

(e.) To declare any Area that has been declared by the Privy Council to be a Sheep-Pox Infected Area, or some particular portion thereof, when there is not within that Area, or that portion thereof, any Sheep-Pox Infected Place, to be free from sheep-pox.

CHAPTER 5.—SHEEP-SCAB.

Duty of Police on Notice of Sheep-Scab.

43. The constable to whom notice of the fact of a sheep being affected with sheep-scab, or with disease supposed to be sheep-scab, is given, under Section thirty-one of the Act of 1878, shall forthwith give information thereof to an Inspector of the Local Authority, who shall forthwith report the same to the Local Authority.

Optional Notice of Disease or Illness.

44. Any person having in his possession or under his charge a sheep affected with sheep-scab, or with any illness, or suspected of being so affected, besides giving such notice to a constable as he is required by Section thirty-one of the Act of 1878 to give, may, if he thinks fit, give notice of the fact of the sheep being so affected, or suspected, to the Inspector of the Local Authority.

Duty of Inspector to act immediately.

45. An Inspector of a Local Authority on receiving in any manner whatsoever information of the supposed existence of sheep-scab, or having reasonable ground to suspect the existence of sheep-scab, shall proceed with all practicable speed to the place where such sheep-scab, according to the information received by him, exists, or is suspected to exist, and shall there and elsewhere put in force and discharge the powers and duties by or under the Act of 1878, and any Order of Council, conferred and imposed on him as Inspector.

Treatment for Sheep-Scab.

46. A person having in his possession or under his charge a sheep affected with sheep-scab, shall treat that sheep, or cause it to be treated, with some dressing or dipping or other remedy for sheep-scab.

Regulations of Local Authority as to Sheep-Scab.

47. A Local Authority may, from time to time, make Regulations for the following purposes, or any of them:

(1.) For prohibiting or regulating the movement out of any field, shed, or other place of sheep affected with sheep-scab:

(2.) For prohibiting or regulating the movement out of any field, shed, or other place in which sheep-scab exists of sheep that have been in contact with or in the same field, shed, or other place with sheep affected with sheep-scab:

(3.) For prohibiting or regulating the taking out of any field, shed, or other place of the skin, fleece, or wool, separate from the rest of the carcase, of a sheep affected with or suspected of sheep-scab, or of any fodder, litter, or other thing that has been in contact with or used for or about sheep affected with or suspected of sheep-scab;

but nothing in any such Regulation shall authorize movement in contravention of Article 84 or Article 87 or other provision of this Order; and a Regulation under paragraph (2.) of this Article shall operate so long only as sheep-scab exists in the judgment of the Local Authority in any field, shed, or other place to which the Regulation refers, and until the same has been, as far as practicable, cleansed and disinfected.

Monthly Returns as to Sheep-Scab.

48. Where an Inspector of a Local Authority finds in his District sheep-scab, he shall forthwith make a return thereof to the Local Authority and to the Privy Council, on a form provided by the Privy Council, with all particulars therein required, and shall continue to so make a return thereof on the last day of every month, except where the last day is Sunday, and then on the last day but one, until the disease has ceased.

CHAPTER 6.—GLANDERS AND FARCY.

Extension of Act of 1878.

49. Horses, asses, and mules shall be animals, and glanders and farcy shall be diseases, for the purposes of the following Sections of the Act of 1878 (namely):

- Section twenty-nine (slaughter),
- Section thirty-one (notice of disease),
- Section thirty-two (Orders of Council),
- Section fifty (powers of police),
- Section fifty-one (powers of Inspectors),
- Section fifty-two (detention of vessels),
- Section fifty-three (carcases washed ashore),

and of all other Sections of the Act containing provisions relative to or consequent on the provisions of those Sections, including such Sections as provide for offences and procedure.

Duty of Police on Notice of Glanders or Farcy.

50. The constable to whom notice of the fact of a horse, ass, or mule being affected with glanders or farcy, or with disease supposed to be glanders or farcy, is given, under Section thirty-one of the Act of 1878, as extended by the last preceding Article, shall forthwith give information thereof to an Inspector of the Local Authority, who shall forthwith report the same to the Local Authority.

Optional Notice of Disease or Illness.

51. Any person having in his possession or under his charge a horse, ass, or mule affected with glanders or farcy, or with any illness, or suspected of being so affected, besides giving such notice to a constable as he is required by Section thirty-one of the Act of 1878 to give, may, if he thinks fit, give notice of the fact of the horse, ass, or mule, being so affected, or suspected, to the Inspector of the Local Authority.

Duty of Inspector to act immediately.

52. An Inspector of a Local Authority on receiving in any manner whatsoever information of the supposed existence of glanders or farcy, or having reasonable ground to suspect the existence of glanders or farcy, shall proceed with all practicable speed to the place where such glanders or farcy, according to the information received by him, exists, or is suspected to exist, and shall there and elsewhere put in force and discharge the powers and duties by or under the Act of 1878, and any Order of Council, conferred and imposed on him as Inspector.

Public Warning as to Existence of Glanders or Farcy.

53.—(1.) The Local Authority may, if they think fit, from time to time, give public warning by placards, advertisement, or otherwise, of the existence of glanders or farcy in any stable, building, field, or other place, with or without any particular description thereof, as they think fit, and may continue to do so during the existence of the disease, and, in case of a stable, building or other like place, until the same has been cleansed and disinfected.

(2.) It shall not be lawful for any person (without authority or excuse) to remove or deface any such placard.

Regulations of Local Authority as to Glanders or Farcy.

54. A Local Authority may, from time to time, make Regulations for the following purposes, or any of them :

(1.) For prohibiting or regulating the movement out of any stable, building, field, or other place of a horse, ass, or mule affected with glanders or farcy ;

(2.) For prohibiting or regulating the movement out of any stable, building, field, or other place in which glanders or farcy exists of a horse, ass, or mule that has been in contact with or in the same stable, building, field, or other place with a horse, ass, or mule affected with glanders or farcy ;

(3.) For regulating the taking out of any stable, building, field, or other place of any fodder, litter, or other thing that has been in contact with or used for or about a horse, ass, or mule affected with or suspected of glanders or farcy ;

but nothing in any such Regulation shall authorize movement in contravention of Article 84 or Article 87 or other provision of this Order ; and a Regulation under paragraph (2) of this Article shall operate so long only as glanders or farcy exists in the judgment of the Local Authority in any stable, building, field, or other place to which the Regulation refers, and, in case of a stable, building, or other like place, until the same has been cleansed and disinfected.

Slaughter in Glanders.

55.—(1.) Where a person, having a horse, ass, or mule in his possession or under his charge gives notice to a constable that the horse, ass, or mule is affected with glanders, or a person is convicted of an offence against the Act

of 1878 by reason of his having failed to give such a notice in respect of any horse, ass, or mule, then, if at any time thereafter it appears to the Local Authority, on a special report of a Veterinary Inspector or Veterinary Surgeon, that the horse, ass, or mule is affected with glanders, and the horse, ass, or mule is alive at the end of the fourteen days after the receipt by the Local Authority of that special report, the Local Authority may, if they think fit, within seven days thereafter serve on the owner of the horse, ass, or mule a notice in writing requiring him to slaughter it, or to permit them to slaughter it, within a reasonable time specified in the notice.

(2.) If in any case the owner fails to comply with the requisition of the notice of the Local Authority, he shall be deemed guilty of an offence against the Act of 1878, unless he shows to the satisfaction of the court of summary jurisdiction before which he is charged that the horse, ass, or mule is not affected with glanders, or that the slaughter thereof is for any reason unnecessary or inexpedient.

(3.) The provisions of this Article may be put in force, from time to time, as often as occasion requires, in relation to the same horse, ass, or mule on a further special report as aforesaid.

Exemption of Army Department and Veterinary College.

56. Nothing in this Order applies to horses, asses, or mules kept in stables of military barracks or camps under the care and supervision of the Army Veterinary Medical Department, or to horses, asses, or mules kept in stables of any Veterinary College affiliated to the Royal College of Veterinary Surgeons.

CHAPTER 7.—SWINE-FEVER.

Extension of Act of 1878.

57. Swine-fever, that is to say, the disease called or known as typhoid fever of swine, soldier, purples, red disease, hog cholera, or swine plague, shall be a disease for the purposes of the following Sections of the Act of 1878 (namely):

Section twenty-seven (disease during transit),
 Section twenty-eight (infected places and areas),
 Sections twenty-nine and thirty (slaughter and compensation),
 Section thirty-one (notice of disease),
 Section thirty-two (Orders of Council),
 Section fifty (powers of police),
 Section fifty-one (powers of inspectors),
 Section fifty-four (exclusion of strangers),

and of all other Sections of the Act containing provisions relative to or consequent on the provisions of those Sections, including such Sections as provide for offences and procedure.

Duty of Police on Notice of Swine-Fever.

58. The constable to whom notice of the fact of a pig being affected with swine-fever, or with disease supposed to be swine-fever, is given, under Section thirty-one of the Act of 1878, as extended by the last preceding Article, shall forthwith give information thereof to an Inspector of the Local Authority, who shall forthwith report the same to the Local Authority.

Optional Notice of Disease or Illness.

59. Any person having in his possession or under his charge a pig affected with swine-fever, or with any illness, or suspected of being so affected, besides giving such notice to a constable as is required by Section thirty-one of the Act of 1878, to give, may, if he thinks fit, give notice of the fact of the pig being so affected, or suspected, to the Inspector of the Local Authority.

Duty of Inspector to act immediately.

60. An Inspector of a Local Authority on receiving in any manner whatsoever information of the supposed existence of swine-fever, or having reasonable ground to suspect the existence of swine-fever, shall proceed with all practicable speed to the place where such swine-fever, according to the information received by him, exists, or is suspected to exist, and shall there and elsewhere put in force and discharge the powers and duties by or under the Act of 1878, and any Order of Council, conferred and imposed on him as Inspector.

Declaration of Swine-Fever Infected Place.

61.—(1.) Where it appears to an Inspector of a Local Authority that swine-fever exists, or has within ten days existed, in a pig-sty, shed, or other place, he shall forthwith make and sign a declaration thereof.

(2.) He shall serve a notice, signed by him, of the declaration on the occupier of that pig-sty, shed, or other place.

(3.) Thereupon that pig-sty, shed, or other place shall become and be a Swine-Fever Infected Place, subject to the determination and declaration of the Local Authority.

(4.) The Inspector shall, with all practicable speed, inform the Local Authority of his declaration and notice, and shall send his declaration and a copy of his notice to the Local Authority.

(5.) The Local Authority shall forthwith on receipt of that information inquire into the correctness of the Inspector's declaration, with the assistance and advice of a Veterinary Inspector, or of a person qualified according to the Act of 1878 to be such.

(6.) If the Local Authority are satisfied of the correctness of the Inspector's declaration as regards the existence or past existence of disease, they shall by order determine and declare accordingly, and prescribe the limits of the Swine-Fever Infected Place, and may, if they think fit, include within those limits any lands or buildings adjoining or near to the pig-sty, shed, or other place to which the Inspector's declaration relates.

(7.) The Local Authority may include in a Swine-Fever Infected Place any adjoining part of the District of another Local Authority, with the previous consent in writing of that Authority, but not otherwise.

(8.) If the Local Authority are not satisfied of the correctness of the Inspector's declaration as regards the existence or past existence of disease, they shall by order determine and declare accordingly; and thereupon, as from the time specified in that behalf in their order, the pig-sty, shed, or other place to which the Inspector's declaration relates shall cease to be a Swine-Fever Infected Place.

(9.) The Local Authority shall forthwith report to the Privy Council the declaration of the Inspector, and the proceedings of the Local Authority thereon.

Slaughter in Swine-Fever.

62.—(1.) A Local Authority shall cause all swine affected with swine-fever to be slaughtered within two days after the existence of the disease is known to them.

(2.) A Local Authority may, if they think fit, cause any swine being or having been in the same pig-sty or shed, or in contact with swine affected with swine-fever, to be slaughtered.

(3.) The Local Authority shall, out of the local rate, pay compensation as follows for swine slaughtered under this Article :

(a.) Where the pig slaughtered was affected with swine-fever, the compensation shall be one-half of its value immediately before it became so affected, but so that the compensation do not in any such case exceed forty shillings.

(b.) In every other case the compensation shall be the value of the pig immediately before it was slaughtered, but so that the compensation do not in any such case exceed four pounds.

Declaration of Freedom from Swine-Fever by Local Authority.

63.—(1.) Where a Local Authority have declared a Swine-Fever Infected Place, they may, if they think fit, at any time after the expiration of twenty-eight days from the date of the cessation therein of that disease, but not sooner, declare by order that Place to be free from swine-fever : Provided that such declaration shall not be made unless and until each pig-sty, shed, or other place in that Swine-Fever Infected Place in which a pig affected with swine-fever has been kept while so affected, or has died or been slaughtered, has been cleansed and disinfected as follows :

(a.) The pig-sty, shed, or other place has been swept out and all litter, dung, or other thing that has been in contact with, or used about any such pig, has been effectually removed therefrom : and

(b.) The floor of the pig-sty, shed, or other place and all other parts thereof with which the pig or its droppings has come in contact, has been as far as practicable, thoroughly washed or scrubbed or scoured with water : and

(c.) The same parts of the pig-sty, shed, or other place have been washed over with lime-wash.

(2.) The litter, dung, or other thing that has been removed from the pig-sty, shed, or other place has been disinfected, burnt, or destroyed.

(3.) Except that where any place as aforesaid is not capable of being so cleansed and disinfected, it shall be sufficient if such place has been cleansed and disinfected as far as practicable.

(4.) The expenses incurred in carrying into effect the requirements of this Article as regards cleansing and disinfection shall be defrayed by the Local Authority.

Movement of Swine in Swine-Fever Infected Place.

64. Nothing in this Chapter restricts movement of swine in a Swine-Fever Infected Place.

Movement of Swine into Swine-Fever Infected Place.

65. No pig shall be moved into a Swine-Fever Infected Place.

Movement of Swine out of Swine-Fever Infected Place.

66. No pig shall be moved out of a Swine-Fever Infected Place otherwise than in accordance with the provisions of this Article (that is to say) :

(i.) Swine not affected with swine-fever may be moved out of a Swine-Fever Infected Place to a specified slaughter-house for the purpose of being there forthwith slaughtered.

(ii.) For the movement to the specified slaughter-house as aforesaid there must be a Swine-fever Movement Licence of the Local Authority

(Form MM) granted on such a certificate of a Veterinary Inspector as is described in that Movement Licence.

(iii.) If the movement to the specified slaughter-house is wholly in the District of the same Local Authority, the swine so moved shall be moved to the specified slaughter-house under the direction and in charge of an Inspector or other officer of the Local Authority; and he shall enforce and superintend the immediate slaughter there of the swine, and shall forthwith report to the Local Authority the fact of the slaughter there.

(iv.) If the movement to the specified slaughter-house is to be into the District of another Local Authority, there must also be a Movement Licence of that other Local Authority indorsed on or referring to the first-mentioned Licence; which second Licence must be granted before the swine are moved into the District of that other Local Authority.

(v.) The swine so moved into the District of that other Local Authority shall be moved to the specified slaughter-house under the direction and in charge of an Inspector or other officer of the Local Authority out of whose District they are moved; and he shall enforce and superintend the immediate slaughter there of the swine, and shall forthwith report to both the Local Authorities the fact of the slaughter there.

Removal of Carcases out of Swine-Fever Infected Place.

67. No carcase of a pig shall be taken out of a Swine-Fever Infected Place otherwise than in accordance with the provisions of this Article (that is to say):

A carcase of a pig may be taken out of a Swine-Fever Infected Place on the following conditions (namely):

(i.) With a certificate of a Veterinary Inspector certifying that the carcase to be taken out is not the carcase of a pig that was affected with swine-fever; or

(ii.) With a Licence of a Veterinary Inspector permitting the carcase to be taken out for the purpose of being buried or destroyed; in which latter case the following Regulations shall apply:

(a.) The Licence shall be available for twelve hours, and no longer.

(b.) The Licence shall specify the place to which the carcase is to be taken for burial or destruction, and it shall not be taken to any other place.

(c.) If the removal to the specified place is wholly in the District of the same Local Authority, the carcase so taken shall be taken to the specified place under the direction and in charge of an Inspector or other officer of the Local Authority; and he shall enforce and superintend the immediate burial or destruction there of the carcase, and shall forthwith report to the Local Authority the fact of the burial or destruction there.

(d.) If the movement to the specified place is to be into the District of another Local Authority, there must also be a Licence of that other Local Authority indorsed on or referring to the first-mentioned Licence; which second Licence must be granted before the carcase is taken into the District of that other Local Authority.

(e.) The carcase so taken into the District of that other Local Authority shall be taken to the specified place under the direction and in charge of an Inspector or other officer of the Local Authority out of whose District it is taken; and he shall enforce and superintend the immediate burial or destruction there of the carcase, and shall forthwith report to both the Local Authorities the fact of the burial or destruction there.

Public and Private Sales in Swine-Fever Infected Area.

68.—(1.) No public or private sale of a pig or swine, fat or store, shall be held in a Swine-Fever Infected Area, otherwise than in accordance with the following Regulations (that is to say) :

(Regulation A.—Public Sale of Fat Swine by Licence of Local Authority.)

(2.) A public sale of fat swine may be held in a Swine-Fever Infected Area, with a Licence of the Local Authority, on the following conditions (namely) :

(i.) Every pig exposed at the public sale so licensed shall, after its arrival thereat, and before it is moved therefrom, be marked by and at the expense of the owner, consignee, or other person exposing it, as follows :

By the painting or stamping of the letter M, about six inches long, on the left side of the pig with the following composition, namely :—Rosin, five parts ; oil of turpentine, two parts ; and blue or red ochre, one part ; melted and used warm : or with some other adhesive composition of a blue or red colour.

(ii.) Every pig that is exposed at the public sale so licensed, whether it is sold thereat or not, shall either be slaughtered at the place where the sale is held, or be moved therefrom to a specified slaughter-house and be there slaughtered.

(iii.) Every pig that is exposed at the public sale so licensed, whether it is sold thereat or not, shall be slaughtered within six days after the day on which the sale is held.

(3.) For the movement to the specified slaughter-house as aforesaid there must be a Swine-Fever Movement Licence of the Local Authority (Form OO).

(4.) If the movement to the specified slaughter-house is to be into the District of another Local Authority, whether into a Swine-Fever Infected Area or not, there must also be a Movement Licence of that other Local Authority indorsed on or referring to the first-mentioned Licence (subject nevertheless to the provisions of Chapter 8 as to agreements of Local Authorities respecting movement) ; which second Licence must be granted before the pig is moved into the District of that other Local Authority.

(5.) A Licence of a Local Authority for a public sale of fat swine under this Article shall be signed by the clerk of the Local Authority, by special direction of the Local Authority, and shall give notice of the conditions contained in this Article by specifying the same as conditions on which the Licence is granted, and may impose such further conditions, if any, as the Local Authority think expedient, and shall be granted to the person entitled to hold the sale (as owner of a market, or as an auctioneer, or otherwise), and shall specify the place where the sale is to be held, and may authorise the holding of periodical sales on stated days for a time limited, not exceeding one month, but may be renewed from time to time, and shall be published in such manner as the Local Authority consider best fitted to insure publicity for the same.

(6.) If the Privy Council are of opinion, with respect to any Licence of a Local Authority for a public sale of fat swine under this Article, that the holding of the public sale thereby licensed is inexpedient, or that the Licence is objectionable in any particular, and direct the revocation thereof, the same shall thereupon cease to operate.

(Regulation B.—Public or Private Sale, Fat or Store, without Licence of Local Authority.)

(7.) A public or private sale of a pig or swine, fat or store, may be held in a Swine-Fever Infected Area, without a Licence of the Local Authority, in any case where the sale is held in accordance with the following conditions (namely):

(i.) That the sale is held on a farm or premises not in a Swine-Fever Infected Place:

(ii.) That no pig on the farm or premises is affected with swine-fever:

(iii.) That the pig or each pig exposed at the sale has been on the farm or premises not less than twenty-eight clear days immediately before the day on which the sale is held, without having been moved therefrom except under a Swine-Fever Occupation Movement Licence (in this Chapter provided for):

(iv.) That no pig exposed at the sale has been in contact with any pig brought on to the farm or premises within those twenty-eight days, except under such an Occupation Movement Licence.

(8.) A pig that has been exposed at a public or private sale under this Article may be moved from the farm or premises on which the sale is held with a Swine-Fever Movement Licence of the Local Authority (Form QQ) granted on such a declaration (Form LL) as is described in that Movement Licence, and in addition to that declaration either such a certificate of a Veterinary Inspector as is described in that Movement Licence, or, instead of that certificate, if in any case the Local Authority think fit, such a declaration (Form KK) as is described in that Movement Licence, but not otherwise.

(9.) If the movement is to be into the District of another Local Authority, whether into a Swine-Fever Infected Area or not, there must also be a Movement Licence of that other Local Authority indorsed on or referring to the first-mentioned Licence (subject nevertheless to the provisions of Chapter 8 as to agreements between Local Authorities respecting movement); which second Licence must be granted before the pig is moved into the District of that other Local Authority.

(Regulation C.—Sale by Licence of Privy Council.)

(10.) Without prejudice to the foregoing provisions of this Article and in addition thereto, a public or private sale of a pig or swine, fat or store, may be held in a Swine-Fever Infected Area in any circumstances, with a Licence of the Privy Council.

(Regulation D.—Attendance at Sales.)

(11.) A fit person or a sufficient number of fit persons shall be appointed by the Local Authority to attend at every public sale, being a market or fair, licensed under this Article, for the purpose of granting thereat on behalf of the Local Authority without fee or charge such Swine-Fever Movement Licences as are required under this Article.

(12.) A fit person appointed by the Local Authority may, if the Local Authority think fit, on the request of the person holding any public sale licensed under or authorized by this Article (other than a market or fair) or any private sale authorized by or licensed under this Article, attend thereat, and grant thereat on behalf of the Local Authority such Swine-Fever Movement Licences as are required under this Article.

Movement in or into or out of Swine-Fever Infected Area.

69. Except as authorized by paragraphs (3.) (4.) (8.) and (9.) of the last preceding Article, no pig shall be moved in or into or out of a Swine-Fever Infected Area otherwise than in accordance with the following Regulations (that is to say) :

(Regulation A.—Movement in.)

(i.) Swine may be moved in a Swine-Fever Infected Area with a Swine-Fever Movement Licence of the Local Authority (Form WW) granted either on such a certificate of a Veterinary Inspector as is described in that Movement Licence or, instead of that certificate, if in any case the Local Authority think fit, on such a declaration (Form KK) as is described in that Movement Licence, the movement being wholly in the District of the same Local Authority.

(ii.) If the movement is to be in the Districts of more Local Authorities than one, there must also be a Movement Licence of each of those Local Authorities (subject nevertheless to the provisions of Chapter 8 as to agreements of Local Authorities respecting movement) ; and every such second or subsequent Movement Licence must be indorsed on or refer to the first Movement Licence, and be granted before the swine are moved into the District of the Local Authority granting the second or subsequent Licence.

(iii.) Swine may be moved in a Swine-Fever Infected Area from one part of a farm or of farms in the same occupation to another part of that farm or of those farms, or from and to a farm or premises to and from a common or grazing-land or watering-place which the occupier of the farm or premises is entitled to use for the swine, with a Movement Licence of the Local Authority (Swine-Fever Occupation Movement Licence, Form SS) granted either on such a certificate of a Veterinary Inspector as is described in that Movement Licence or, instead of that certificate, if in any case the Local Authority think fit, on such a declaration (Form KK) as is described in that Occupation Movement Licence, the movement being wholly in the District of the same Local Authority ; and a Swine-Fever Occupation Movement Licence may authorize movement from time to time for fourteen days and no longer ; but a fresh like Licence may be granted from time to time on a fresh like certificate or declaration.

(Regulation B.—Movement into.)

(iv.) Swine may be moved into a Swine-Fever Infected Area with a Swine-Fever Movement Licence of the Local Authority (Form UU) granted either on such a certificate of a Veterinary Inspector as is described in that Movement Licence or, instead of that certificate, if in any case the Local Authority think fit, on such a declaration (Form KK) as is described in that Movement Licence, the movement being wholly in the District of the same Local Authority, whether out of a Swine-Fever Infected Area or not.

(v.) If the movement is to be out of a Swine-Fever Infected Area in the District of another Local Authority, there must be first a Swine-Fever Movement Licence (Form XX) of that Local Authority granted either on such a certificate of a Veterinary Inspector as is described in that Movement Licence or, instead of that certificate, if in any case the Local Authority think fit, on such a declaration (Form KK) as is described in that Movement Licence, and, secondly, a Movement Licence of the Local Authority into whose District the swine are to be moved, indorsed on or referring to the first Movement Licence (subject nevertheless to the provisions of Chapter 8 as to agreements of Local Authorities respecting movement) ; which second Licence must be granted before the swine are moved into the District of the last-mentioned Local Authority.

(vi.) If the movement is to be out of the District of another Local Authority, but not out of a Swine-Fever Infected Area, the only Movement Licence required is a Swine-Fever Movement Licence (Form UU) of the Local Authority into whose District the swine are to be moved granted either on such a certificate of a Veterinary Inspector as is described in that Movement Licence or, instead of that certificate, if in any case the Local Authority think fit, on such a declaration (Form KK) as is described in that Movement Licence, which Licence must be granted before the swine are moved into the District of that Local Authority.

(Regulation C.—Movement out.)

(vii.) Swine may be moved out of a Swine-Fever Infected Area with a Swine-Fever Movement Licence of the Local Authority (Form YY) granted either on such a certificate of a Veterinary Inspector as is described in that Movement Licence or, instead of that certificate, if in any case the Local Authority think fit, on such a declaration (Form KK) as is described in that Movement Licence, the movement being wholly in the District of the same Local Authority.

(viii.) If the movement is to be into the District of another Local Authority, whether into a Swine-Fever Infected Area or not, there must also be a Movement Licence of that other Local Authority indorsed on or referring to the first-mentioned Licence (subject nevertheless to the provisions of Chapter 8 as to agreements of Local Authorities respecting movement): which second Licence must be granted before the swine are moved into the District of that other Local Authority.

Limitation on Provisions respecting Movement in connexion with Swine-Fever Infected Area.

70. Nothing in this Chapter respecting movement of swine affects movement in a Swine-Fever Infected Area in any case unless the movement is intended to be, wholly or partly, along or across a highway or thoroughfare, or by railway, canal, river, or inland navigation.

Exception of Railways from Swine-Fever Infected Area.

71. Where the Privy Council have declared a Swine-Fever Infected Area, there shall be deemed to be excepted from that Area, the lines of railway within that Area, so far as those lines are used or required for the transit of swine through that Area, without untrucking, and nothing in any Order of the Privy Council declaring such Area shall be deemed to interfere with that transit.

Regulations of Local Authority as to Movement into their District from the District of another Local Authority.

72.—(1.) A Local Authority may, with the view of preventing the introduction of swine-fever into their District, make, from time to time, such Regulations as they think fit for prohibiting or regulating the movement by land or by water of swine into their District from the District of any other Local Authority.

(2.) No Regulation made by a Local Authority under this Article shall be deemed to apply to the movement of—

(a.) Swine into a Cattle-Plague Infected Place or a Foot-and-Mouth Disease Infected Place or Circle or Area or a Swine-Fever Infected Place or Area;

(b.) Swine affected with swine-fever; or

(c.) Swine by railway through the District of that Local Authority, without untrucking.

Declaration of Swine-Fever Infected Place or Area by Privy Council.

73. Nothing in this Order shall be deemed to take away or abridge the power of the Privy Council, by Special Order :

(a.) To declare any pig-sty, shed, or other place, with or without any lands or buildings adjoining or near to that pig-sty, shed, or other place, to be a Swine-Fever Infected Place : or

(b.) To extend the limits of a Swine-Fever Infected Place : or

(c.) To declare any Place that has been declared either by a Local Authority or by the Privy Council to be a Swine-Fever Infected Place, to be free from swine-fever : or

(d.) To declare any Area wherein a Swine-Fever Infected Place is situate to be a Swine-Fever Infected Area, and to extend the limits of such an Area : or

(e.) To declare any Area that has been declared by the Privy Council to be a Swine-Fever Infected Area, or some particular portion thereof, when there is not within that Area, or that portion thereof, any Swine-Fever Infected Place, to be free from swine-fever.

CHAPTER 8.—AGREEMENTS OF LOCAL AUTHORITIES RESPECTING MOVEMENT.

74.—(1.) With respect to the movement of animals under this Part from an Infected Area in the District of one Local Authority into the District of another Local Authority, whether into an Infected Area or not, those Local Authorities may, if they think fit, from time to time, notwithstanding anything in this Part, agree that movement from a public sale of fat animals licensed under this Part to a specified slaughter-house, or movement in any other case specified in the agreement, or movement in all cases, may be made without a Movement Licence of the secondly-mentioned Local Authority indorsed on or referring to the Movement Licence of the first-mentioned Local Authority.

(2.) Where an Infected Area comprises the whole or parts of the Districts of more Local Authorities than one, then, notwithstanding anything in this Part, those Local Authorities, or any two of them, may, if they think fit, from time to time, agree that animals may be moved out of the District of one of those Local Authorities agreeing into the District of another of those Local Authorities agreeing, without a Movement Licence of that other Local Authority.

(3.) Every agreement under this Article shall be expressed to be, and shall be deemed to constitute, a Licence for movement in each case to which it relates.

(4.) Where any such agreement is in operation the Movement Licence of the Local Authority out of whose District the movement is to be made (Form F, H, O, P, Q, X, Z, FF, GG, HH, OO, QQ, WW, XX, YY) may be modified accordingly.

(5.) Every such agreement shall be in writing signed by the respective clerks of the Local Authorities, by special direction of the respective Local Authorities, and may be at any time revoked by either of the Local Authorities parties thereto, and every such agreement or revocation shall be published in such manner as the respective Local Authorities consider best fitted to insure publicity for the same.

(6.) Notice in writing of every such agreement shall be given by the Local Authorities agreeing to every railway company having a railway in the District of either of those Local Authorities, and no railway company shall be bound to have regard to any agreement of which notice is not so given.

(7.) Notice of the revocation or determination of any such agreement shall be given in like manner to every such railway company; and every agreement of which notice is so given shall, as regards each railway company be treated as in force until notice of the revocation or determination thereof is so given.

(8.) If at any time the Privy Council are satisfied with respect to any such agreement that the same is objectionable in any particular, and direct the revocation thereof, the same shall thereupon cease to operate.

CHAPTER 9.—GENERAL REGULATIONS AS TO MOVEMENT LICENCES.

Forms of Movement Licence.

75. The Forms of Movement Licence are part of this Order, and shall be used as indicated in this Order, with such variations as circumstances require.

Granting of Movement Licences.

76.—(1.) A Local Authority may, if they think fit, withhold a Movement Licence in any case where the movement of the animals proposed to be moved would be in their judgment inexpedient or improper.

(2.) No Licence for movement of an animal granted under this Part shall be available if granted by the owner of the animal to be moved or by his agent, or by the owner or consignee or other person selling the animal, or exposing the animal for sale, or by the purchaser thereof or by his agent, or by the auctioneer or other person conducting the public or private sale at which the animal is exposed, or by the occupier of the farm or premises or slaughter-house from or to which the animal is to be moved.

Delivery of Certificates and Declarations.

77.—(1.) A Movement Licence granted under this Part is not available except when accompanied by the certificate or by the declarations or declaration, if any, on which it is granted.

(2.) The person granting such Movement Licence under this Part, shall, for the identification of each certificate or declaration produced to him, mark the same by signing his name thereon, with the date of the production thereof to him.

(3.) The person granting such Movement Licence shall deliver the certificate and the declarations or declaration produced to him, when so marked, with the Licence, to the person receiving the Licence from him.

Production of Licences; Names and Addresses.

78.—(1.) Every person in charge of animals being moved, where under this Part or under any Regulation of a Local Authority under this Part a Movement Licence may be necessary, shall, on demand of a Justice, or of a Constable, or of an Inspector or other officer of a Local Authority, produce and show to him the Movement Licence, if any, authorizing the movement, and shall allow it to be read and a copy of or extract from it to be taken by the person to whom it is produced.

(2.) Every person so in charge shall, on demand as aforesaid, give his name and address to the Justice, or Constable, or Inspector or other officer.

CHAPTER 10.—OFFENCES.

79.—(1.) If a public or private sale of an animal or animals, fat or store, is held in contravention of this Part, or of a Regulation made by a Local Authority under the provisions of this Part, or of the conditions of a Licence of a Local Authority or of the Privy Council thereunder, the person holding such sale, and the occupier of the place or farm or premises where the sale is

held, and the owner or consignee of each animal exposed thereat, and the person exposing the same thereat, and the auctioneer, if any, or other person conducting the sale, and the person, if any, taking entrance-money or other payment for admission thereto, and the purchaser thereof of any animal, such last-mentioned person or such purchaser knowing the sale to be held in contravention as aforesaid, shall, each according to and in respect of his own acts and defaults, be deemed guilty of an offence against the Act of 1878.

(2.) If an animal is not marked as required by this Part, or of a Regulation made by a Local Authority under the provisions of this Part, or of the conditions of a Licence of a Local Authority or of the Privy Council thereunder, the owner, consignee, or other person exposing the same, and the person for the time being in charge thereof, and the purchaser thereof, and the person holding the sale, and the auctioneer, if any, or other person conducting the sale, shall, each according to and in respect of his own acts and defaults, be deemed guilty of an offence against the Act of 1878.

(3.) If any person, with a view to unlawfully evade or defeat the operation of this Part, by clipping, or washing, or in any other manner, takes out, effaces, or obliterates, or attempts to take out, efface, or obliterate, any mark clipped, painted, or stamped on an animal, as required by this Part, or by a Regulation made by a Local Authority under the provisions of this Part, or of the conditions of a Licence of a Local Authority or of the Privy Council thereunder, the person doing the same, and the person causing, directing, or permitting the same to be done, and the owner of the animal, and the person for the time being in charge thereof, shall, each according to and in respect of his own acts and defaults, be deemed guilty of an offence against the Act of 1878.

(4.) If an animal is not slaughtered as required by this Part, or of a Regulation made by a Local Authority under the provisions of this Part, or of the conditions of a Licence of the Local Authority or of the Privy Council thereunder, the person failing to cause the same to be so slaughtered shall be deemed guilty of an offence against the Act of 1878.

(5.) If an animal is moved in contravention of this Part, or of a Regulation made by a Local Authority under the provisions of this Part, or of the conditions of a Movement Licence thereunder, the owner of the animal, and the person for the time being in charge thereof, and the person causing, directing, or permitting the movement, and the person moving or conveying the animal, and the owner and the charterer and the master of the vessel in which it is moved, and the consignee or other person receiving or keeping it, knowing it to have been moved in contravention as aforesaid, shall, each according to and in respect of his own acts and defaults, be deemed guilty of an offence against the Act of 1878.

(6.) If a person in charge of animals being moved, where under this Part, or under a Regulation made by a Local Authority under the provisions of this Part, a Movement Licence is necessary, on demand made under this Part, fails to give his true name and address, or gives a false name or address, he shall be deemed guilty of an offence against the Act of 1878.

CHAPTER 11. — PLEURO-PNEUMONIA OR FOOT-AND-MOUTH DISEASE OR SWINE-FEVER FOUND IN A MARKET, RAILWAY STATION, GRAZING-PARK, OR OTHER LIKE PLACE, OR DURING TRANSIT.

Special Provisions for these Cases.

80. By virtue of Section twenty-seven of the Act of 1878, where an animal is found to be affected with pleuro-pneumonia or foot-and-mouth disease or swine-fever--

(a.) While exposed for sale or exhibited in a market, fair, sale-yard, place of exhibition, or other place ; or

(b.) While placed in a lair or other place before exposure for sale ; or

(c.) While being in or on a landing-place or wharf or railway station or other place during transit; or

(d.) While in course of being moved by land or by water; or

(e.) While being on common or uninclosed land; or

(f.) While being in a cow-shed, field, yard, sty, farm, park, or other place wherein animals of different owners are taken in for shelter, or for rest, or for grazing, or for any other purpose; or

(g.) While being in any other place not in the possession or occupation or under the control of the owner of the animal;

Then the following Regulations shall apply in the several cases following (namely):

(Regulation A.—Pleuro-Pneumonia.)

(i.) Where pleuro-pneumonia is so found to exist, the Inspector of the Local Authority shall seize and detain all the cattle affected with that disease.

(ii.) The Local Authority shall cause the diseased cattle so seized to be slaughtered, and such cattle, if not slaughtered at the place where they are seized, shall be moved to the nearest available slaughter-house, for the purpose of being there forthwith slaughtered, with a Licence of the Inspector.

(iii.) The Licence shall be available for twelve hours, and no longer.

(iv.) The Licence shall specify the slaughter-house to which the cattle are to be moved for slaughter, and they shall not be moved to any other slaughter-house or place.

(v.) The cattle so moved shall be moved to the specified slaughter-house under the direction and in charge of an Inspector or other officer of the Local Authority; and he shall enforce and superintend the immediate slaughter there of the cattle, and shall forthwith report to the Local Authority the fact of the slaughter there.

(vi.) If the cattle are to be moved into the District of another Local Authority, there shall also be requisite a Licence of that other Local Authority indorsed on or referring to the first-mentioned Licence; which second Licence must be granted before the cattle are moved into the District of that other Local Authority.

(vii.) The cattle so moved into the District of that other Local Authority shall be moved to the specified slaughter-house under the direction and in charge of an Inspector or other officer of the Local Authority out of whose district they are moved; and he shall enforce and superintend the immediate slaughter there of the cattle, and shall forthwith report to both the Local Authorities the fact of the slaughter there.

(Regulation B.—Foot-and-Mouth Disease.)

(viii.) Where foot-and-mouth disease is so found to exist, the Inspector of the Local Authority shall seize and detain all the animals affected with that disease.

(ix.) The diseased animals so seized may be slaughtered by or at the request of the owner or person in charge thereof, either at the place where they are seized, or at the nearest available slaughter-house; in which latter case they may be moved for the purpose of being there slaughtered with a Licence of the Inspector; and that Licence shall be available for twelve hours, and no longer, and shall specify the slaughter-house to which the animals are to be moved for slaughter; or the diseased animals, if not slaughtered as aforesaid, shall be moved, in charge of an Inspector or other officer of the Local Authority, to some convenient and isolated place, and shall be there kept for such time as the Local Authority think expedient, subject, however, to their being there slaughtered at any time by or at the request of the owner or person in charge thereof.

(Regulation C.—Swine-Fever.)

(x.) Where swine-fever is so found to exist, the Inspector of the Local Authority shall seize and detain all the swine affected with that disease.

(xi.) The Local Authority shall cause the diseased swine so seized to be slaughtered, and such swine, if not slaughtered at the place where they are seized, shall be moved to the nearest available slaughter-house, for the purpose of being there forthwith slaughtered, with a Licence of the Inspector.

(xii.) The Licence shall be available for twelve hours, and no longer.

(xiii.) The Licence shall specify the slaughter-house to which the swine are to be moved for slaughter, and they shall not be moved to any other slaughter-house or place.

(xiv.) The swine so moved shall be moved to the specified slaughter-house under the direction and in charge of an Inspector or other officer of the Local Authority; and he shall enforce and superintend the immediate slaughter there of the swine, and shall forthwith report to the Local Authority the fact of the slaughter there.

(xv.) If the swine are to be moved into the District of another Local Authority, there shall also be requisite a Licence of that other Local Authority indorsed on or referring to the first-mentioned Licence; which second Licence must be granted before the swine are moved into the District of that other Local Authority.

(xvi.) The swine so moved into the District of that other Local Authority shall be moved to the specified slaughter-house under the direction and in charge of an Inspector or other officer of the Local Authority out of whose District they are moved; and he shall enforce and superintend the immediate slaughter there of the swine, and shall forthwith report to both the Local Authorities the fact of the slaughter there.

(Regulation D.—Animals not affected with Pleuro-Pneumonia or Foot-and-Mouth Disease or Swine-Fever.)

(xvii.) All animals being in or on the market, fair, sale-yard, place of exhibition, lair, landing-place, wharf, railway station, land, water, common, uninclosed land, cow-shed, field, yard, sty, farm, park, or other place aforesaid at the same time with an animal found to be affected with pleuro-pneumonia or foot-and-mouth disease or swine-fever, shall be dealt with in all respects as if pleuro-pneumonia or foot-and-mouth disease or swine-fever had not been found therein or thereon.

(Regulation E.—Declaration of Infected Place by Privy Council only.)

(xviii.) The market, fair, sale-yard, place of exhibition, lair, landing-place, wharf, railway station, land, water, common, uninclosed land, cow-shed, field, yard, sty, farm, park, or other place aforesaid, or any part thereof, in or on which any animal affected with pleuro-pneumonia or foot-and-mouth disease or swine-fever is found in any case in which this Article applies shall not by reason thereof be declared to be an Infected Place or part of an Infected Place except by the Privy Council.

(Regulation F.—Disinfection in these Cases.)

(xix.) In case of an animal being found to be affected with pleuro-pneumonia or foot-and-mouth disease or swine-fever in or on a market, fair, sale-yard, place of exhibition, lair, landing-place, wharf, railway station, land, water, common, uninclosed land, cow-shed, field, yard, sty, farm, park, or other place aforesaid, it shall not be lawful for the Market Authority or the owner or occupier of such other place or any person to again use or allow to be used that portion of the market or other place aforesaid where the diseased animal was found,—

(a.) For cattle where a head of cattle affected with pleuro-pneumonia is found,—

(b.) For animals where an animal affected with foot-and-mouth disease is found,—

(c.) For swine where a pig affected with swine-fever is found,—

unless and until a Veterinary Inspector has certified that that portion has been, as far as practicable, cleansed and disinfected.

Reports.

81. The Inspector of the Local Authority acting under this Chapter shall forthwith report to the Local Authority the proceedings taken by him thereunder, and the Local Authority shall forthwith report the same to the Privy Council.

Expenses.

82. The Local Authority may recover the expenses of the execution by them or by their Inspector or other officer of the provisions of this Chapter from the owner of the animals seised, or from the consignor or consignee thereof, who may recover the same from the owner by proceedings in any court of competent jurisdiction.

Exception as to Foreign Animals.

83. Nothing in this Chapter shall apply to a Foreign Animals Wharf or to a Foreign Animals Quarantine Station or to a Landing-Place for foreign animals.

CHAPTER 12.—EXPOSURE OR MOVEMENT OF DISEASED ANIMALS, HORSES, ASSES, AND MULES.

Prohibition.

84. It shall not be lawful for any person—

(a.) To expose a diseased or suspected animal, horse, ass, or mule in a market or fair, or in a sale-yard, or other public or private place where animals or horses are commonly exposed for sale.

(b.) To place a diseased or suspected animal, horse, ass, or mule in a lair or other place adjacent to or connected with a market or a fair, or where animals or horses are commonly placed before exposure for sale.

(c.) To send or carry, or cause to be sent or carried, a diseased or suspected animal, horse, ass, or mule on a railway, canal, river, or inland navigation, or in a coasting vessel.

(d.) To carry, lead, or drive, or cause to be carried, led, or driven, a diseased or suspected animal, horse, ass, or mule on a highway or thoroughfare.

(e.) To place or keep a diseased or suspected animal, horse, ass, or mule on common or uninclosed land, or in a field or place insufficiently fenced, or in a field adjoining a highway unless that field is so fenced or situate that animals therein cannot in any manner come in contact with animals passing along that highway or grazing on the sides thereof.

(f.) To graze a diseased or suspected animal, horse, ass, or mule on pasture being on the sides of a highway.

(g.) To allow a diseased or suspected animal, horse, ass, or mule to stray on a highway or thoroughfare or on the sides thereof or on common or uninclosed land, or in a field or place insufficiently fenced.

(h.) But this Article shall operate subject to Article 15 (b) and Article 80 Regulation A. B. and C. and Article 85 providing for or directing the movement of diseased animals in cases therein mentioned.

Proceedings in case of Contravention of last preceding Article.

85.—(1.) Where an animal, horse, ass, or mule is exposed or otherwise dealt with in contravention of the last preceding Article, the Inspector or other officer of the Local Authority appointed in that behalf shall seize and remove and detain it, and it shall be dealt with in accordance with the following Regulations (namely) :

(Regulation A.—Diseased Animals, Horses, Asses, or Mules.)

(i.) If affected with pleuro-pneumonia or foot-and-mouth disease the Local Authority shall cause the animal to be dealt with in accordance with the provisions of Chapter 11. ;

(ii.) If affected with sheep-pox the Local Authority shall cause the sheep to be slaughtered in accordance with the provisions of Article 40 ;

(iii.) If affected with sheep-scab the Local Authority shall cause the sheep, unless slaughtered, to be moved to some convenient and isolated place, and be there kept for such time as the Local Authority think expedient ;

(iv.) If affected with glanders or farcy the Local Authority shall cause the horse, ass, or mule to be forthwith slaughtered ; and, if not slaughtered at the place where it is seized, it may be moved under the direction and in charge of an Inspector or other officer of the Local Authority to the nearest available horse-slaughterer's or knacker's-yard to be there slaughtered ; and that Inspector or other officer shall enforce and superintend the immediate slaughter there of the horse, ass, or mule, and shall report to the Local Authority the fact of the slaughter there ; and

(v.) If affected with swine-fever the Local Authority shall cause the pig to be slaughtered in accordance with Article 62.

(Regulation B.—Suspected Animals, Horses, Asses, or Mules.)

(vi.) If suspected the animal, horse, ass, or mule so seized shall be dealt with as follows :

(vii.) The suspected animal, horse, ass, or mule so seized may be slaughtered by or at the request of the owner or person in charge thereof at the place where it is seized ; or

(viii.) The suspected animal, horse, ass, or mule so seized may be moved by or at the request of the owner or person in charge thereof with a Licence of the Inspector to the nearest available slaughter-house or horse-slaughterer's or knacker's-yard for the purpose of being there forthwith slaughtered ; in which latter case the following provisions shall apply :

(ix.) The Licence shall be available for twelve hours, and no longer.

(x.) The Licence shall specify the slaughter-house or horse-slaughterer's or knacker's-yard to which the suspected animal, horse, ass, or mule is to be moved for slaughter, and it shall not be moved to any other slaughter-house or horse-slaughterer's or knacker's-yard or place.

(xi.) The suspected animal, horse, ass, or mule so moved shall be moved to the specified slaughter-house or horse-slaughterer's or knacker's-yard under the direction and in charge of an Inspector or other officer of the Local Authority ; and he shall enforce and superintend the immediate slaughter there of the animal, horse, ass, or mule, and shall forthwith report to the Local Authority the fact of the slaughter there.

(xii.) If the movement is to be into the District of another Local Authority, there must also be a Licence of that other Local Authority indorsed on or referring to the first-mentioned Licence ; which second Licence must be granted before the animal, horse, ass, or mule is moved into the District of that other Local Authority.

(b.) For animals where an animal affected with foot-and-mouth disease is found,—

(c.) For swine where a pig affected with swine-fever is found,—
unless and until a Veterinary Inspector has certified that that portion has been, as far as practicable, cleansed and disinfected.

Reports.

81. The Inspector of the Local Authority acting under this Chapter shall forthwith report to the Local Authority the proceedings taken by him thereunder, and the Local Authority shall forthwith report the same to the Privy Council.

Expenses.

82. The Local Authority may recover the expenses of the execution by them or by their Inspector or other officer of the provisions of this Chapter from the owner of the animals seised, or from the consignor or consignee thereof, who may recover the same from the owner by proceedings in any court of competent jurisdiction.

Exception as to Foreign Animals.

83. Nothing in this Chapter shall apply to a Foreign Animals Wharf or to a Foreign Animals Quarantine Station or to a Landing-Place for foreign animals.

CHAPTER 12.—EXPOSURE OR MOVEMENT OF DISEASED ANIMALS, HORSES, ASSES, AND MULES.

Prohibition.

84. It shall not be lawful for any person—

(a.) To expose a diseased or suspected animal, horse, ass, or mule in a market or fair, or in a sale-yard, or other public or private place where animals or horses are commonly exposed for sale.

(b.) To place a diseased or suspected animal, horse, ass, or mule in a lair or other place adjacent to or connected with a market or a fair, or where animals or horses are commonly placed before exposure for sale.

(c.) To send or carry, or cause to be sent or carried, a diseased or suspected animal, horse, ass, or mule on a railway, canal, river, or inland navigation, or in a coasting vessel.

(d.) To carry, lead, or drive, or cause to be carried, led, or driven, a diseased or suspected animal, horse, ass, or mule on a highway or thoroughfare.

(e.) To place or keep a diseased or suspected animal, horse, ass, or mule on common or uninclosed land, or in a field or place insufficiently fenced, or in a field adjoining a highway unless that field is so fenced or situate that animals therein cannot in any manner come in contact with animals passing along that highway or grazing on the sides thereof.

(f.) To graze a diseased or suspected animal, horse, ass, or mule on pasture being on the sides of a highway.

(g.) To allow a diseased or suspected animal, horse, ass, or mule to stray on a highway or thoroughfare or on the sides thereof or on common or uninclosed land, or in a field or place insufficiently fenced.

(h.) But this Article shall operate subject to Article 15 (b) and Article 80 Regulation A. B. and C. and Article 85 providing for or directing the movement of diseased animals in cases therein mentioned.

Proceedings in case of Contravention of last preceding Article.

85.—(1.) Where an animal, horse, ass, or mule is exposed or otherwise dealt with in contravention of the last preceding Article, the Inspector or other officer of the Local Authority appointed in that behalf shall seize and remove and detain it, and it shall be dealt with in accordance with the following Regulations (namely) :

(Regulation A.—Diseased Animals, Horses, Asses, or Mules.)

(i.) If affected with pleuro-pneumonia or foot-and-mouth disease the Local Authority shall cause the animal to be dealt with in accordance with the provisions of Chapter 11. ;

(ii.) If affected with sheep-pox the Local Authority shall cause the sheep to be slaughtered in accordance with the provisions of Article 40 ;

(iii.) If affected with sheep-scab the Local Authority shall cause the sheep, unless slaughtered, to be moved to some convenient and isolated place, and be there kept for such time as the Local Authority think expedient ;

(iv.) If affected with glanders or farcy the Local Authority shall cause the horse, ass, or mule to be forthwith slaughtered ; and, if not slaughtered at the place where it is seized, it may be moved under the direction and in charge of an Inspector or other officer of the Local Authority to the nearest available horse-slaughterer's or knacker's-yard to be there slaughtered ; and that Inspector or other officer shall enforce and superintend the immediate slaughter there of the horse, ass, or mule, and shall report to the Local Authority the fact of the slaughter there ; and

(v.) If affected with swine-fever the Local Authority shall cause the pig to be slaughtered in accordance with Article 62.

(Regulation B.—Suspected Animals, Horses, Asses, or Mules.)

(vi.) If suspected the animal, horse, ass, or mule so seized shall be dealt with as follows :

(vii.) The suspected animal, horse, ass, or mule so seized may be slaughtered by or at the request of the owner or person in charge thereof at the place where it is seized ; or

(viii.) The suspected animal, horse, ass, or mule so seized may be moved by or at the request of the owner or person in charge thereof with a Licence of the Inspector to the nearest available slaughter-house or horse-slaughterer's or knacker's-yard for the purpose of being there forthwith slaughtered ; in which latter case the following provisions shall apply :

(ix.) The Licence shall be available for twelve hours, and no longer.

(x.) The Licence shall specify the slaughter-house or horse-slaughterer's or knacker's-yard to which the suspected animal, horse, ass, or mule is to be moved for slaughter, and it shall not be moved to any other slaughter-house or horse-slaughterer's or knacker's-yard or place.

(xi.) The suspected animal, horse, ass, or mule so moved shall be moved to the specified slaughter-house or horse-slaughterer's or knacker's-yard under the direction and in charge of an Inspector or other officer of the Local Authority ; and he shall enforce and superintend the immediate slaughter there of the animal, horse, ass, or mule, and shall forthwith report to the Local Authority the fact of the slaughter there.

(xii.) If the movement is to be into the District of another Local Authority, there must also be a Licence of that other Local Authority indorsed on or referring to the first-mentioned Licence ; which second Licence must be granted before the animal, horse, ass, or mule is moved into the District of that other Local Authority.

(xiii.) The suspected animal, horse, ass, or mule so moved into the District of that other Local Authority shall be moved to the specified slaughter-house or horse-slaughterer's or knacker's yard under the direction and in charge of an Inspector or other officer of the Local Authority out of whose District it is moved; and he shall enforce and superintend the immediate slaughter there of the animal, horse, ass, or mule, and shall forthwith report to both the Local Authorities the fact of the slaughter there; or

(xiv.) The suspected animal, horse, ass, or mule, if not slaughtered as aforesaid, shall be moved, in charge of an Inspector or other officer of the Local Authority, to some convenient and isolated place, and shall be there kept for such time as the Local Authority think expedient, subject, however, to the animal, horse, ass, or mule being there slaughtered at any time by or at the request of the owner or person in charge thereof.

(xv.) If the suspected animal, horse, ass, or mule so seized, moved and detained but not slaughtered as aforesaid proves, while in such isolated place, to be affected with disease, it shall be dealt with in the same manner and be subject to the same provisions in all respects as if it had been so affected at the time when it was seized and detained by such Inspector or other officer.

(Regulation C.—Disinfection in these Cases.)

(2.) In case of a diseased animal, horse, ass, or mule being seized in accordance with the provisions of this Article, it shall not be lawful for the Market Authority or the owner or occupier of such other place or any person to again use or allow to be used that portion of the market or other place where the diseased animal, horse, ass, or mule was found,—

(a.) For animals where an animal affected with cattle-plague or foot-and-mouth disease is found;

(b.) For cattle where a head of cattle affected with pleuro-pneumonia is found;

(c.) For sheep where a sheep affected with sheep-pox or sheep-scab is found;

(d.) For horses, asses, or mules where a horse, ass, or mule affected with glanders or farcy is found;

(e.) For swine where a pig affected with swine-fever is found;

unless and until a Veterinary Inspector has certified that that portion has been, as far as practicable, cleansed and disinfected.

Expenses.

86. The Local Authority may recover the expenses of the execution by them or by their Inspector or other officer of the provisions of this Chapter from the owner of the animal, horse, ass, or mule seized, or from the consignor or consignee thereof, who may recover the same from the owner by proceedings in any court of competent jurisdiction.

CHAPTER 13.—REMOVAL OF DUNG OR OTHER THINGS.

87. It shall not be lawful for any person to send or carry, or cause to be sent or carried, on a railway, canal, river, or inland navigation, or in a coasting vessel, or on a highway or thoroughfare, any dung, fodder, or litter that has been in a Pleuro-Pneumonia or a Foot-and-Mouth Disease or a Sheep-Pox or a Swine-Fever Infected Place, or that has been in any place in contact with or used about a diseased animal, horse, ass, or mule, except with a Licence of the Local Authority for the District in which such place is situate, on a certificate of an Inspector certifying that the thing moved has been, as far as practicable, disinfected.

CHAPTER 14.—CARCASSES.

Disposal.

- 88.—(1.) The carcase of every animal, horse, ass, or mule—
- (a.) That has died of pleuro-pneumonia, foot-and-mouth disease, sheep-pox, sheep-scab, glanders, farcy, or swine-fever; or
 - (b.) That has been slaughtered in consequence of being affected with sheep-pox, glanders, farcy, or swine-fever;
- shall be disposed of by the Local Authority as follows:
- (i.) Either the Local Authority shall cause the carcase to be buried as soon as possible in its skin in some proper place, and to be covered with a sufficient quantity of quicklime or other disinfectant, and with not less than six feet of earth.
 - (ii.) Or the Local Authority may, if authorized by Licence from the Privy Council, cause the carcase to be destroyed, under the inspection of the Local Authority, in the mode following: The carcase shall be disinfected, and shall then be taken, in charge of an officer of the Local Authority, to a horse-slaughterer's or knacker's-yard approved for the purpose by the Privy Council, or other place so approved, and shall be there destroyed by exposure to a high temperature, or by chemical agents.
- (2.) With a view to the execution of the foregoing provision of this Article respecting burial, the Local Authority may, from time to time, make such Regulations as they think fit for prohibiting or regulating the removal of any carcase or for securing the burial of the same.
- (3.) In every case of destruction the Local Authority shall forthwith report to the Privy Council the fact and mode of destruction.
- (4.) Where, under this Article, a Local Authority cause a carcase to be buried or destroyed, they shall first cause its skin to be so slashed as to be useless.
- (5.) A Local Authority may cause or allow a carcase to be taken into the District of another Local Authority to be buried or destroyed, with the previous consent of that Local Authority or with a Licence in that behalf of the Privy Council, but not otherwise.

Digging up.

89. It shall not be lawful for any person, except with the Licence of the Privy Council, to dig up, or cause to be dug up, the carcase of any animal, horse, ass, or mule that has been buried.

CHAPTER 15.—SLAUGHTER-HOUSES.

Declaration of Infected Place by Privy Council only.

90. Notwithstanding anything in the Act of 1878, or any Order of Council, a slaughter-house in which an animal affected with disease or the carcase of a diseased animal is found, shall not, by reason thereof, be declared to be an Infected Place, except by the Privy Council.

Keeping of Swine in Slaughter-Houses.

91. It shall not be lawful for any person, in any case in which the slaughter of any animal is authorized or required by or under the Act of 1878, or any Order of Council, to use for such slaughter any slaughter-house in which swine are kept.

CHAPTER 16.—REGULATION BY LOCAL AUTHORITIES OF MARKETS, FAIRS, AND OTHER PLACES.

92. A Local Authority, if authorized by the Privy Council to put in operation this Article, but not otherwise may, from time to time, prohibit or regulate the exposure or sale of animals, or of any particular kind thereof specified by the Privy Council, or of horses, asses, or mules, in or at a market, fair, auction, sale-yard, sale, or exhibition.

PART III.

DISINFECTION.

CHAPTER 17.—WATER TRAFFIC.

Vessels.

93.—(1.) A vessel used for carrying animals by sea, or on a canal, river, or inland navigation, shall, after the landing of animals therefrom, and before the taking on board of any other animal or other cargo, be cleansed and disinfected as follows :

(i.) All parts of the vessel with which animals or their droppings have come in contact shall be scraped and swept : then

(ii.) The same parts of the vessel shall be thoroughly washed or scrubbed or scoured with water : then

(iii.) The same parts of the vessel shall have applied to them a coating of lime-wash : except that

(iv.) The application of lime-wash shall not be compulsory as regards such parts of the vessel as are used for passengers or crew.

(2.) The scrapings and sweepings of the vessel shall not be landed unless and until they have been well mixed with quicklime.

(3.) Except that in the case of a ferry-boat or other vessel which makes short and frequent passages across a river or an arm of the sea or other water it shall be sufficient if the ferry-boat or vessel be cleansed and disinfected once in every period of twelve hours within which it is so used.

Fodder and Litter.

94. All partly consumed or broken fodder that has been supplied to, and all litter that has been used for or about, animals carried by sea, or on a canal, river, or inland navigation, shall, when landed from the vessel, be forthwith well mixed with quicklime and be effectually removed from contact with animals.

Moveable Gangways and other Apparatus.

95.—(1.) A moveable gangway or passage-way, cage, or other apparatus, used or intended for the loading or unloading of animals on or from a vessel, or otherwise used in connexion with the transit of animals by sea, or on a canal, river, or inland navigation, shall, as soon as practicable after being so used, be cleansed as follows :

(i.) The gangway or apparatus shall be scraped and swept, and all dung, litter and other matter shall be effectually removed therefrom : then

(ii.) The gangway or apparatus shall be thoroughly washed or scrubbed or scoured with water.

(2.) The scrapings and sweepings of the gangway or apparatus, and all dung, litter, and other matter removed therefrom shall forthwith be well mixed with quicklime, and be effectually removed from contact with animals.

Provisions as to Vessels carrying Foreign Animals.

96. Nothing in this Chapter shall apply to a vessel used for carrying foreign animals, or to fodder or litter landed from a vessel bringing foreign animals, or to moveable gangways or other apparatus used or intended for the loading or unloading of foreign animals (provision for which is made by The Foreign Animals Order of 1884).

CHAPTER 18.—RAILWAY TRAFFIC.

Horse-Boxes.

97.—(1.) A horse-box used for horses, asses, or mules on a railway shall, on every occasion after a horse, ass, or mule is taken out of it, and before any other horse, ass, or mule, or any animal is placed therein, be cleansed as follows :

(i.) The floor of the horse-box, and all other parts thereof with which the droppings of horses, asses, or mules have come in contact shall be scraped and swept, and the scrapings and sweepings, and all dung, sawdust, fodder, litter, and other matter, shall be effectually removed therefrom ; and

(ii.) The sides of the horse-box and all other parts thereof with which the head or any discharge from the mouth or nostrils of a horse, ass, or mule has come in contact shall be thoroughly washed with water by means of a sponge, brush, or other instrument.

(2.) The scrapings and sweepings of the horse-box, and all dung, sawdust, fodder, litter, and other matter removed therefrom, shall forthwith be well mixed with quicklime.

Horse-Boxes, Guards' Vans, and other Vehicles.

98.—(1.) A horse-box or a guard's van, or other railway vehicle (not being a railway truck) if used for animals on a railway shall, on every occasion after an animal is taken out of it, and before any other animal, or any horse, ass, or mule is placed in it, be cleansed and disinfected as follows :

(i.) If the animal is accompanied by a declaration in writing of the owner or consignee or his agent to the effect that it is intended for exhibition or other special purpose therein stated, and has not, to the best of his knowledge and belief, been exposed to the infection of disease, the vehicle shall be cleansed as follows :

(a.) The floor of the vehicle, and all other parts thereof with which the droppings of the animal have come in contact, shall be scraped and swept, and the scrapings and sweepings, and all dung, sawdust, fodder, litter, and other matter shall be effectually removed therefrom : and

(b.) The sides of the vehicle, and all other parts thereof with which the head or any discharge from the mouth or nostrils of the animal has come in contact shall be thoroughly washed with water by means of a sponge, brush, or other instrument : but

(ii.) If the animal is not accompanied by such a declaration, the vehicle shall be cleansed and disinfected as follows :

(c.) The floor of the vehicle, and all other parts thereof with which the droppings of the animal have come in contact, shall be scraped and swept, and the scrapings and sweepings, and all dung, sawdust, fodder, litter, and other matter shall be effectually removed from the vehicle : then

(d.) The same parts of the vehicle shall be thoroughly washed or scrubbed or scoured with water : then

(e.) The same parts of the vehicle shall have applied to them a coating of lime-wash.

(2.) The scrapings and sweepings of the vehicle, and all dung, sawdust, fodder, litter, and other matter removed therefrom shall forthwith be well mixed with quicklime, and be effectually removed from contact with animals.

Trucks.

99.—(1.) A railway truck, if used for animals on a railway, shall, on every occasion after an animal is taken out of it, and before any other animal, or any horse, ass, or mule, or any fodder, or litter, or anything intended to be used for or about animals, is placed in it, be cleansed and disinfected as follows :

(i.) The floor of the truck, and all other parts thereof with which animals or their droppings have come in contact shall be scraped and swept, and the scrapings and sweepings, and all dung, sawdust, litter, and other matter shall be effectually removed therefrom : then

(ii.) The same parts of the truck shall be thoroughly washed or scrubbed or scoured with water : then

(iii.) The same parts of the truck shall have applied to them a coating of lime-wash.

(2.) The scrapings and sweepings of the truck, and all dung, sawdust, litter, and other matter removed therefrom shall forthwith be well mixed with quicklime, and be effectually removed from contact with animals.

Vans.

100.—(1.) A van, if used for containing animals, horses, asses, or mules while carried on a railway, shall, on every occasion after a diseased or suspected animal, horse, ass, or mule is taken out of it, and as soon as practicable, and before any other animal, horse, ass, or mule is placed in it, be cleansed and disinfected as follows :

(i.) The floor of the van, and all other parts thereof with which animals, horses, asses, or mules, or their droppings have come in contact shall be scraped and swept, and the scrapings and sweepings, and all dung, sawdust, litter and other matter shall be effectually removed therefrom : and

(ii.) The same parts of the van shall be thoroughly washed or scrubbed or scoured with water : then

(iii.) The same parts of the van shall have applied to them a coating of lime-wash.

(2.) The scrapings and sweepings of the van, and all dung, sawdust, litter, and other matter removed therefrom shall forthwith be well mixed with quicklime, and be effectually removed from contact with animals.

Moveable Gangways and other Apparatus.

101.—(1.) A moveable gangway or passage-way, cage, or other apparatus, used or intended for the loading or unloading of animals on or from a railway truck, or other railway vehicle, or otherwise used in connexion with the transit of animals on a railway, shall, as soon as practicable after being so used, be cleansed as follows :

(i.) The gangway or apparatus shall be scraped and swept, and all dung, litter, and other matter shall be effectually removed therefrom : then

(ii.) The gangway or apparatus shall be thoroughly washed or scrubbed or scoured with water.

(2.) The scrapings and sweepings of the gangway or apparatus, and all dung, litter, and other matter removed therefrom shall forthwith be well mixed with quicklime, and be effectually removed from contact with animals.

Pens.

102.—(1.) Every pen or other place being in, about, near, or on a station, building, or land of a railway company, and used or intended to be used by or by permission of a railway company, or otherwise, for the reception or

keeping of animals before, after, or in course of their transit by railway, shall be cleansed and disinfected, either on each day on which it is used and after it has been used, or at some time not later than twelve o'clock at noon of the next following day, unless the following day is Sunday, and then of the Monday following, and in either case before it is again used.

(2.) Every such pen or other place shall be cleansed and disinfected as follows:

(i.) All parts of the pen or other place with which animals or their droppings have come in contact shall be scraped and swept, and the scrapings and sweepings, and all dung, sawdust, litter, and other matter shall be effectually removed therefrom: then

(ii.) The same parts of the pen or other place shall be thoroughly washed or scrubbed or scoured with water: then

(iii.) The same parts of the pen or other place shall have applied to them a coating of lime-wash.

(3.) The scrapings and sweepings of the pen or other place, and all dung, sawdust, litter, and other matter removed therefrom shall forthwith be well mixed with quicklime, and be effectually removed from contact with animals.

CHAPTER 19.—ROAD TRAFFIC.

Vans.

103.—(1.) A van, when used for moving animals, horses, asses, or mules by road, shall, on every occasion after a diseased or suspected animal, horse, ass, or mule is taken out of it, and as soon as practicable, and before any other animal, horse, ass, or mule is placed in it, be cleansed and disinfected as follows:

(i.) The floor of the van and all other parts thereof with which animals, horses, asses, or mules, or their droppings have come in contact shall be scraped and swept, and the scrapings and sweepings, and all dung, sawdust, litter, and other matter shall be effectually removed therefrom: then

(ii.) The same parts of the van shall be thoroughly washed or scrubbed or scoured with water; then

(iii.) The same parts of the van shall have applied to them a coating of lime-wash.

CHAPTER 20.—LANDING-PLACES.

104.—(1.) Where an animal at a place of landing or place adjacent thereto is affected with disease, that place and every other place where the animal is or since landing has been shall not be used for any animals other than animals brought thereto with that animal (in the same vessel or otherwise) unless and until the place has been, as far as practicable, cleansed and disinfected.

(2.) Nothing in this Chapter shall apply to a Foreign Animals Wharf or to a Foreign Animals Quarantine Station or to a Landing-Place for foreign animals.

CHAPTER 21.—MISCELLANEOUS.

Regulations of Local Authorities.

105.—(1.) A Local Authority may, from time to time, make such Regulations as they think fit for providing for the cleansing and disinfection of places used by diseased animals, and may prescribe the mode in which such cleansing and such disinfection are to be effected.

(2.) The expenses incurred in carrying into effect the provisions of any Regulation made under this Article shall be defrayed by the Local Authority.

Obligation on Occupiers.

106. Where the power of causing a place to be cleansed and disinfected is exercised by a Local Authority or an Inspector of the Privy Council the occupier of the place shall give all reasonable facilities for that purpose.

Substitution in existing Local Orders.

107. For the explanation and amendment of certain Orders of Council having a local operation only, the following provisions shall have effect :

(i.) In the concluding paragraphs of the following Orders (providing for the movement of cattle affected with pleuro-pneumonia out of Pleuro-Pneumonia Infected Places for slaughter), namely :

- (a.) 5 October 1878.—Metropolis.
- (b.) 5 October 1878.—Edinburgh.
- (c.) 25 October 1878.—Glasgow.
- (d.) 12 November 1878.—Leith.
- (e.) 17 December 1878.—Edinburghshire.
- (f.) 11 February 1880.—Paisley.

Article 103 of this Order shall be deemed to be referred to (as providing for the manner in which floats or cattle-vans are to be cleansed and disinfected) instead of Article 8 of The Cleansing and Disinfection Order of 1878, in Orders (a.), (b.), (c.), (d.), and (e.), and Article 70 of The Animals Order in Order (f.).

(ii.) In Article 1 of the following Order, namely :

25 October 1883.—Swine-Fever ; Experimental Treatment.

Article 62 of this Order shall be deemed to be referred to instead of Article 44 (*Slaughter in Swine-Fever*) of The Animals Order, and in Article 2 of the first-mentioned Order Article 66 of this Order shall be deemed to be referred to instead of Articles 9 and 10 of The Swine-Fever Order of 1882.

CHAPTER 22.—OFFENCES.

108. If anything is done or omitted to be done in contravention of any of the foregoing provisions of this Part, the owner and the charterer and the master of the vessel in or in respect of which,—and the owner of the gang-way or passage-way, cage, or other apparatus in respect of which,—and the railway company carrying animals, horses, asses, or mules on or owning or working the railway on which,—and the owner and the lessee and the occupier of the pen or other place in which,—and the person using the van in which,—and the owner and the lessee and the occupier of the place of landing or place adjacent thereto or other place in which,—and the owner and the lessee and the occupier of any other place or thing in respect of which (as the case may be), the same is done or omitted, shall each according to and in respect of his or their own acts or omissions, be deemed guilty of an offence against the Act of 1878.

CHAPTER 23.—MARKETS, FAIRS, SALE-YARDS, PLACES OF EXHIBITION, LAIRS, AND OTHER PLACES.

Regulations of Local Authorities.

109.—(1.) A Local Authority may, from time to time, make such Regulations as they think fit for the following purposes, or any of them :

For requiring the owners, lessees, or occupiers of markets, fairs, sale-yards, places of exhibition, lairs, or other places used for animals to cleanse those places, from time to time, at their own expense :

For requiring the owners, lessees, or occupiers of those places to disinfect the same, or any specified part thereof, from time to time, at their own expense, where in the judgment of the Local Authority, the circum-

stances are such as to allow of such disinfection being reasonably required ;

For prescribing the mode in which such cleansing and such disinfection are to be effected.

(2.) If the owner, lessee, or occupier of any such place does any act in contravention of any such Regulations, or fails in any respect to observe the same, then, without prejudice to any other liability consequent thereon, it shall not be lawful for him or any other person at any time thereafter, without permission in writing of the Local Authority, to hold a market, fair, sale, or exhibition of animals in that place, or to use that lair or place for animals ; and the holding therein of any market, fair, sale, or exhibition of animals, or the use of that lair or place for animals, shall be and the same is hereby prohibited accordingly.

PART IV.

TRANSIT.

CHAPTER 24.—TRANSIT BY WATER.

Fittings of Vessels.

110.—(1.) Every place used for animals on board a vessel shall be divided into pens by substantial divisions.

(2.) Each pen shall not exceed nine feet in breadth, or fifteen feet in length.

(3.) The floor of each pen shall, in order to prevent slipping, be strewn with a proper quantity of litter or sand or other proper substance, or be fitted with battens or other proper foot-holds.

(4.) Every such place, if inclosed, shall be ventilated by means of separate inlet and outlet openings, of such size and position as will secure a proper supply of air to the place in all states of weather.

Overcrowding.

111. A vessel bringing animals to any port or place in England or Wales or Scotland from any port or place in the United Kingdom shall not be overcrowded so as to cause unnecessary suffering to the animals on board.

Shorn Sheep.

112. Between each first day of November and the next following thirtieth day of April (both days inclusive) shorn sheep shall not be carried on the deck of a vessel, except where they were last shorn more than sixty days before being so carried.

Gangways for Sheep-Pens.

113. Where sheep are carried on the deck of a vessel, proper gangways shall be provided either between or above the pens in which they are carried.

Detention.

114. Animals landed from a vessel shall, on a certificate of an Inspector of the Privy Council, certifying to the effect that the provisions of this Chapter, or some or one of them, have not or has not been observed in the vessel, be detained, at the place of landing, or in lairs adjacent thereto, until the Privy Council otherwise direct.

CHAPTER 25.—SHIPPING AND UNSHIPPING PLACES.

Water.

115. At every place where animals are put on board of or landed from vessels, provision shall be made, to the satisfaction of the Privy Council, for a supply of water for animals; and water shall be supplied there, gratuitously, on request of any person having charge of any animal.

Food.

116. At every place where animals are landed from vessels, provision shall be made, to the satisfaction of the Privy Council, for the speedy and convenient unshipment of animals, and for a supply of food for them; and food shall be supplied there, on request of any person having charge of any animal, at such price as the Privy Council from time to time approve.

CHAPTER 26.—TRANSIT BY RAILWAY.

Trucks, Horse-Boxes, or other Vehicles.

117. Every railway truck, horse-box, or other railway vehicle, used for carrying animals, horses, asses, or mules on a railway, shall be provided at each end with two spring buffers, and the floor thereof shall, in order to prevent slipping, be strewn with a proper quantity of litter or sand or other proper substance, or be fitted with battens or other proper foot-holds.

Overcrowding.

118. A railway company shall not allow any railway truck, horse-box, or other vehicle used for carrying animals, horses, asses, or mules on the railway to be overcrowded so as to cause unnecessary suffering to the animals, horses, asses, or mules therein.

Shorn Sheep.

119. Between each first day of November and the next following thirtieth day of April (both days inclusive) every railway truck or other railway vehicle carrying sheep shorn and unclothed shall be covered and inclosed so as to protect the sheep from the weather, without obstruction to ventilation; except that this Article shall not apply to sheep last shorn more than sixty days before being so carried.

CHAPTER 27.—OFFENCES.

120. If anything is done or omitted to be done in contravention of any of the foregoing provisions of this Part, the owner and the charterer and the master of the vessel in which,—and the owner and the lessee and the occupier of the place where animals are put on board of or landed from vessels at which,—and the railway company carrying animals on or owning or working the railway on which,—and also, in case of the overcrowding of a vessel, or of a railway truck, horse-box, or other vehicle on a railway, or of the carrying on a railway of sheep shorn and unclothed, the consignor of the animals in respect of which (as the case may be),—the same is done or omitted, shall, each according to and in respect of his or their own acts or omissions, be deemed guilty of an offence against the Act of 1878.

CHAPTER 28.—WATER SUPPLY ON RAILWAYS.

121. The railway companies working the railways named in the Third Schedule shall make a provision of water, to the satisfaction of the Privy Council, at each of the stations therein named for animals, carried or about to be or having been carried on those railways.

PART V.

GENERAL.

CHAPTER 29.—INSPECTORS AND FORMS.

Exceptional Qualification of Veterinary Inspector.

122.—(1.) The following is hereby approved as the qualification of a veterinary practitioner (not being a member of the Royal College of Veterinary Surgeons, or, in Scotland, not holding the Veterinary Certificate of the Highland and Agricultural Society of Scotland), to be a Veterinary Inspector of a Local Authority in England or Wales or Scotland, namely,—that he is registered as an Existing Practitioner under Section 15 of The Veterinary Surgeons Act, 1881.

(2.) Nothing in this Article shall be deemed to affect any appointment made under Article 121 of The Animals Order previous to the tenth day of May, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-three.

Forms.

123.—(1.) The Forms for use by a Local Authority and by an Inspector given in the Schedules, with such variations as circumstances require, may be used for the purposes of the Act of 1878 and of this Order.

(2.) Forms given in any former Order of Council, which have been before the commencement of this Order prepared and are already printed for use by a Local Authority, may be used, as far as they are suitable, and with the requisite adaptations, for the purposes of this Order.

Weekly Returns to Privy Council.

124. Where an Inspector of a Local Authority finds in his District pleuropneumonia, foot-and-mouth disease, sheep-pox, glanders, farcy, or swine-fever, he shall forthwith make a return thereof to the Local Authority and to the Privy Council, on a form provided by the Privy Council, with all particulars therein required, and shall continue to so make a return thereof on the Saturday of every week until the disease has ceased.

Food and Water during Detention.

125. An Inspector, officer, or constable detaining an animal, horse, ass, or mule under the Act of 1878 or any Order of Council, shall cause it to be supplied with requisite food and water during its detention; and the expenses incurred by him in respect thereof may be recovered from the person having charge of the animal, horse, ass, or mule, or from its owner, by proceedings in any court of competent jurisdiction.

Notice to Privy Council as to Inspectors.

126. Whenever a Veterinary Inspector or an Inspector is appointed under Section forty-two of the Act of 1878, or there is any change in the name or address or District of a Veterinary Inspector or Inspector, the Local Authority shall forthwith report the same to the Privy Council.

CHAPTER 30.—MISCELLANEOUS.

Report to Privy Council of Declaration of Freedom from Disease.

127. A Local Authority declaring by order a place to be free from disease shall forthwith report to the Privy Council the fact of such declaration having been made.

Withholding of Compensation.

128. A Local Authority before determining, under paragraph (7.) of Section thirty of the Act of 1878, to withhold, either wholly or partially, compensation or other payment in respect of an animal slaughtered by their order, shall give to the owner of the animal an opportunity of making representations to them respecting the facts and circumstances of the case, and shall consider the same.

Ascertainment of Value for Compensation.

129.—(1.) Where, in England or Wales, an animal is slaughtered by order of a Local Authority, they shall within six days after the slaughter give to the owner of the animal notice in writing of the valuation thereof made by them.

(2.) If the owner does not within six days after the receipt of that notice give to the Local Authority, or their Inspector or other officer, a counter-notice in writing stating to the effect that he disputes the valuation made by the Local Authority, the compensation shall be paid on that valuation.

(3.) If the Local Authority fail to give such a notice, or if the owner gives such a counter-notice, as aforesaid, then the question of the value of the animal shall by virtue of this Order stand referred to the arbitration of a single arbitrator, who shall make his award ready for delivery within seven days after he is appointed; and the provisions of The Common Law Procedure Act, 1854, shall apply to the reference and arbitration.

(4.) If, on the arbitration, a higher valuation is awarded than the valuation made by the Local Authority, then the Local Authority shall be liable to and shall bear and pay all the expenses of the arbitration, and all costs of the owner reasonably and properly incident to the proceedings therein, and their own costs of those proceedings.

(5.) Otherwise, the Local Authority shall be liable to and shall bear and pay one half of the expenses of the arbitration, and their own costs of the proceedings therein, but no further expenses or costs.

(6.) All such expenses and costs paid by the Local Authority shall be part of their expenses under the Act of 1878.

Record of Slaughter.

130. Every Local Authority shall keep, in the form given in the Second Schedule, or a form to the like effect, a record relative to animals slaughtered by their order, stating the particulars indicated in the form given in that Schedule, with such variations as circumstances require.

Publication of Orders of Council by Local Authority.

131. Where an Order of Council is sent, under paragraph (4) of Section fifty-eight of the Act of 1878, by the Privy Council to a Local Authority for publication, the Order shall be published by that Local Authority either by advertisement in a newspaper circulating in the District of that Local Authority, or by means of handbills containing a copy of or a full abstract

from such Order of Council either distributed to persons affected by the Order or affixed to places where Local Notices are usually exhibited in the District of that Local Authority, or in such other manner as the Local Authority consider best fitted to insure publicity for the same.

Orders and Regulations of Local Authorities.

132. Every order or Regulation made by a Local Authority under any Order of Council shall be published by advertisement in a newspaper circulating in the District of the Local Authority, or in such other manner as the Local Authority consider best fitted to insure publicity for the same.

133. A Local Authority may, from time to time, by any order or Regulation revoke or alter any former order or Regulation made by them under the Act of 1878 or any Order of Council.

134. Every Local Authority shall forthwith send to the Privy Council a copy of every order or Regulation made by them.

135. If the Privy Council are satisfied on inquiry, with respect to any order or Regulation made by a Local Authority under the Act of 1878 or under any Order of Council, that the same is of too restrictive a character, or otherwise objectionable, and direct the revocation thereof, the same shall thereupon cease to operate.

136. Except as otherwise provided, all orders and Regulations made by a Local Authority under any former Order of Council and in force at the commencement of this Order shall, as far as the same are not varied by or inconsistent with this Order, remain in force until altered or revoked by the Local Authority.

Printed Documents and Forms.

137. Except where otherwise provided for in any Order of Council, a Local Authority shall provide and supply, without charge, printed copies of documents or forms requisite under the Act of 1878 or any Order of Council.

(signed) C. L. PEEL.

THE FIRST SCHEDULE.

FORMS.

I.—Form for Use by a Local Authority.

Report to Privy Council as to Proceedings of Local Authority on Outbreaks of Pleuro-Pneumonia, Foot-and-Mouth Disease, Sheep-Pox, and Swine-Fever.

THE CONTAGIOUS DISEASES (ANIMALS) ACT, 1878.

The Local Authority acting in and for the county [or borough, or burgh] of _____ have received from their Inspector a Declaration of disease, of which the following is a copy :—

[Here insert copy of Declaration.]

The Local Authority have inquired into the correctness of the Inspector's Declaration, with the assistance and advice of Mr. _____, a Veterinary Inspector [or person qualified according to the above Act to be a Veterinary Inspector], who has certified in accordance with Section 51 (5) of the Act, and they are satisfied of the correctness of the Inspector's Declaration, and have prescribed the limits of the Infected Place to be the _____ and in their opinion it is [not] expedient that an Infected Area comprising the Infected Place should be declared by the Privy Council, and that the limits of such Area should comprise _____. There is within the proposed Area a place used for the holding of a market [or fair, or exhibition, or sale of animals] at _____, and in the opinion of the Local Authority it is expedient that the holding in the proposed Area, while Infected, of a market [or fair, or exhibition, or sale of animals] should be prohibited or restricted by Order of Council.

Dated this _____ day of _____, 18 ____.

Clerk.

II.—Forms for Use by an Inspector.

(1.)

Declaration of Disease.

THE CONTAGIOUS DISEASES (ANIMALS) ACT, 1878.

I, A. B. of _____, the Inspector appointed by _____, being the Local Authority for the [county] of _____, hereby declare that I have this day found cattle-plague, [or pleuro-pneumonia, or foot-and-mouth disease, or sheep-pox, or swine-fever] to exist in the following cow-shed, field, [or shed, or pig-sty,] or other place (that is to say,) [here describe the place where the disease is found].

Dated this _____ day of _____, 18 ____.

(signed) A. B.

(2.)

Notice of Declaration (No. 1) to Occupier in Cattle-Plague.

THE CONTAGIOUS DISEASES (ANIMALS) ACT, 1878.

To C. D. of

I, A. B. of _____, the Inspector appointed by _____, being the Local Authority for the [county] of _____, hereby give you notice, as the occupier of the following cow-shed, field, or other place, (that is to say,) [here describe the place where the disease is found] that I have made a Declaration, a copy whereof is indorsed on this notice [copy of Declaration (No. 1) as filled up and signed to be indorsed], and that in consequence thereof the cow-shed, field, or other place aforesaid, with all lands and buildings contiguous thereto in your occupation, have become and are a Place infected with cattle-plague, and that the same will continue to be a Place so infected until the determination and declaration relative thereto of the Privy Council.

Dated this _____ day of _____, 18 .

(signed) A. B.

(3.)

Notice of Declaration (No. 1) to Occupier in Pleuro-Pneumonia.

THE CONTAGIOUS DISEASES (ANIMALS) ACT, 1878.

To C. D. of

I, A. B. of _____, the Inspector appointed by _____, being the Local Authority for the [county] of _____, hereby give you notice as the occupier of the following cow-shed, field, or other place (that is to say,) [here describe the place where the disease is found] that I have made a Declaration, a copy whereof is indorsed on this notice [copy of Declaration (No. 1) as filled up and signed to be indorsed], and that in consequence thereof the cow-shed, field, or other place aforesaid has become and is a Place infected with pleuro-pneumonia, and that the same will continue to be a Place so infected until the determination and declaration of the Local Authority.

Dated this _____ day of _____ 18 .

(signed) A. B.

(4.)

Notice of Declaration (No. 1) to Occupier in Foot-and-Mouth Disease.

THE CONTAGIOUS DISEASES (ANIMALS) ACT, 1878.

To C. D. of

I, A. B. of _____, the Inspector appointed by _____, being the Local Authority for the [county] of _____, hereby give you notice, as the occupier of the following cow-shed, field, or other place, (that is to say,) [here describe the place where the disease is found] that I have made a Declaration, a copy whereof is indorsed on this notice [copy of Declaration (No. 1) as filled up and signed to be indorsed], and that in consequence thereof the cow-shed, field, or other place aforesaid has become and is a Place infected with foot-and-mouth disease, and that the same will continue to be a Place so infected until the determination and declaration of the Local Authority.

Dated this _____ day of _____, 18 _____
(signed) A. B.

(5.)

Notice of Declaration (No. 1) to Occupier in Sheep-Pox.

THE CONTAGIOUS DISEASES (ANIMALS) ACT, 1878.

To C. D. of

I, A. B. of _____, the Inspector appointed by _____, being the Local Authority for the [county] of _____, hereby give you notice, as the occupier of the following shed, field, or other place, (that is to say,) [here describe the place where the disease is found] that I have made a Declaration, a copy whereof is indorsed on this notice [copy of Declaration (No. 1) as filled up and signed to be indorsed], and that in consequence thereof the shed, field, or other place aforesaid, has become and is a Place infected with sheep-pox, and that the same will continue to be a Place so infected until the determination and declaration of the Local Authority.

Dated this _____ day of _____, 18 _____
(signed) A. B.

(6.)

Notice of Declaration (No. 1) to Occupier in Swine-Fever.

THE CONTAGIOUS DISEASES ANIMALS ACT, 1878.

To C. D. of

I, A. B. of _____, the Inspector appointed by _____, being the Local Authority for the [county] of _____, hereby give you notice, as the occupier of the following pig-sty, shed, or other place, (that is to say,) [here describe the place where the disease is found] that I have made a Declaration, a copy whereof is indorsed on this notice [copy of Declaration (No. 1) as filled up and signed to be indorsed], and that in consequence thereof the pig-sty, shed, or other place aforesaid has become and is a Place infected with swine-fever, and that the same will continue to be a Place so infected until the determination and declaration of the Local Authority.

Dated this _____ day of _____, 18 _____
(signed) A. B.

(7.)

Notice of Declaration (No. 1) to Adjoining Occupiers in Cattle-Plague.

THE CONTAGIOUS DISEASES (ANIMALS) ACT, 1878.

To E. F. of

I, A. B. of _____, the Inspector appointed by _____, being the Local Authority for the [county] of _____, hereby give you notice that I have made a Declaration, a copy whereof is indorsed on this notice [*copy of Declaration (No. 1) as filled up and signed to be indorsed*], and that in consequence thereof the cow-shed, field, or other place therein described, with all lands and buildings contiguous thereto in the same occupation, have become and are a Place infected with cattle-plague, and the same will continue to be a Place so infected until the determination and declaration relative thereto of the Privy Council. And I hereby require you, as an occupier of lands and buildings, part [or the whole] whereof lies within one mile from that cow-shed, field, or other place, to take notice that in consequence of the Declaration aforesaid the rules of the said Act with respect to Places infected with cattle-plague will, until such determination and declaration of the Privy Council as aforesaid, apply and have effect to and in respect of the lands and buildings of which you are occupier as if the same were actually within the limits of the Place so infected.

Dated this _____ day of _____, 18 ____ .
(Signed) A. B.

(8.)

Notice of Declaration (No. 1) to Adjoining Occupiers of Contiguous Lands in Foot-and-Mouth Disease.

THE CONTAGIOUS DISEASES (ANIMALS) ACT, 1878.

To E. F. of

I, A. B. of _____, the Inspector appointed by _____, being the Local Authority for the [county] of _____, hereby give you notice that I have made a Declaration, a copy whereof is indorsed on this notice [*copy of Declaration (No. 1) as filled up and signed to be indorsed*], and that in consequence thereof the cow-shed, field, or other place therein described, has become and is a Place infected with foot-and-mouth disease, and the same will continue to be a Place so infected until the determination and declaration relative thereto of the Local Authority.

Dated this _____ day of _____, 18 ____ .
(Signed) A. B.

III.—*Movement Licence Forms in Connexion with Pleuro-Pneumonia Infected Places and Areas.*

FORM A.

(Art. 16 Regulation B (8), and Art. 17 Regulation A i. iii. Regulation B iv. v. vi. and Regulation C vii.)

Declaration of Owner of Cattle or his Agent.

THE CONTAGIOUS DISEASES (ANIMALS) ACT, 1878.

PLEURO-PNEUMONIA.

DECLARATION OF OWNER OR HIS AGENT.

I, *C. D.* of _____, in the county of _____, being the owner of the under-mentioned cattle [or *I, G. H.* of _____, in the county of _____, being the agent authorized in writing for this purpose by *C. D.* of _____, in the county of _____, the owner of the under-mentioned cattle], do hereby solemnly and sincerely declare that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, each of the cattle described below is not affected with pleuro-pneumonia and has not been exposed to the infection of pleuro-pneumonia.

Dated this _____ day of _____, 18 ____.

[To be signed] *C. D.*

Number and Description of Cattle above referred to.

Cattle [<i>Twenty Shorthorns or as the case may be.</i>]	[<i>20 or as the case may be.</i>]
--	--------------------------------------

(Number to be expressed both in words and in figures.)

Caution.—A person making a Declaration false in any material particular, or obtaining or endeavouring to obtain a Licence by means of a false pretence, is liable, under The Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878, to fine and imprisonment.

FORM B.

(Art. 16 Regulation B (8).)

Declaration of Occupier of Farm or Premises or his Agent.

THE CONTAGIOUS DISEASES (ANIMALS) ACT, 1878.

SALES IN PLEURO-PNEUMONIA INFECTED AREA.

DECLARATION OF OCCUPIER OF FARM OR PREMISES OR HIS AGENT.

I, *C. D.* being the occupier of [*or I, G. H. of* , in the county of , being the agent authorized in writing for this purpose, by *C. D.* the occupier of] the following farm or premises, (that is to say,) [*here describe the place where the Sale was held*] do hereby solemnly and sincerely declare that each of the cattle which are described below, and which were exposed for sale at a Sale held on the farm or premises aforesaid on the day of , 18 , has been on the farm or premises aforesaid not less than 56 clear days immediately before that day without having been moved therefrom except under a Pleuro-Pneumonia Occupation Movement Licence, and has not been in contact with any head of cattle brought on to the farm or premises aforesaid within those 56 days, except under such a Pleuro-Pneumonia Occupation Movement Licence, and that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, no head of cattle on the farm or premises aforesaid is affected with pleuro-pneumonia.

Dated this day of , 18 .

[To be signed] *C. D.*

Number and Description of Cattle above referred to.

Cattle [<i>Twenty Shorthorns or as the case may be.</i>]	[<i>20 or as the case may be.</i>]
--	--------------------------------------

(Number to be expressed both in words and in figures.)

Caution.—A person making a Declaration false in any material particular, or obtaining or endeavouring to obtain a Licence by means of a false pretence, is liable, under The Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878, to fine and imprisonment.

FORM C.

(Art. 15 Regulation A ii. and iv.)

Movement of Cattle out of a Pleuro-Pneumonia Infected Place to a Slaughter-House.

PLEURO-PNEUMONIA.

PLEURO-
PNEUMONIA
MOVEMENT
LICENCE.

No. .

[same as number of
Licence.]Licence granted on
the Certificate offor movement of cattle
out of Pleuro-Pneu-
monia Infected Place
atto the slaughter-house
at

in charge of

No. of Cattle

Description

(Signed)

(Dated)

This Licence is avail-
able for 12 hours from
o'clock this day.This counterfoil is
to be retained by the
person granting the
Licence.

THE CONTAGIOUS DISEASES (ANIMALS) ACT, 1878.

PLEURO-PNEUMONIA.

PLEURO-PNEUMONIA MOVEMENT LICENCE OUT
OF PLEURO-PNEUMONIA INFECTED PLACE TO
SLAUGHTER-HOUSE.

No. .

I, J. K. of , being a member of the Local Authority of the [county] of , [or being a person appointed by the Local Authority of the [county] of to grant Pleuro-Pneumonia Movement Licences for the movement of Cattle out of Pleuro-Pneumonia Infected Places,] the accompanying certificate of a Veterinary Inspector having been produced to me certifying that each of the under-mentioned cattle is not affected with pleuro-pneumonia, hereby license the movement out of the under-mentioned Pleuro-Pneumonia Infected Place of those cattle to the under-mentioned slaughter-house for the purpose of being there forthwith slaughtered.

The cattle moved hereunder must be moved to the under-mentioned slaughter-house under the direction and in charge of an Inspector or other officer of the Local Authority out of whose District they are moved, who must enforce and superintend the immediate slaughter there of the cattle.

If the movement is to be into the District of another Local Authority, there must also be a Pleuro-Pneumonia Movement Licence of that other Local Authority indorsed on or referring to this Licence; which second Licence must be granted before the cattle are moved into the District of that other Local Authority.

Description of Pleuro-Pneumonia Infected Place.	Number and Description of Cattle to be moved and Name of Owner.	Description of Slaughter-House to which Cattle are to be moved, stating District in which situate.	Name and Address of Inspector or other Officer of Local Authority in whose charge Cattle are to be moved.

This Licence is available for 12 hours from o'clock this day, and no longer.

(Signed) _____

(Address) _____

Dated this day of , 18 .

[Read the Indorsement on back of this Licence.]

FORM D.

(Art. 15 Regulation B vii. and x.)

Movement of Cattle out of Pleuro-Pneumonia Infected Place for purposes of Feeding, or other ordinary purposes connected with the Breeding of Cattle, or for the purpose of Isolation.

PLEURO-PNEUMONIA.

PLEURO-PNEUMONIA
MOVEMENT
LICENCE.

No. .

[same as number of
Licence.]Licence granted on
the Certificate offor movement of cattle
out of Pleuro-Pneu-
monia Infected Place
at

to

at

for the purpose of (a)

No. of Cattle

Description

(Signed)

(Dated)

This Licence is avail-
able for days.This counterfoil is
to be retained by the
person granting the
Licence.

THE CONTAGIOUS DISEASES (ANIMALS) ACT, 1878.

PLEURO-PNEUMONIA.

PLEURO-PNEUMONIA MOVEMENT LICENCE OUT
OF PLEURO-PNEUMONIA INFECTED PLACE TO
PLACE FOR FEEDING OR BREEDING OR
ISOLATION.

No. .

I, J. K. of , being a member of the Local
Authority of the [county] of , [or being a person
appointed by the Local Authority of the [county] ofto grant Pleuro-Pneumonia Movement Licences for
the movement of cattle out of Pleuro-Pneumonia Infected
Places,] the accompanying Certificate of a Veterinary
Inspector having been produced to me certifying that each
of the under-mentioned cattle is not affected with pleuro-
pneumonia, and that, in his opinion, it is necessary that
those cattle should be moved out of the under-mentioned
Pleuro-Pneumonia Infected Place for the purpose of (a)
hereby license the movement out of the under-
mentioned Pleuro-Pneumonia Infected Place of those
cattle to the under-mentioned place for that purpose.The cattle moved hereunder must be moved to the under-
mentioned place under the direction and in charge of an
Inspector or other officer of the Local Authority out of
whose District they are moved, and the cattle, after they
are received at the under-mentioned place cannot be again
moved except with a further Licence of the Local Autho-
rity in whose District that place is situate.If the movement is to be into the District of another
Local Authority, there must also be a Pleuro-Pneumonia
Movement Licence of that other Local Authority indorsed
on or referring to this Licence; which second Licence
must be granted before the cattle are moved into the
District of that other Local Authority.The conditions on which the movement and keeping of the
said cattle are allowed are endorsed on this Licence (b).

Description of Pleuro- Pneumonia Infected Place.	Number and Description of Cattle to be moved and Name of Owner.	Description of Place to which Cattle are to be moved, stating District in which situate.	Name and Address of Inspector or other Officer of Local Authority in whose charge Cattle are to be moved.

This Licence is available for days, including
the day of the date hereof, and no longer.

(Signed) _____

(Address) _____

Dated this day of , 18 .

(a) Feeding, or other ordinary purposes connected with
the breeding of cattle, or for the purpose of isolation, as
the case may be.(b) The conditions on which the movement and keeping
are allowed to be indorsed on this Licence by the person
granting the same.

[Read the Indorsement on back of this Licence.]

FORM E.

To be printed as Indorsement on Licence C. D.

The Order of Council under which this Licence is issued provides, in effect, as follows :

(a.) This Licence is not available if either it, or the second Licence referred to therein is granted by the owner of the cattle to be moved or by his agent, or by the owner or consignee or other person selling the cattle, or by the purchaser thereof or by his agent, or by the occupier of the farm or premises or slaughter-house from or to which the cattle are to be moved.

(b.) This Licence is not available except when accompanied by the Certificate of the Veterinary Inspector on which it is granted.

(c.) The person granting the Licence must, for the identification of the Certificate produced to him, mark the same by signing his name on it, with the date of the production thereof to him.

(d.) The person granting the Licence must deliver the Certificate produced to him, when so marked, with the Licence, to the person receiving the Licence from him.

Caution.—Persons acting without such a Licence where such a Licence is necessary, or acting thereon after the Licence has expired, or counterfeiting, fabricating, or altering, or obtaining or endeavouring to obtain a Licence by means of a false pretence, or granting or issuing a Licence knowing the same to be false in any respect, or committing other offences with respect to Licences are liable, under The Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878, to fine and imprisonment.

The number and description of the cattle inserted in the Licence must be the same as the number and description in the Certificate on which the Licence is granted.

FORM G.

To be printed as Indorsement on Licence F.

The Order of Council under which this Licence is issued provides, in effect, as follows :

This Licence is not available if either it, or the second Licence referred to therein, is granted by the owner of the cattle to be moved or by his agent, or by the owner or consignee or other person selling the cattle, or exposing the cattle for sale, or by the purchaser thereof or by his agent, or by the auctioneer or other person conducting the public or private Sale at which the cattle are exposed for sale, or by the occupier of the farm or premises or slaughter-house from or to which the cattle are to be moved.

Caution.—Persons acting without such a Licence where such a Licence is necessary, or acting thereon after the Licence has expired, or counterfeiting, fabricating, or altering, or obtaining or endeavouring to obtain a Licence by means of a false pretence, or granting or issuing a Licence knowing the same to be false in any respect, or committing other offences with respect to Licences are liable, under The Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878, to fine and imprisonment.

FORM H.

(Art. 16 Regulation B (8) and (9), and Art. 74 (4).)

Movement of Fat or Store Cattle from a Sale authorized to be held in a Pleuro-Pneumonia Infected Area without a Licence.

PLEURO-PNEUMONIA.

PLEURO-PNEUMONIA
MOVEMENT
LICENCE.No. .
[same as number of
Licence.]Licence granted on
the Declaration ofand on the Certificate
[or Declaration] offor movement of
cattle from a Sale
authorized to be held
without Licence at

to

Name of Owner of
Cattle** One of these last
two paragraphs is to
be struck out, accord-
ing to the facts, by the
person granting this
Licence, who must
initial the alteration
in the margin of the
paragraph struck out.*

No. of Cattle

Description

(Signed)

(Dated)

This Licence is
available for days.This counterfoil is
to be retained by the
person granting the
Licence.

THE CONTAGIOUS DISEASES (ANIMALS) ACT, 1878.

PLEURO-PNEUMONIA.

PLEURO-PNEUMONIA MOVEMENT LICENCE FROM
SALE AUTHORIZED TO BE HELD WITHOUT LICENCE
ON FARM OR PREMISES.

No. .
I, J. K. of , being a member of the Local Authority
of the [county] of , [or being a person appointed by
the Local Authority of the [county] of to grant
Pleuro-Pneumonia Movement Licences for the movement of cattle
from Sales authorised to be held in Pleuro-Pneumonia Infected
Areas without a Licence,] the accompanying Declaration of the
occupier of [or the agent authorized in writing for this purpose
of the occupier of] the under-mentioned farm or premises, de-
claring that each of the under-mentioned cattle which were
exposed for sale at a Sale held on that farm or premises on
the day of , 18 , has been on that farm or
premises not less than 56 days immediately before the Sale, with-
out having been moved therefrom except under a Pleuro-Pneumo-
nia Occupation Movement Licence, and has not been in contact
with any cattle brought on to that farm or premises within those
56 days, except under such a Pleuro-Pneumonia Occupation
Movement Licence, and that to the best of his knowledge and
belief no cattle on that farm or premises is affected with pleuro-
pneumonia, and, in addition thereto, the accompanying Certificate
of a Veterinary Inspector certifying that each of the under-
mentioned cattle is not affected with pleuro-pneumonia, and has
not, to the best of his knowledge and belief, been exposed to the
infection of pleuro-pneumonia, [or the accompanying Declaration
of the owner or of his agent authorized in writing for this purpose
declaring that, to the best of his knowledge and belief, each of the
cattle described in that Declaration is not affected with pleuro-
pneumonia, and has not been exposed to the infection of pleuro-
pneumonia,] having been produced to me, and having satisfied
myself that the place where the cattle are is not a Pleuro-
Pneumonia Infected Place, do hereby license the movement of
those cattle from the said farm or premises to the under-mentioned
place or premises.

* If the movement is to be into the District of another Local
Authority, whether into an Infected Area or not, there must also be
a Pleuro-Pneumonia Movement Licence of that other Local Author-
ity indorsed on or referring to this Licence; which second Licence
must be granted before the cattle are moved into the District of
that other Local Authority.

Or

* Although the movement is to be into the District of another
Local Authority, there need not be a Pleuro-Pneumonia Movement
Licence of that other Local Authority indorsed on or referring
to this Licence, there being a Licence for this movement by agree-
ment between the said Local Authority and that other Local
Authority.

Description of Farm or Premises where Sale was held.	Number and Description of Cattle to be moved.	Description of Place or Premises to which Cattle are to be moved.

This Licence is available for days, including the day of
the date hereof, and no longer.

(Signed) _____

(Address) _____

Dated this day of , 18 .

[Read the Indorsement on back of this Licence.]

FORM J.

To be printed as Indorsement on Licence H.

The Order of Council under which this Licence is issued provides, in effect, as follows :

(a.) This Licence is not available if either it, or the second Licence referred to therein, is granted by the owner of the cattle to be moved or by his agent, or by the owner or consignee or other person selling the cattle, or exposing the cattle for sale, or by the purchaser thereof or by his agent, or by the auctioneer or other person conducting the public or private Sale at which the cattle are exposed for sale, or by the occupier of the farm or premises or slaughter-house from or to which the cattle are to be moved.

(b.) This Licence is not available except when accompanied by the Declaration of the occupier of the farm or premises or of his agent authorized in writing for that purpose, and, in addition thereto, by either the Certificate of the Veterinary Inspector or the Declaration of the owner of the cattle or of his agent, on which it is granted.

(c.) The person granting the Licence must, for the identification of the Declarations and Certificate produced to him, mark the same by signing his name on each of them, with the date of the production thereof to him.

(d.) The person granting the Licence must deliver the Declarations and Certificate produced to him, when so marked, with the Licence, to the person receiving the Licence from him.

Caution.--Persons acting without such a Licence where such a Licence is necessary, or acting thereon after the Licence has expired, or counterfeiting, fabricating, or altering, or obtaining or endeavouring to obtain a Licence by means of a false pretence, or granting or issuing a Licence knowing the same to be false in any respect, or committing other offences with respect to Licences are liable, under The Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878, to fine and imprisonment.

The number and description of the cattle inserted in the Licence must be the same as the number and description in the Declarations and Certificate on which the Licence is granted.

FORM K.

(Art. 17 Regulation A iii.)

*Pleuro-Pneumonia Occupation Movement Licence.*PLEURO-
PNEUMONIA.PLEURO-
PNEUMONIA
OCCUPATION
MOVEMENT
LICENCE.No. .
[same as number of
Licence.]Licence granted on
the Certificate [or
Declaration] offor movement of
cattle between

No. of Cattle

Description

(Signed)

(Dated)

This Licence is
available for 14 days.This counterfoil is
to be retained by the
person granting the
Licence.THE CONTAGIOUS DISEASES (ANIMALS)
ACT, 1878.

PLEURO-PNEUMONIA.

PLEURO-PNEUMONIA OCCUPATION MOVEMENT
LICENCE*(for movement of cattle from one part of a farm or of
farms in the same occupation to another part of that farm
or of those farms, or from and to a farm or premises to and
from a common or grazing-land or watering-place which
the occupier of the farm or premises is entitled to use for
the cattle.)*

No.

I, J. K. of , being a member of the
Local Authority of the [county] of
[or being a person appointed by the Local Authority of
the [county] of to grant Pleuro-
Pneumonia Occupation Movement Licences for the move-
ment of cattle as above-mentioned in a Pleuro-Pneumonia
Infected Area,] the accompanying Certificate of a Veter-
inary Inspector certifying that each of the under-mentioned
cattle is not affected with pleuro-pneumonia, and has not,
to the best of his knowledge and belief, been exposed to
the infection of pleuro-pneumonia, [or the accompanying
Declaration of the owner or of his agent authorized in
writing for this purpose declaring that, to the best of his
knowledge and belief, each of the cattle described in that
Declaration is not affected with pleuro-pneumonia, and
has not been exposed to the infection of pleuro-pneumonia,]
having been produced to me, do hereby license the move-
ment from time to time of those cattle between the under-
mentioned places or premises, such places or premises
being in a Pleuro-Pneumonia Infected Area but not being
in a Pleuro-Pneumonia Infected Place, and being both in
the District of the said Local Authority.

Number and Description of Cattle to be moved.	Name and Address of Owner of Cattle, or his Agent.	Description of Places or Premises between which Cattle are to be moved.

This Licence is available for fourteen days, including
the day of the date hereof, and no longer.

(Signed) _____

(Address) _____

Dated this day of , 18 .

[Read the Indorsement on back of this Licence.]

FORM L.

To be printed as Indorsement on Licence K.

The Order of Council under which this Licence is issued provides, in effect, as follows :

(a.) This Licence is not available if granted by the owner of the cattle to be moved or by his agent, or by the occupier of the farm or premises from or to which the cattle are to be moved.

(b.) This Licence is not available except when accompanied by the Certificate or Declaration on which it is granted.

(c.) The person granting the Licence must, for the identification of the Certificate or Declaration produced to him, mark the same by signing his name thereon, with the date of the production thereof to him.

(d.) The person granting the Licence must deliver the Certificate or Declaration produced to him, when so marked, with the Licence, to the person receiving the Licence from him.

Caution.—Persons acting without such a Licence where such a Licence is necessary, or acting thereon after the Licence has expired, or counterfeiting, fabricating, or altering, or obtaining or endeavouring to obtain a Licence by means of a false pretence, or granting or issuing a Licence knowing the same to be false in any respect, or committing other offences with respect to Licences are liable, under The Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878, to fine and imprisonment.

The number and description of the cattle inserted in the Licence must be the same as the number and description in the Certificate or Declaration on which the Licence is granted.

DISEASES (ANIMALS) ACT, 1878 (GREAT BRITAIN). 177

FORM M.

(Art. 17 Regulation B iv. and vi.)

Movement of Cattle into a Pleuro-Pneumonia Infected Area.

**PLEURO-
PNEUMONIA.**

**PLEURO-
PNEUMONIA
MOVEMENT
LICENCE.**

No. .

[same as number of
Licence.]

Licence granted on
the Certificate [or
Declaration] of

for movement of
cattle to

in the Pleuro-Pneu-
monia infected Area at

No. of Cattle

Description

(Signed)

(Dated)

This Licence is
available for
days.

This counterfoil is
to be retained by the
person granting the
Licence.

**THE CONTAGIOUS DISEASES (ANIMALS)
ACT, 1878.**

PLEURO-PNEUMONIA.

**PLEURO-PNEUMONIA MOVEMENT LICENCE INTO
PLEURO-PNEUMONIA INFECTED AREA.**

No.

I, J. K. of being a member of the Local
Authority of the [county] of . [or being a
person appointed by the Local Authority of the [county]
of to grant Pleuro-Pneumonia Movement
Licences for the movement of cattle into Pleuro-Pneu-
monia Infected Areas.] the accompanying Certificate of a
Veterinary Inspector certifying that each of the under-
mentioned cattle is not affected with pleuro-pneumonia,
and has not, to the best of his knowledge and belief,
been exposed to the infection of pleuro-pneumonia, [or
the accompanying Declaration of the owner or of his
agent authorized in writing for this purpose declaring
that, to the best of his knowledge and belief, each of the
cattle described in that Declaration is not affected with
pleuro-pneumonia, and has not been exposed to the infec-
tion of pleuro-pneumonia,] having been produced to me,
do hereby license the movement of those cattle to the
under-mentioned place or premises, such place or pre-
mises being in a Pleuro-Pneumonia Infected Area but not
being in a Pleuro-Pneumonia Infected Place, and being in
the District of the said Local Authority.

Number and Description of Cattle to be moved.	Name and Address of Owner of Cattle, or his Agent.	Description of Place or Premises to which Cattle are to be moved.

This Licence is available for days, including the
day of the date hereof, and no longer.

(Signed) _____

(Address) _____

Dated this day of , 18 .

[Read the Indorsement on back of this Licence]

FORM N.

To be printed as Indorsement on Licence M.

The Order of Council under which this Licence is issued provides, in effect, as follows :

(a.) This Licence is not available if granted by the owner of the cattle to be moved or by his agent, or by the owner or consignee or other person selling the cattle, or by the purchaser thereof or by his agent, or by the occupier of the farm or premises or slaughter-house from or to which the cattle are to be moved.

(b.) This Licence is not available except when accompanied by the Certificate or Declaration on which it is granted.

(c.) The person granting the Licence must, for the identification of the Certificate or Declaration produced to him, mark the same by signing his name thereon, with the date of the production thereof to him.

(d.) The person granting the Licence must deliver the Certificate or Declaration produced to him, when so marked, with the Licence, to the person receiving the Licence from him.

Caution.—Persons acting without such a Licence where such a Licence is necessary, or acting thereon after the Licence has expired, or counterfeiting, fabricating, or altering, or obtaining or endeavouring to obtain a Licence by means of a false pretence, or granting or issuing a Licence knowing the same to be false in any respect, or committing other offences with respect to Licences are liable, under The Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878, to fine and imprisonment.

The number and description of the cattle inserted in the Licence must be the same as the number and description in the Certificate or Declaration on which the Licence is granted.

FORM O.

(Art. 17 Regulation A i. and ii. and Art. 74 (4).)

Movement of Cattle in Pleuro-Pneumonia Infected Area from a place other than a Market, Fair, Exhibition, or Sale.

THE CONTAGIOUS DISEASES (ANIMALS)
ACT, 1878.

PLEURO-PNEUMONIA.

PLEURO-PNEUMONIA MOVEMENT LICENCE IN
PLEURO-PNEUMONIA INFECTED AREA, NOT
FROM MARKET OR SALE.

PLEURO-
PNEUMONIA.

PLEURO-
PNEUMONIA
MOVEMENT
LICENCE.

No.

[same as number of
Licence.]

Licence granted on
the Certificate [or
Declaration] of

for movement of
cattle to

in the Pleuro-Pneu-
monia Infected Area
at

** One of these last
two paragraphs is to
be struck out, accord-
ing to the facts, by the
person granting this
Licence, who must
initial the alteration
in the margin of the
paragraph struck out.*

No. of Cattle

Description

(Signed)

(Dated)

This Licence is
available for
days.

This counterfoil is
to be retained by the
person granting the
Licence.

No.

I, J. K. of _____, being a member of the
Local Authority of the [county] of _____,
[or being a person appointed by the Local Authority of the
[county] of _____] to grant Pleuro-Pneumonia
Movement Licences for the movement of cattle in Pleuro-
Pneumonia Infected Areas otherwise than from markets,
fairs, exhibitions, or sales,] the accompanying Certificate
of a Veterinary Inspector certifying that each of the
under-mentioned cattle is not affected with pleuro-
pneumonia, and has not, to the best of his knowledge and
belief, been exposed to the infection of pleuro-pneumonia
[or the accompanying Declaration of the owner or of his
agent authorized in writing for this purpose declaring that,
to the best of his knowledge and belief, each of the cattle
described in that Declaration is not affected with pleuro-
pneumonia, and has not been exposed to the infection of
pleuro-pneumonia,] having been produced to me, do
hereby license the movement of those cattle to the under-
mentioned place or premises, such place or premises being
in a Pleuro-Pneumonia Infected Area but not being in a
Pleuro-Pneumonia Infected Place.

* If the movement is to be in the Districts of more Local
Authorities than one, there must also be a Pleuro-Pneu-
monia Movement Licence of each of those Local Authori-
ties; and every such second or subsequent Pleuro-Pneu-
monia Movement Licence must be indorsed on or refer to
this Licence, and be granted before the cattle are moved
into the District of the Local Authority granting the
second or subsequent Licence.

Or

* Although the movement is to be into the District of
another Local Authority, there need not be a Pleuro-
Pneumonia Movement Licence of that other Local
Authority indorsed on or referring to this Licence, there
being a Licence for this movement by agreement between
the said Local Authority and that other Local Authority.

Number and Description of Cattle to be moved.	Name and Address of Owner of Cattle or his Agent.	Description of Place or Premises to which Cattle are to be moved.

This Licence is available for _____ days, including
the day of the date hereof, and no longer.

[This Licence does not authorize movement from a
market, fair, exhibition, or sale, whether held by Licence
or not.]

(Signed) _____

(Address) _____

Dated this _____ day of _____, 18 .

[Read the Indorsement on back of this Licence.]

FORM P.

(Art. 17 Regulation B v. and Art. 74 (4).)

*Movement of Cattle into one out of another Pleuro-Pneumonia Infected Area from a place other than a Market, Fair, Exhibition, or Sale.*PLEURO-
PNEUMONIA.PLEURO-
PNEUMONIA
MOVEMENT
LICENCE.

No.

[same as number of
Licence.]Licence granted on
the Certificate [or
Declaration] offor movement of
cattle out of the
Pleuro - Pneumonia
Infected Area at

to

at

** One of these last
two paragraphs is to
be struck out, accord-
ing to the facts, by the
person granting this
Licence, who must
initial the alteration
in the margin of the
paragraph struck out.*

No. of Cattle

Description

(Signed)

(Dated)

This Licence is
available for
days.This counterfoil is
to be retained by the
person granting the
Licence.THE CONTAGIOUS DISEASES (ANIMALS)
ACT, 1878.

PLEURO-PNEUMONIA.

PLEURO-PNEUMONIA MOVEMENT LICENCE INTO
ONE OUT OF ANOTHER PLEURO-PNEUMONIA
INFECTED AREA, NOT FROM MARKET OR SALE.

No.

I, J. K. of _____, being a member of the
Local Authority of the [county] of _____,
[or being a person appointed by the Local Authority of the
[county] of _____ to grant Pleuro-Pneumonia
Movement Licences for the movement of cattle out of
Pleuro-Pneumonia Infected Areas.] the accompanying
Certificate of a Veterinary Inspector certifying that each
of the under-mentioned cattle is not affected with pleuro-
pneumonia, and has not, to the best of his knowledge and
belief, been exposed to the infection of pleuro-pneumonia
[or the accompanying Declaration of the owner or of his
agent authorized in writing for this purpose declaring that,
to the best of his knowledge and belief, each of the cattle
described in that Declaration is not affected with pleuro-
pneumonia, and has not been exposed to the infection of
pleuro-pneumonia,] having been produced to me, and
having satisfied myself that the place where the cattle are
is not a Pleuro-Pneumonia Infected Place, do hereby license
the movement of those cattle out of the under-mentioned
Pleuro-Pneumonia Infected Area to the under-mentioned
place or premises the same being in a Pleuro-Pneumonia
Infected Area and not being in the District of the said
Local Authority.

* There must also be a Pleuro-Pneumonia Movement
Licence of the Local Authority into whose District the
cattle are to be moved indorsed on or referring to this
Licence; which second Licence must be granted before the
cattle are moved into the District of that Local Authority.

Or

* Although the movement is to be into the District of
another Local Authority, there need not be a Pleuro-
Pneumonia Movement Licence of that other Local
Authority indorsed on or referring to this Licence, there
being a Licence for this movement by agreement between
the said Local Authority and that other Local Authority.

Description of Infected Area out of which Cattle are to be moved.	Number and Description of Cattle to be moved.	Description of Place or Premises to which Cattle are to be moved.

This Licence is available for _____ days, including
the day of the date hereof, and no longer.

[This Licence does not authorize movement from a mar-
ket, fair, exhibition, or sale, whether held by Licence or
not.]

(Signed) _____

(Address) _____

Dated this _____ day of _____, 18 .

[Read the Indorsement on back of this Licence.]

FORM Q.

(Art. 17 Regulation C vii. and viii. and Art. 74 (4).)

*Movement of Cattle out of a Pleuro-Pneumonia Infected Area from a place other than a Market, Fair, Exhibition, or Sale.*THE CONTAGIOUS DISEASES (ANIMALS)
ACT, 1878.PLEURO-
PNEUMONIA.

PLEURO-PNEUMONIA.

PLEURO-
PNEUMONIA
MOVEMENT
LICENCE.PLEURO-PNEUMONIA MOVEMENT LICENCE OUT
OF PLEURO-PNEUMONIA INFECTED AREA, NOT
FROM MARKET OR SALE.No. _____
[same as number of
Licence.]Licence granted on
the Certificate [or
Declaration] offor movement of
cattle out of the
Pleuro - Pneumonia
Infected Area at

to

at

** One of these last
two paragraphs is to
be struck out, accord-
ing to the facts, by the
person granting this
Licence, who must
initial the alteration
in the margin of the
paragraph struck out.*

No. of Cattle

Description

(Signed)

(Dated)

This Licence is
available for
days.This counterfoil is
to be retained by the
person granting the
Licence.

No. _____
I, J. K. of _____, being a member of the Local
Authority of the [county] of _____, [or being a
person appointed by the Local Authority of the [county]
of _____] to grant Pleuro-Pneumonia Move-
ment Licences for the movement of cattle out of Pleuro-
Pneumonia Infected Areas, the accompanying Certificate
of a Veterinary Inspector certifying that each of the
under-mentioned cattle is not affected with pleuro-
pneumonia, and has not, to the best of his knowledge and
belief, been exposed to the infection of pleuro-pneumonia,
[or the accompanying Declaration of the owner or of his
agent, authorised in writing for this purpose, declaring
that, to the best of his knowledge and belief, each of the
cattle described in that Declaration is not affected with
pleuro-pneumonia, and has not been exposed to the
infection of pleuro-pneumonia,] having been produced
to me, and having satisfied myself that the place where
the cattle are is not a Pleuro-Pneumonia Infected Place,
do hereby license the movement of those cattle out of the
under-mentioned Pleuro-Pneumonia Infected Area to the
under-mentioned place or premises.

* If the movement is to be into the District of another
Local Authority, whether into a Pleuro-Pneumonia Infected
Area or not, there must also be a Pleuro-Pneumonia
Movement Licence of that other Local Authority indorsed
on or referring to this Licence; which second Licence must
be granted before the cattle are moved into the District of
that other Local Authority.

Or

* Although the movement is to be into the District of
another Local Authority, there need not be a Pleuro-
Pneumonia Movement Licence of that other Local
Authority indorsed on or referring to this Licence, there
being a Licence for this movement by agreement between
the said Local Authority and that other Local Authority.

Description of Infected Area out of which Cattle are to be moved.	Number and Description of Cattle to be moved.	Description of Place or Premises to which Cattle are to be moved.

This Licence is available for _____ days, including
the day of the date hereof, and no longer.

[This Licence does not authorize movement from a
market, fair, exhibition, or sale, whether held by Licence
or not.]

(Signed) _____

(Address) _____

Dated this _____ day of _____, 18 ____.

[Read the Indorsement on back of this Licence.]

N

FORM R.

To be printed as Indorsement on Licence O. P. Q.

The Order of Council under which this Licence is issued provides, in effect, as follows :

(a.) This Licence is not available if either it, or the second Licence referred to therein, is granted by the owner of the cattle to be moved or by his agent, or by the owner or consignee or other person selling the cattle, or by the purchaser thereof or by his agent, or by the occupier of the farm or premises or slaughter-house from or to which the cattle are to be moved.

(b.) This Licence is not available except when accompanied by the Certificate or Declaration on which it is granted.

(c.) The person granting the Licence must, for the identification of the Certificate or Declaration produced to him, mark the same by signing his name thereon, with the date of the production thereof to him.

(d.) The person granting the Licence must deliver the Certificate or Declaration produced to him, when so marked, with the Licence, to the person receiving the Licence from him.

Caution.—Persons acting without such a Licence where such a Licence is necessary, or acting thereon after the Licence has expired, or counterfeiting, fabricating, or altering, or obtaining or endeavouring to obtain a Licence by means of a false pretence, or granting or issuing a Licence knowing the same to be false in any respect, or committing other offences with respect to Licences are liable, under The Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878, to fine and imprisonment.

The number and description of the cattle inserted in the Licence must be the same as the number and description in the Certificate or Declaration on which the Licence is granted.

IV.—*Movement Licence Forms in Connection with Foot-and-Mouth Disease Infected Places and Areas.*

FORM S.

(Art. 28 Regulation B (8), and Art. 29 Regulation A i. iii. Regulation B iv. v. vi. and Regulation C vii.)

Declaration of Owner of Animals or his Agent.

THE CONTAGIOUS DISEASES (ANIMALS) ACT, 1878.

FOOT-AND-MOUTH DISEASE.

DECLARATION OF OWNER OR HIS AGENT.

I, *C. D.* of _____, in the county of _____, being the owner of the under-mentioned animals [*or I, G. H.* of _____, in the county of _____, being the agent authorized in writing for this purpose by *C. D.* of _____, in the county of _____, the owner of the under-mentioned animals], do hereby solemnly and sincerely declare that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, each of the animals described below is not affected with foot-and-mouth disease, and has not been exposed to the infection of foot-and-mouth disease.

Dated this _____ day of _____, 18 ____.

[To be signed] *C. D.*

Number and Description of Animals above referred to.

Cattle	_____	_____
Sheep	[<i>Twenty Southdowns or as the case may be</i>]	[<i>20 or as the case may be</i>]
Swine	_____	_____

(Number to be expressed both in words and in figures.)

Caution.—A person making a Declaration false in any material particular, or obtaining or endeavouring to obtain a Licence by means of a false pretence, is liable, under The Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878, to fine and imprisonment.

FORM T.

(Art. 28 Regulation B (8).)

Declaration of Occupier of Farm or Premises or his Agent.

THE CONTAGIOUS DISEASES (ANIMALS) ACT, 1878.

SALES IN FOOT-AND-MOUTH DISEASE INFECTED AREA.

DECLARATION OF OCCUPIER OF FARM OR PREMISES OR
HIS AGENT.

I, C. D. being the occupier of [or I, G. H. of _____, in the
 county of _____, being the agent authorized in writing for this
 purpose by C. D. the occupier of] the following farm or premises, (that is to
 say,) [here describe the place where the Sale was held] do hereby solemnly and
 sincerely declare that each of the animals which are described below, and
 which were exposed for sale at a Sale held on the farm or premises aforesaid
 on the _____ day of _____, 18____, has been on the farm or
 premises aforesaid not less than 14 clear days immediately before that day
 without having been moved therefrom except under a Foot-and-Mouth
 Disease Occupation Movement Licence, and has not been in contact with any
 animal brought on to the farm or premises aforesaid within those 14 days,
 except under such a Foot-and-Mouth Disease Occupation Movement Licence,
 and that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, no animal on the farm
 or premises aforesaid is affected with foot-and-mouth disease.

Dated this _____ day of _____, 18____.

[To be signed] C. D.

Number and Description of Animals above referred to.

Cattle	_____
Sheep [Twenty Southdowns or as the case may be]	[20 or as the case may be]
Swine	_____

(Number to be expressed both in words and in figures.)

Caution.—A person making a Declaration false in any material particular,
 or obtaining or endeavouring to obtain a Licence by means of a false pre-
 tence, is liable, under The Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878, to fine
 and imprisonment.

FORM U.

(Art. 25 Regulation A ii. and iv.)

Movement of Animals out of a Foot-and-Mouth Disease Infected Place to a Slaughter-House.

FOOT-AND-MOUTH
DISEASE.
FOOT-AND-MOUTH
DISEASE
MOVEMENT
LICENCE.

No. .

[same as number of
Licence.]Licence granted on
the Certificate offor movement of ani-
mals out of Foot-and-
Mouth Disease Infected
Place atto the slaughter-house
at

in charge of

No. of Animals

Description

(Signed)

(Dated)

This Licence is avail-
able for 12 hours from
o'clock this day.This counterfoil is
to be retained by the
person granting the
Licence.

THE CONTAGIOUS DISEASES (ANIMALS) ACT, 1878.

FOOT-AND-MOUTH DISEASE.

FOOT-AND-MOUTH DISEASE MOVEMENT LICENCE
OUT OF FOOT-AND-MOUTH DISEASE INFECTED
PLACE TO SLAUGHTER-HOUSE.

No. .

I, J. K. of , being a member of the Local
Authority of the [county] of , [or being a person
appointed by the Local Authority of the [county] of
to grant Foot-and-Mouth Disease Movement Licences
for the movement of animals out of Foot-and-Mouth Disease
Infected Places,] the accompanying Certificate of a Vete-
rinary Inspector having been produced to me certifying
that each of the under-mentioned animals is not affected
with foot-and-mouth disease, hereby license the movement
out of the under-mentioned Foot-and-Mouth Disease In-
fected Place of those animals to the under-mentioned
slaughter-house for the purpose of being there forthwith
slaughtered.

The animals moved hereunder must be moved to the
under-mentioned slaughter-house under the direction and
in charge of an Inspector or other officer of the Local
Authority out of whose District they are moved, who must
enforce and superintend the immediate slaughter there of
the animals.

If the movement is to be into the District of another
Local Authority, there must also be a Foot-and-Mouth
Disease Movement Licence of that other Local Authority
indorsed on or referring to this Licence; which second
Licence must be granted before the animals are moved
into the District of that other Local Authority.

Description of Foot-and-Mouth Disease Infected Place.	Number and Description of Animals to be moved and Name of Owner.	Description of Slaughter-House to which Animals are to be moved, stating District in which situate.	Name and Address of Inspector or other Officer of Local Authority in whose charge Animals are to be moved.

This Licence is available for 12 hours from o'clock
this day, and no longer.

(Signed) _____

(Address) _____

Dated this day of , 18 .

[Read the Indorsement on back of this Licence.]

FORM V.

(Art. 25 Regulation B. vii. and x.)

Movement of Animals out of Foot-and-Mouth Disease Infected Place for purposes of Feeding, or other ordinary purposes connected with the Breeding of Animals, or for the purpose of Isolation.

FOOT-AND-MOUTH
DISEASE.

FOOT-AND-MOUTH
DISEASE
MOVEMENT
LICENCE.

No. .

[same as number of
Licence.]

Licence granted on
the Certificate of

for movement of ani-
mals out of Foot-and-
Mouth Disease Infected
Place at

to

at

for the purpose of (a)

No. of Animals

Description

(Signed)

(Dated)

This Licence is avail-
able for days.

This counterfoil is
to be retained by the
person granting the
Licence.

THE CONTAGIOUS DISEASES (ANIMALS) ACT, 1878.

FOOT-AND-MOUTH DISEASE.

FOOT-AND-MOUTH DISEASE MOVEMENT LICENCE
OUT OF FOOT-AND-MOUTH DISEASE INFECTED
PLACE TO PLACE FOR FEEDING OR BREEDING
OR ISOLATION.

No. .

I, J. K. of , being a member of the Local
Authority of the [county] of , [or being a person
appointed by the Local Authority of the [county] of
to grant Foot-and-Mouth Disease Movement Licences
for the movement of animals out of Foot-and-Mouth Disease
Infected Places,] the accompanying Certificate of a Veteri-
nary Inspector having been produced to me certifying that
each of the under-mentioned animals is not affected with
foot-and-mouth disease, and that, in his opinion, it is neces-
sary that those animals should be moved out of the under-
mentioned Foot-and-Mouth Disease Infected Place for the
purpose of (a) hereby license the movement out of
the under-mentioned Foot-and-Mouth Disease Infected
Place of those animals to the under-mentioned place for
that purpose.

The animals moved hereunder must be moved to the
under-mentioned place under the direction and in charge of
an Inspector or other officer of the Local Authority out of
whose District they are moved, and the animals, after they
are received at the under-mentioned place cannot be again
moved except with a further Licence of the Local Authority
in whose District that place is situate.

If the movement is to be into the District of another
Local Authority, there must also be a Foot-and-Mouth
Disease Movement Licence of that other Local Authority
indorsed on or referring to this Licence; which second
Licence must be granted before the animals are moved
into the District of that other Local Authority.

The conditions on which the movement and keeping of the
said animals are allowed are indorsed on this Licence (b).

Description of Foot-and-Mouth Disease Infected Place.	Number and Description of Animals to be moved and Name of Owner.	Description of Place to which Animals are to be moved, stating District in which situate.	Name and Address of Inspector or other Officer of Local Authority in whose charge Animals are to be moved.

This Licence is available for days, including
the date hereof, and no longer.

(Signed) _____

(Address) _____

Dated this day of , 18 .

(a) Feeding, or other ordinary purposes connected with
the breeding of animals, or for the purpose of isolation, as
the case may be.

(b) The conditions on which the movement and keeping
are allowed to be indorsed on this Licence by the person
granting the same.

[Read the Indorsement on back of this Licence.]

FORM W.

To be printed as Indorsement on Licence U. V.

The Order of Council under which this Licence is issued provides, in effect, as follows :

(a.) This Licence is not available if either it, or the second Licence referred to therein, is granted by the owner of the animals to be moved or by his agent, or by the owner or consignee or other person selling the animals, or by the purchaser thereof or by his agent, or by the occupier of the farm or premises or slaughter-house from or to which the animals are to be moved.

(b.) This Licence is not available except when accompanied by the Certificate of the Veterinary Inspector on which it is granted.

(c.) The person granting the Licence must, for the identification of the Certificate produced to him, mark the same by signing his name on it, with the date of the production thereof to him.

(d.) The person granting the Licence must deliver the Certificate produced to him, when so marked with the Licence, to the person receiving the Licence from him.

Caution.—Persons acting without such a Licence where such a Licence is necessary, or acting thereon after the Licence has expired, or counterfeiting, fabricating, or altering, or obtaining or endeavouring to obtain a Licence by means of a false pretence, or granting or issuing a licence knowing the same to be false in any respect, or committing other offences with respect to Licences are liable, under The Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878, to fine and imprisonment.

The number and description of the animals inserted in the Licence must be the same as the number and description in the Certificate on which the Licence is granted.

FORM Y.

To be printed as Indorsement on Licence X.

The Order of Council under which this Licence is issued provides, in effect, as follows :

This Licence is not available if either it, or the second Licence referred to therein, is granted by the owner of the animals to be moved or by his agent, or by the owner or consignee or other person selling the animals, or exposing the animals for sale, or by the purchaser thereof or by his agent, or by the auctioneer or other person conducting the public or private Sale at which the animals are exposed for sale, or by the occupier of the farm or premises or slaughter-house from or to which the animals are to be moved.

Caution.—Persons acting without such a Licence where such a Licence is necessary, or acting thereon after the Licence has expired, or counterfeiting, fabricating, or altering, or obtaining or endeavouring to obtain a Licence by means of a false pretence, or granting or issuing a Licence knowing the same to be false in any respect, or committing other offences with respect to Licences are liable, under The Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878, to fine and imprisonment.

FORM Z.

(Art. 28 Regulation B (8) and (9), and Art. 74 (4).)

Movement of Fat or Store Animals from a Sale authorized to be held in a Foot-and-Mouth Disease Infected Area without a Licence.

FOOT-AND-MOUTH
DISEASE.
FOOT-AND-MOUTH
DISEASE
MOVEMENT
LICENCE.

THE CONTAGIOUS DISEASES (ANIMALS) ACT, 1878.

FOOT-AND-MOUTH DISEASE.

FOOT-AND-MOUTH DISEASE MOVEMENT LICENCE
FROM SALE AUTHORIZED TO BE HELD WITHOUT
LICENCE ON FARM OR PREMISES.

No. .
[same as number of
Licence.]

Licence granted on
the Declaration of

and on the Certificate
[or Declaration] of

for movement of
animals from a Sale
authorized to be held
without Licence at

to

Name of Owner of
Animals

** One of these last
two paragraphs is to
be struck out, accord-
ing to the facts, by the
person granting this
Licence, who must ini-
tial the alteration in
the margin of the
paragraph struck out.*

No. of Animals

Description

(Signed)

(Dated)

This Licence is
available for days.

This counterfoil is
to be retained by the
person granting the
Licence.

No.
I, J. K. of , being a member of the Local Authority
of the [county] of , [or being a person appointed by
the Local Authority of the [county] of to grant
Foot-and-Mouth Disease Movement Licences for the movement of
animals from Sales authorized to be held in Foot-and-Mouth Dis-
ease Infected Areas without a Licence,] the accompanying Declara-
tion of the occupier of [or the agent authorized in writing for
this purpose of the occupier of] the under-mentioned farm or
premises, declaring that each of the under-mentioned animals
which were exposed for sale at a Sale held on that farm or pre-
mises on the day of 18 , has been on that
farm or premises not less than 14 days immediately before the Sale,
without having been moved therefrom except under a Foot-and-
Mouth Disease Occupation Movement Licence, and has not been
in contact with any animal brought on to that farm or premises
within those 14 days, except under such a Foot-and-Mouth Disease
Occupation Movement Licence, and that to the best of his knowl-
edge and belief no animal on that farm or premises is affected with
foot-and-mouth disease, and, in addition thereto, the accompa-
nying Certificate of a Veterinary Inspector certifying that each of
the under-mentioned animals is not affected with foot-and-mouth
disease, and has not, to the best of his knowledge and belief, been
exposed to the infection of foot-and-mouth disease [or the accom-
panying Declaration of the owner or of his agent authorized in
writing for this purpose, declaring that to the best of his knowl-
edge and belief, each of the animals described in that Declara-
tion is not affected with foot-and-mouth disease, and has not been
exposed to the infection of foot-and-mouth disease,] having been
produced to me, and having satisfied myself that the place where
the animals are is not a Foot-and-Mouth Disease Infected Place,
do hereby license the movement of those animals from the said
farm or premises to the under-mentioned place or premises.

* If the movement is to be into the district of another Local
Authority, whether into an Infected Area or not, there must also
be a Foot-and-Mouth Disease Movement Licence of that other
Local Authority indorsed on or referring to this Licence; which
second Licence must be granted before the animals are moved
into the District of that other Local Authority.

Or

* Although the movement is to be into the District of another
Local Authority, there need not be a Foot-and-Mouth Disease
Movement Licence of that other Local Authority indorsed on or
referring to this Licence, there being a Licence for this movement
by agreement between the said Local Authority and that other
Local Authority.

Description of Farm or Premises where the Sale was held.	Number and Description of Animals to be moved.	Description of Place or Premises to which Animals are to be moved.

This Licence is available for days, including the day of
the date hereof, and no longer.

(Signed)

(Address)

Dated this day of , 18 .

[Read the Indorsement on back of this Licence.]

FORM AA.

To be printed as Indorsement on Licence Z.

The Order of Council under which this Licence is issued provides, in effect, as follows :

(a.) This Licence is not available if either it, or the second Licence referred to therein, is granted by the owner of the animals to be moved or by his agent, or by the owner or consignee or other person selling the animals, or exposing the animals for sale, or by the purchaser thereof or by his agent, or by the auctioneer or other person conducting the public or private Sale at which the animals are exposed for sale, or by the occupier of the farm or premises or slaughter-house from or to which the animals are to be moved.

(b.) This Licence is not available except when accompanied by the Declaration of the occupier of the farm or premises or of his agent authorized in writing for that purpose, and, in addition thereto, by either the Certificate of the Veterinary Inspector or the Declaration of the owner of the animals or of his agent, on which it is granted.

(c.) The person granting the Licence must, for the identification of the Declarations and Certificate produced to him, mark the same by signing his name on each of them, with the date of the production thereof to him.

(d.) The person granting the Licence must deliver the Declarations and Certificate produced to him when so marked, with the Licence, to the person receiving the Licence from him.

Caution.—Persons acting without such a Licence where such a Licence is necessary, or acting thereon after the Licence has expired, or counterfeiting, fabricating, or altering, or obtaining or endeavouring to obtain a Licence by means of a false pretence, or granting or issuing a Licence knowing the same to be false in any respect, or committing other offences with respect to Licences are liable, under The Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878, to fine and imprisonment.

The number and description of the animals inserted in the Licence must be the same as the number and description in the Declarations and Certificate on which the Licence is granted.

FORM BB.

(Art. 29 Regulation A iii.)

Foot-and-Mouth Disease Occupation Movement Licence.

THE CONTAGIOUS DISEASES (ANIMALS) ACT, 1878.

FOOT-AND-MOUTH
DISEASE.FOOT-AND-MOUTH
DISEASE
OCCUPATION
MOVEMENT
LICENCE.

FOOT-AND-MOUTH DISEASE.

FOOT-AND-MOUTH DISEASE OCCUPATION
MOVEMENT LICENCE

(for movement of animals from one part of a farm or of farms in the same occupation to another part of that farm or of those farms, or from and to a farm or premises to and from a common or grazing-land or watering-place which the occupier of the farm or premises is entitled to use for the animals.)

No. .

[same as number of
Licence.]

No. .

Licence granted on
the Certificate [or
Declaration] offor movement of ani-
mals between

No. of Animals

Description

(Signed)

(Dated)

This Licence is
available for 14 days.This counterfoil is
to be retained by the
person granting the
Licence.

I, J. K. of , being a member of the Local Authority of the [county] of , [or being a person appointed by the Local Authority of the [county] of

to grant Foot-and-Mouth Disease Occupation Movement Licences for the movement of animals as above-mentioned in Foot-and-Mouth Disease Infected Areas,] the accompanying Certificate of a Veterinary Inspector certifying that each of the under-mentioned animals is not affected with foot-and-mouth disease, and has not, to the best of his knowledge and belief, been exposed to the infection of foot-and-mouth disease, [or the accompanying Declaration of the owner or of his agent authorized in writing for this purpose declaring that to the best of his knowledge and belief each of the animals described in that Declaration is not affected with foot-and-mouth disease, and has not been exposed to the infection of foot-and-mouth disease,] having been produced to me, do hereby license the movement from time to time of those animals between the under-mentioned places or premises, such places or premises being in a Foot-and-Mouth Disease Infected Area, but not being in a Foot-and-Mouth Disease Infected Place, and being both in the District of the said Local Authority.

Number and Description of Animals to be moved.	Name and Address of Owner of Animals, or his Agent.	Description of Places or Premises between which Animals are to be moved.

This Licence is available for fourteen days, including the day of the date hereof, and no longer.

(Signed) _____

(Address) _____

Dated this day of , 18 .

[Read the Indorsement on back of this Licence.]

FORM CC.

To be printed as Indorsement on Licence BB.

The Order of Council under which this Licence is issued provides, in effect, as follows:

(a.) This Licence is not available if granted by the owner of the animals to be moved or by his agent, or by the occupier of the farm or premises from or to which the animals are to be moved.

(b.) This Licence is not available except when accompanied by the Certificate or Declaration on which it is granted.

(c.) The person granting the Licence must, for the identification of the Certificate or Declaration produced to him, mark the same by signing his name thereon, with the date of the production thereof to him.

(d.) The person granting the Licence must deliver the Certificate or Declaration produced to him, when so marked, with the Licence, to the person receiving the Licence from him.

Caution.—Persons acting without such a Licence where such a Licence is necessary, or acting thereon after the Licence has expired, or counterfeiting, fabricating, or altering, or obtaining or endeavouring to obtain a Licence by means of a false pretence, or granting or issuing a Licence knowing the same to be false in any respect, or committing other offences with respect to Licences are liable, under The Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878, to fine and imprisonment.

The number and description of the animals inserted in the Licence must be the same as the number and description in the Certificate or Declaration on which the Licence is granted.

FORM DD.

(Art. 29 Regulation B iv. and vi.)

Movement of Animals into a Foot-and-Mouth Disease Infected Area.

THE CONTAGIOUS DISEASES (ANIMALS) ACT, 1878.							
FOOT-AND-MOUTH DISEASE.							
FOOT-AND-MOUTH DISEASE.	FOOT-AND-MOUTH DISEASE.						
FOOT-AND-MOUTH DISEASE MOVEMENT LICENCE.	FOOT-AND-MOUTH DISEASE MOVEMENT LICENCE INTO FOOT-AND-MOUTH DISEASE INFECTED AREA.						
No. .	No. .						
[same as number of Licence.]	I, J. K. of , being a member of the Local Authority of the [county] of , [or being a person appointed by the Local Authority of the [county] of to grant Foot-and-Mouth Disease Movement Licences for the movement of animals into Foot-and-Mouth Disease Infected Areas,] the accompanying Certificate of a Veterinary Inspector certifying that each of the under-mentioned animals is not affected with foot-and-mouth disease, and has not, to the best of his knowledge and belief, been exposed to the infection of foot-and-mouth disease, [or the accompanying Declaration of the owner or of his agent authorized in writing for this purpose declaring that, to the best of his knowledge and belief, each of the animals described in that Declaration is not affected with foot-and-mouth disease, and has not been exposed to the infection of foot-and-mouth disease,] having been produced to me, do hereby license the movement of those animals to the under-mentioned place or premises, such place or premises being in a Foot-and-Mouth Disease Infected Area, but not being in a Foot-and-Mouth Disease Infected Place, and being in the District of the said Local Authority.						
Licence granted on the Certificate [or Declaration] of							
for movement of animals to							
in the Foot-and-Mouth Disease Infected Area at							
No. of Animals	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Number and Description of Animals to be moved.</th> <th>Name and Address of Owner of Animals, or his Agent.</th> <th>Description of Place or Premises to which Animals are to be moved.</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Number and Description of Animals to be moved.	Name and Address of Owner of Animals, or his Agent.	Description of Place or Premises to which Animals are to be moved.			
Number and Description of Animals to be moved.	Name and Address of Owner of Animals, or his Agent.	Description of Place or Premises to which Animals are to be moved.					
Description							
(Signed)							
(Dated)							
This Licence is available for days.	This Licence is available for days, including the day of the date hereof, <i>and no longer</i> .						
	(Signed) _____						
	(Address) _____						
This counterfoil is to be retained by the person granting the Licence.							
	Dated this day of , 18 .						
	[Read the Indorsement on back of this Licence.]						

FORM EE.

To be printed as Indorsement on Licence DD.

The Order of Council under which this Licence is issued provides, in effect, as follows :

(a.) This Licence is not available if granted by the owner of the animals to be moved or by his agent, or by the owner or consignee or other person selling the animals, or by the purchaser thereof or by his agent, or by the occupier of the farm or premises or slaughter-house from or to which the animals are to be moved.

(b.) This Licence is not available except when accompanied by the Certificate or Declaration on which it is granted.

(c.) The person granting the Licence must, for the identification of the Certificate or Declaration produced to him, mark the same by signing his name thereon, with the date of the production thereof to him.

(d.) The person granting the Licence must deliver the Certificate or Declaration produced to him, when so marked, with the Licence, to the person receiving the Licence from him.

Caution.—Persons acting without such a Licence where such a Licence is necessary, or acting thereon after the Licence has expired, or counterfeiting, fabricating, or altering, or obtaining or endeavouring to obtain a Licence by means of a false pretence, or granting or issuing a Licence knowing the same to be false in any respect, or committing other offences with respect to Licences are liable, under The Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878, to fine and imprisonment.

The number and description of the animals inserted in the Licence must be the same as the number and description in the Certificate or Declaration on which the Licence is granted.

FORM FF.

(Art. 29 Regulation A i. and ii. and Art. 74 (4).)

Movement of Animals in Foot-and-Mouth Disease Infected Area from a Place other than a Market, Fair, Exhibition, or Sale.

THE CONTAGIOUS DISEASES (ANIMALS)

ACT, 1878.

FOOT-AND-MOUTH DISEASE.

FOOT-AND-MOUTH
DISEASE.FOOT-AND-MOUTH
DISEASE
MOVEMENT
LICENCE.FOOT-AND-MOUTH DISEASE MOVEMENT LICENCE
IN FOOT-AND-MOUTH DISEASE INFECTED AREA
NOT FROM MARKET OR SALE.No. .
[same as number of
Licence.]Licence granted on
the Certificate [or
Declaration] offor movement of ani-
mals toin the Foot-and-
Mouth Disease In-
fected Area at** One of these last
two paragraphs is to
be struck out, ac-
cording to the facts,
by the person grant-
ing this Licence, who
must initial the altera-
tion in the margin of
the paragraph struck
out.*

No. of Animals

Description

(Signed)

(Dated)

This Licence is
available for days.This counterfoil is
to be retained by the
person granting the
Licence.

No.
I, J. K. of , being a member of the
Local Authority of the [county] of , [or
being a person appointed by the Local Authority of the
[county] of to grant Foot-and-
Mouth Disease Movement Licences for the movement of
animals in Foot-and-Mouth Disease Infected Areas other-
wise than from markets, fairs, exhibitions, or sales,] the
accompanying Certificate of a Veterinary Inspector certifi-
fying that each of the under-mentioned animals is not
affected with foot-and-mouth disease, and has not, to the
best of his knowledge and belief, been exposed to the
infection of foot-and-mouth disease, [or the accom-
panying Declaration of the owner or of his agent autho-
rized in writing for this purpose declaring that, to the
best of his knowledge and belief, each of the animals
described in that Declaration is not affected with foot-
and-mouth disease, and has not been exposed to the in-
fection of foot-and-mouth disease,] having been produced
to me, do hereby license the movement of those animals
to the under-mentioned place or premises, such place or
premises being in a Foot-and-Mouth Disease Infected Area,
but not being in a Foot-and-Mouth Disease Infected Place.

* If the movement is to be in the Districts of more Local
Authorities than one, there must also be a Foot-and-
Mouth Disease Movement Licence of each of those Local
Authorities; and every such second or subsequent Foot-
and-Mouth Disease Movement Licence must be indorsed
on or refer to this Licence, and be granted before the
animals are moved into the District of the Local Authority
granting the second or subsequent Licence.

Or

* Although the movement is to be into the District of
another Local Authority, there need not be a Foot-and-
Mouth Disease Movement Licence of that other Local Au-
thority indorsed on or referring to this Licence, there
being a Licence for this movement by agreement between
the said Local Authority and that other Local Authority.

Number and Description of Animals to be moved.	Name and Address of Owner of Animals, or his Agent.	Description of Place or Premises to which Animals are to be moved.

This Licence is available for days,
including the day of the date hereof, and no longer.

[This Licence does not authorize movement from a
market, fair, exhibition, or sale, whether held by Licence
or not.]

(Signed) _____

(Address) _____

Dated this day of , 18 .

[Read the Indorsement on back of this Licence.]

DISEASES (ANIMALS) ACT, 1878 (GREAT BRITAIN). 197

FORM GG.

(Art. 29 Regulation B v. and Art. 74 (4).)

Movement of Animals into one out of another Foot-and-Mouth Disease Infected Area from a place other than a Market, Fair, Exhibition, or Sale.

THE CONTAGIOUS DISEASES (ANIMALS) ACT, 1878.

FOOT-AND-MOUTH DISEASE.

FOOT-AND-MOUTH
DISEASE.

FOOT-AND-MOUTH
DISEASE
MOVEMENT
LICENCE.

No. .
[same as number of
Licence.]

Licence granted on
the Certificate [or
Declaration] of

for movement of
animals out of the
Foot - and - Mouth
Disease Infected Area
at

to

at

** One of these last
two paragraphs is to
be struck out, accord-
ing to the facts, by
the person granting
this Licence, who must
initial the alteration
in the margin of the
paragraph struck out.*

No. of Animals

Description

(Signed)

(Dated)

This Licence is
available for
days.

This counterfoil is
to be retained by the
person granting the
Licence.

FOOT-AND-MOUTH DISEASE.
FOOT-AND-MOUTH DISEASE MOVEMENT LICENCE
INTO ONE OUT OF ANOTHER FOOT-AND-MOUTH
DISEASE INFECTED AREA, NOT FROM MARKET
OR SALE.

I, J. K. of . . . No. . .
being a member of
the Local Authority of the [county] of . . . [or
being a person appointed by the Local Authority of the
[county] of . . . to grant Foot-and-Mouth
Disease Movement Licences for the movement of animals
out of Foot-and-Mouth Disease Infected Areas,] the ac-
companying Certificate of a Veterinary Inspector certifying
that each of the under-mentioned animals is not affected
with foot-and-mouth disease, and has not, to the best of
his knowledge and belief, been exposed to the infection of
foot-and-mouth disease, [or the accompanying Declaration
of the owner or of his agent authorized in writing for this
purpose declaring that, to the best of his knowledge and
belief, each of the animals described in that Declaration is
not affected with foot-and-mouth disease, and has not been
exposed to the infection of foot-and-mouth disease,] having
been produced to me, and having satisfied myself that the
place where the animals are is not a Foot-and-Mouth
Disease Infected Place, do hereby license the movement of
those animals out of the under-mentioned Foot-and-Mouth
Disease Infected Area to the under-mentioned place or
premises the same being in a Foot-and-Mouth Disease
Infected Area and not being in the District of the said
Local Authority.

* There must also be a Foot-and-Mouth Disease Move-
ment Licence of the Local Authority into whose District
the animals are to be moved indorsed on or referring to
this Licence; which second Licence must be granted
before the animals are moved into the District of that
Local Authority.

Or

* Although the movement is to be into the District of
another Local Authority, there need not be a Foot-and-
Mouth Disease Movement Licence of that other Local Au-
thority indorsed on or referring to this Licence, there being
a Licence for this movement by agreement between the
said Local Authority and that other Local Authority.

Description of Infected Area out of which Animals are to be moved.	Number and Description of Animals to be moved.	Description of Place or Premises to which Animals are to be moved.

This Licence is available for . . . days,
including the day of the date hereof, and no longer.

[This Licence does not authorize movement from a
market, fair, exhibition, or sale, whether held by Licence
or not.]

(Signed) _____

(Address) _____

Dated this . . . day of . . . , 18 . . .

[Read the Indorsement on back of this Licence.]

FORM HH

(Art. 29 Regulation C vii. and viii. and Art. 74 (4).)

*Movement of Animals out of a Foot-and-Mouth Disease Infected Area from a place other than a Market, Fair, Exhibition, or Sale.*FOOT-AND-MOUTH
DISEASE.FOOT-AND-MOUTH
DISEASE
MOVEMENT
LICENCE.

No.

[same as number of
Licence.]Licence granted on
the Certificate [or
Declaration] offor movement of ani-
mals out of the Foot-
and-Mouth Disease In-
fected Area at

to

at

** One of these last
two paragraphs is to
be struck out, accord-
ing to the facts, by
the person granting
this Licence, who must
initial the alteration
in the margin of the
paragraph struck out.*

No. of Animals

Description

(Signed)

(Dated)

This Licence is
available for days.This counterfoil is
to be retained by the
person granting the
Licence.THE CONTAGIOUS DISEASES (ANIMALS)
ACT, 1878.

FOOT-AND-MOUTH DISEASE.

FOOT-AND-MOUTH DISEASE MOVEMENT LICENCE
OUT OF FOOT-AND-MOUTH DISEASE INFECTED
AREA, NOT FROM MARKET OR SALE.

No.

I, J. K. of _____, being a member of the
Local Authority of the [county] of _____, [or
being a person appointed by the Local Authority of the
[county] of _____ to grant Foot-and-Mouth
Disease Movement Licences for the movement of animals
out of Foot-and-Mouth Disease Infected Areas,] the ac-
companying Certificate of a Veterinary Inspector certifying
that each of the under-mentioned animals is not affected
with foot-and-mouth disease, and has not, to the best of
his knowledge and belief, been exposed to the infection of
foot-and-mouth disease, [or the accompanying Declaration
of the owner or of his agent authorized in writing for this
purpose declaring that, to the best of his knowledge and
belief, each of the animals described in that Declaration is
not affected with foot-and-mouth disease, and has not been
exposed to the infection of foot-and-mouth disease,] having
been produced to me, and having satisfied myself that the
place where the animals are is not a Foot-and-Mouth
Disease Infected Place, do hereby license the movement
of those animals out of the under-mentioned Foot-and-
Mouth Disease Infected Area to the under-mentioned
place or premises.

* If the movement is to be into the District of another
Local Authority, whether into a Foot-and-Mouth Disease
Infected Area or not, there must also be a Foot-and-Mouth
Disease Movement Licence of that other Local Authority
indorsed on or referring to this Licence; which second
Licence must be granted before the animals are moved
into the District of that other Local Authority.

Or

* Although the movement is to be into the District of
another Local Authority, there need not be a Foot-and-
Mouth Disease Movement Licence of that other Local Au-
thority indorsed on or referring to this Licence, there
being a Licence for this movement by agreement between
the said Local Authority and that other Local Authority.

Description of Infected Area out of which Animals are to be moved.	Number and Description of Animals to be moved.	Description of Place or Premises to which Animals are to be moved.

This Licence is available for _____ days, including
the day of the date hereof, and no longer.

[This Licence does not authorize movement from a
market, fair, exhibition, or sale, whether held by Licence
or not.]

(Signed) _____

(Address) _____

Dated this _____ day of _____, 18 .

[Read the Indorsement on back of this Licence.]

FORM JJ.

To be printed as Indorsement on Licence FF. GG. HH.

The Order of Council under which this Licence is issued provides, in effect, as follows :

(a) This Licence is not available if either it, or the second Licence referred to therein, is granted by the owner of the animals to be moved or by his agent, or by the owner or consignee or other person selling the animals, or by the purchaser thereof or by his agent, or by the occupier of the farm or premises or slaughter-house from or to which the animals are to be moved.

(b.) This Licence is not available except when accompanied by the Certificate or Declaration on which it is granted.

(c.) The person granting the Licence must, for the identification of the Certificate or Declaration produced to him, mark the same by signing his name thereon, with the date of the production thereof to him.

(d.) The person granting the Licence must deliver the Certificate or Declaration produced to him, when so marked, with the Licence, to the person receiving the Licence from him.

Caution.—Persons acting without such a Licence where such a Licence is necessary, or acting thereon after the Licence has expired, or counterfeiting, fabricating, or altering, or obtaining or endeavouring to obtain a Licence by means of a false pretence, or granting or issuing a Licence knowing the same to be false in any respect, or committing other offences with respect to Licences are liable, under The Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878, to fine and imprisonment.

The number and description of animals inserted in the Licence must be the same as the number and description in the Certificate or Declaration on which the Licence is granted.

V.—*Movement Licence Forms in connexion with Swine-Fever Infected Places and Areas.*

FORM KK.

(Art. 68 Regulation B (8), and Art. 69 Regulation A i. iii. Regulation B iv. v. vi. and Regulation C vii.)

Declaration of Owner of Swine or his Agent.

THE CONTAGIOUS DISEASES (ANIMALS) ACT, 1878.

SWINE-FEVER.

DECLARATION OF OWNER OR HIS AGENT.

I, *C. D.* of _____, in the county of _____, being the owner of the under-mentioned swine [or I, *G. H.* of _____, in the county of _____, being the agent authorized in writing for this purpose by *C. D.* of _____, in the county of _____, the owner of the under-mentioned swine], do hereby solemnly and sincerely declare that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, each of the swine described below is not affected with swine-fever, and has not been exposed to the infection of swine-fever.

Dated this _____ day of _____, 18 ____.

[To be signed] *C. D.*

Number and Description of Swine above referred to.

Swine [<i>Twenty Black and White or as the case may be.</i>]	[<i>20 or as the case may be.</i>]
--	--------------------------------------

(Number to be expressed both in words and in figures.)

Caution.—A person making a Declaration false in any material particular, or obtaining or endeavouring to obtain a Licence by means of a false pretence, is liable, under The Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878, to fine and imprisonment.

FORM LL.

(Art. 68 Regulation B (8).).

Declaration of Occupier of Farm or Premises or his Agent.

THE CONTAGIOUS DISEASES (ANIMALS) ACT, 1878.

SALES IN SWINE-FEVER INFECTED AREA.

DECLARATION OF OCCUPIER OF FARM OR PREMISES OR HIS AGENT.

I, *C. D.* being the occupier of [*or I, G. H. of* , in the county of , being the agent authorized in writing for this purpose by *C. D.* the occupier of] the following farm or premises, (that is to say,) [*here describe the place where the Sale was held*] do hereby solemnly and sincerely declare that each of the swine which are described below, and which were exposed for sale at a Sale held on the farm or premises aforesaid on the day of , 18 , has been on the farm or premises aforesaid not less than 28 clear days immediately before that day without having been moved therefrom except under a Swine-Fever Occupation Movement Licence, and has not been in contact with any pig brought on to the farm or premises aforesaid within those 28 days, except under such a Swine-Fever Occupation Movement Licence, and that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, no pig on the farm or premises aforesaid is affected with swine-fever.

Dated this day of , 18 .

[To be signed] *C. D.*

Number and Description of Swine above referred to.

Swine [<i>Twenty Black and White or as the case may be.</i>]	[<i>20 or as the case may be.</i>]
--	--------------------------------------

(Number to be expressed both in words and in figures.)

Caution.—A person making a Declaration false in any material particular, or obtaining or endeavouring to obtain a Licence by means of a false pretence, is liable, under The Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878, to fine and imprisonment.

FORM MM.

(Art. 66 ii. and iv.)

Movement of Swine out of a Swine-Fever Infected Place to a Slaughter-House.

SWINE-FEVER.

THE CONTAGIOUS DISEASES (ANIMALS)
ACT, 1878.

SWINE-FEVER.

SWINE-FEVER
MOVEMENT
LICENCE.SWINE-FEVER MOVEMENT LICENCE OUT
OF SWINE-FEVER INFECTED PLACE TO
SLAUGHTER-HOUSE.

No.

No. .
[same as number of
Licence.]Licence granted on
the Certificate offor movement of swine
out of Swine-Fever In-
fected Place atto the slaughter-house
at

in charge of

No. of Swine

Description

(Signed)

(Dated)

This Licence is
available for 12 hours
from o'clock
this day.This counterfoil is
to be retained by the
person granting the
Licence.

I, J. K. of _____, being a member of
the Local Authority of the [county] of _____, [or
being a person appointed by the Local Authority of the
[county] of _____ to grant Swine-Fever Movement
Licences for the movement of swine out of Swine-Fever
Infected Places,] the accompanying Certificate of a
Veterinary Inspector having been produced to me certi-
fying that each of the under-mentioned swine is not
affected with swine-fever, hereby license the movement
out of the under-mentioned Swine-Fever Infected Place of
those swine to the under-mentioned slaughter-house for the
purpose of being there forthwith slaughtered.

The swine moved hereunder must be moved to the
under-mentioned slaughter-house under the direction and
in charge of an Inspector or other officer of the Local Au-
thority out of whose District they are moved, who must
enforce and superintend the immediate slaughter there of
the swine.

If the movement is to be into the District of another
Local Authority, there must also be a Swine-Fever Move-
ment Licence of that other Local Authority indorsed on
or referring to this Licence; which second Licence must
be granted before the swine are moved into the District
of that other Local Authority.

Description of Swine-Fever Infected Place.	Number and Description of Swine to be moved and Name of Owner.	Description of Slaughter- House to which Swine are to be moved, stating District in which situate.	Name and Address of Inspector or other Officer of Local Authority in whose charge Swine are to be moved.

This Licence is available for 12 hours from
o'clock this day, and no longer.

(Signed) _____

(Address) _____

Dated this _____ day of _____, 18 ____.

[Read the Indorsement on back of this Licence.]

FORM NN.

To be printed as Indorsement on Licence MM.

The Order of Council under which this Licence is issued provides, in effect, as follows :

(a.) This Licence is not available if either it, or the second Licence referred to therein, is granted by the owner of the swine to be moved or by his agent, or by the owner or consignee or other person selling the swine, or by the purchaser thereof or by his agent, or by the occupier of the farm or premises or slaughter-house from or to which the swine are to be moved.

(b.) This Licence is not available except when accompanied by the Certificate of the Veterinary Inspector on which it is granted.

(c.) The person granting the Licence must, for the identification of the Certificate produced to him, mark the same by signing his name on it, with the date of the production thereof to him.

(d.) The person granting the Licence must deliver the Certificate produced to him, when so marked, with the Licence, to the person receiving the Licence from him.

Caution.—Persons acting without such a Licence where such a Licence is necessary, or acting thereon after the Licence has expired, or counterfeiting, fabricating, or altering, or obtaining or endeavouring to obtain a Licence by means of a false pretence, or granting or issuing a Licence knowing the same to be false in any respect, or committing other offences with respect to Licences are liable, under The Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878, to fine and imprisonment.

The number and description of the swine inserted in the Licence must be the same as the number and description in the Certificate on which the Licence is granted.

FORM OO.

(Art. 68 Regulation A (3) and (4), and Art. 74 (4).)

Movement of Fat Swine from a Licensed Market, Fair, or other Public Sale or Exhibition, held in a Swine-Fever Infected Area to a Slaughter-House.

SWINE-FEVER.

SWINE-FEVER
MOVEMENT
LICENCE.

No. .

[same as number of
Licence.]Licence granted for
movement of swine
from the licensed mar-
ket [or fair, or other
public sale, or exhibi-
tion] held aton the day of
18 .in the Swine-Fever
Infected Area atto the slaughter-house
at** One of these last
two paragraphs is to be
struck out, according to
the facts, by the person
granting this Licence,
who must initial the
alteration in the mar-
gin of the paragraph
struck out.*

No. of Swine

Description

(Signed)

(Dated)

This Licence is avail-
able for (not ex-
ceeding six) days.This counterfoil is
to be retained by the
person granting the
Licence.

THE CONTAGIOUS DISEASES (ANIMALS) ACT, 1878.

SWINE-FEVER.

SWINE-FEVER MOVEMENT LICENCE FROM
LICENSED MARKET OR OTHER PUBLIC SALE
TO SLAUGHTER-HOUSE.

No. .

I, J. K. of , being a member of the Local
Authority of the [county] of , [or being a
person appointed by the Local Authority of the [county] of
to grant Swine-Fever Movement Licences
for the movement of fat swine from licensed markets, fairs,
and other public sales and exhibitions, held in Swine-Fever
Infected Areas,] do hereby license the movement of the
under-mentioned swine to the under-mentioned slaughter-
house for slaughter.* If the under-mentioned slaughter-house is in the Dis-
trict of another Local Authority, whether in an Infected
Area or not, there must also be a Swine-Fever Movement
Licence of that other Local Authority indorsed on or
referring to this Licence; which second Licence must be
granted before the swine are moved into the District of
that other Local Authority.

Or

* Although the movement is to be into the District of
another Local Authority, there need not be a Swine-Fever
Movement Licence of that other Local Authority indorsed
on or referring to this Licence, there being a Licence for
this movement by agreement between the said Local Author-
ity and that other Local Authority.

Number and Description of Swine to be moved and Name of Owner.	Place where Licensed Market, &c., was held, and Date when held.	Description of Slaughter-House to which Swine are to be moved, stating District in which situate.

These swine must be slaughtered at the above-mentioned
slaughter-house within six days after the date mentioned
above in the second column.This Licence is available for (not exceeding six)
days, including the day of the date hereof, and no longer.

(Signed) _____

(Address) _____

Dated this day of , 18 .

[Read the Indorsement on back of this Licence.]

FORM PP.

To be printed as Indorsement on Licence OO.

The Order of Council under which this Licence is issued provides, in effect, as follows:

This Licence is not available if either it, or the second Licence referred to therein, is granted by the owner of the swine to be moved or by his agent, or by the owner or consignee or other person selling the swine or exposing the swine for sale, or by the purchaser thereof or by his agent, or by the auctioneer or other person conducting the public or private Sale at which the swine are exposed for sale, or by the occupier of the farm or premises or slaughter-house from or to which the swine are to be moved.

Caution.—Persons acting without such a Licence where such a Licence is necessary, or acting thereon after the Licence has expired, or counterfeiting, fabricating, or altering, or obtaining or endeavouring to obtain a Licence by means of a false pretence, or granting or issuing a Licence knowing the same to be false in any respect, or committing other offences with respect to Licences are liable, under The Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878, to fine and imprisonment.

FORM QQ.

(Art. 68 Regulation B (8) and (9), and Art. 74 (4).)

Movement of Fat or Store Swine from a Sale authorized to be held in a Swine-Fever Infected Area without a Licence.

THE CONTAGIOUS DISEASES (ANIMALS) ACT, 1878.

SWINE-FEVER.

SWINE-FEVER.

SWINE-FEVER
MOVEMENT
LICENCE.SWINE-FEVER MOVEMENT LICENCE FROM SALE
AUTHORISED TO BE HELD WITHOUT LICENCE ON
FARM OR PREMISES.

No. .

No. .
[same as number of
Licence.]

I, J. K. of , being a member of the Local Authority of the [county] of , [or being a person appointed by the Local Authority of the [county] of

Licence granted on
the Declaration ofand on the Certificate
[or Declaration] offor movement of swine
from a Sale authorized
to be held without
Licence at

to

Name of Owner of
Swine** One of these last
two paragraphs is to be
struck out, according to
the facts, by the person
granting this Licence,
who must initial the
alteration in the margin
of the paragraph
struck out.*

No. of Swine

Description

(Signed)

(Dated)

This Licence is available
for days.This counterfoil is
to be retained by the
person granting the
Licence.

to grant Swine-Fever Movement Licences for the movement of swine from Sales authorized to be held in Swine-Fever Infected Areas without a Licence,] the accompanying Declaration of the occupier of [or the agent authorized in writing for this purpose of the occupier of] the under-mentioned farm or premises, declaring that each of the under-mentioned swine which were exposed for sale at a Sale held on that farm or premises on the day of , 18 , has been on that farm or premises not less than 28 days immediately before the Sale, without having been moved therefrom except under a Swine-Fever Occupation Movement Licence, and has not been in contact with any swine brought on to that farm or premises within those 28 days, except under such a Swine-Fever Occupation Movement Licence, and that to the best of his knowledge and belief no swine on that farm or premises is affected with swine-fever, and, in addition thereto, the accompanying Certificate of a Veterinary Inspector certifying that each of the under-mentioned swine is not affected with swine-fever, and has not, to the best of his knowledge and belief, been exposed to the infection of swine-fever [or the accompanying Declaration of the owner or of his agent authorized in writing for this purpose declaring that, to the best of his knowledge and belief, each of the swine described in that Declaration is not affected with swine-fever, and has not been exposed to the infection of swine-fever,] having been produced to me, and having satisfied myself that the place where the swine are is not a Swine-Fever Infected Place, do hereby license the movement of those swine from the said farm or premises to the under-mentioned place or premises.

* If the movement is to be into the District of another Local Authority, whether into an Infected Area or not, there must also be a Swine-Fever Movement Licence of that other Local Authority indorsed on or referring to this Licence; which second Licence must be granted before the swine are moved into the District of that other Local Authority.

Or

* Although the movement is to be into the District of another Local Authority, there need not be a Swine-Fever Movement Licence of that other Local Authority indorsed on or referring to this Licence, there being a Licence for this movement by agreement between the said Local Authority and that other Local Authority.

Description of Farm or Premises where Sale was held.	Number and Description of Swine to be moved.	Description of Place or Premises to which Swine are to be moved.

This Licence is available for days, including the day of the date hereof, and no longer.

(Signed) _____

(Address) _____

Dated this day of , 18 .

[Read the Indorsement on back of this Licence.]

FORM RR.

To be printed as Indorsement on Licence QQ.

The Order of Council under which this Licence is issued provides, in effect, as follows :

(a.) This Licence is not available if either it, or the second Licence referred to therein, is granted by the owner of the swine to be moved or by his agent, or by the owner or consignee or other person selling the swine, or exposing the swine for sale, or by the purchaser thereof or by his agent, or by the auctioneer or other person conducting the public or private Sale at which the swine are exposed for sale, or by the occupier of the farm or premises or slaughter-house from or to which the swine are to be moved.

(b.) This Licence is not available except when accompanied by the Declaration of the occupier of the farm or premises or of his agent authorized in writing for that purpose, and, in addition thereto, by either the Certificate of the Veterinary Inspector or the Declaration of the owner of the swine or of his agent, on which it is granted.

(c.) The person granting the Licence must, for the identification of the Declarations and Certificate produced to him, mark the same by signing his name on each of them, with the date of the production thereof to him.

(d.) The person granting the Licence must deliver the Declarations and Certificate produced to him, when so marked, with the Licence, to the person receiving the Licence from him.

Caution.—Persons acting without such a Licence where such a Licence is necessary, or acting thereon after the Licence has expired, or counterfeiting, fabricating, or altering, or obtaining or endeavouring to obtain a Licence by means of a false pretence, or granting or issuing a Licence knowing the same to be false in any respect, or committing other offences with respect to Licences are liable, under The Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878, to fine and imprisonment.

The number and description of the swine inserted in the Licence must be the same as the number and description in the Declarations and Certificate on which the Licence is granted.

FORM SS.

(Art. 69 Regulation A iii.)

*Swine-Fever Occupation Movement Licence.*THE CONTAGIOUS DISEASES (ANIMALS)
ACT, 1878.

SWINE-FEVER.

SWINE-FEVER.

SWINE-FEVER
OCCUPATION
MOVEMENT
LICENCE.SWINE-FEVER OCCUPATION MOVEMENT
LICENCE

(for movement of swine from one part of a farm or of farms in the same occupation to another part of that farm or of those farms, or from and to a farm or premises to and from a common or grazing-land or watering-place which the occupier of the farm or premises is entitled to use for the swine.)

No. .
[same as number of
Licence.]

Licence granted on
the Certificate [or
Declaration] of

for movement of
swine between

No. of Swine

Description

(Signed)

(Dated)

This Licence is
available for 14 days.

This counterfoil is
to be retained by the
person granting the
Licence.

No. .
I, J. K. of , being a member of the
Local Authority of the [county] of ,
[or being a person appointed by the Local Authority of
the [county] of] to grant Swine-Fever
Occupation Movement Licences for the movement of swine
as above-mentioned in Swine-Fever Infected Areas,] the
accompanying Certificate of a Veterinary Inspector certi-
fying that each of the under-mentioned swine is not
affected with swine fever, and has not, to the best of his
knowledge and belief, been exposed to the infection of
swine-fever, [or the accompanying Declaration of the
owner or of his agent authorized in writing for this
purpose declaring that, to the best of his knowledge and
belief, each of the swine described in that Declaration is
not affected with swine-fever, and has not been exposed to
the infection of swine-fever,] having been produced to me,
do hereby license the movement from time to time of those
swine between the under-mentioned places or premises,
such places or premises being in a Swine-Fever Infected
Area but not being in a Swine-Fever Infected Place, and
being both in the District of the said Local Authority.

Number and Description of Swine to be moved.	Name and Address of Owner of Swine, or his Agent.	Description of Places or Premises between which Swine are to be moved.

This Licence is available for fourteen days, including
the day of the date hereof, and no longer.

(Signed) _____

(Address) _____

Dated this day of , 18 .

[Read the Indorsement on back of this Licence.]

FORM TT.

To be printed as Indorsement on Licence SS.

The Order of Council under which this Licence is issued provides, in effect, as follows :

(a.) This Licence is not available if granted by the owner of the swine to be moved or by his agent, or by the occupier of the farm or premises from or to which the swine are to be moved.

(b.) This Licence is not available except when accompanied by the Certificate or Declaration on which it is granted.

(c.) The person granting the Licence must, for the identification of the Certificate or Declaration produced to him, mark the same by signing his name thereon, with the date of the production thereof to him.

(d.) The person granting the Licence must deliver the Certificate or Declaration produced to him, when so marked, with the Licence, to the person receiving the Licence from him.

Caution.—Persons acting without such a Licence where such a Licence is necessary, or acting thereon after the Licence has expired, or counterfeiting, fabricating, or altering, or obtaining or endeavouring to obtain a Licence by means of a false pretence, or granting or issuing a Licence knowing the same to be false in any respect, or committing other offences with respect to Licences are liable, under The Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878, to fine and imprisonment.

The number and description of the swine inserted in the Licence must be the same as the number and description in the Certificate or Declaration on which the Licence is granted.

FORM UU.

(Art. 69 Regulation B iv. and vi.)

Movement of Swine into a Swine-Fever Infected Area.

SWINE-FEVER.

THE CONTAGIOUS DISEASES (ANIMALS)
ACT, 1878.SWINE-FEVER
MOVEMENT
LICENCE.

SWINE-FEVER.

SWINE-FEVER MOVEMENT LICENCE INTO
SWINE-FEVER INFECTED AREA.

No . . . [same as number of Licence.] Licence granted on the Certificate [or Declaration] of for movement of swine to in the Swine-Fever Infected Area at No. of Swine Description (Signed) (Dated) This Licence is available for days. This counterfoil is to be retained by the person granting the Licence.	No. . . I, J. K. of , being a member of the Local Authority of the [county] of , [or being a person appointed by the Local Authority of the [county] of to grant Swine-Fever Movement Licences for the movement of swine into Swine-Fever Infected Areas,] the accompanying Certificate of a Veterinary Inspector certifying that each of the under-mentioned swine is not affected with swine-fever, and has not, to the best of his knowledge and belief, been exposed to the infection of swine-fever, [or the accompanying Declaration of the owner or of his agent authorized in writing for this purpose declaring that, to the best of his knowledge and belief, each of the swine described in that Declaration is not affected with swine-fever, and has not been exposed to the infection of swine-fever,] having been produced to me, do hereby license the movement of those swine to the under-mentioned place or premises, such place or premises being in a Swine-Fever Infected Area but not being in a Swine-Fever Infected Place, and being in the District of the said Local Authority. <table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <thead> <tr> <th style="width: 33%;">Number and Description of Swine to be moved.</th> <th style="width: 33%;">Name and Address of Owner of Swine, or his Agent.</th> <th style="width: 33%;">Description of Place or Premises to which Swine are to be moved.</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td style="height: 100px;"></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> </tbody> </table> (Signed) _____ (Address) _____ Dated this day of , 18 . [Read the Indorsement on back of this Licence.]	Number and Description of Swine to be moved.	Name and Address of Owner of Swine, or his Agent.	Description of Place or Premises to which Swine are to be moved.			
Number and Description of Swine to be moved.	Name and Address of Owner of Swine, or his Agent.	Description of Place or Premises to which Swine are to be moved.					

FORM VV.

To be printed as Indorsement on Licence UU.

The Order of Council under which this Licence is issued provides, in effect, as follows :

(a.) This Licence is not available if granted by the owner of the swine to be moved or by his agent, or by the owner or consignee or other person selling the swine, or by the purchaser thereof or by his agent, or by the occupier of the farm or premises or slaughter-house from or to which the swine are to be moved.

(b.) This Licence is not available except when accompanied by the Certificate or Declaration on which it is granted.

(c.) The person granting the Licence must, for the identification of the Certificate or Declaration produced to him, mark the same by signing his name thereon, with the date of the production thereof to him.

(d.) The person granting the Licence must deliver the Certificate or Declaration produced to him, when so marked, with the Licence, to the person receiving the Licence from him.

Caution.—Persons acting without such a Licence, where such a Licence is necessary, or acting thereon after the Licence has expired, or counterfeiting, fabricating, or altering, or obtaining or endeavouring to obtain a Licence by means of a false pretence, or granting or issuing a Licence knowing the same to be false in any respect, or committing other offences with respect to Licences are liable, under The Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878, to fine and imprisonment.

The number and description of the swine inserted in the Licence must be the same as the number and description in the Certificate or Declaration on which the Licence is granted.

212 ORDERS OF COUNCIL UNDER THE CONTAGIOUS

FORM WW.

(Art. 69 Regulation A i. and ii. and Art. 74 (4).)

Movement of Swine in Swine-Fever Infected Area from a place other than a Market, Fair, Exhibition, or Sale.

SWINE-FEVER.

SWINE-FEVER
MOVEMENT
LICENCE.No. .
[same as number of
Licence.]Licence granted on
the Certificate [or
Declaration] offor movement of
swine toin the Swine-Fever
Infected Area at** One of these last
two paragraphs is to
be struck out, accord-
ing to the facts, by the
person granting this
Licence, who must
initial the alteration
in the margin of the
paragraph struck out.*

No. of Swine

Description

(Signed)

(Dated)

This Licence is
available for
days.This counterfoil is
to be retained by the
person granting the
Licence.

THE CONTAGIOUS DISEASES (ANIMALS) ACT, 1878.

SWINE-FEVER.

SWINE-FEVER MOVEMENT LICENCE IN SWINE-
FEVER INFECTED AREA, NOT FROM MARKET
OR SALE.

No. .

I, J. K. of , being a member of the
Local Authority of the [county] of , [or
being a person appointed by the Local Authority of the
[county] of to grant Swine-Fever
Movement Licences for the movement of swine in Swine-
Fever Infected Areas otherwise than from markets, fairs,
exhibitions, or sales,] the accompanying Certificate of a
Veterinary Inspector certifying that each of the under-
mentioned swine is not affected with swine-fever, and has
not, to the best of his knowledge and belief, been exposed
to the infection of swine-fever, [or the accompanying
Declaration of the owner or of his agent authorized in
writing for this purpose declaring that, to the best of his
knowledge and belief, each of the swine described in that
Declaration is not affected with swine-fever, and has not
been exposed to the infection of swine-fever,] having been
produced to me, do hereby license the movement of those
swine to the under-mentioned place or premises, such place
or premises being in a Swine-Fever Infected Area but not
being in a Swine-Fever Infected Place.

* If the movement is to be in the Districts of more Local
Authorities than one, there must also be a Swine-Fever
Movement Licence of each of those Local Authorities; and
every such second or subsequent Swine-Fever Movement
Licence must be indorsed on or refer to this Licence, and be
granted before the swine are moved into the District of the
Local Authority granting the second or subsequent Licence.

Or

* Although the movement is to be into the District of
another Local Authority, there need not be a Swine-Fever
Movement Licence of that other Local Authority indorsed
on or referring to this Licence, there being a Licence for
this movement by agreement between the said Local
Authority and that other Local Authority.

Number and Description of Swine to be moved.	Name and Address of Owner of Swine or his Agent.	Description of Place or Premises to which Swine are to be moved.

This Licence is available for days, including the
day of the date hereof, and no longer.

[This Licence does not authorize movement from a
market, fair, exhibition, or sale, whether held by Licence
or not.]

(Signed) _____

(Address) _____

Dated this day of , 18 .

[Read the Indorsement on back of this Licence.]

FORM XX.

(Art. 69 Regulation B v. and Art. 74 (4).)

Movement of Swine into one out of another Swine-Fever Infected Area from a place other than a Market, Fair, Exhibition, or Sale.

THE CONTAGIOUS DISEASES (ANIMALS) ACT, 1878.

SWINE-FEVER.

SWINE-FEVER.

SWINE-FEVER
MOVEMENT
LICENCE.SWINE-FEVER MOVEMENT LICENCE INTO ONE
OUT OF ANOTHER SWINE-FEVER INFECTED
AREA, NOT FROM MARKET OR SALE.

No. .

No. .
[same as number of
Licence.]Licence granted on
the Certificate [or
Declaration] offor movement of
swine out of the
Swine-Fever Infected
Area at

to

at

** One of these last
two paragraphs is to
be struck out, accord-
ing to the facts, by the
person granting this
Licence, who must
initial the alteration
in the margin of the
paragraph struck out.*

No. of Swine

Description

(Signed)

(Dated)

This Licence is
available for
days.This counterfoil is
to be retained by the
person granting the
Licence.

I, J. K. of , being a member of the
Local Authority of the [county] of , [or
being a person appointed by the Local Authority of the
[county] of to grant Swine-Fever Move-
ment Licences for the movement of swine out of Swine-
Fever Infected Areas,] the accompanying Certificate of a
Veterinary Inspector, certifying that each of the under-
mentioned swine is not affected with swine-fever, and has
not, to the best of his knowledge and belief, been exposed
to the infection of swine-fever, [or the accompanying
Declaration of the owner, or of his agent authorized in
writing for this purpose declaring that, to the best of his
knowledge and belief, each of the swine described in that
Declaration is not affected with swine-fever, and has not
been exposed to the infection of swine-fever,] having been
produced to me, and having satisfied myself that the place
where the swine are is not a Swine-Fever Infected Place,
do hereby license the movement of those swine out of the
under-mentioned Swine-Fever Infected Area to the under-
mentioned place or premises the same being in a Swine-
Fever Infected Area and not being in the District of the
said Local Authority.

* There must also be a Swine-Fever Movement Licence
of the Local Authority into whose District the swine are
to be moved indorsed on or referring to this Licence;
which second Licence must be granted before the swine
are moved into the District of that Local Authority.

Or

* Although the movement is to be into the District of
another Local Authority, there need not be a Swine-Fever
Movement Licence of that other Local Authority indorsed
on or referring to this Licence, there being a Licence for
this movement by agreement between the said Local
Authority and that other Local Authority.

Description of Infected Area out of which Swine are to be moved.	Number and Description of Swine to be moved.	Description of Place or Premises to which Swine are to be moved.

This Licence is available for _____ days, including the
day of the date hereof, *and no longer.*

[This Licence does not authorize movement from a
market, fair, exhibition, or sale, whether held by Licence
or not.]

(Signed) _____

(Address) _____

Dated this _____ day of _____, 18 .

[Read the Indorsement on back of this Licence.]

FORM YY.

Art. 69 Regulation C vii. and viii. and Art. 74 (4).)

Movement of Swine out of a Swine-Fever Infected Area from a place other than a Market, Fair, Exhibition, or Sale.

SWINE FEVER.

SWINE-FEVER
MOVEMENT
LICENCE.

No.

[same as number of
Licence.]Licence granted on
the Certificate [or
Declaration] offor movement of
swine out of the
Swine-Fever Infected
Area at

to

at

** One of these last
two paragraphs is to
be struck out, accord-
ing to the facts, by the
person granting this
Licence, who must
initial the alteration
in the margin of the
paragraph struck out.*

No. of Swine

Description

(Signed)

(Dated)

This Licence is
available for
days.This counterfoil is
to be retained by the
person granting the
Licence.THE CONTAGIOUS DISEASES (ANIMALS)
ACT, 1878.

SWINE-FEVER.

SWINE-FEVER MOVEMENT LICENCE OUT OF
SWINE-FEVER INFECTED AREA, NOT FROM
MARKET OR SALE.

No.

I, J. K. of _____, being a member of the
Local Authority of the [county] of _____,
[or being a person appointed by the Local Authority of
the [county] of _____ to grant Swine-Fever
Movement Licences for the movement of swine out of
Swine-Fever Infected Areas,] the accompanying Certificate
of a Veterinary Inspector certifying that each of the under-
mentioned swine is not affected with swine-fever, and has
not, to the best of his knowledge and belief, been exposed
to the infection of swine-fever, [or the accompanying
Declaration of the owner or of his agent authorized in writ-
ing for this purpose declaring that, to the best of his know-
ledge and belief, each of the swine described in that
Declaration is not affected with swine-fever, and has not
been exposed to the infection of swine-fever,] having been
produced to me, and having satisfied myself that the place
where the swine are is not a Swine-Fever Infected Place,
do hereby license the movement of those swine out of the
under-mentioned Swine-Fever Infected Area to the under-
mentioned place or premises.

* If the movement is to be into the District of another
Local Authority, whether into a Swine-Fever Infected
Area or not, there must also be a Swine-Fever Movement
Licence of that other Local Authority, indorsed on or re-
ferring to this Licence; which second Licence must be
granted before the swine are moved into the District of
that other Local Authority.

Or

* Although the movement is to be into the District of
another Local Authority, there need not be a Swine-Fever
Movement Licence of that other Local Authority indorsed
on or referring to this Licence, there being a Licence for
this movement by agreement between the said Local
Authority and that other Local Authority.

Description of Infected Area out of which Swine are to be moved.	Number and Description of Swine to be moved.	Description of Place or Premises to which Swine are to be moved.

This Licence is available for _____ days, including the
day of the date hereof, *and no longer.*

[This Licence does not authorise movement from a
market, fair, exhibition, or sale, whether held by Licence
or not.]

(Signed) _____

(Address) _____

Dated this _____ day of _____, 18 .

[Read the Indorsement on back of this Licence.]

FORM ZZ.

To be printed as Indorsement on Licence WW. XX. YY.

The Order of Council under which this Licence is issued provides, in effect, as follows :

(a.) This Licence is not available if either it, or the second Licence referred to therein, is granted by the owner of the swine to be moved or by his agent, or by the owner or consignee or other person selling the swine, or by the purchaser thereof or by his agent, or by the occupier of the farm or premises or slaughter-house from or to which the swine are to be moved.

(b.) This Licence is not available except when accompanied by the Certificate or Declaration on which it is granted.

(c.) The person granting the Licence must, for the identification of the Certificate or Declaration produced to him, mark the same by signing his name thereon, with the date of the production thereof to him.

(d.) The person granting the Licence must deliver the Certificate or Declaration produced to him, when so marked with the Licence, to the person receiving the Licence from him.

Caution.—Persons acting without such a Licence where such a Licence is necessary, or acting thereon after the Licence has expired, or counterfeiting, fabricating, or altering, or obtaining or endeavouring to obtain a Licence by means of a false pretence, or granting or issuing a Licence knowing the same to be false in any respect, or committing other offences with respect to Licences, are liable under The Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878, to fine and imprisonment.

The number and description of the swine inserted in the Licence must be the same as the number and description in the Certificate or Declaration on which the Licence is granted.

VI.—*Inspector's Movement Licence Forms to be used in Connexion with Animals, Horses, Asses, and Mules seized by them in Market &c., or during Transit.*

FORM AAA.

Movement to a Slaughter-House of Cattle seized as having been found affected with Pleuro-Pneumonia in a Market, Railway Station, Grazing-Park, or other like Place, or during Transit.

THE CONTAGIOUS DISEASES (ANIMALS) ACT, 1878.

PLEURO-PNEUMONIA.

INSPECTOR'S MOVEMENT LICENCE TO SLAUGHTER-HOUSE OF CATTLE SEIZED IN MARKET, &c., OR DURING TRANSIT.

PLEURO-PNEUMONIA.

INSPECTOR'S
MOVEMENT
LICENCE.

No. .

[same as number of
Licence.]

Licence granted to
move cattle affected
with pleuro-pneumonia,
the same having
been seized while (a)

at

to the slaughter-house
at

in charge of

No. of Cattle

Description

(Signed)

(Dated)

This Licence is
available for 12 hours
from o'clock
this day.

This counterfoil is
to be retained by the
person granting the
Licence.

I, A. B. of

, the Inspector appointed by
, being the Local Authority for the [county]
of , and authorized to grant Licences in this behalf
having found the under-mentioned cattle to be affected with
pleuro-pneumonia while (a) , and having seized the same, do
hereby license their movement to the under-mentioned slaughter-
house, such slaughter-house being the nearest available, for the
purpose of being there forthwith slaughtered.

If the cattle are to be moved into the District of another Local
Authority, there must also be a Licence of that other Local
Authority indorsed on or referring to this Licence; which
second Licence must be granted before the cattle are moved
into the District of that other Local Authority.

The cattle moved hereunder must be moved to the under-
mentioned slaughter-house under the direction and in charge of
an Inspector or other officer of the Local Authority out of whose
District they are moved, who must enforce and superintend the
immediate slaughter there of the cattle.

Number and Description of the Cattle to be moved.	Slaughter-house to which the Cattle are to be moved for slaughter.	Place at which and Circumstances under which the Cattle were seized.

This Licence is available for 12 hours from o'clock
this day, and no longer.

(Signed) _____

Dated this _____ day of _____, 18 .

(a) Exposed for sale or exhibited in a market, fair, sale-yard,
place of exhibition, or other place; or placed in a lair or other
place before exposure for sale; or being in or on a landing-place
or wharf or railway station or other place during transit; or
in course of being moved by land or by water; or being on
common or uninclosed land; or being in a cow-shed, field, yard,
farm, park, or other place wherein animals of different owners
are taken in for shelter, or for rest, or for grazing, or for any
other purpose; or being in any other place not in the possession
or occupation or under the control of the owner of the cattle,
as the case may be.

Caution.—Persons acting without such a Licence where such
a Licence is necessary, or acting thereon after the Licence has
expired, or counterfeiting, fabricating, or altering, or obtaining or
endeavouring to obtain a Licence by means of a false pretence,
or granting or issuing a Licence knowing the same to be false in
any respect, or committing other offences with respect to Licences
are liable, under The Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878,
to fine and imprisonment.

FORM BBB.

Movement to a Slaughter-House of Animals seized as having been found affected with Foot-and-Mouth Disease in a Market, Railway Station, Grazing-Park, or other like Place, or during Transit.

FOOT-AND-MOUTH
DISEASE.INSPECTOR'S
MOVEMENT
LICENCE.

No. .

[same as number of
Licence.]

Licence granted to
move animals affected
with foot-and-mouth
disease, the same
having been seized
while (a)

at

to the slaughter-house
at

in charge of

No. of Animals

Description

(Signed)

(Dated)

This Licence is
available for 12 hours
from o'clock
this day.

This counterfoil is
to be retained by the
person granting the
Licence.

THE CONTAGIOUS DISEASES (ANIMALS)
ACT, 1878.

FOOT-AND-MOUTH DISEASE.

INSPECTOR'S MOVEMENT LICENCE TO
SLAUGHTER-HOUSE OF ANIMALS SEIZED
IN MARKET &c., OR DURING TRANSIT.

No. .

I, A. B. of , the Inspector appointed
by , being the Local Authority for the
[county] of , and authorized to grant
Licences in this behalf, having found the under-mentioned
animals to be affected with foot-and-mouth disease while
(a) , and having seized the same, do hereby license
their movement to the under-mentioned slaughter-house,
such slaughter-house being the nearest available, for the
purpose of being there forthwith slaughtered.

Number and Description of the Animals to be moved.	Slaughter-house to which the Animals are to be moved for slaughter.	Place at which and Circumstances under which the Animals were seized.

This Licence is available for 12 hours from o'clock
this day, and no longer.

(Signed) _____

(Address) _____

Dated this day of , 18 .

(a) Exposed for sale or exhibited in a market, fair, sale-
yard, place of exhibition, or other place; or placed in a
lair or other place before exposure for sale; or being in or
on a landing-place or wharf or railway station or other
place during transit; or in course of being moved by land
or by water; or being on common or uninclosed land; or
being in a cow-shed, field, yard, sty, farm, park, or other
place wherein animals of different owners are taken in for
shelter, or for rest, or for grazing, or for any other pur-
pose; or being in any other place not in the possession or
occupation or under the control of the owner of the
animal, as the case may be.

Caution.—Persons acting without such a Licence where
such a Licence is necessary, or acting thereon after the
Licence has expired, or counterfeiting, fabricating, or
altering, or obtaining or endeavouring to obtain a Licence
by means of a false pretence, or granting or issuing a
Licence knowing the same to be false in any respect, or
committing other offences with respect to Licences are
liable, under The Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878,
to fine and imprisonment.

FORM CCC.

Movement to a Slaughter-House of Swine seized as having been found affected with Swine-Fever in a Market, Railway Station, Grazing-Park, or other like Place, or during Transit.

SWINE-FEVER.

INSPECTOR'S
MOVEMENT
LICENCE.

No.

[same as number of
Licence.]

Licence granted to
move swine affected
with swine-fever, the
same having been
seised while (a)

at

to the slaughter-house
at

in charge of

No. of Swine

Description

(Signed)

(Dated)

This Licence is avail-
able for 12 hours
from o'clock this
day.

This counterfoil is
to be retained by the
person granting the
Licence.

THE CONTAGIOUS DISEASES (ANIMALS) ACT, 1878.

SWINE-FEVER.

INSPECTOR'S MOVEMENT LICENCE TO SLAUGH-
TER-HOUSE OF SWINE SEISED IN MARKET
&c., OR DURING TRANSIT.

No.

I, A. B. of _____, the Inspector appointed by
_____, being the Local Authority for the [county]
of _____, and authorized to grant Licences in this
behalf, having found the under-mentioned swine to be
affected with swine-fever while (a) _____, and having
seised the same, do hereby license their movement to the
under-mentioned slaughter-house, such slaughter-house
being the nearest available, for the purpose of being there
forthwith slaughtered.

If the swine are to be moved into the District of another
Local Authority, there must also be a Licence of that
other Local Authority indorsed on or referring to this
Licence; which second Licence must be granted before
the swine are moved into the District of that other Local
Authority.

The swine moved hereunder must be moved to the under-
mentioned slaughter-house under the direction and in
charge of an Inspector or other officer of the Local Autho-
rity out of whose District they are moved, who must
enforce and superintend the immediate slaughter there of
the swine.

Number and Description of the Swine to be moved.	Slaughter-house to which the Swine are to be moved for slaughter.	Place at which and Circumstances under which the Swine were seised.

This Licence is available for 12 hours from _____ o'clock
this day, and no longer.

(Signed) _____

(Address) _____

Dated this _____ day of _____, 18 ____.

(a) Exposed for sale or exhibited in a market, fair, sale-
yard, place of exhibition, or other place; or placed in a
lair or other place before exposure for sale; or being in or
on a landing-place or wharf or railway station or other
place during transit; or in course of being moved by land
or by water; or being on common or uninclosed land; or
being in a shed, field, yard, sty, farm, park, or other place
wherein animals of different owners are taken in for shelter,
or for rest, or for grazing, or for any other purpose; or
being in any other place not in the possession or occupa-
tion or under the control of the owner of the swine, as the
case may be.

Caution.—Persons acting without such a Licence where
such a Licence is necessary, or acting thereon after the
Licence has expired, or counterfeiting, fabricating, or
altering, or obtaining or endeavouring to obtain a Licence
by means of a false pretence, or granting or issuing a
Licence knowing the same to be false in any respect, or
committing other offences with respect to Licences are
liable, under The Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878,
to fine and imprisonment.

FORM DDD.

Movement to a Slaughter-House or Horse-Slaughterer's or Knacker's Yard of Suspected Animals, Horses, Asses, or Mules that have been seized in consequence of being illegally moved or exposed.

SUSPECTED ANIMALS,
HORSES,
ASSES, OR MULES.

INSPECTOR'S
MOVEMENT
LICENCE.

No. .

[same as number of
Licence.]

Licences granted to
move suspected ani-
mals, horses, asses, or
mules, the same having
been seized while (b)

to the (c) at

No. of (a)

Description

(Signed)

(Dated)

This Licence is avail-
able for 12 hours from
o'clock this day.

This counterfoil is to
be retained by the
person granting the
Licence.

THE CONTAGIOUS DISEASES (ANIMALS) ACT, 1878.

SUSPECTED ANIMALS, HORSES, ASSES, OR MULES.

INSPECTOR'S MOVEMENT LICENCE TO SLAUGHTER-
HOUSE, OR HORSE-SLAUGHTERER'S OR KNACKER'S
YARD OF SUSPECTED ANIMALS, HORSES, ASSES, OR
MULES SEIZED AS ILLEGALLY MOVED OR EXPOSED.

No.
I, A. B. of , the Inspector appointed by
, being the Local Authority for the [county] of
and authorized to grant Licences in this behalf, having seized the
under-mentioned suspected (a) while (b) do
hereby license their movement to the under-mentioned (c)
such (c) being the nearest available, for the pur-
pose of being there forthwith slaughtered.

If the animals, horses, asses, or mules are to be moved into the
District of another Local Authority, there must also be a Licence
of that other Local Authority indorsed on or referring to this
Licence; which second Licence must be granted before the
animals, horses, asses, or mules are moved into the District of
that other Local Authority.

The animals, horses, asses, or mules moved hereunder must
be moved to the under-mentioned slaughter-house or horse-
slaughterer's or knacker's yard under the direction and in charge of
an Inspector or other officer of the Local Authority out of whose
District they are moved, who must enforce and superintend the
immediate slaughter there of the animals, horses, asses, or mules.

Number and Description of the Animals, Horses, Asses, or Mules to be moved.	Slaughter-House or Horse-Slaughterer's or Knacker's Yard to which the Animals, Horses, Asses, or Mules are to be moved for slaughter.	Place at which and Circumstances under which the Animals, Horses, Asses, or Mules were seized.

This Licence is available for 12 hours from o'clock this
day, and no longer.

(Signed)

(Address)

Dated this day of , 18 .

(a) Animals, or Horses, or Asses, or Mules, as the case may be.

(b) Exposed in a market, or fair, or in a sale-yard, or other
public or private place where animals or horses are commonly
exposed for sale; or in a lair or other place adjacent to or con-
nected with a market or a fair, or where animals or horses are
commonly placed before exposure for sale; or being carried on
a railway, canal, river, or inland navigation, or in a coasting
vessel; or being carried, led, or driven on a highway or thorough-
fare; or on common or uninclosed land, or in a field or place
insufficiently fenced or in a field adjoining a highway not so
fenced or situate so that animals therein cannot in any manner
come in contact with animals passing along that highway or
grazing on the sides thereof; or grazing on pasture being on the
sides of a highway; or straying on a highway or thoroughfare
or on the sides thereof, or on common or uninclosed land, or in
a field or place insufficiently fenced, as the case may be.

(c) Slaughter-house, or horse-slaughterer's, or knacker's yard,
as the case may be.

Caution.—Persons acting without such a Licence where such a
Licence is necessary, or acting thereon after the Licence has ex-
pired, or counterfeiting, fabricating, or altering, or obtaining or
endeavouring to obtain a Licence by means of a false pretence,
or granting or issuing a Licence knowing the same to be false in
any respect, or committing other offences with respect to Licences
are liable, under The Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878,
to fine and imprisonment.

THE SECOND SCHEDULE.

Form of Record.

THE CONTAGIOUS DISEASES (ANIMALS) ACT, 1878.

County [*or Borough, or Burgh*] of _____

RECORD.

PART I.

Record of each Animal affected with _____ Slaughtered (or reserved for Observation and Treatment) in
pursuance of the above-mentioned Act.

Date of the Order for Slaughter by the Local Authority.	Name of Premises on which the Animal was Slaughtered, and of the Parish in which situate.	Name and Address of the Owner of the Animal.	Description of the Animal Slaughtered, whether Bull, Cow, Ox, Heifer or Calf; [<i>or Sheep or Swine</i>].	Value of the Animal immediately before it was Affected.	Date of Valuation.	Name and Address of the Valuator.	Number of Animals Valued.	Amount of Valuation per Head.	Number Slaughtered.	Number killed since Valuation.	Witness to the Slaughtering.	Amount of Compensation to Owner per Head.	Total Amount of Compensation paid by the Local Authority to the Owner.
				£. s. d.				£. s. d.				£. s. d.	£. s. d.

Of the above Animals the following were reserved
for Observation and Treatment by direction of
the Privy Council dated _____

REMARKS.

PART II.

RECORD of each Animal that, having been in the same Shed [*or* Pigsty] or Herd [*or* Flock], or in contact with any Animal affected with _____, has been Slaughtered in pursuance of the above-mentioned Act.

Date of the Order for Slaughter by the Local Authority.	Date of the Execution or the Order.	Name of Premises on which the Animal was Slaughtered, and of the Parish in which situate.	Name and Address of the Owner of the Animal.	Description of the Animal Slaughtered, whether Bull, Cow, Ox, Heifer, or Calf; [<i>or</i> Sheep <i>or</i> Swine].	Value of the Animal Slaughtered.	Date of Valuation.	Name and Address of the Valuator.	Number of Animals Valued.	Amount of Valuation per Head.	Number Slaughtered.	Witness to the Slaughter.	Amount of Compensation to Owner per Head.	Total Amount of Compensation paid by the Local Authority to the Owner.
					£. s. d.				£. s. d.			£. s. d.	£. s. d.

REMARKS.

THE THIRD SCHEDULE.

RAILWAY STATIONS at which Water is to be provided for Animals.

Name of Station.	Name of Railway.	Name of Station.	Name of Railway.
Abbey - - -	Great Eastern.	Barrow - - -	Furness.
Aberdeen - - -	Caledonian.	Basingstoke Junction.	London and South Western.
Aberfeldy - - -	Highland.	Bath - - -	Midland.
Aberfoyle - - -	North British.	Beattock - - -	Caledonian.
Aberglenny - - -	Great Western.	Beebles - - -	Great Eastern.
Abergwilly - - -	Central Wales and Carmarthen Junction.	Beckenham - - -	South Eastern.
Abermule - - -	Cambrian.	Bedale - - -	North Eastern.
Aberystwyth - - -	Cambrian.	Belford - - -	London and North Western.
Accrington - - -	Lancashire and Yorkshire.	Bedford - - -	Midland.
Achnasheen - - -	Highland.	Beecon Castle - - -	London and North Western.
Acle - - -	Great Eastern.	Belford - - -	North Eastern.
Afon Wen - - -	Cambrian.	Bellgrove - - -	Glasgow and South Western.
Alford - - -	Great Northern.	Bervie - - -	North British.
Alford (Aberdeenshire).	Great North of Scotland.	Berwick-on-Tweed - - -	North British.
Almond Bank - - -	Caledonian.	Beverley - - -	North Eastern.
Alnwick - - -	North Eastern.	Bleester - - -	London and North Western.
Alsager - - -	North Staffordshire.	Birkenhead (Shore Road).	Cheshire Lines Committee.
Alston - - -	North Eastern.	Birkenhead (New Station).	Great Western.
Alton - - -	North Staffordshire.	Birkenhead - - -	London and North Western, and Great Western (Joint).
Alvescot - - -	Great Western.	Birmingham - - -	Great Western.
Alyth - - -	Caledonian.	Birmingham - - -	London and North Western.
Alyth Junction - - -	Caledonian.	Birmingham - - -	Midland.
Amphill - - -	Midland.	Bishop Auckland - - -	North Eastern.
Andover Junction - - -	London and South Western.	Bishops Stortford - - -	Great Eastern.
Andover Town - - -	London and South Western.	Bishopstoke Junction.	London and South Western.
Annan - - -	Glasgow and South Western.	Blackburn - - -	Lancashire and Yorkshire.
Appledore - - -	South Eastern.	Blackford - - -	Caledonian.
Arbroath - - -	Caledonian.	Blair Athole - - -	Highland.
Ardler - - -	Caledonian.	Blairgowrie - - -	Caledonian.
Ardrossan - - -	Glasgow and South Western.	Blencow - - -	Cockermouth, Keswick, and Penrith.
Ardwick - - -	Manchester, Sheffield, and Lincolnshire.	Bletchley - - -	London and North Western.
Arundel - - -	London, Brighton, and South Coast.	Blythe Bridge - - -	North Staffordshire.
Ashbourne - - -	North Staffordshire.	Boat of Garten - - -	Highland.
Ashford - - -	South Eastern.	Bodmin Road - - -	Cornwall.
Ashton-under-Lyne - - -	Lancashire and Yorkshire.	Bolton - - -	Lancashire and Yorkshire.
Ashton-under-Lyne - - -	Manchester, Sheffield, and Lincolnshire.	Bolton - - -	London and North Western.
Aspatia - - -	Maryport and Carlisle.	Bonar Bridge - - -	Highland.
Attleborough - - -	Great Eastern.	Bootle - - -	Furness.
Auchterarder - - -	Caledonian.	Bordesley - - -	Great Western.
Auldgarth - - -	Glasgow and South Western.	Boroughbridge - - -	North Eastern.
Axminster - - -	London and South Western.	Boston - - -	Great Northern.
Aylesbury - - -	Aylesbury and Buckingham, and Great Western.	Botley - - -	London and South Western.
Aylesbury - - -	London and North Western.	Bowling - - -	North British.
Aylsham - - -	Great Eastern.	Bradford - - -	Great Northern.
Ayr - - -	Glasgow and South Western.	Bradford - - -	Lancashire and Yorkshire.
Bacup - - -	Lancashire and Yorkshire.	Bradford - - -	Midland.
Bala - - -	Great Western.	Braintree - - -	Great Eastern.
Baldock - - -	Great Northern.	Brechin - - -	Caledonian.
Balfour - - -	North British.	Brecon - - -	Brecon and Merthyr Tydfil Junction.
Balloch - - -	North British.	Brentwood - - -	Great Eastern.
Bamber Bridge - - -	Lancashire and Yorkshire.	Bridge of Dun - - -	Caledonian.
Banbury - - -	Great Western.	Bridgwater - - -	Great Western.
Banbury - - -	London and North Western.	Bridlington - - -	North Eastern.
Banff - - -	Great North of Scotland.	Brigg - - -	Manchester, Sheffield, and Lincolnshire.
Bangor - - -	London and North Western.	Brighouse - - -	Lancashire and Yorkshire.
Barnmouth - - -	Cambrian.	Brighton - - -	London, Brighton, and South Coast.
Barnard Castle - - -	North Eastern.	Bristol - - -	Great Western.
Barnet - - -	Great Northern.	Bristol - - -	Midland.
Barnsley - - -	Lancashire and Yorkshire.	Brockholes - - -	Lancashire and Yorkshire.
Barnsley - - -	Manchester, Sheffield, and Lincolnshire.	Bromsgrove - - -	Midland.
Barnstaple - - -	Great Western.	Broughton - - -	Furness.
Barnstaple - - -	London and South Western.	Broughty Ferry - - -	Dundee and Arbroath (Joint).
Barrhead - - -	Glasgow, Barrhead, and Kilmarnock Joint.		

Name of Station.	Name of Railway.	Name of Station.	Name of Railway.
Broxbourne - -	Great Eastern.	Crewkerne - -	London and South Western.
Bulth - - -	Mid-Wales.	Criccieth - -	Cambrian.
Bulgill - - -	Maryport and Carlisle.	Crieff - - -	Caledonian.
Burgh - - -	Great Northern.	Croston - - -	Lancashire and Yorkshire.
Burnley (Bank Top)	Lancashire and Yorkshire.	Crowle - - -	Manchester, Sheffield, and
Burntisland - -	North British.		Lincolnshire.
Burton (Joint Station).	London and North Western,	Croydon - - -	South Eastern.
Burton - - -	and North Staffordshire.	Cromer - - -	Great Eastern.
Bury - - -	Midland.	Cumnock (A. & C.)	Glasgow and South Western.
Bury St. Edmunds -	Lancashire and Yorkshire.	Cupar - - -	North British.
Buttington - - -	Great Eastern.		
Buxton - - -	Cambrian.	Dalbentio - -	Glasgow and South Western.
Buxton - - -	London and North Western.	Dalkeith (or Esk-	North British.
	Midland.	bank).	
		Dalston - - -	Maryport and Carlisle.
Caerwys - - -	London and North Western.	Dalton - - -	Furness.
Callander - - -	Caledonian.	Dalwhinnie - -	Highland.
Cambridge - - -	Great Eastern.	Darlington (N. E.)	North Eastern.
Cambridge - - -	Great Northern.	Darlington (S. & D.)	North Eastern.
Cambridge - - -	London and North Western.	Dartford - - -	South Eastern.
Camp Hill - - -	Midland.	Denbigh - - -	London and North Western.
Canterbury - - -	London, Chatham, and	Denny - - -	Caledonian.
	Dover.	Dentonholme (Car-	Glasgow and South Western.
Canterbury - - -	South Eastern.	lisle).	
Cardiff - - -	Great Western.	Derby - - -	Great Northern.
Cardiff - - -	Rhymney.	Derby - - -	London and North Western.
Carlisle - - -	Caledonian.	Derby - - -	Midland.
Carlisle - - -	London and North Western.	Derby - - -	North Staffordshire.
Carlisle - - -	Maryport and Carlisle.	Dereham - - -	Great Eastern.
Carlisle - - -	Midland.	Dewsbury - - -	London and North Western.
Carlisle - - -	North British.	Didcot - - -	Great Western.
Carlisle (Goods) -	North Eastern.	Dingwell - - -	Highland.
Carmarthen - - -	Central Wales and Carmar-	Diss - - -	Great Eastern.
	then Junction.	Dolgelly (Joint Sta-	Cambrian and Great West-
Carmarthen Junc-	Great Western.	tion).	ern.
Carmarthen - - -	Carmarthen and Cardigan.	Doncaster - -	Great Northern.
Carnarvon - - -	London and North Western.	Doncaster - -	Midland.
Carnforth - - -	Furness and Midland Joint.	Dorchester - -	London and South Western.
Carnforth - - -	London and North Western.	Dorking - - -	South Eastern.
Carnoustie - - -	Dundee and Arbroath	Doune - - -	Caledonian.
	(Joint).	Dover - - -	London, Chatham, and
Castle Douglas - -	Glasgow and South Western.		Dover.
Castleton - - -	North Eastern.	Driffeld - - -	North Eastern.
Chatburn - - -	Lancashire and Yorkshire.	Dubton - - -	Caledonian.
Chatham - - -	London, Chatham, and	Dudley - - -	Great Western.
	Dover.	Dumfries - - -	Caledonian.
Chelmsford - - -	Great Eastern.	Dumfries - - -	Glasgow and South Western.
Chester (Northgate)	Cheshire Lines Committee.	Dumfries House -	Glasgow and South Western.
Chester - - -	London and North Western	Dunbar - - -	North British.
	and Great Western	Dunblane - - -	Caledonian.
	(Joint).	Dundee, East - -	Dundee and Arbroath
Chesterfield - - -	Midland.		(Joint).
Chichester - - -	London, Brighton, and South	Dundee, West - -	Caledonian.
	Coast.	Dundee (Tay Bridge	North British.
Chippenham - - -	Great Western.	Station).	
Cirencester - - -	Great Western.	Dunfermline - -	North British.
Cirencester - - -	Swindon, Marlborough, and	Dunkeld - - -	Highland.
	Andover.	Dunmow - - -	Great Eastern.
Cleckheaton - - -	Lancashire and Yorkshire.	Dunning - - -	Caledonian.
Clitheroe - - -	Lancashire and Yorkshire.	Dunse - - -	North British.
Cockermouth - - -	Cockermouth, Keswick, and		
	Penrith.	East Linton - -	North British.
Cockermouth - - -	Maryport and Carlisle.	Ecclefechan - -	Caledonian.
Colchester - - -	Great Eastern.	Edinburgh - -	Caledonian.
Coldstream - - -	North Eastern.	Edinburgh (Hay-	North British.
Colne - - -	Lancashire and Yorkshire.	market).	
Congleton - - -	North Staffordshire.	Edinburgh (Scotland-	North British.
Coniston - - -	Furness.	street).	
Conway - - -	London and North Western.	Eggesford - - -	London and South Western.
Corbridge - - -	North Eastern.	Elgin (Morayshire	Great North of Scotland.
Corwen - - -	Great Western.	Station).	
Cosham - - -	London and South Western.	Elgin - - -	Highland.
Coupar Angus - - -	Caledonian.	Ellon - - -	Great North of Scotland.
Coventry - - -	London and North Western.	Elsenham - - -	Great Eastern.
Craik - - -	North British.	Elstree - - -	Midland.
Craven Arms - - -	London and North Western	Ely - - -	Great Eastern.
	and Great Western	Epping - - -	Great Eastern.
	(Joint).	Errol - - -	Caledonian.
Crediton - - -	London and South Western.	Ettily Heath - -	North Staffordshire.
Creetown - - -	Caledonian.	Evesham - - -	Great Western.
Cresswell - - -	North Staffordshire.	Evesham - - -	Midland.
Croze - - -	London and North Western.	Exeter (St. Davids)	Great Western.
		Exeter - - -	London and South Western.

Name of Station.	Name of Railway.	Name of Station.	Name of Railway.
Takenham -	Great Eastern.	Hastings (Joint Station).	South Eastern and London, Brighton, and South Coast.
Falkirk Tryst Sidings	Caledonian.	Hatfield -	Great Northern.
Fareham -	London and South Western.	Havant -	London, Brighton, and South Coast.
Farnborough -	London and South Western.	Haverthwaite -	Furness.
Farnham -	London and South Western.	Hawick -	North British.
Farnham Road -	London, Chatham, and Dover.	Hay -	Midland.
Faversham -	London, Chatham, and Dover.	Haydon Bridge -	North Eastern.
Ferryhill -	North Eastern.	Headcorn -	South Eastern.
Firsby -	Great Northern.	Headingley -	North Eastern.
Fleetwood -	Lancashire and Yorkshire.	Hobden Bridge -	Lancashire and Yorkshire.
Folkestone -	South Eastern.	Heckmondwike -	Lancashire and Yorkshire.
Fordham -	Great Eastern.	Hendon -	Midland.
Fordoun -	Caledonian.	Hereford (Barton) -	Great Western.
Forfar -	Caledonian.	Hereford (Barrs Court).	London and North Western, and Great Western (Joint).
Forres -	Highland.	Hereford (Moorfields).	Midland.
Forteviot -	Caledonian.	Herne Hill -	London, Chatham, and Dover.
Four Crosses -	Cambrian.	Hertford -	Great Eastern.
Fourstones -	North Eastern.	Hertford -	Great Northern.
Fullerton Bridge -	Great Western.	Hexham -	North Eastern.
	London and South Western.	Heyford -	Great Western.
		Highbridge -	Great Western.
Galashiels -	North British.	Highbridge -	Somerset and Dorset.
Garstang -	London and North Western.	Highlandman -	Caledonian.
Georgemas -	Highland.	High Wycombe -	Great Western.
Giggleswick -	Midland.	Hindley -	Lancashire and Yorkshire.
Gillingham -	London and South Western.	Hitchin -	Great Northern.
Girvan -	Glasgow and South Western.	Hitchin -	Midland.
Gisburn -	Lancashire and Yorkshire.	Highton -	Lancashire and Yorkshire.
Glamis -	Caledonian.	Holmfirth -	Lancashire and Yorkshire.
Glasgow -	Caledonian.	Honiton -	London and South Western.
Glasgow (Bellgrove)	City of Glasgow Union.	Holyhead -	London and North Western.
Glasgow (Bellgrove)	North British.	Horley -	London, Brighton, and South Coast.
Glasgow (Sighthill)	North British.		
Glastonbury -	Somerset and Dorset.	Hornby -	Midland.
Gloucester -	Great Western.	Hornsey -	Great Northern.
Gloucester -	Midland.	Horsebridge -	London and South Western.
Golspie -	Highland.	Horsham -	London, Brighton, and South Coast.
Goole -	Lancashire and Yorkshire.		
Gosport -	London and South Western.	Huddersfield -	Lancashire and Yorkshire.
Grahamston -	North British.	Huddersfield -	London and North Western.
Grainpound Road -	Cornwall.	Hull (Goods) -	North Eastern.
Grantham -	Great Northern.	Huntingdon -	Great Northern.
Granton (near Edinburgh).	North British.	Huntley -	Great North of Scotland.
Grantown -	Highland.	Hurlford -	Glasgow and South Western.
Gravesend -	South Eastern.		
Great Yarmouth (Vauxhall).	Great Eastern.	Ingatstone -	Great Eastern.
Greenloans -	Caledonian.	Invergordon -	Highland.
Greenock -	Caledonian.	Inverkeilor -	North British.
Greenock Harbour -	Glasgow and South Western.	Inverness -	Highland.
Greenodd -	Furness.	Inverurie -	Great North of Scotland.
Grimsby -	Great Northern.	Ipswich -	Great Eastern.
Grimsby (Dock Station).	Manchester, Sheffield, and Lincolnshire.	Ivy Bridge -	Great Western.
Grimsby Town (Passenger).	Manchester, Sheffield, and Lincolnshire.		
Grosmont -	North Eastern.	Keith -	Great North of Scotland.
Guildford -	South Eastern.	Keith -	Highland.
Guildford Junction	London and South Western.	Kelso -	North British.
Guthrie -	Caledonian.	Kendal -	London and North Western.
Gwyddelwern -	London and North Western.	Keswick -	Cockermouth, Keswick, and Penrith.
		Kettering -	Midland.
Haddington -	North British.	Kibworth -	Midland.
Hadleigh -	Great Eastern.	Kidderminster -	Great Western.
Hailsham -	London, Brighton, and South Coast.	Killcarn -	North British.
Halesworth -	Great Eastern.	Killochan -	Glasgow and South Western.
Halifax -	Lancashire and Yorkshire.	Kilmarnock -	Glasgow, Barrhead, and Kilmarnock Joint.
Haltwhistle -	North Eastern.		
Ham Street -	South Eastern.	Kilmarnock -	Glasgow and South Western.
Harecastle -	North Staffordshire.	Kinbuck -	Caledonian.
Harlech -	Cambrian.	Kington -	Great Western.
Harleston -	Great Eastern.	Kingussie -	Highland.
Harling Road -	Great Eastern.	Kinross -	North British.
Harlington -	Midland.	Kirkby Stephen -	North Eastern.
Harlow -	Great Eastern.	Kirkcudbright -	Glasgow and South Western.
Harrow -	London and North Western.	Kirkham -	Lancashire and Yorkshire.
Harwich -	Great Eastern.	Kittybrewster -	Great North of Scotland.
		Knabesborough -	North Eastern.
		Knighton -	London and North Western.
		Knottingley -	Lancashire and Yorkshire.

Name of Station.	Name of Railway.	Name of Station.	Name of Railway.
Ladybank - - -	North British.	Luton - - -	Midland.
Laig - - -	Highland.	Lynn - - -	Great Eastern.
Lampeter - - -	Manchester and Milford.	Lytham - - -	Lancashire and Yorkshire.
Lanark - - -	Caledonian.		
Lancaster - - -	London and North Western.	Macclesfield - - -	London and North Western.
Lapford - - -	London and South Western.	Macclesfield - - -	Macclesfield Committee.
Larbert - - -	Caledonian.	Macclesfield - - -	North Staffordshire.
Laurencekirk - - -	Caledonian.	Machynlleth - - -	Cambrian.
Leamington - - -	Great Western.	Madeley - - -	London and North Western.
Leamington (Mil- verton Station).	London and North Western.	Nagor - - -	Great Western.
Leeds (Low Level) -	Great Northern.	Maldstone - - -	South Eastern.
Leeds - - -	Lancashire and Yorkshire.	Maldon - - -	Great Eastern.
Leeds - - -	London and North Western.	Malton - - -	North Eastern.
Leeds - - -	Midland.	Manchester (Oldham Road).	Lancashire and Yorkshire.
Leeds (Marsh Lane)	North Eastern.	Manchester (London Road).	London and North Western.
Leeds (Wellington Street).	North Eastern.	Manchester (Ordsall Lane).	London and North Western.
Leek - - -	North Staffordshire.	Manchester - - -	Midland.
Leeming Lane - - -	North Eastern.	Manningtree - - -	Great Eastern.
Leicester - - -	Great Northern.	Mansfield - - -	Midland.
Leicester - - -	Midland.	March - - -	Great Eastern.
Leigh - - -	North Staffordshire.	Margate - - -	South Eastern.
Leighton - - -	London and North Western.	Market Drayton - - -	Great Western.
Leith (South) - - -	North British.	Market Drayton - - -	North Staffordshire.
Leominster - - -	London and North Western and Great Western (Joint).	Market Harboro' - - -	Midland.
Leuchars - - -	North British.	Market Rasen - - -	Manchester, Sheffield, and Lincolnshire.
Lewes - - -	London, Brighton, and South Coast.	Market Weighton - - -	North Eastern.
Leyburn - - -	North Eastern.	Markinch - - -	North British.
Lichfield (City Sta- tion).	London and North Western.	Marlborough - - -	Swindon, Marlborough, and Andover.
Lichfield (Trent Valley).	London and North Western.	Marshfield - - -	Great Western.
Lidford - - -	London and South Western.	Maryport - - -	Maryport and Carlisle.
Lincoln - - -	Great Northern.	Masborough - - -	Midland.
Lincoln - - -	Midland.	Mauchline - - -	Glasgow and South Western.
Llanelwyllog - - -	North British.	Maxwelltown - - -	Glasgow and South Western.
Liphook - - -	London and South Western.	Meikle - - -	Caledonian.
Liskeard - - -	Cornwall.	Mellis - - -	Great Eastern.
Littlehampton - - -	London, Brighton, and South Coast.	Melmerby - - -	North Eastern.
Littleport - - -	Great Eastern.	Melton - - -	Great Eastern.
Liverpool (Hus- kisson).	Cheshire Lines Committee.	Melton - - -	Midland.
Liverpool (Waver- tree Road).	Cheshire Lines Committee.	Merthyr - - -	Great Western.
Liverpool - - -	Lancashire and Yorkshire.	Methven - - -	Caledonian.
Liverpool (Canada Dock).	London and North Western.	Micheldever - - -	London and South Western.
Liverpool (Stanley)	London and North Western.	Middlesborough - - -	North Eastern.
Llandilo - - -	Great Western.	Midhurst - - -	London and South Western.
Llandoverly - - -	London and North Western and Great Western (Joint).	Milford - - -	Great Western.
Llanfyllin - - -	Cambrian.	Milford Junction - - -	North Eastern.
Llanilloes - - -	Cambrian.	Millikem Park - - -	Glasgow and South Western.
Llanilloes - - -	Mid-Wales.	Millom - - -	Furness.
Llanymynech - - -	Cambrian.	Minster - - -	South Eastern.
Lockerbie - - -	Caledonian.	Minsterley - - -	London and North Western and Great Western (Joint).
London (Holloway)	Great Northern.	Mirfield - - -	Lancashire and Yorkshire.
London (King's Cross Goods).	Great Northern.	Mold - - -	London and North Western.
London (Paddington)	Great Western.	Monmouth (Troy House).	Great Western.
London (Willow Walk).	London, Brighton, and South Coast.	Montgomery - - -	Cambrian.
London (Stewart's Lane).	London, Chatham, and Dover.	Montrose - - -	Caledonian.
London (Maiden Lane).	London and North Western.	Montrose - - -	North British.
London (Nine Elms)	London and South Western.	Morecambe - - -	Midland.
London (Kentish Town).	Midland.	Moreton - - -	London and South Western.
London (Poplar) - -	North London.	Morpeth - - -	North Eastern.
London (Bricklayers Arms).	South Eastern.	Moulisford - - -	Great Western.
Longport - - -	North Staffordshire.	Muirkirk - - -	Glasgow and South Western.
Long Preston - - -	Midland.	Muir of Ord - - -	Highland.
Longtown - - -	North British.		
Loughboro' - - -	Midland.	Nairn - - -	Highland.
Louth - - -	Great Northern.	Narbeth - - -	Pembroke and Tenby.
Low Moor - - -	Lancashire and Yorkshire.	Neath - - -	Great Western.
Ludlow - - -	London and North Western and Great Western (Joint).	Neath Yard - - -	Neath and Brecon.
Luton - - -	Great Northern.	Newark - - -	Great Northern.
		Newark - - -	Midland.
		Newbridge-on-Wye - - -	Mid-Wales.
		Newbury - - -	Great Western.
		New Camnock - - -	Glasgow and South Western.
		Newcastle (Forth Station).	North Eastern.
		Newcastle (New Bridge Street).	North Eastern.
		Newcastle - - -	North Staffordshire.
		Newhaven - - -	London, Brighton, and South Coast.

226 ORDERS OF COUNCIL UNDER THE CONTAGIOUS

Name of Station.	Name of Railway.	Name of Station.	Name of Railway.
New Luce	Glasgow and South Western.	Radcliffe	Lancashire and Yorkshire.
Newmarket	Great Eastern.	Rainford Junction	Lancashire and Yorkshire.
New Milford	Great Western.	Ramsbottom	Lancashire and Yorkshire.
Newport (Mon.)	Great Western.	Ramsgate	South Eastern.
Newport (Salop)	London and North Western.	Rawtenstall	Lancashire and Yorkshire.
New Southgate	Great Northern.	Reading	Great Western.
Newton Abbot	Great Western.	Reading	South Eastern.
Newton Stewart	Caledonian.	Red Hill	London, Brighton, and South Coast.
Newtown	Cambrian.	Red Hill	South Eastern.
Norbury	North Staffordshire.	Reedham	Great Eastern.
Normanton	Midland.	Reepham	Great Eastern.
Northallerton	North Eastern.	Reigate	South Eastern.
Northampton	London and North Western.	Retford	Great Northern.
Northampton	Midland.	Retford	Manchester, Sheffield, and Lincolnshire.
North Dean	Lancashire and Yorkshire.	Rhayader	Mid-Wales.
North Tawton	London and South Western.	Rhuddlan	London and North Western.
North Walsham	Great Eastern.	Rhymney	Rhymney.
Northwich	Cheshire Lines Committee.	Richmond	North Eastern.
Norton Bridge	London and North Western.	Rimington	Lancashire and Yorkshire.
Norton Bridge	North Staffordshire.	Ringwood	London and South Western.
Norton-in-Hales	North Staffordshire.	Ripon	North Eastern.
Norwich (Trowse)	Great Eastern.	Rochester	North Staffordshire.
Nottingham	Great Northern.	Rochdale	Lancashire and Yorkshire.
Nottingham	Midland.	Rochester	London, Chatham, and Dover.
Nuneaton	London and North Western.	Romford	Great Eastern.
Oakham	Midland.	Romsey	London and South Western.
Okehampton	London and South Western.	Rotherham	Manchester, Sheffield, and Lincolnshire.
Oldham	Lancashire and Yorkshire.	Rotherham	Midland.
Oldham (Gledwick Road).	London and North Western.	Rugby	London and North Western.
Oldham (Clegg Street).	Oldham, Ashton-under-Lyne, and Guide Bridge.	Rugeley	London and North Western.
Old Meldrum	Great North of Scotland.	Ruskington	Great Northern.
Ongar	Great Eastern.	Ruthin	London and North Western.
Ormskirk	Lancashire and Yorkshire.	Ruthwell	Glasgow and South Western.
Oswestry	Cambrian.	Rye	South Eastern.
Oswestry	Great Western.	Saffron Walden	Great Eastern.
Oxenholme	London and North Western.	St. Albans	Great Northern.
Oxford	Great Western.	St. Albans	Midland.
Oxford	London and North Western.	St. Andrews	North British.
Paddock Wood	South Eastern.	St. Asaph	London and North Western.
Paisley	Glasgow and South Western.	St. Austell	Great Western.
Peebles	North British.	St. Boswells (New Town).	North British.
Pembroke	Pembroke and Tenby.	St. Ives	Great Eastern.
Penrith	London and North Western.	Salford	Lancashire and Yorkshire.
Penruddock	Cockermouth, Keswick, and Penrith.	Salisbury	Great Western.
Penzance	Great Western.	Salisbury	London and South Western.
Perth, North	Caledonian.	Sampford Courtnay	London and South Western.
Perth, South	Caledonian.	Sandal	Great Northern.
Perth	North British.	Sandwich	South Eastern.
Peterboro'	Great Eastern.	Sanguhar	Glasgow and South Western.
Peterboro'	Great Northern.	Saxmundham	Great Eastern.
Peterboro'	London and North Western.	Seamer Junction	North Eastern.
Petersfield	Midland.	Seascale	Furness.
Petersfield	London and South Western.	Selby	North Eastern.
Pevensey	London, Brighton, and South Coast.	Semley	London and South Western.
Pickering	North Eastern.	Settle	Midland.
Pipe Gate	North Staffordshire.	Sevenoaks	South Eastern.
Pitlochry	Highland.	Shalford	South Eastern.
Plymouth	Great Western.	Sheffield	Manchester, Sheffield, and Lincolnshire.
Pontefract	Lancashire and Yorkshire.	Sheffield	Midland.
Portmadock	Cambrian.	Shepreth	Great Northern.
Portpatrick	Caledonian.	Shorncliffe	South Eastern.
Portsmouth (Lancashire).	Lancashire and Yorkshire.	Shrewsbury	Great Western.
Portsmouth (Joint Station).	London and South Western, and London, Brighton, and South Coast.	Shrewsbury	London and North Western.
Preston	Lancashire and Yorkshire.	Silloth	North British.
Preston (Maudlands)	London and North Western.	Sirhowy	London and North Western.
Preston (Oxhey Market).	London and North Western.	Sittingbourne	London, Chatham, and Dover.
Pulborough	London, Brighton, and South Coast.	Skipton	Midland.
Pwllheli	Cambrian.	Sleaford	Great Northern.
Queenborough	London, Chatham, and Dover.	Slough	Great Western.
		Smeeth	South Eastern.
		Snaith	Lancashire and Yorkshire.
		Soham	Great Eastern.
		Sole Street	London, Chatham, and Dover.
		Southall	Great Western.
		Southampton	London and South Western.

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Name of Station.	Name of Railway.	Name of Station.	Name of Railway.
South Stockton	North Eastern.	Tunbridge Wells	South Eastern.
Sowerby Bridge	Lancashire and Yorkshire.	Turiff	Great North of Scotland.
Spalding	Great Northern.	Tatbury	North Staffordshire.
Stafford	London and North Western.	Tweedmouth	North Eastern.
Staleybridge	Lancashire and Yorkshire.	Twynford	Great Western.
Staleybridge	Manchester, Sheffield, and Lincolnshire.		
Stamford	Great Northern.	Ulverston	Furness.
Stamford	Midland.	Umberleigh	London and South Western.
Staplehurst	South Eastern.	Uttoxeter	North Staffordshire.
Steyning	London, Brighton, and South Coast.		
Stirling	Caledonian.	Wainfleet	Great Northern.
Stirling	North British.	Wakefield (Kirk-gate)	Great Northern.
Stockbridge	London and South Western.	Wakefield (West-gate)	Great Northern.
Stockton (North Shore).	North Eastern.	Wakefield (West-gate)	Great Northern, and Manchester, Sheffield, and Lincolnshire (Joint).
Stoke	North Staffordshire.	Wakefield	Lancashire and Yorkshire.
Stoke Ferry	Great Eastern.	Wakefield (West-gate)	Midland.
Stone	North Staffordshire.	Waltham Cross	Great Eastern.
Stonehaven	Caledonian.	Wareham	London and South Western.
Stowmarket	Great Eastern.	Warrington	London and North Western.
Stranraer	Portpatrick and Girvan and Portpatrick Joint Line Committee.	Warwick	Great Western.
Stranraer Harbour	Portpatrick and Girvan and Portpatrick Joint Line Committee.	Watford	London and North Western.
Stratford	Great Eastern.	Wellington	London and North Western.
Stratford-on-Avon	Great Western.	Wellington (Salop)	London and North Western and Great Western (Joint).
Strome Ferry	Highland.	Wells	Great Western.
Strood	South Eastern.	Welshpool	Canabrian.
Sudbury	Great Eastern.	Wem	London and North Western.
Sudbury	North Staffordshire.	Westenhanger	South Eastern.
Sunderland (Monkwearmouth).	North Eastern.	West Hartlepool	North Eastern.
Surbiton	London and South Western.	Weston	North Staffordshire.
Swaffham	Great Eastern.	Weyhill	Swindon, Marlborough, and Andover.
Swansea	Great Western.	Weymouth	Great Western.
Swansea	London and North Western.	Wetherby	North Eastern.
Swindon	Great Western.	Whitechurch	London and North Western.
Swindon	Swindon, Marlborough, and Andover.	Whitehaven	Furness.
Syston	Midland.	Whitmore	London and North Western.
		Wigan	Lancashire and Yorkshire.
Tain	Highland.	Wigton	London and North Western.
Talgarth	Mid-Wales.	Wigton	Maryport and Carlisle.
Tamworth	London and North Western.	Wimborne	London and South Western.
Tattenhall Road	London and North Western.	Winchester	London and South Western.
Taunton	Great Western.	Winchfield	London and South Western.
Tavistock	Great Western.	Wisbeach	Great Eastern.
Tayport	North British.	Wisbeach	Midland.
Tebay	North Eastern.	Witham	Great Eastern.
Tewkesbury	Midland.	Woking	London and South Western.
Thame	Great Western.	Wolverhampton	Great Western.
Thames Haven	London, Tilbury, and South-end.	Wolverhampton (Wednesfield Heath)	London and North Western.
Thirsk	North Eastern.	Wolverton	Great Northern.
Thornhill	Glasgow and South Western.	Wood Green	Great Western.
Thrapston	London and North Western.	Worcester (Butts Branch)	Great Western.
Threlkeld	Cockermouth, Keswick, and Penrith.	Worcester (Shrub Hill)	Great Western.
Thurso	Highland.	Worcester	Midland.
Tilbury	London, Tilbury, and South-end.	Wrexham	Great Western.
Tiverton	Great Western.	Wrexham	Wrexham, Mold, and Con-nahs Quay.
Todmorden	Lancashire and Yorkshire.	Wroxham	Great Eastern.
Torrington	London and South Western.	Wymondham	Great Eastern.
Totnes	Great Western.		
Tottenham	Great Eastern.		
Towneley	Lancashire and Yorkshire.		
Tregaron	Manchester and Milford.		
Troutbeck	Cockermouth, Keswick, and Penrith.		
Trowbridge	Great Western.	Yarm	North Eastern.
Truro	Cornwall.	Yeovil (Penn Mill)	Great Western.
Tullibardine	Caledonian.	Yeovil	London and South Western.
Tunbridge	South Eastern.	Yeovil Junction	London and South Western.
		York (Holgate Bridge)	North Eastern.

(3083.)

THE FOREIGN ANIMALS ORDER OF 1884.

AT THE COUNCIL CHAMBER, WHITEHALL,

The 5th day of February 1884.

BY HER MAJESTY'S MOST HONOURABLE PRIVY COUNCIL.

PRESENT :

LORD PRESIDENT.
LORD CARRINGTON.

MR. DODSON.

THE Lords and others of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, by virtue and in exercise of the powers in them vested under The Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878, and of every other power enabling them in this behalf, do order, and it is hereby ordered, as follows :

Short Title.

1. This Order may be cited as The Foreign Animals Order of 1884.

Extent.

2. This Order extends to England and Wales and Scotland only.

Commencement.

3. This Order shall commence and take effect from and immediately after the twenty-sixth day of February, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-four.

Interpretation.

4. In this Order—

The Act of 1878 means The Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878 :

Cattle means bulls, cows, oxen, heifers, and calves :

Animals means, except where it is otherwise expressed, cattle, sheep, and goats, and all other ruminating animals, and swine :

Foreign, applied to animals and things, means brought to England or Wales or Scotland from a foreign country :

The Deptford Wharf means the Foreign Animals Wharf known as the Foreign Cattle Market, at Deptford, in the Port of London :

Customs means Her Majesty's Customs :

Reshipment Station means a part of a port defined by Special Order of the Privy Council as a Foreign Animals Quarantine Station for the landing and quarantining of foreign animals intended for reshipment to a foreign country :

Landing-Place for foreign animals means any dock, quay, wharf, or other place approved by the Privy Council for the landing, and includes any lands, buildings, or premises approved for the lairage, of foreign animals not subject to slaughter or quarantine :

Disease includes, with the diseases specified in the Act of 1878 (that is, cattle-plague, contagious pleuro-pneumonia of cattle, foot-and-mouth disease, sheep-pox, or sheep-scab), glanders, farcy, and swine-fever :

Carcase means the carcass of an animal, horse, ass, or mule, and part of such a carcass, and the meat, flesh, bones, hide, skin, hoofs, horns, offal, or other part, of an animal, horse, ass, or mule, separately or otherwise, or any portion thereof :

Fodder means hay or other substance commonly used for food of animals :

Litter means straw or other substance commonly used for bedding or otherwise for or about animals :

Master includes a person having the charge or command of a vessel :

Chapter, Article means Chapter, Article of this Order :

Other terms, unless it is otherwise expressed, have the same meaning and scope as in the Act of 1878.

CHAPTER I.—PROHIBITION.

Countries specified.

5.—(1.) Unless and until the Privy Council otherwise order, animals brought from any of the following countries shall not be landed :

The Austrian-Hungarian Empire.

The Dominions of the King of the Hellenes.

The Dominions of the King of Italy.

The Principality of Montenegro.

The Principality of Roumania.

The Dominions of the Emperor of Russia.

The Dominions of the Sultan, including the Provinces of Bosnia and Herzegovina.

France.

(2.) Unless and until the Privy Council otherwise order, by Special Order relating to Schleswig or to Holstein, or by any other Special Order, or by any General Order, cattle brought from either of the following countries, and cattle, sheep, or goats being or having been on board a vessel at the same time with cattle so brought, shall not be landed :

Belgium.

The German Empire.

CHAPTER II.—FOREIGN ANIMALS SUBJECT TO SLAUGHTER.

Ports having Foreign Animals Wharves.

6. The following are the ports at which parts are at the date of this Order, by Special Orders of the Privy Council, defined as Foreign Animals Wharves :

Barrow-in-Furness.	Liverpool.
Bristol.	London.
Cardiff.	Plymouth.
Falmouth.	Portsmouth.
Glasgow.	Southampton.
Grimsby.	South Shields.
Hartlepool.	Sunderland.
Hull.	

Deptford Wharf.

7. The provisions of the following Articles of this Chapter shall not extend to the Deptford Wharf, namely, Article 8 (*Charge of Animals on Landing*) Article 9 (*Time for Slaughter*) Article 10 (*Movement*) Article 11 (*Separation of Animals*) Article 12 (*Disinfection of Dung and Manure*) Article 13 (*Disinfection of Foreign Animals Wharf*) and Article 14 (*Restriction on Use of Foreign Animals Wharf*).

Charge of Animals on Landing.

8. Animals landed in a Foreign Animals Wharf shall, when landed, be placed under the charge of an Inspector of the Privy Council ; and, until his arrival, they shall remain under the charge of the Commissioners of Customs.

Time for Slaughter.

9.—(1.) Animals landed in a Foreign Animals Wharf shall be slaughtered within fourteen days after the landing thereof, exclusive of the day of landing.

(2.) The slaughter of the animals may be commenced at any time after the landing thereof, with the permission of an Inspector of the Privy Council.

(3.) The slaughter of the animals shall be commenced at such time after the landing thereof as the Privy Council in any case direct, and when commenced shall be completed as soon as practicable.

Movement of Carcases, &c.

10.—(1.) No carcase, fodder, litter, or dung shall be removed from a Foreign Animals Wharf, except with the permission of an Inspector of the Privy Council.

(2.) If the Inspector of the Privy Council is of opinion that any such carcase or thing as aforesaid may introduce disease the same shall be destroyed or otherwise dealt with in accordance with instructions from time to time given by the Privy Council.

Separation of Animals.

11. An Inspector of the Privy Council having under his charge in a Foreign Animals Wharf an animal affected with disease, besides keeping that animal separate from animals not so affected as he is required by Section thirty-one of the Act of 1878 to do, shall also, as far as practicable, keep any other animal that is under his charge and that has been in contact with that diseased animal separate from animals not so affected.

Disinfection of Dung and Manure.

12. Dung and manure shall, before being removed from a Foreign Animals Wharf, be disinfected to the satisfaction of an Inspector of the Privy Council.

Disinfection of Foreign Animals Wharf.

13. Where an animal in a Foreign Animals Wharf is affected with disease, the portion of the Wharf where the diseased animal is or has been, shall not be used for animals unless and until that portion has been cleansed and disinfected to the satisfaction of the Privy Council.

Restriction on Use of Foreign Animals Wharf.

14.—(1.) No animals other than foreign animals landed under the provisions of this Chapter, or animals moved into a Foreign Animals Wharf under the provisions of this Order, shall be at any time landed at or moved into or kept in a Foreign Animals Wharf.

(2.) Any animal being in a Foreign Animals Wharf shall, without prejudice to the recovery of any penalty for the infringement of this Article, be deemed to be a foreign animal, and the Regulations relating to the Wharf shall apply to such animal.

(3.) A Foreign Animals Wharf shall not be used for any purpose other than those authorized by the Act of 1878 or by Order of Council under the said Act in relation thereto.

CHAPTER III.—QUARANTINE.

Port having Quarantine Stations.

15.—(1.) The following is the only port at which any part is at the date of this Order, by Special Order of the Privy Council, defined as a Foreign Animals Quarantine Station :

SOUTHAMPTON.

(2.) The animals landed in a foreign animals Quarantine Station must be intended for reshipment to a foreign country, or for purposes of exhibition, or for other exceptional purposes, to be in each case approved by the Privy Council on special application through the Commissioners of Customs.

Animals intended for Reshipment to a Foreign Country.

16. The landing of foreign animals intended for reshipment to a foreign country is subject to the following conditions :

First. The animals must be landed at a Reshipment Station.

Second. The animals must be accompanied by a declaration of the owner or consignee or his agent declaring that each animal is intended for reshipment to a foreign country.

Third. The animals shall not be moved alive out of the Reshipment Station except into a vessel for exportation to a foreign country, and until reshipped shall remain under the charge of the Commissioners of Customs.

Animals intended for Purposes of Exhibition, or for other Exceptional Purposes (other than Reshipment).

17.—(1.) The landing of foreign animals intended for purposes of exhibition, or for other exceptional purposes (other than reshipment) at a Foreign Animals Quarantine Station is subject to the following conditions :

First. The animals must be accompanied by a declaration of the owner or consignee or his agent, declaring the purposes for which each animal is intended.

Second. The animals when landed shall be placed under the charge of an Inspector of the Privy Council ; and, until his arrival, they shall remain under the charge of the Commissioners of Customs.

Third. The animals when landed shall be detained in the Station for such period as the Privy Council in each case according to the circumstances direct.

Fourth. When moved thereout they shall be accompanied by—

(a.) A Certificate of an Inspector of the Privy Council certifying that they are free from disease.

(b.) A Licence of an Inspector of the Privy Council specifying the place to which and the person to whom they are to be taken.

Fifth. The Inspector of the Privy Council giving the Licence shall send a copy of his Licence to the Local Authority for the place to which the animals are to be taken.

(2.) It shall not be lawful for any person to take them to any other place or person.

Movement of Carcases.

18.—(1.) No carcase shall be removed from a Foreign Animals Quarantine Station, except with the permission of an Inspector of the Privy Council.

(2.) If the Inspector of the Privy Council is of opinion that any such carcase as aforesaid may introduce disease the same shall be destroyed or otherwise dealt with in accordance with instructions from time to time given by the Privy Council.

Separation of Animals.

19. An Inspector of the Privy Council having under his charge in a Foreign Animals Quarantine Station an animal affected with disease, besides keeping that animal separate from animals not so affected as he is required by Section thirty-one of the Act of 1878 to do, shall also, as far as practicable, keep any other animal that is under his charge and that has been in contact with that diseased animal separate from animals not so affected.

Disinfection of Dung and Manure.

20. Dung and manure shall, before being removed from a Foreign Animals Quarantine Station, be disinfected to the satisfaction of an Inspector of the Privy Council.

Disinfection of Quarantine Station.

21. Where an animal in a Foreign Animals Quarantine Station is affected with disease, the portion of the Station where the diseased animal is or has been shall not be used for animals unless and until that portion has been cleansed and disinfected to the satisfaction of the Privy Council.

Restriction on Use of Quarantine Station.

22.—(1.) No animals other than foreign animals landed under the provisions of this Chapter, shall be at any time landed at or moved into or kept in a Foreign Animals Quarantine Station.

(2.) Any animal being in a Foreign Animals Quarantine Station shall, without prejudice to the recovery of any penalty for the infringement of this Article, be deemed to be a foreign animal, and the Regulations relating to the Station shall apply to such animal.

(3.) A Foreign Animals Quarantine Station shall not be used for any purpose other than those authorized by the Act of 1878 or by Order of Council under the said Act in relation thereto.

CHAPTER IV.—FOREIGN ANIMALS NOT SUBJECT TO SLAUGHTER OR QUARANTINE.

Countries specified.

23.—(1.) Unless and until the Privy Council otherwise order, animals brought from any of the following countries are allowed to be landed without being subject under the Fifth Schedule to the Act of 1878, or under this Order, to slaughter or to quarantine :

Her Majesty's Possessions in North America.
Norway.
Iceland.

(2.) Unless and until the Privy Council otherwise order, animals (except swine) brought from either of the following countries are allowed to be landed without being subject under the Fifth Schedule to the Act of 1878, or under this Order, to slaughter or to quarantine :

Denmark.
Sweden.

Landing-Place.

24.—(1.) Foreign animals under the provisions of this Chapter shall not be landed at any place except at a Landing-Place for foreign animals.

(2.) The following are the ports at which places are at the date of this Order approved by the Privy Council as Landing-Places for foreign animals:

Bristol.	Leith.
Glasgow.	Liverpool.
Grimsby.	London.
Hartlepool.	Newcastle-upon-Tyne.
Harwich.	Southampton.
Hull.	Sunderland.
Kirkwall.	Weymouth.

(3.) Those foreign animals shall be landed in such manner, at such times, subject to such supervision and control, and under such Regulations, as the Commissioners of Customs, from time to time, direct.

(4.) When landed they shall be placed under the charge of an Inspector of the Privy Council; and, until his arrival, they shall remain under the charge of the Commissioners of Customs.

(5.) No part of a Landing-Place for foreign animals shall be declared to be an Infected Place or part of an Infected Place except by the Privy Council.

Conditions of Landing.

25.—(1.) The landing of foreign animals under the provisions of this Chapter is subject to the following conditions:

First. That the vessel in which they are imported has not, within one month before taking them on board, had on board any animal exported or carried coastwise from a port or place in any country other than in Her Majesty's Possessions in North America, or in Norway, or in Iceland, or in the Channel Islands, or in the Isle of Man, or (subject to the second condition of this Article) in Denmark or in Sweden.

Second. That the vessel in which they are imported has not, within one month before taking them on board, had on board any swine exported or carried coastwise from a port or place in Denmark or in Sweden.

Third. That the vessel has not, since taking on board the animals imported, entered any port or place in any country other than in Her Majesty's Possessions in North America, or in Norway, or in Iceland, or in the Channel Islands, or in the Isle of Man, or in Denmark, or in Sweden.

Fourth. That the animals imported have not, while on board the vessel, been in contact with any animal exported or carried coastwise from any port or place in any country other than in Her Majesty's Possessions in North America, or in Norway, or in Iceland, or in the Channel Islands, or in the Isle of Man, or (subject to the fifth condition of this Article) in Denmark or in Sweden.

Fifth. That the animals imported have not, while on board the vessel, been in contact with any swine exported or carried coastwise from a port or place in Denmark or in Sweden.

(2.) And the animals imported shall not be landed elsewhere than in a Foreign Animals Wharf, unless and until—

(a.) The owner or charterer of the vessel in which they are imported, or his agent in England or Wales or Scotland, has entered into a bond to Her Majesty the Queen, in a sum not exceeding one thousand pounds, with or without a surety or sureties, to the satisfaction of the Commissioners of Customs, conditioned for the observance of the foregoing conditions; and

(b.) The master of the vessel has on each occasion of importation of foreign animals therein satisfied the Commissioners of Customs or their proper officer, by declaration made and signed or otherwise, that all the animals then imported therein are properly imported according to the provisions of this Article.

Twelve Hours Detention.

26. Foreign animals landed under the provisions of this Chapter shall be detained in the Landing-Place for foreign animals for at least twelve hours reckoned from the time of the landing of the last animal of the cargo, whether the whole cargo is landed continuously without intermission at one place, or part thereof is landed at one place and part at another place, or parts thereof are landed at different times at the same place.

Examination and Consequences.

27.—(1.) Foreign animals landed under the provisions of this Chapter shall not be moved from the Landing-Place for foreign animals, or be allowed to come in contact with any other animals, until they have been examined by an Inspector of the Privy Council.

(2.) If on such examination all the animals landed from the same vessel are found free from disease, they shall thereupon cease to be deemed foreign animals (except for the purpose of paragraph (7.) of Section thirty of the Act of 1878).

(3.) If on such examination any one or more of the animals landed from a vessel is or are found affected with disease, all the diseased animals being affected with one and the same disease, then all the animals then brought in that vessel shall be dealt with according to the following Rules :

(Rule A.—Cattle-Plague.)

If the disease is cattle-plague, the Inspector of the Privy Council shall detain all the animals then brought in the vessel, and report immediately to the Privy Council.

(Rule B.—Pleuro-Pneumonia.)

If the disease is pleuro-pneumonia, the Inspector of the Privy Council shall cause the diseased cattle, and all cattle brought in the same vessel therewith, to be dealt with as follows :

(a.) The diseased cattle shall be slaughtered at the Landing-Place for foreign animals.

(b.) The cattle not diseased shall be slaughtered at the Landing-Place for foreign animals, or, if landed at a port at which there is a Foreign Animals Wharf, may with the permission of the Inspector of the Privy Council be moved into that Wharf for slaughter ; but not elsewhere.

(Rule C.—Foot-and-Mouth Disease.)

If the disease is foot-and-mouth disease, the Inspector of the Privy Council shall cause the diseased animals, and all cattle, sheep, and swine brought in the same vessel therewith, to be dealt with as follows :

(a.) The diseased cattle, sheep, and swine shall be slaughtered at the Landing-Place for foreign animals.

(b.) The cattle, sheep, and swine not diseased shall be slaughtered at the Landing-Place for foreign animals, or, if landed at a port at which there is a Foreign Animals Wharf, may with the permission of the Inspector of the Privy Council be moved into that Wharf for slaughter ; but not elsewhere.

(Rule D.—Sheep-Pox or Sheep-Scab.)

If the disease is sheep-pox or sheep-scab, the Inspector of the Privy Council shall cause the diseased sheep, and all sheep brought in the same vessel therewith, to be dealt with as follows :

(a.) The diseased sheep shall be slaughtered at the Landing-Place for foreign animals.

(b.) The sheep not diseased shall be slaughtered at the Landing-Place for foreign animals, or, if landed at a port at which there is a Foreign Animals Wharf, may with the permission of the Inspector of the Privy Council be moved into that Wharf for slaughter ; but not elsewhere.

(Rule E.—Swine-Fever.)

If the disease is swine-fever, the Inspector of the Privy Council shall cause the diseased swine, and all swine brought in the same vessel therewith, to be dealt with as follows :

(a.) The diseased swine shall be slaughtered at the Landing-Place for foreign animals.

(b.) The swine not diseased shall be slaughtered at the Landing-Place for foreign animals, or, if landed at a port at which there is a Foreign Animals Wharf, may with the permission of the Inspector of the Privy Council be moved into that Wharf for slaughter ; but not elsewhere.

(4.) If on such examination any two of the following three diseases (namely) (a) pleuro-pneumonia, (b) sheep-pox and sheep-scab (reckoned as one disease), and (c) swine-fever are found to exist among the animals landed from the vessel, then all the animals then brought in the vessel shall be dealt with according to the following Rules :

(Rule F.—Pleuro-Pneumonia and Sheep-Pox or Sheep-Scab.)

If the diseases are pleuro-pneumonia and sheep-pox or sheep-scab, the cattle of the cargo shall be dealt with in accordance with Rule B, and the sheep of the cargo shall be dealt with in accordance with Rule D.

(Rule G.—Pleuro-Pneumonia and Swine-Fever.)

If the diseases are pleuro-pneumonia and swine-fever, the cattle of the cargo shall be dealt with in accordance with Rule B, and the swine of the cargo shall be dealt with in accordance with Rule E.

(Rule H.—Sheep-Pox or Sheep-Scab and Swine-Fever.)

If the diseases are sheep-pox or sheep-scab and swine-fever, the sheep of the cargo shall be dealt with in accordance with Rule D, and the swine of the cargo shall be dealt with in accordance with Rule E.

(5.) The slaughter of the animals under (3.) and (4.) shall be commenced at such time after the landing thereof as the Privy Council in any case direct, and when commenced shall be completed as soon as practicable.

Continuance of One Cargo.

28.—(1.) For the purposes of this Chapter all animals brought at the same time in the same vessel shall be deemed to continue and be one cargo during the time of the twelve hours or other detention, whether they are all landed continuously without intermission at one place, or some of them are landed at one place and some at another place, or some of them are landed at one time and some at another time at the same place.

(2.) Where an animal forming part of one cargo of foreign animals under this Chapter has not been kept separate from an animal forming part of another cargo of foreign animals, all the animals forming those two cargoes shall be dealt with as if they formed one cargo.

Detention of Suspected Animals.

29. An Inspector of the Privy Council may detain, for any period that he thinks necessary or proper, any foreign animal under this Chapter which he has reason to suspect is diseased or may introduce disease.

Separation of Animals.

30. An Inspector of the Privy Council having under his charge in a Landing-Place for foreign animals an animal affected with disease, besides keeping that animal separate from animals not so affected as he is required by Section thirty-one of the Act of 1878 to do, shall also, as far as practicable, keep any other animal that is under his charge and that has been in contact with that diseased animal separate from animals not so affected.

Movement of Animals, Carcases, &c.

31.—(1.) No animal, carcase, fodder, litter, or dung shall be removed from a Landing-Place for foreign animals or from any lair or other place therein, except with the permission of an Inspector of the Privy Council.

(2.) If the Inspector of the Privy Council is of opinion that any such animal or thing as aforesaid may introduce disease, the same shall be slaughtered, destroyed, or otherwise dealt with in accordance with instructions from time to time given by the Privy Council.

Disinfection of Landing-Place.

32. Where an animal in a Landing-Place for foreign animals is affected with disease, the portion of the Landing-Place where the diseased animal is or has been, shall not be used for animals unless and until that portion has been cleansed and disinfected to the satisfaction of the Privy Council.

Restriction on Use of Landing-Place for Foreign Animals.

33.—(1.) No animals other than foreign animals landed under the provisions of this Chapter shall be at any time landed at or moved into or kept in a Landing-Place for foreign animals.

(2.) Any animal being in a Landing-Place for foreign animals shall, without prejudice to the recovery of any penalty for the infringement of this Article, be deemed to be a foreign animal, and the Regulations relating to the Landing-Place shall apply to such animal.

(3.) A Landing-Place for foreign animals shall not be used for any purpose other than those authorized by the Act of 1878 or by Order of Council under the said Act in relation thereto.

Landing of other Foreign Animals.

34. Nothing in this Chapter shall prevent the landing of any foreign animal at a Foreign Animals Wharf if the owner of the animal or his agent in England or Wales or Scotland, or the consignee thereof, so desires.

CHAPTER V.—CHANNEL ISLANDS.

35. Unless and until the Privy Council otherwise order, animals brought from the Channel Islands shall be subject to the provisions of Chapter IV. (*Foreign Animals not subject to Slaughter or Quarantine*).

CHAPTER VI.—ISLE OF MAN.

36. Unless and until the Privy Council otherwise order, animals brought from the Isle of Man are allowed to be landed without being subject under the Fifth Schedule to the Act of 1878, or under this Order, to slaughter or to quarantine, or to the provisions of Chapter IV. (*Foreign Animals not subject to Slaughter or Quarantine*).

CHAPTER VII.—SHIP'S COWS AND GOATS.

37. Unless and until the Privy Council otherwise order, a cow or goat taken on board a vessel in England or Wales or Scotland for the purpose of supplying the passengers or crew of the vessel with milk on a voyage shall not on being landed in England or Wales or Scotland at the end of the voyage be deemed to be a foreign animal, if the Commissioners of Customs are, before the same is landed, satisfied that it has been taken from England or Wales or Scotland, and has not been landed in a foreign country, and has not been in contact with, or on board the same vessel with, any diseased foreign animal.

CHAPTER VIII.—LANDING AND DISPOSAL OF DUNG, FODDER, LITTER, UTENSILS, AND OTHER THINGS.

38. Except in the case of fodder or litter landed from a vessel bringing foreign animals that have been or are intended to be landed in a Foreign Animals Wharf, all partly consumed or broken fodder that has been supplied to, and all litter that has been used for or about, foreign animals shall, when landed from the vessel, be forthwith well mixed with quicklime and be effectually removed from contact with animals.

39.—(1.) The provisions of this Article extend only to the dung of animals, and to fodder, litter, utensils, pens, hurdles, or fittings used for or about foreign animals that have been or are intended to be landed from a vessel in a Foreign Animals Wharf, and to such other fodder or litter as may be brought in the same vessel with such animals.

(2.) All dung of such animals, and all fodder, litter, utensils, pens, hurdles, or fittings used for or about such animals, and all other fodder or litter brought in the same vessel with such animals, shall, if landed, be landed in such manner, at such times, at such places, and subject to such supervision and control, as the Commissioners of Customs from time to time direct.

(3.) No dung of such animals, and no partly consumed or broken fodder that has been supplied to such animals, and no litter that has been used for or about such animals, shall be landed at a place, other than a Foreign Animals Wharf or a Foreign Animals Quarantine Station or a Landing-Place for foreign animals, without the previous consent in writing of the Local Authority, and shall, when landed, be forthwith well mixed with quicklime and be effectually removed from contact with animals.

(4.) All other fodder and litter brought in the same vessel with such animals, and all utensils, pens, hurdles, or fittings used for or about such animals that have been landed at a place other than a Foreign Animals Wharf or a Foreign Animals Quarantine Station or a Landing-Place for foreign animals, shall when landed from the vessel, remain under the charge of an Officer of Customs, and such fodder and litter, and those utensils, pens, hurdles, or fittings shall not be removed from the place where landed, except with the permission in writing of an Officer of Customs.

Removal from Wharf or Station or Landing-Place.

40.—(1.) No utensils, pens, hurdles, or fittings that have been used for or about animals and have been landed from a vessel in a Foreign Animals Wharf or in a Foreign Animals Quarantine Station or in a Landing-Place for foreign animals shall be removed from the Wharf or Station or Landing-Place except with the permission of an Inspector of the Privy Council.

(2.) If the Inspector of the Privy Council is of opinion that any such thing as aforesaid may introduce disease, the same shall be destroyed or otherwise dealt with in accordance with instructions from time to time given by the Privy Council.

CHAPTER IX.—DISINFECTION.

Vessels.

41.—(1.) A vessel used for carrying foreign animals shall, after the landing of animals therefrom, and before the taking on board of any other animal or other cargo, be cleansed and disinfected as follows :

- (i.) All parts of the vessel with which animals or their droppings have come in contact shall be scraped and swept : then
- (ii.) The same parts of the vessel shall be thoroughly washed or scrubbed or scoured with water : then
- (iii.) The same parts of the vessel shall have applied to them a coating of lime-wash : except that
- (iv.) The application of lime-wash shall not be compulsory as regards such parts of the vessel as are used for passengers or crew.

(2.) The scrapings and sweepings of the vessel shall not be landed unless and until they have been well mixed with quicklime.

Moveable Gangways and other Apparatus.

42.—(1.) A moveable gangway or passage-way, cage, or other apparatus, used or intended for the loading or unloading of foreign animals on or from a vessel, or otherwise used in connexion with the transit of foreign animals shall, as soon as practicable after being so used, be cleansed as follows :

- (i.) The gangway or apparatus shall be scraped and swept, and all dung, litter, and other matter shall be effectually removed therefrom : then
- (ii.) The gangway or apparatus shall be thoroughly washed or scrubbed or scoured with water.

(2.) The scrapings and sweepings of the gangway or apparatus, and all dung, litter, and other matter removed therefrom shall forthwith be well mixed with quicklime, and be effectually removed from contact with animals.

CHAPTER X.—REGULATIONS AS TO VESSELS CARRYING ANIMALS.

Fittings of Vessels.

43.—(1.) Every place used for animals on board a vessel shall be divided into pens by substantial divisions.

(2.) Each pen shall not exceed nine feet in breadth, or fifteen in length.

(3.) The floor of each pen shall, in order to prevent slipping, be strewn with a proper quantity of litter or sand or other proper substance, or be fitted with battens or other proper footholds.

(4.) Every such place, if inclosed, shall be ventilated by means of separate inlet and outlet openings, of such size and position as will secure a proper supply of air to the place in all states of weather.

Shorn Sheep.

44. Between each first day of November and the next following thirtieth day of April (both days inclusive) shorn sheep shall not be carried on the deck of a vessel, except where they were last shorn more than sixty days before being so carried.

Gangways for Sheep-Pens.

45. Where sheep are carried on the deck of a vessel, proper gangways shall be provided either between or above the pens in which they are carried.

Detention.

46. Animals landed from a vessel shall, on a certificate of an Inspector of the Privy Council, certifying to the effect that the provisions of this Chapter, or some or one of them, have not or has not been observed in the vessel, be detained, at the place of landing, or in lairs adjacent thereto, until the Privy Council otherwise direct.

CHAPTER XI.—MISCELLANEOUS.

Water.

47. At every Foreign Animals Wharf, Foreign Animals Quarantine Station, and Landing-Place for foreign animals provision shall be made, to the satisfaction of the Privy Council, for a supply of water for animals; and water shall be supplied there, gratuitously, on request of any person having charge of any animal.

Food.

48. At every Foreign Animals Wharf, Foreign Animals Quarantine Station, and Landing-Place for foreign animals provision shall be made, to the satisfaction of the Privy Council, for the speedy and convenient unshipment of animals, and for a supply of food for them; and food shall be supplied there, on request of any person having charge of any animal, at such price as the Privy Council from time to time approve.

Disinfection of Persons and Clothes.

49.—(1.) An Inspector of the Privy Council, or the person in charge of a Foreign Animals Wharf or of a Foreign Animals Quarantine Station or of a Landing-Place for foreign animals is hereby empowered to affix at or near the entrance thereof a notice to the effect that persons entering or leaving that Wharf or Station or Landing-Place will be required before entering or leaving the same, as the case may be, to disinfect themselves and their clothes, and thereupon every person shall on being requested comply with the terms of that notice.

(2.) An Inspector of the Privy Council is hereby empowered to affix a notice at or near the entrance of any particular building, lair, landing-stage, pier, quay, or other portion of a Foreign Animals Wharf or of a Foreign Animals Quarantine Station or of a Landing-Place for foreign animals to the effect that persons entering that particular building, lair, landing-stage, pier, quay, or other portion of the Wharf or Station or Landing-Place will be required before leaving the same to disinfect themselves and their clothes, and thereupon every person shall on being requested comply with the terms of that notice.

(3.) Any person failing on request as aforesaid to comply with the terms of any such notice shall be deemed guilty of an offence against the Act of 1878.

Foreign Animals injured on Voyage.

50. Notwithstanding anything in this Order where a vessel comes into port having on board foreign animals maimed or injured on the voyage, the owner, consignee, or other person in charge thereof, or the master of the vessel, shall, if directed by an Inspector of the Privy Council, or may if he thinks fit, slaughter those animals or any of them immediately on their being landed; but the carcass of any such animal is not to be removed from the place of landing or some lair or slaughter-house adjacent thereto approved by the Privy Council without a certificate of the Inspector of the Privy Council certifying that it is not likely to introduce disease.

Carcases of Animals Dying on Voyage.

51.—(1.) If a vessel arriving has on board the carcase of a foreign animal, horse, ass, or mule which was taken on board for the purpose of importation, but has died on the voyage, the master of the vessel shall, immediately on arrival, report the fact to the Principal Officer of Customs at the port.

(2.) The carcase shall not be landed or discharged from the vessel without the permission in writing of the Principal Officer.

General Power of Detention.

52. Where it appears to the Principal Officer of Customs with respect to any foreign animal, horse, ass, or mule, or any fodder or other article, brought by sea, that disease may be thereby conveyed to animals, horses, asses, or mules, he may seize and detain the same; and he shall forthwith report the facts to the Commissioners of Customs, who may give such directions as they think fit, either for the slaughter or destruction or the further detention thereof or for the restoration thereof to the owner on such conditions, if any, (including payment by the owner of expenses incurred by them in respect of detention thereof,) as they think fit.

Duties of Local Authorities and Police.

53. Where any Regulation relating to foreign animals is in operation, the Local Authority and all constables and police officers shall assist the Inspector of the Privy Council to carry the same into effect and to enforce the same, and shall do or cause to be done all things from time to time necessary for the effectual execution of the same.

CHAPTER XII.—OFFENCES.

54.—(1.) If the slaughter of animals is not commenced at the time directed by the Privy Council under this Order, or completed in accordance with the provisions of this Order, the person failing to cause such slaughter to be so commenced or completed shall be deemed guilty of an offence against the Act of 1878.

(2.) If any dung of animals, or any fodder, litter, utensils, pens, hurdles, fittings, or other thing is landed or removed in contravention of this Order, the owner thereof, and the owner and the lessee and the occupier of the place of landing or other place where or from which such dung or other thing is landed or removed, and also in the case of the landing thereof, the owner and the charterer and the master of the vessel from which the same is landed, shall, each according to and in respect of his own acts or defaults, be deemed guilty of an offence against the Act of 1878.

(3.) If anything is done or omitted to be done as regards cleansing or disinfection in contravention of this Order, the owner and the charterer and the master of the vessel in or in respect of which,—and the owner of the gangway or passage-way, cage, or other apparatus in respect of which,—and the owner and the lessee and the occupier of the Foreign Animals Wharf or Foreign Animals Quarantine Station or Landing-Place for foreign animals in which,—and the owner and the lessee and the occupier of any other place or thing in respect of which,—(as the case may be,) the same is done or omitted, shall, each according to and in respect of his own acts or omissions, be deemed guilty of an offence against the Act of 1878.

(4.) If an animal or carcase is moved in contravention of this Order, the owner of the animal or of the carcase, and the person for the time being in charge thereof, and the person causing, directing, or permitting the movement, and the person moving or conveying the animal or carcase, and the consignee or other person receiving or keeping it, knowing it to have been moved in contravention as aforesaid, shall, each according to and in respect of his own acts or defaults, be deemed guilty of an offence against the Act of 1878.

(signed) C. L. PEEL.

(3084.)

THE FOOT-AND-MOUTH DISEASE TEMPORARY ORDER OF 1884.

AT THE COUNCIL CHAMBER, WHITEHALL,

The 5th day of February 1884.

BY HER MAJESTY'S MOST HONOURABLE PRIVY COUNCIL.

PRESENT :

LORD PRESIDENT.

| LORD CARRINGTON.

MR. DODSON.

THE Lords and others of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, by virtue and in exercise of the powers in them vested under The Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878, and of every other power enabling them in this behalf, do order, and it is hereby ordered, as follows :

Short Title.

1. This Order may be cited as The Foot-and-Mouth Disease Temporary Order of 1884.

Extent.

2. This Order extends to England and Wales and Scotland only.

Commencement and Duration.

3. This Order shall commence and take effect from and immediately after the twenty-sixth day of February, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-four, and shall continue in force until the Privy Council otherwise order.

Interpretation.

4. In this Order—

Animals means, except where it is otherwise expressed, cattle (that is, bulls, cows, oxen, heifers, and calves), and sheep, and swine :

Expose for sale means expose or in any manner put up or offer for sale, or exhibit at an exhibition :

The Metropolitan Market means the Metropolitan Cattle Market, at Islington, in the Metropolis, including the lairs therein :

Chapter, Article means Chapter, Article of this Order :

Schedule means Schedule to this Order :

Other terms have the same meaning as in The Animals Order of 1884.

Provisions Supplemental to The Animals Order of 1884.

5. The provisions of this Order are supplemental to and not in substitution of those contained in The Animals Order of 1884.

CHAPTER I.—REGULATIONS OF LOCAL AUTHORITY.

Definition of Term Animals for Certain Purposes.

6. The term Animals in the two following Articles, namely, Articles 7 and 8, means cattle, sheep, goats, and swine.

Regulations of Local Authority as to Movement into their District from the District of another Local Authority.

7.—(1.) A Local Authority may, with the view of preventing the introduction of foot-and-mouth disease into their District, make, from time to time, such Regulations as they think fit for prohibiting or regulating the movement by land or by water of animals, or any particular kind of animals, into their District from the District of any other Local Authority in England or Wales or Scotland or Ireland.

(2.) No Regulation made by a Local Authority under this Article shall be deemed to apply to the movement of—

- (a.) Animals into a Cattle-Plague Infected Place ; or
- (b.) Cattle into a Pleuro-Pneumonia Infected Place or Area ; or
- (c.) Animals into a Foot-and-Mouth Disease Infected Place or Circle or Area ; or
- (d.) Sheep into a Sheep-Pox Infected Place ; or
- (e.) Swine into a Swine-Fever Infected Place or Area ; or
- (f.) Animals affected with foot-and-mouth disease ; or
- (g.) Animals by Railway through the District of that Local Authority, without untrucking ;

which movement is regulated by the Act of 1878 and Orders of Council issued thereunder.

(3.) If an animal is moved in contravention of a Regulation of a Local Authority made under this Article, the owner of the animal, and the person for the time being in charge thereof, and the person causing, directing, or permitting the movement, and the person moving or conveying the animal, and the owner and the charterer and the master of the vessel in which it is moved, and the consignee or other person receiving or keeping it knowing it to have been moved in contravention as aforesaid, shall, each according to and in respect of his own acts and defaults, be deemed guilty of an offence against the Act of 1878.

Regulations of Local Authority as to Movement within their District by Special Authority of Privy Council.

8.—(1.) A Local Authority, if authorized by the Privy Council to put in operation this Article, but not otherwise, may make, from time to time, Regulations for prohibiting or regulating the movement by land or by water of animals or of any particular kind of animals specified by the Privy Council, in the whole of their District or in such part or parts thereof as may be specified by the Privy Council ; and the putting into operation of this Article will only be authorized on the Privy Council being satisfied by the Local Authority that the making by them of such Regulations is desirable, or necessary for the purpose of preventing the spreading of foot-and-mouth disease.

(2.) No Regulation made by a Local Authority under this Article shall be deemed to apply to the movement of—

- (a.) Animals in or into or out of a Cattle-Plague Infected Place ; or
- (b.) Cattle in or into or out of a Pleuro-Pneumonia Infected Place or Area ; or
- (c.) Animals in or into or out of a Foot-and-Mouth Disease Infected Place or Circle or Area ; or
- (d.) Sheep in or into or out of a Sheep-Pox Infected Place ; or
- (e.) Swine in or into or out of a Swine-Fever Infected Place or Area ; or
- (f.) Animals affected with foot-and-mouth disease ; or

(g.) Animals by Railway through the District or part of District to which the Regulation refers, without untrucking ;

which movement is regulated by the Act of 1878 and Orders of Council issued thereunder.

(3.) If an animal is moved in contravention of a Regulation of a Local Authority made under this Article, the owner of the animal, and the person for the time being in charge thereof, and the person causing, directing, or permitting the movement, and the person moving or conveying the animal, and the owner and the charterer and the master of the vessel in which it is moved, and the consignee or other person receiving or keeping it knowing it to have been moved in contravention as aforesaid, shall, each according to and in respect of his own acts and defaults, be deemed guilty of an offence against the Act of 1878.

Regulation of Local Authority as to Markets &c., within Five Miles of Foot-and-Mouth Disease Infected Place.

9.—(1.) A Local Authority may, from time to time, make such Regulations as they think fit for prohibiting or regulating the exposing for sale of an animal or animals, or of any particular kind of animals, in or at any market, fair, auction, sale-yard, sale, or exhibition held within a distance of five miles from any part of any Foot-and-Mouth Disease Infected Place so long as such Infected Place exists, whether such Infected Place be within the District of the Local Authority or not.

(2.) No Regulation made by a Local Authority under this Article shall be deemed to apply to the exposing for sale of—

- (a.) Animals in a Cattle-Plague Infected Place ; or
- (b.) Cattle in a Pleuro-Pneumonia Infected Place or Area ; or
- (c.) Animals in a Foot-and-Mouth Disease Infected Place or Area ; or
- (d.) Sheep in a Sheep-Pox Infected Place ; or
- (e.) Swine in a Swine-Fever Infected Place or Area ; or
- (f.) Animals in the Metropolis.

(3.) If an animal is exposed for sale in or at any market, fair, auction, sale-yard, sale, or exhibition in contravention of a Regulation made by a Local Authority under the provisions of this Article, or of the conditions of a Licence of a Local Authority thereunder, the person holding such market, fair, auction, sale, or exhibition, and the occupier of the place where the same is held, and the owner or consignee of each animal so exposed, and the person exposing the same, and the auctioneer, if any, or other person conducting a sale at such market, fair, auction, sale-yard, sale, or exhibition, and the person, if any, taking entrance-money or other payment for admission thereto, and the purchaser thereof of any animal so exposed in contravention of such Regulation or conditions of a Licence, such last-mentioned person or such purchaser knowing the animal to be exposed for sale in contravention as aforesaid, shall, each according to and in respect of his own acts and defaults, be deemed guilty of an offence against the Act of 1878.

Miscellaneous.

10.—(1.) Every Local Authority shall forthwith send to the Privy Council a copy of every Regulation made by them under this Chapter.

(2.) If the Privy Council are satisfied on inquiry with respect to any Regulation made by a Local Authority under this Chapter that the same is of too restrictive a character, or otherwise objectionable, and direct the revocation thereof, the same shall thereupon cease to operate.

Saving for Regulations in Force.

11. All Regulations made by a Local Authority under any of the following Orders of Council (namely),—

- (a.) The Foot-and-Mouth Disease (Movement into District) Order of 1881,
- (b.) The Scotland, Movement into District (Foot-and-Mouth Disease) Order of 1882,
- (c.) The England and Wales, Movement into District (Foot-and-Mouth Disease) Order of 1882,
- (d.) The England and Wales, Movement into District (Foot-and-Mouth Disease) Order of 1883,
- (e.) The Scotland, Movement into District (Foot-and-Mouth Disease) Order of 1883,
- (f.) The Foot-and-Mouth Disease (Regulation of Markets and Fairs) Order of 1883,
- (g.) The England and Wales and Scotland, Movement into District (Foot-and-Mouth Disease) Order of 1883,
- (h.) The England and Wales and Scotland, Movement into District (Foot-and-Mouth Disease) Order of 1883, Amendment,
- (i.) The Movement within Districts Order of 1883,

and in force at the commencement of this Order, shall, as far as the same are not inconsistent with this Order, unless altered or revoked by the Local Authority, remain in force for such time and in such manner as if this Order had not been made.

CHAPTER II.—SPECIAL REGULATIONS RELATING TO THE METROPOLIS.

Public and Private Sales in the Metropolis.

12. No public or private sale of an animal or animals, fat or store, shall be held in the Metropolis, except as authorized by this Chapter.

13. A public or private sale of an animal or animals, fat or store, may be held in the Metropolis, in any circumstances, with a Licence of the Privy Council.

14. The following public sales of animals may be held in the Metropolis without a Licence of the Privy Council (namely),—

The Metropolitan Market, but subject to the provisions of this Chapter; and

The Foreign Cattle Market at Deptford.

15. A public or private sale of an animal or animals, fat or store, may be held in the Metropolis, without a Licence of the Privy Council, in any case where the sale is held in accordance with the following conditions (namely),—

(i.) That the sale is held on a farm or premises not in a Foot-and-Mouth Disease Infected Place:

(ii.) That no animal on the farm or premises is affected with foot-and-mouth disease:

(iii.) That the animal or each animal exposed at the sale has been on the farm or premises not less than fourteen clear days immediately before the day on which the sale is held:

(iv.) That no animal exposed at the sale has been in contact with any animal brought on to the farm or premises within those fourteen days.

Regulations as to Metropolitan Market.

16.—(a.) Animals exposed for sale in the Metropolitan Market shall not be moved out of the said Market, but shall be slaughtered within the said Market, except as follows :

(b.) Animals may be moved out of the said Market to a slaughter-house in or out of the Metropolis in accordance with the provisions of this Chapter for the purpose of being there slaughtered : or

(c.) Animals may be moved out of the said Market to a lair in the Metropolis licensed for their reception by the Privy Council, and may be kept in that licensed lair subject to conditions specified in the licence, until they are moved to a slaughter-house in or out of the Metropolis, for the purpose of being there slaughtered.

(d.) Where in any case as aforesaid there is to be movement out of the Metropolis, that movement shall be made subject and according to the provisions of Article 19 of this Order.

(e.) Animals that have been moved out of the said Market shall not be again moved into the said Market.

(f.) Animals intended to be moved out of the said Market shall, after their arrival thereat, and before they are moved therefrom, be marked by and at the expense of the owner, consignee, or other person exposing them, as follows :

Cattle.—By the clipping of the hair off the end of the tail of each of the cattle.

Sheep and Swine.—By the painting or stamping of a broad arrow, about six inches long, on the left side of each of the sheep or swine with the following composition, namely :—Rosin, five parts ; oil of turpentine, two parts ; and blue or red ochre, one part ; melted and used warm ; or with some other adhesive composition of a blue or red colour.

17. Animals which have been exposed for sale in the Metropolitan Market—

(i.) shall be slaughtered within five days after the day on which they are so exposed ; and

(ii.) shall not during those five days be exposed at any public or private sale in or out of the Metropolis, other than the Metropolitan Market.

Movement out of Metropolis.

18. No animal shall be moved out of the Metropolis, except as authorized by this Chapter.

Movement out of Metropolis of Animals that have been in Metropolitan Market.

19.—(a.) Animals which have been exposed in the Metropolitan Market and which are to be moved thereout to a slaughter-house out of the Metropolis, or to a licensed lair until they are moved to a slaughter-house out of the Metropolis, shall not be moved out of the said Market except with a Market Pass, such as is indicated in the Form given in the Schedule, or to the like effect, to be given by an officer of the said Market, or other fit person appointed in that behalf by the Metropolitan Board of Works, to the owner or purchaser desirous of moving the animals out of the Metropolis.

(b.) The Market Pass shall specify the licensed lair (if any) and the slaughter-house to which the animals are to be moved, and they shall not be moved to any other licensed lair, slaughter-house, or place.

(c.) There must also be a Movement Licence of the Local Authority of the District in which the slaughter-house specified in the Market Pass is situate, indorsed on or referring to the Market Pass ; which Licence must be granted before the animals are moved into the District of that Local Authority.

(d.) Provided that that Local Authority may, if they think fit, from time to time, notify to the Metropolitan Board of Works that movement from the Metropolitan Market under this Chapter to a specified slaughter-house in their District may be made without a Licence indorsed on or referring to the Market Pass.

(e.) Every such notification shall be in writing signed by the clerk of the Local Authority, by special direction of the Local Authority, and may be at any time revoked by the Local Authority, and every such notification and revocation shall be published in such manner as the Local Authority consider best fitted to insure publicity for the same.

(f.) Notice in writing of every such notification shall be given by the Local Authority to every Railway Company having a Railway in the District of the Local Authority, and no Railway Company shall be bound to have regard to any such notification of which notice is not so given.

(g.) Notice of the revocation or determination of any such notification shall be given in like manner to every such Railway Company; and every notification of which notice is so given shall, as regards each Railway Company, be treated as in force until notice of the revocation or determination thereof is so given.

Movement out of Metropolis of Animals that have not been in Metropolitan Market.

20.—(a.) Animals which have not been exposed in the Metropolitan Market may be moved out of the Metropolis with a Movement Licence of the Metropolitan Board of Works, specifying the place to which and the person to whom the animals are to be moved, granted on a certificate of a Veterinary Inspector certifying that each of the animals to be moved is not affected with foot-and-mouth disease, and has not, to the best of his knowledge and belief, been exposed to the infection of foot-and-mouth disease, or on a declaration such as is indicated in the Form given in the Schedule, or to the like effect, made by the owner of the animals described in the declaration, or by his agent authorized in writing for that purpose.

(b.) If the animals are to be moved out of the City of London, there must also be a previous Movement Licence of the Corporation of London, for movement into the Metropolis, granted on a certificate or declaration as aforesaid.

(c.) In every case of movement under this Article there must also be a final Movement Licence of the Local Authority of the District into which the animals are to be moved indorsed on or referring to the Licence of the Metropolitan Board of Works.

(d.) The two or the three Movement Licences aforesaid required by this Article must be granted before the animals are moved out of the Metropolis or out of the City of London (as the case may be).

(e.) Nothing in this Article restricts movement of animals by Railway through the Metropolis, without untrucking.

Offences under foregoing Articles of this Chapter.

21.—(a.) If a public or a private sale of an animal or animals, fat or store, is held in contravention of this Chapter, or of the conditions of a Licence of the Privy Council thereunder, the person holding such sale, and the occupier of the place or farm or premises where the sale is held, and the owner or consignee of each animal exposed thereat, and the person exposing the same thereat, and the auctioneer, if any, or other person conducting the sale, and the person, if any, taking entrance-money or other payment for admission thereto, and the purchaser thereof of any animal, such last-mentioned person or such purchaser knowing the sale to be held in contravention as aforesaid, shall, each according to and in respect of his own acts and defaults, be deemed guilty of an offence against the Act of 1878.

(b.) If an animal is not marked as required by this Chapter, or by the conditions of a Licence of the Privy Council thereunder, the owner, consignee, or other person exposing the same, and the person for the time being in charge thereof, and the purchaser thereof, and the person holding the sale, and the auctioneer, if any, or other person conducting the sale, shall, each according to and in respect of his own acts and defaults, be deemed guilty of an offence against the Act of 1878.

(c.) If any person, with a view to unlawfully evade or defeat the operation of this Chapter, or the conditions of a Licence of the Privy Council thereunder, by clipping, or washing, or in any other manner, takes out, effaces, or obliterates, or attempts to take out, efface, or obliterate, any mark clipped, painted, or stamped on an animal as required by this Chapter, or by the conditions of a Licence of the Privy Council thereunder, the person doing the same, and the person causing, directing, or permitting the same to be done, and the owner of the animal, and the person for the time being in charge thereof, shall, each according to and in respect of his own acts and defaults, be deemed guilty of an offence against the Act of 1878.

(d.) If an animal is not slaughtered as required by this Chapter, or by the conditions of a Licence of the Privy Council thereunder, the person failing to cause the same to be so slaughtered shall be deemed guilty of an offence against the Act of 1878.

(e.) If an animal is moved in contravention of this Chapter, or of the conditions of a Movement Licence or Market Pass thereunder, the owner of the animal, and the person for the time being in charge thereof, and the person causing, directing, or permitting the movement, and the person moving or conveying the animal, and the owner and the charterer and the master of the vessel in which it is moved, and the consignee or other person receiving or keeping it knowing it to have been moved in contravention as aforesaid, shall, each according to and in respect of his own acts and defaults, be deemed guilty of an offence against the Act of 1878.

Saving for Metropolitan Lair Licences.

22. Every Licence licensing a lair for the reception of animals that have been exposed for sale in the Metropolitan Market under the provisions of The Metropolis (Foot-and-Mouth Disease) Order of 1881, and in force at the commencement of this Order, shall during the continuance of this Chapter remain in force until altered or revoked by the Privy Council.

CHAPTER III.—MISCELLANEOUS.

Production of Licences; Names and Addresses.

23.—(a.) Every person in charge of animals being moved, where, under this Order, or under any Regulation of a Local Authority under this Order, a Movement Licence or Market Pass is necessary, shall, on demand of a Justice, or of a Constable, or of an Inspector or other officer of a Local Authority, produce and show to him the Movement Licence or Market Pass, if any, authorizing the movement, and shall allow it to be read and a copy of or extract from it to be taken by the person to whom it is produced.

(b.) Every person so in charge shall, on demand as aforesaid, give his name and address to the Justice, or Constable, or Inspector or other officer.

(c.) If a person in charge of animals being moved, where, under this Order, or under a Regulation made by a Local Authority under the provisions of this Order, a Movement Licence or Market Pass is necessary, on demand made under this Order, fails to give his true name and address, or gives a false name or address, he shall be deemed guilty of an offence against the Act of 1878.

(signed) C. L. PEEL.

Declaration of Owner of Animals or his Agent.

THE CONTAGIOUS DISEASES (ANIMALS) ACT, 1878.

FOOT-AND-MOUTH DISEASE.

DECLARATION OF OWNER OR HIS AGENT.

I, *A. B.* of _____, in the county of _____, being
the owner of the under-mentioned animals [*or I, C. D. of* _____,
in the county of _____, being the agent authorized in writing
for this purpose by *A. B.* of _____, in the county of _____,
the owner of the under-mentioned animals], do hereby solemnly and sin-
cerely declare that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, each of the
animals described below is not affected with foot-and-mouth disease, and has
not been exposed to the infection of foot-and-mouth disease.

Dated this _____ day of _____, 18 ____.

[To be signed] *A. B.*

Number and Description of Animals above referred to.

Cattle	_____	_____
Sheep	[<i>Twenty Southdowns or as the case may be</i>]	[<i>20 or as the case may be</i>]
Swine	_____	_____

(Number to be expressed both in words and in figures.)

Caution.—A person making a Declaration false in any material particular,
or obtaining or endeavouring to obtain a Licence by means of a false pretence,
is liable, under The Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878, to fine and
imprisonment.

(3085.)

PORT OF GLASGOW.—TRANSHIPMENT.

AT THE COUNCIL CHAMBER, WHITEHALL,

The 5th day of February. 1884.

BY HER MAJESTY'S MOST HONOURABLE PRIVY COUNCIL.

PRESENT :

LORD PRESIDENT.

LORD CARRINGTON.

MR. DODSON.

THE Lords and others of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, by virtue and in exercise of the powers in them vested under The Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878, and of every other power enabling them in this behalf, do order, and it is hereby ordered, as follows :

1. Notwithstanding anything in The Foreign Animals Order of 1884, animals brought from the United States of America to the Port of Glasgow may be transhipped in the Firth of Clyde or in the River Clyde from the vessel in which they are brought into another vessel for conveyance to the Foreign Animals Wharf at Yorkhill Wharf in the port of Glasgow, subject to the following conditions :

First. That the vessel (in this Order called the landing-vessel) into which the animals are transhipped be specially fitted and appropriated for the purpose of conveying such animals.

Second. That the owner, agent, or charterer of the landing-vessel has received the special permission of the Commissioners of Customs so to employ the landing-vessel under this Order.

2. Those animals shall be transhipped in the presence and under the supervision and control of an Officer of Customs ; and an Officer of Customs shall remain in charge of the animals on board the landing-vessel until its arrival at the Foreign Animals Wharf.

3. The landing-vessel shall proceed direct to that Wharf, and the animals shall be landed there in the presence and under the supervision and control of an Officer of Customs.

4. The landing-vessel shall not be used for any other purpose during the time of its being so appropriated, and shall, immediately after each occasion of use, and before being again used, be cleansed and disinfected in manner provided respecting vessels by Article 41 of The Foreign Animals Order of 1884.

5. Animals so transhipped shall continue to be deemed foreign animals.

6. If anything is done or omitted to be done in contravention of any of the provisions of this Order, the owner or consignee of the animals, and the owner and the charterer and the master of the landing-vessel, each according to and in respect of his own acts or omissions, shall be deemed guilty of an offence against the Act of 1878.

7. This Order shall take effect from and immediately after the twenty-sixth day of February, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-four ; and terms in this Order have the same meaning as in The Foreign Animals Order of 1884.

(signed) C. L. PEEL.

(3086.)

PORT OF HULL.—TRANSHIPMENT.

AT THE COUNCIL CHAMBER, WHITEHALL,

The 5th day of February 1884.

BY HER MAJESTY'S MOST HONOURABLE PRIVY COUNCIL.

PRESENT :

LORD PRESIDENT.

LORD CARRINGTON.

MR. DODSON.

THE Lords and others of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, by virtue and in exercise of the powers in them vested under The Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878, and of every other power enabling them in this behalf, do order, and it is hereby ordered, as follows :

1. Notwithstanding anything in The Foreign Animals Order of 1884—

(a.) Animals brought from the United States of America to the Port of Hull may be transhipped in the River Humber or in the Albert Dock ; and

(b.) Sheep, goats, and swine brought from the ports of Bremen or Hamburg in the German Empire to the port of Hull may be transhipped in the River Humber or in any Dock in the port of Hull approved by the Privy Council ;

from the vessel in which they are brought to another vessel for conveyance to the Foreign Animals Wharf at the Citadel Estate in the port of Hull, subject to the following conditions :

First. That the vessel (in this Order called the landing-vessel) into which the animals are transhipped be specially fitted and appropriated for the purpose of conveying such animals.

Second. That the owner, agent, or charterer of the landing-vessel has received the special permission of the Commissioners of Customs so to employ the landing-vessel under this Order.

2. Those animals shall be transhipped in the presence and under the supervision and control of an Officer of Customs, and an Officer of Customs shall remain in charge of the animals on board the landing-vessel until its arrival at the Foreign Animals Wharf.

3. The landing-vessel shall proceed direct to that Wharf, and the animals shall be landed there in the presence and under the supervision and control of an Officer of Customs.

4. The landing-vessel shall not be used for any other purpose during the time of its being so appropriated, and shall, immediately after each occasion of use, be cleansed and disinfected in manner provided respecting vessels by Article 41 of The Foreign Animals Order of 1884.

5. Animals so transhipped shall continue to be deemed foreign animals.

6. If anything is done or omitted to be done in contravention of any of the provisions of this Order, the owner or consignee of the animals, and the owner and the charterer and the master of the landing-vessel, and the Dock Company at Kingston-upon-Hull, each according to and in respect of his or their own acts or omissions shall be deemed guilty of an offence against the Act of 1878.

7. This Order shall take effect from and immediately after the twenty-sixth day of February, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-four ; and terms in this Order have the same meaning as in The Foreign Animals Order of 1884.

(signed) C. L. PEEL.

(3087.)

PORT OF LIVERPOOL.—TRANSHIPMENT No. 1.

AT THE COUNCIL CHAMBER, WHITEHALL,

The 5th day of February 1884.

BY HER MAJESTY'S MOST HONOURABLE PRIVY COUNCIL.

PRESENT :

LORD PRESIDENT.

| LORD CARRINGTON.

Mr. DODSON.

THE Lords and others of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, by virtue and in exercise of the powers in them vested under The Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878, and of every other power enabling them in this behalf, do order, and it is hereby ordered, as follows:

1. Notwithstanding anything in The Foreign Animals Order of 1884, animals brought from Her Majesty's Possessions in North America to the port of Liverpool may be transhipped in the River Mersey from the vessel in which they are brought into another vessel for conveyance to a Landing-Place for foreign animals within the port of Liverpool, subject to the following conditions:

First. That the owner, agent, or charterer of the vessel (in this Order called the landing-vessel) into which the animals are transhipped has received the special permission of the Privy Council and of the Commissioners of Customs so to employ the landing-vessel under this Order.

Second. That the landing-vessel shall not without the permission of the Privy Council be used for carrying any animals other than animals which have been brought from Her Majesty's Possessions in North America to the port of Liverpool, and have not been landed there.

2. Animals transhipped under this Order shall be transhipped in the presence and under the supervision and control of an Officer of Customs; and an Officer of Customs shall remain in charge of the animals on board the landing-vessel until its arrival at the Landing-Place for foreign animals.

3. The landing-vessel shall proceed direct to that Landing-Place, and the animals shall be landed there in the presence and under the supervision and control of an Officer of Customs.

4. Animals so transhipped shall continue to be deemed foreign animals.

5. If anything is done or omitted to be done in contravention of any of the provisions of this Order, the owner or consignee of the animals, and the owner and the charterer and the master of the landing-vessel, each according to and in respect of his own acts or omissions, shall be deemed guilty of an offence against the Act of 1878.

6. This Order shall take effect from and immediately after the twenty-sixth day of February, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-four; and terms in this Order have the same meaning as in The Foreign Animals Order of 1884.

(signed) C. L. PEEL.

(3088.)

PORT OF LIVERPOOL.—TRANSHIPMENT No. 2.

AT THE COUNCIL CHAMBER, WHITEHALL,

The 5th day of February 1884.

BY HER MAJESTY'S MOST HONOURABLE PRIVY COUNCIL.

PRESENT :

LORD PRESIDENT.

LORD CARRINGTON.

MR. DODSON.

THE Lords and others of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, by virtue and in exercise of the powers in them vested under The Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878, and of every other power enabling them in this behalf, do order, and it is hereby ordered, as follows :

1. Notwithstanding anything in The Foreign Animals Order of 1884, animals brought from the United States of America to the Port of Liverpool may be transhipped in the River Mersey from the vessel in which they are brought into another vessel for conveyance to a Foreign Animals Wharf in the port of Liverpool, subject to the following conditions :

First. That the vessel (in this Order called the landing-vessel) into which the animals are transhipped be specially fitted and appropriated for the purpose of conveying such animals.

Second. That the owner, agent, or charterer of the landing-vessel has received the special permission of the Commissioners of Customs so to employ the landing-vessel under this Order.

2. Those animals shall be transhipped in the presence and under the supervision and control of an Officer of Customs ; and an Officer of Customs shall remain in charge of the animals on board the landing-vessel until its arrival at the Foreign Animals Wharf.

3. The landing-vessel shall proceed direct to that Wharf, and the animals shall be landed there in the presence and under the supervision and control of an Officer of Customs.

4. The landing-vessel shall not be used for any other purpose during the time of its being so appropriated, and shall, immediately after each occasion of use, and before being again used, be cleansed and disinfected in manner provided respecting vessels by Article 41 of The Foreign Animals Order of 1884.

5. Animals so transhipped shall continue to be deemed foreign animals.

6. If anything is done or omitted to be done in contravention of any of the provisions of this Order, the owner or consignee of the animals, and the owner and the charterer and the master of the landing-vessel, each according to and in respect of his own acts or omissions, shall be deemed guilty of an offence against the Act of 1878.

7. This Order shall take effect from and immediately after the tenth day of February, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-four ; and terms in this Order have the same meaning as in The Foreign Animals Order of 1884.

(signed) C. L. PEEL.

(3089.)

PORT OF LONDON.—TRANSHIPMENT.

AT THE COUNCIL CHAMBER, WHITEHALL,

The 5th day of February 1884.

BY HER MAJESTY'S MOST HONOURABLE PRIVY COUNCIL.

PRESENT :

LORD PRESIDENT.

LORD CARRINGTON.

|
MR. DODSON.

THE Lords and others of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, by virtue and in exercise of the powers in them vested under 'The Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878, and of every other power enabling them in this behalf, do order, and it is hereby ordered, as follows :

1. Notwithstanding anything in The Foreign Animals Order of 1884, animals brought from the United States of America to the Port of London may be transhipped in the River Thames or in any Dock within the Port of London approved by the Privy Council from the vessel in which they are brought into another vessel for conveyance to the Foreign Animals Wharf, known as the Foreign Cattle Market at Deptford, subject to the following conditions :

First. That the vessel (in this Order called the landing-vessel) into which the animals are transhipped be provided by the Local Authorities for the City of London, and be specially fitted and appropriated for the purpose of conveying such animals.

Second. That the Local Authority for the City of London have received the special permission of the Commissioners of Customs so to employ the landing-vessel under this Order.

2. Those animals shall be transhipped in the presence and under the supervision and control of an Officer of Customs ; and an Officer of Customs shall remain in charge of the animals on board the landing-vessel until its arrival at the Foreign Animals Wharf.

3. The landing-vessel shall proceed direct to that Wharf, and the animals shall be landed there in the presence and under the supervision and control of an Officer of Customs.

4. The landing-vessel shall not be used for any other purpose during the time of its being so appropriated, and shall, immediately after each occasion of use, and before being again used, be cleansed and disinfected in manner provided respecting vessels by Article 41 of The Foreign Animals Order of 1884.

5. Animals so transhipped shall continue to be deemed foreign animals.

6. If anything is done or omitted to be done in contravention of any of the provisions of this Order, the owner or consignee of the animals, and the owner and the charterer and the master of the landing-vessel, and in the case of the animals being transhipped in a Dock the person owning the Dock, each according to and in respect of his own acts or omissions, shall be deemed guilty of an offence against the Act of 1878.

7. This Order shall take effect from and immediately after the twenty-sixth day of February, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-four ; and terms in this Order have the same meaning as in The Foreign Animals Order of 1884.

(signed) C. L. PEEL.

(3090.)

PORT OF NEWCASTLE-UPON-TYNE.—TRANSHIPMENT.

AT THE COUNCIL CHAMBER, WHITEHALL,

The 5th day of February 1884.

BY HER MAJESTY'S MOST HONOURABLE PRIVY COUNCIL.

PRESENT :

LORD PRESIDENT.

LORD CARRINGTON.

MR. DODSON.

THE Lords and others of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, by virtue and in exercise of the powers in them vested under The Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878, and of every other power enabling them in this behalf, do order, and it is hereby ordered, as follows:

1. Notwithstanding anything in The Foreign Animals Order of 1884, animals brought from the United States of America to the Port of Newcastle-upon-Tyne may be transhipped in the River Tyne from the vessel in which they are brought into another vessel for conveyance to the Foreign Animals Wharf at Tyne Dock, in the port of South Shields, subject to the following conditions:

First. That the vessel (in this Order called the landing-vessel) into which the animals are transhipped be specially fitted and appropriated for the purpose of conveying such animals.

Second. That the owner, agent, or charterer of the landing-vessel has received the special permission of the Commissioners of Customs so to employ the landing-vessel under this Order.

2. Those animals shall be transhipped in the presence and under the supervision and control of an Officer of Customs; and an Officer of Customs shall remain in charge of the animals on board the landing-vessel until its arrival at the Foreign Animals Wharf.

3. The landing-vessel shall proceed direct to that Wharf, and the animals shall be landed there in the presence and under the supervision and control of an Officer of Customs.

4. The landing-vessel shall not be used for any other purpose during the time of its being so appropriated, and shall immediately after each occasion of use, and before being again used, be cleansed and disinfected in manner provided respecting vessels by Article 41 of The Foreign Animals Order of 1884.

5. Animals so transhipped shall continue to be deemed foreign animals.

6. If anything is done or omitted to be done in contravention of any of the provisions of this Order, the owner or consignee of the animals, and the owner and the charterer and the master of the landing-vessel, each according to and in respect of his own acts or omissions, shall be deemed guilty of an offence against the Act of 1878.

7. This Order shall take effect from and immediately after the twenty-sixth day of February, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-four; and terms in this Order have the same meaning as in The Foreign Animals Order of 1884.

(signed) C. L. PEEL.

(3091.)

(PORT OF SOUTHAMPTON.—RESHIPMENT STATION.)

AT THE COUNCIL CHAMBER, WHITEHALL,

The 5th day of February 1884.

BY HER MAJESTY'S MOST HONOURABLE PRIVY COUNCIL.

THE Lords and others of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, by virtue and in exercise of the powers in them vested under The Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878, and of every other power enabling them in this behalf, do hereby define the following part of the Port of Southampton, in the town and county of that name, as a Foreign Animals Quarantine Station for the purposes of a Reshipment Station :

All that space in the Southampton Docks within the borough of Southampton, included within a line commencing at a point at a distance of about four hundred feet from the south-east corner of the Close Dock, and running in a southerly direction for a distance of about two hundred and sixteen feet, thence in an easterly direction on the southern side of the Southampton Dock Company's sheds, and extending to the Western Graving Dock a distance of about eight hundred and fifty feet, thence in a northerly direction about two hundred feet along the edge of the Dock wall, thence in a westerly direction about forty-five feet, thence in a northerly direction on the Jetty about two hundred feet, thence in a westerly direction about forty feet along the end of the said Jetty, thence in a southerly direction about two hundred feet, thence for a distance of about one hundred and fifty feet in a westerly direction along the edge of the Open Dock, thence for a distance of about three hundred and ten feet along the western wall of the said Open Dock, thence about two hundred and fifty feet along the edge of the Lock, thence in a southerly direction about two hundred and fifty feet to the south-east corner of the Close Dock, and thence for a distance of about four hundred feet along the southern edge of the Close Dock to the point first-mentioned, all which space is coloured green on the plan of Southampton Docks deposited for the purposes of an Order of Council of the twelfth day of August, one thousand eight hundred and eighty, at the Privy Council Office, a copy of which is deposited at the office of the Town Clerk of the borough of Southampton.

This Order shall take effect from and immediately after the twenty-sixth day of February, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-four.

(signed) C. L. PEEL.

(3112.)

THE FOOT-AND-MOUTH DISEASE (SLAUGHTER) ORDER OF 1884.

AT THE COUNCIL CHAMBER, WHITEHALL,

The 28th day of February 1884.

BY HER MAJESTY'S MOST HONOURABLE PRIVY COUNCIL.

PRESENT :

LORD PRESIDENT.

|

MR. DODSON.

THE Lords and others of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, by virtue and in exercise of the powers in them vested under The Contagious

Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878 (in this Order referred to as the Act of 1878), and of every other power enabling them in this behalf, do order, and it is hereby ordered, as follows :

Slaughter by Special Authority of Privy Council.

1. Where a Local Authority is authorized by the Privy Council to put in operation the provisions of this Order, but not otherwise, such Local Authority may—

(a.) Cause any cattle, sheep, goats, or swine affected with foot-and-mouth disease to be slaughtered ; or

(b.) Cause any cattle, sheep, goats, or swine being or having been in the same shed or herd or flock or pig-sty, or in contact, with any animal affected with foot-and-mouth disease to be slaughtered.

(c.) Provided, that if the owner of an animal gives notice in writing to the Local Authority, or their Inspector or other officer, that he objects to the animal being slaughtered, it shall not be lawful for the Local Authority to slaughter that animal except with the further special authority of the Privy Council first obtained.

Compensation.

2. The Local Authority shall, out of the local rate, pay compensation as follows for cattle, sheep, goats, and swine slaughtered under the authority of this Order:

(a.) Where the animal slaughtered was affected with foot-and-mouth disease, the compensation shall be its value immediately before it became so affected :

(b.) In every other case the compensation shall be the value of the animal immediately before it was slaughtered.

Application of General Provisions.

3. The provisions of Section 30 of the Act of 1878, (*General provisions relative to slaughter and compensation*.) shall apply to the case of an animal slaughtered under the provisions of this Order.

Movement of Diseased or suspected Animals for Slaughter.

4. Where the slaughter under the authority of this Order of diseased or suspected animals in Foot-and-Mouth Disease Infected Places in the District of a Local Authority is impracticable or would be highly inconvenient, animals affected with or suspected of foot-and-mouth disease may, notwithstanding anything in The Animals Order of 1884, be moved out of a Foot-and-Mouth Disease Infected Place and Circle and Area on a highway or thoroughfare for the purpose of being slaughtered in manner and under the conditions following, and not otherwise :

(a.) The diseased or suspected animals shall be moved with a Licence of the Local Authority, to a slaughter-house in a float or cattle-van properly constructed so as to prevent contact of the diseased or suspected animals with other animals during the movement.

(b.) The diseased or suspected animals shall be moved to the slaughter-house in charge of an Inspector or other officer of the Local Authority ; and the same officer shall enforce and superintend the immediate slaughter there of the animals, and shall forthwith report the fact of the slaughter to the Local Authority.

(c.) The float or cattle-van shall immediately after each occasion of use be cleansed and disinfected, by or under the superintendence of the same officer, in manner provided respecting vans by Article 103 of The Animals Order of 1884.

Nothing in this Article shall authorize the movement of an animal affected with or suspected of foot-and-mouth disease into the District of another Local Authority, without the previous consent in writing of that other Local Authority or a Licence in that behalf of the Privy Council.

Extent.

5. This Order extends to England and Wales and Scotland only.

Interpretation.

6. Terms in this Order have the same meaning as in The Animals Order of 1884.

Short Title.

7. This Order may be cited as The Foot-and-Mouth Disease (Slaughter) Order of 1884.

(signed) C. L. PEEL.

(3155.)

THE CLEANSING AND DISINFECTION REGULATIONS ORDER OF 1884.

AT THE COUNCIL CHAMBER, WHITEHALL,

The 4th day of April 1884.

BY HER MAJESTY'S MOST HONOURABLE PRIVY COUNCIL.

PRESENT :

LORD PRESIDENT.

|

MR. DODSON.

THE Lords and others of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, by virtue and in exercise of the powers in them vested under The Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878, and of every other power enabling them in this behalf, do order, and it is hereby ordered, as follows :

Revocation of Article 105 of The Animals Order of 1884.

1. Article 105 (*Regulations of Local Authorities*) of The Animals Order of 1884 is hereby revoked : Provided that all Regulations made by a Local Authority under the said Article and in force at the commencement of this Order shall, unless altered or revoked by such Local Authority, remain in force for such time and in such manner as if this Order had not been made.

Regulations of Local Authorities as to Cleansing and Disinfection.

- 2.—(1.) A Local Authority may, from time to time, make such Regulations as they think fit for the following purposes, or any of them :

For providing for the cleansing and disinfection of places used by diseased animals, and for prescribing the mode in which such cleansing and such disinfection are to be effected :

For requiring the occupiers of such places to cleanse and disinfect the same at their own expense.

(2.) If the occupier of any such place does any act in contravention of any such Regulation or fails in any respect to observe the same, he shall be deemed guilty of an offence against the Act of 1878, and where the occupier of such place fails to cleanse and disinfect in accordance with any such Regulation, it shall be lawful for the Local Authority, without prejudice to the recovery of any penalty for the infringement of such Regulation, to cause such place to be cleansed and disinfected and to recover the expenses of such cleansing and disinfection from such occupier in any court of competent jurisdiction.

(3.) Where the Local Authority of any District have made any Regulation under this Order requiring the occupiers of such places to cleanse and disinfect the same at their own expense, Article 21 (*Disinfection for Pleuro-Pneumonia*) Article 33 (*Disinfection for Foot-and-Mouth Disease*) Article 41 (*Disinfection for Sheep-Pox*) and Article 63 (*Declaration of Freedom from Swine-Fever by Local Authority*) of The Animals Order of 1884, shall, as regards the payment of the expenses of cleansing and disinfection of cow-sheds, pig-stys, sheds, or other places, within such District, be subject to and be deemed to be amended by such Regulation.

Interpretation.

3. Terms in this Order have the same meaning as in The Animals Order of 1884.

Short Title.

4. This Order may be cited as The Cleansing and Disinfection Regulations Order of 1884.

(signed) C. L. PEEL.

(3162.)

(PORT OF HARWICH.—APPROVAL OF LANDING-PLACE FOR FOREIGN ANIMALS.)

AT THE COUNCIL CHAMBER, WHITEHALL,

The 18th day of April 1884.

BY HER MAJESTY'S MOST HONOURABLE PRIVY COUNCIL.

THE Lords and others of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, by virtue and in exercise of the powers in them vested under The Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878, and of every other power enabling them in this behalf, do hereby approve of the following part of the Port of Harwich as a Landing-Place for foreign animals not subject to slaughter or quarantine :

All that space in the parish of Ramsey, in the hundred of Tendring, in the county of Essex, situate on the premises of the Great Eastern Railway Company at Parkeston Quay, and bounded by a line commencing at a point at the edge of the said Quay and eighteen feet or thereabouts to the westward of the north-east corner of the said Quay, thence in a curved line in a generally southerly direction for a distance of five hundred and forty feet or thereabouts, thence in a north-easterly direction for a distance of ten feet or thereabouts, thence in a south-easterly direction for a distance of ten feet or thereabouts, thence in a south-westerly direction for fifteen feet or thereabouts, thence in a south-easterly direction for a distance of six feet or thereabouts, thence in a north-easterly direction for a distance of one hundred and eighty-five feet or thereabouts, thence in a curved line in a generally southerly direction for a distance of four hundred and twenty feet or thereabouts, thence in a south-westerly direction for a distance of seventy-five feet or thereabouts, thence in a north-easterly direction for twenty feet or thereabouts, thence in a south-easterly direction for a distance of thirty-two feet or thereabouts, thence in a south-westerly direction for a distance of thirty-three feet or

thereabouts, thence in a north-westerly direction for a distance of two hundred and twenty-five feet or thereabouts, thence in a south-westerly direction for a distance of thirteen feet or thereabouts, thence in a north-westerly direction for a distance of one hundred and thirteen feet or thereabouts, thence in a north-easterly direction for a distance of thirteen feet or thereabouts, thence in a north-westerly direction for a distance of one hundred and seventy feet or thereabouts, thence in a curved line in a generally northerly direction for a distance of four hundred and fifty feet or thereabouts, thence in a north-westerly direction for a distance of one hundred and fifty feet or thereabouts, thence in a westerly direction for a distance of forty-feet or thereabouts, thence in a northerly direction for a distance of twenty-three feet or thereabouts, thence in an easterly direction along the edge of the said Quay for a distance of one hundred and seventy feet or thereabouts to the point aforesaid, all which space is coloured pink on the plan of part of Parkeston Quay, Harwich, deposited for the purposes of this Order at the Privy Council Office, a copy of which is deposited at the office of the Clerk of the Peace for the county of Essex.

This Order shall take effect from and immediately after the twentieth day of April, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-four.

(signed) HERBERT M. SUFT.

(3171.)

THE ADMIRALTY FOREIGN ANIMALS WHARVES ORDER OF 1884.

AT THE COUNCIL CHAMBER, WHITEHALL,

The 12th day of May 1884.

BY HER MAJESTY'S MOST HONOURABLE PRIVY COUNCIL.

PRESENT :

LORD PRESIDENT.

| MR. DODSON.

THE Lords and others of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, by virtue and in exercise of the powers in them vested under The Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878, and of every other power enabling them in this behalf, do order, and it is hereby ordered, as follows :

Special Provisions for Admiralty Wharves.

1.—(1.) The provisions of Chapter II. (Foreign Animals subject to Slaughter) of The Foreign Animals Order of 1884 shall not, as from the commencement of this Order, apply to an Admiralty Wharf, and in lieu thereof the special provisions of this Order shall apply thereto.

(2.) All other provisions of The Foreign Animals Order of 1884 shall, so far as the same are applicable, continue to extend to an Admiralty Wharf.

Ports having Admiralty Wharves.

2. The following are the ports at which parts are at the date of this Order, by Special Orders of the Privy Council, defined as Foreign Animals Wharves for Naval purposes only :

Plymouth.
Portsmouth.

Charge of Animals on Landing.

3. Animals landed in an Admiralty Wharf shall, when landed, be placed under the charge of an Inspector of the Privy Council; and, until his arrival, they shall remain under the charge of the Commissioners of Customs.

Time for Slaughter.

4.—(1.) Animals landed in an Admiralty Wharf shall be slaughtered within fourteen days after the landing thereof, exclusive of the day of landing.

(2.) The slaughter of the animals may be commenced at any time after the landing thereof, with the permission of an Inspector of the Privy Council.

(3.) The slaughter of the animals shall be commenced at such time after the landing thereof as the Privy Council in any case direct, and when commenced shall be completed as soon as practicable.

Movement of Carcases, &c.

5.—(1.) No carcase, fodder, litter, or dung shall be removed from an Admiralty Wharf, except with the permission of an Inspector of the Privy Council.

(2.) If the Inspector of the Privy Council is of opinion that any such carcase or thing as aforesaid may introduce disease the same shall be destroyed or otherwise dealt with in accordance with instructions from time to time given by the Privy Council.

Disinfection of Dung and Manure.

6. Dung and Manure shall, before being removed from an Admiralty Wharf, be disinfected to the satisfaction of an Inspector of the Privy Council.

Disinfection of Admiralty Wharf.

7. Where an animal in an Admiralty Wharf is affected with disease, the portion of the Wharf where the diseased animal is or has been, shall not be used for animals unless and until that portion has been cleansed and disinfected to the satisfaction of the Privy Council.

Animals other than Foreign in Admiralty Wharf.

8. Any animal being in an Admiralty Wharf shall be deemed to be a foreign animal, and the Regulations relating to the Wharf shall apply to such animal.

Interpretation.

9. In this Order—

Admiralty Wharf means a part of a port defined by Special Order of the Privy Council as a Foreign Animals Wharf for Naval purposes only.

Other terms have the same meaning as in The Foreign Animals Order of 1884.

Short Title.

10. This Order may be cited as The Admiralty Foreign Animals Wharves Order of 1884.

Commencement.

11. This Order shall commence and take effect from and immediately after the fifteenth day of May, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-four.

(signed) C. L. PEEL.

(3173.)

(PORT OF GLASGOW.)

AT THE COUNCIL CHAMBER, WHITEHALL,

The 16th day of May 1884.

BY HER MAJESTY'S MOST HONOURABLE PRIVY COUNCIL.

THE Lords and others of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, by virtue and in exercise of the powers in them vested under The Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878, and of every other power enabling them in this behalf, do hereby define the following part of the Port of Glasgow, in the county of Lanark, as a foreign animals wharf :

All that space in the port and burgh of Glasgow, being part of the wharf and depôt of the Trustees of the Clyde Navigation, known as the Yorkhill Wharf, and situate on the south-east side of the Ferry-road, bounded by a line commencing at a point on the south-east side of the said Ferry-road where the same is intersected by the water-edge of the said Wharf ; thence passing in a south-easterly direction for a distance of three hundred and seventy-seven feet six inches or thereabouts along the coping which forms the water-edge of the said Wharf ; thence running north-east along a line at right angles to the said coping for a distance of thirty-four feet nine inches or thereabouts bounded by a wooden fence ; thence passing in a south-easterly direction along a wooden fence at right angles to the last described boundary and parallel with the said coping for a distance of two hundred and seventy-nine feet five inches or thereabouts ; thence running north-east along a wooden fence at right angles to the last described boundary for a distance of one hundred and seven feet or thereabouts ; thence running in a north-westerly direction for a distance of sixty-two feet five inches or thereabouts along a wooden fence ; again running in a north-east direction along a wooden fence at right angles to the last described boundary for a distance of thirty-three feet or thereabouts to a point on the south-west side of the Pointhouse-road ; thence passing in a north-westerly direction for a distance of five hundred and twenty-nine feet nine inches or thereabouts along the south-west boundary of the said Pointhouse-road to a point where it meets the south-east boundary of the said Ferry-road ; thence south-west along the south-east boundary of the said Ferry-road for a distance of one hundred and eighty-six feet six inches or thereabouts to the point of departure first described ; all which space is coloured pink on the plan thereof deposited for the purposes of this Order at the Privy Council Office, a copy of which is deposited at the office of the Town Clerk of the burgh of Glasgow.

(signed) C. L. PEEL.

(3174.)

THE ANIMALS ORDER OF 1884, SWINE-FEVER AMENDMENT.

AT THE COUNCIL CHAMBER, WHITEHALL,

The 16th day of May 1884.

BY HER MAJESTY'S MOST HONOURABLE PRIVY COUNCIL.

PRESENT :

LORD PRESIDENT.

|

MR. DODSON.

THE Lords and others of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, by virtue and in exercise of the powers in them vested under The Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878, and of every other power enabling them in this behalf, do order, and it is hereby ordered, as follows :

Slaughter in Swine-Fever.

1. Article 62 (*Slaughter in Swine-Fever*) of The Animals Order of 1884 is hereby revoked ; and the following provisions of this Article shall be read in the place of that Article, and shall be deemed to be Article 62 of that Order (namely)—

62.—(1.) A Local Authority may, if they think fit,

(i.) Cause any swine affected with swine-fever to be slaughtered ; or

(ii.) Cause any swine being or having been in the same pig-sty or shed, or in contact with swine affected with swine-fever to be slaughtered.

(2.) The Local Authority shall, out of the local rate, pay compensation as follows for swine slaughtered under this Article :

(a.) Where the pig slaughtered was affected with swine-fever, the compensation shall be one half of its value immediately before it became so affected, but so that the compensation do not in any such case exceed forty shillings.

(b.) In every other case the compensation shall be the value of the pig immediately before it was slaughtered, but so that the compensation do not in any such case exceed four pounds.

General Saving.

2. Nothing in this Order shall be deemed to affect the past operation of the Article by this Order revoked, or affect the validity or invalidity of anything done or suffered, or any right, title, obligation, or liability accrued under the said Article before the date of this Order.

Short Title.

3. This Order may be cited as The Animals Order of 1884, Swine-Fever Amendment.

(signed) C. L. PEEL.

(3175.)

THE SCHLESWIG-HOLSTEIN ORDER OF 1884.

AT THE COUNCIL CHAMBER, WHITEHALL,

The 23rd day of May 1884.

BY HER MAJESTY'S MOST HONOURABLE PRIVY COUNCIL.

PRESENT :

LORD PRESIDENT.

| MR. DODSON.

THE Lords and others of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, by virtue and in exercise of the powers in them vested under The Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878, and of every other power enabling them in this behalf, do order, and it is hereby ordered, as follows :

1. This Order may be cited as The Schleswig-Holstein Order of 1884.
2. This Order extends to England and Wales and Scotland only.
3. In this Order terms have the same meaning as in The Foreign Animals Order of 1884.
4. This Order shall commence and take effect from and immediately after the first day of June, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-four; and shall cease to have effect from and immediately after the thirty-first day of December, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-four, without prejudice to the institution or prosecution of any proceeding in respect of any offence committed on or before that day.
5. Cattle brought from a port or place in either of the parts of the German Empire respectively known as Schleswig and as Holstein, (in this Order referred to as Schleswig-Holstein cattle,) and sheep and goats brought from Schleswig or Holstein in the same vessel with Schleswig-Holstein cattle, may be landed for slaughter in a Foreign Animals Wharf, but not elsewhere.
6. The landing of Schleswig-Holstein cattle in a Foreign Animals Wharf shall be subject to the condition that they are accompanied by a Declaration and Certificates, such as are indicated in the forms in the Schedule to this Order, or to the like effect.
7. If the Declaration accompanying any cattle imported under this Order is untrue in any particular, as regards any one of the cattle to which it relates, the master of the vessel shall be deemed guilty of an offence against the Act of 1878, with respect to all the cattle to which the Declaration relates, unless he shows to the satisfaction of the Justices before whom he is charged, that he did not know of the same being so untrue, and that he could not with reasonable diligence have obtained that knowledge.

(signed) C. L. PEEL.

SCHEDULE.

Declaration and Certificates.

DECLARATION.

I, *A.B.* of _____, being the Agent for the owners [*or charterers*] of the vessel _____ of _____, hereby solemnly and sincerely declare to the best of my knowledge and belief, that each of the cattle described below, now about to be put on board that vessel, has been bred and fed in Denmark, Sweden, Schleswig, and Holstein, or some or one of them, only, and not elsewhere.

Dated this _____ day of _____, 1884.
[To be signed] _____ *A.B.*

Description of cattle above referred to.

	Number.*
Bulls _____	_____
Oxen _____	_____
Cows _____	_____
Calves _____	_____

* Number to be expressed both in words and in figures.

CERTIFICATE BY CONSULAR OFFICER.

I, *C.D.* Vice-Consul [*or as the case may be*] of Her Britannic Majesty at the Port of Husum [*or as the case may be*], hereby certify that the foregoing Declaration was made by the above-named *A.B.* before me, this _____ day of _____, 1884, and that I know the said *A.B.* and that he is worthy of belief.

[To be signed] _____ *C.D.*
[and Consular Seal to be affixed.]

CERTIFICATE BY OFFICER OF ROYAL PRUSSIAN PROVINCIAL COUNCIL OFFICE.

I, *X.Y.* hereby certify, that I have this day seen the cattle above described, and that I believe the statements respecting the breeding and feeding of each of them contained in the foregoing Declaration of *A.B.* to be true in all respects.

Dated this _____ day of _____, 1884.
[To be signed] _____ *X.Y.*
Officer of Royal Prussian Provincial Council Office, at the Port of Husum
[*or as the case may be*].

(3179.)

THE PORT OF LONDON (FOREIGN ANIMALS WHARF) ORDER OF 1881,
AMENDMENT.

AT THE COUNCIL CHAMBER, WHITEHALL,

The 18th day of June 1884.

BY HER MAJESTY'S MOST HONOURABLE PRIVY COUNCIL.

PRESENT :

LORD PRESIDENT.

| MR. DODSON.

THE Lords of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, by virtue and in exercise of the powers in them vested under The Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878, and of every other power enabling them in this behalf, do order, and it is hereby ordered, as follows :

1. Article 12 (*Movement of Carcases, Fodder, Litter, Dung, and Things*) of The Port of London (Foreign Animals Wharf) Order of 1881 is hereby amended by the addition thereto of the following paragraph (namely) :

(3.) All offal (except such parts as are intended for human food) before being removed from the Wharf, shall be taken to the Offal House provided by the Corporation for the purpose, and shall be there boiled or scalded to the satisfaction of an officer of the Corporation or other fit person appointed by the Corporation in that behalf.

and from and after the commencement of this Order the said paragraph shall be deemed to form part of the said Article and the said Order shall be read accordingly.

2. This Order may be cited as The Port of London (Foreign Animals Wharf) Order of 1881, Amendment.

3. This Order shall commence and take effect from and immediately after the thirtieth day of June, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-four.

(signed) C. L. PEEL.

(3188.)

SWINE-FEVER (INFECTED CIRCLES) ORDER OF 1884.

AT THE COUNCIL CHAMBER, WHITEHALL,

The 29th day of July 1884.

BY HER MAJESTY'S MOST HONOURABLE PRIVY COUNCIL.

PRESENT :

LORD PRESIDENT.

| MR. DODSON.

THE Lords and others of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, by virtue and in exercise of the powers in them vested under The Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878, and of every other power enabling them in this behalf, do order, and it is hereby ordered, as follows :

Short Title.

1. This Order may be cited as The Swine-Fever (Infected Circles) Order of 1884.

Extent.

2.—(1.) This Order extends only to such Districts as provided by this Article.

(2.) Where the Privy Council, on the application of a Local Authority of any District, by Special Order direct that this Order shall be in force in such District, the provisions of this Order shall from the date mentioned in such Special Order apply and extend to such District: Provided that the provisions of this Order shall not apply to any part of the District of any adjoining Local Authority to which this Order does not for the time being extend.

Interpretation.

3. Terms in this Order have the same meaning as in The Animals Order of 1884.

Formation of Swine-Fever Infected Circle.

4.—(1.) Where under the provisions of the Act of 1878 and the Orders of Council thereunder any pig-sty, shed, or other place has, upon service of notice of declaration by an Inspector of the Local Authority, become a Swine-Fever Infected Place, the whole space lying within a distance of half a mile from any part of such Infected Place shall forthwith become and be for the purposes of this Order a Swine-Fever Infected Circle.

(2.) The Inspector shall forthwith serve or cause to be served a notice of his declaration, signed by him, unless in the circumstances this appears to him not to be expedient, on the occupiers of all lands and buildings any part whereof in his judgment is situate within half a mile from such Swine-Fever Infected Place.

(3.) The Inspector shall, with all practicable speed, inform the Local Authority of every District within which any part of the Infected Circle is situate of his declaration and notice, and shall send his declaration and a copy of his notice to each of such Local Authorities.

(4.) A Local Authority may at any time, and from time to time, by order reduce the limits of a Swine-Fever Infected Circle within their District, or of so much as is within their District, and, where an Infected Circle has been reduced as aforesaid, they may reduce, extend, or otherwise alter the limits thereof or of so much as is within their District, provided that no lands or buildings shall be included within an Infected Circle that are not situate within half a mile of a Swine-Fever Infected Place, and any Infected Circle so reduced, extended, or altered shall thenceforth be the Infected Circle for the purposes of this Order.

(5.) A Local Authority may at any time by order dissolve a Swine-Fever Infected Circle within their District, or such part as is within their District, and thereupon such Infected Circle or such part, as the case may be, shall cease to exist.

(6.) Where under the Act of 1878 and the Orders of Council thereunder the pig-sty, shed, or other place in respect of which a Swine-Fever Infected Circle has been constituted under the provisions of this Order ceases to be a Swine-Fever Infected Place, such Infected Circle shall cease to exist.

(7.) Where the Privy Council at any time by Order declare a Swine-Fever Infected Area and any part of such Area is at the date of the Order situate within a Swine-Fever Infected Circle, such part shall thereupon cease to be part of an Infected Circle.

(8.) The Local Authority of every District in which a Swine-Fever Infected Circle or part of a Swine-Fever Infected Circle under this Order is situate shall give such notice of the existence of the Infected Circle or of that part by placards or otherwise in and about the Infected Circle, or in such

other manner as the Local Authority consider best fitted to insure publicity for the same, and shall give notice of the existence of such Swine-Fever Infected Circle or such part to every Railway Company having a railway or railway station in the same.

(9.) The Privy Council may by Order dissolve a Swine-Fever Infected Circle or any part thereof, and thereupon such Infected Circle or such part as the case may be shall cease to exist.

Power to Local Authority to make Regulations.

5. A Local Authority may from time to time make such general or special Regulations as they think fit for prohibiting or regulating the movement of swine in or into or out of Swine-Fever Infected Circles.

Movement in or into or out of Swine-Fever Infected Circle.

6.—(1.) No pig shall be moved in or into or out of a Swine-Fever Infected Circle otherwise than in accordance with Regulations made by the Local Authority under this Order for the time being in force.

(2.) Where two or more Swine-Fever Infected Circles adjoin, overlap, or extend beyond the limits of each other, the whole of such Infected Circles shall, for the purposes of movement of swine under this Order, be deemed to be one Swine-Fever Infected Circle.

Limitation on Provisions respecting Movement in connexion with Swine-Fever Infected Circle.

7. Nothing in this Order or in any Regulation made by a Local Authority under this Order shall be deemed to apply to or affect the movement of—

(a.) Swine in a Swine-Fever Infected Circle in any case unless the movement is intended to be, wholly or partly, along or across a highway or thoroughfare, or by railway, canal, river, or inland navigation; or

(b.) Swine in or into or out of a Cattle-Plague Infected Place; or

(c.) Swine in or into or out of a Foot-and-Mouth Disease Infected Place or Circle or Area; or

(d.) Swine in or into or out of a Swine-Fever Infected Place or Area; or

(e.) Swine affected with swine-fever; or

(f.) Swine in or into or out of a Foreign Animals Wharf or a Foreign Animals Quarantine Station or a Landing-Place for foreign animals.

Exception of Railways from Swine-Fever Infected Circle.

8. Where a Swine-Fever Infected Circle has been constituted under this Order, there shall be deemed to be excepted from that Circle the lines of railway within that Circle, so far as those lines are used or required for the transit of swine through that Circle, without untrucking, and nothing in any Regulation of a Local Authority respecting movement of swine in or into or out of such Circle shall be deemed to interfere with that transit.

Production of Licences; Names and Addresses.

9.—(1.) Every person in charge of swine being moved, where, under any Regulation made by a Local Authority under this Order, a movement licence may be necessary, shall, on demand of a Justice, or of a Constable, or of an Inspector or other officer of a Local Authority, produce and show to him the

movement licence, if any, authorizing the movement, and shall allow it to be read and a copy of or extract from it to be taken by the person to whom it is produced.

(2.)—Every person so in charge shall, on demand as aforesaid, give his name and address to the Justice, or Constable, or Inspector or other officer.

Offences.

10.—(1.) If a pig is moved in contravention of this Order, or of a Regulation of a Local Authority made under this Order, or of any licence under any such Regulation, the owner of the pig, and the person for the time being in charge thereof, and the person causing, directing, or permitting the movement, and the person moving or conveying the pig, and the consignee or other person receiving or keeping it, knowing it to have been moved in contravention as aforesaid, shall, each according to and in respect of his own acts and defaults, be deemed guilty of an offence against the Act of 1878.

(2.) If a person in charge of swine being moved, where under a Regulation made by a Local Authority under this Order a movement licence is necessary, on demand made under this Order, fails to give his true name and address, or gives a false name or address, he shall be deemed guilty of an offence against the Act of 1878.

(signed) C. L. PEEL.

(3194.)

AT THE COUNCIL CHAMBER, WHITEHALL,

The 25th day of August 1884.

BY HER MAJESTY'S MOST HONOURABLE PRIVY COUNCIL.

PRESENT :

LORD PRESIDENT.

|

MR. DODSON.

THE Lords and others of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, by virtue and in exercise of the powers in them vested under The Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878, and of every other power enabling them in this behalf, and under and in pursuance of The Swine-Fever (Infected Circles) Order of 1884 (in this Order referred to as the Circles Order), do direct and order, and it is hereby directed and ordered, as follows:

1. The Circles Order shall, from the dates mentioned in Article 2 of this Order, apply and extend to and be in force in the Districts mentioned in the Schedule to this Order, and shall continue to apply and extend to and be in force in those Districts until the Privy Council by further Special Order direct and order.

2.—(1.) The provisions of Article 5 (*Power to Local Authority to make Regulations*) of the Circles Order shall apply and extend to and be in force in such Districts from the date of this Order.

(2.) Except as aforesaid, the provisions of the Circles Order shall apply and extend to and be in force in such Districts from and immediately after the twenty-sixth day of August, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-four.

(signed) C. L. PEEL.

SCHEDULE.

Districts.

County of Buckingham.
 County of Chester.
 County of Somerset.
 County of Southampton.
 Borough of Reading.
 Borough of St. Helens.

(3196.)

AT THE COUNCIL CHAMBER, WHITEHALL,

The 27th day of August 1884.

BY HER MAJESTY'S MOST HONOURABLE PRIVY COUNCIL.

PRESENT:	
LORD PRESIDENT.	SIR CHARLES W. DILKE.

THE Lords and others of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, by virtue and in exercise of the powers in them vested under The Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878, and of every other power enabling them in this behalf, do order, and it is hereby ordered, as follows:

1. The provisions of Article 9 (*Time for Slaughter*) and of Article 14 (*Restriction on Use of Foreign Animals Wharf*) of The Foreign Animals Order of 1884 are hereby suspended during the continuance of this Order at the Foreign Animals Wharves situate at Liverpool and at Birkenhead in the port of Liverpool, in favour of any cattle which may be the property of the Lords and others of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council.

2. Nothing in this Order shall be deemed to authorize the movement of any such cattle alive out of any of the Foreign Animals Wharves referred to in this Order.

3. In this Order terms have the same meaning as in The Foreign Animals Order of 1884.

4. This Order shall continue in force until the Privy Council otherwise order.

(signed) C. L. PEEL.

(3199.)

AT THE COUNCIL CHAMBER, WHITEHALL,

The 6th day of September 1884.

BY HER MAJESTY'S MOST HONOURABLE PRIVY COUNCIL.

PRESENT:	
LORD PRESIDENT.	MR. DODSON.

THE Lords and others of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, by virtue and in exercise of the powers in them vested under The Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878, and of every other power enabling them in this behalf, and under and in pursuance of The Swine-Fever (Infected Circles) Order of 1884 (in this Order referred to as the Circles Order), do direct and order, and it is hereby directed and ordered, as follows:

1. The Circles Order shall, from the dates mentioned in Article 2 of this

Order, apply and extend to and be in force in the Districts mentioned in the Schedule to this Order, and shall continue to apply and extend to and be in force in those Districts until the Privy Council by further Special Order direct and order.

2.—(1.) The provisions of Article 5 (*Power to Local Authority to make Regulations*) of the Circles Order shall apply and extend to and be in force in such Districts from the date of this Order.

(2.) Except as aforesaid, the provisions of the Circles Order shall apply and extend to and be in force in such Districts from and immediately after the seventh day of September, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-four.

(signed) HERBERT M. SUFT.

SCHEDULE.

Districts.

Borough of Bridgwater.
Borough of Chard.
Borough of Glastonbury.
Borough of Taunton.
Borough of Wells.
Borough of Yeovil.

(3200.)

AT THE COUNCIL CHAMBER, WHITEHALL,

The 9th day of September 1884.

BY HER MAJESTY'S MOST HONOURABLE PRIVY COUNCIL.

PRESENT:

LORD PRESIDENT.

|

MR. DODSON.

THE Lords and others of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, by virtue and in exercise of the powers in them vested under The Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878, and of every other power enabling them in this behalf, and under and in pursuance of The Swine-Fever (Infected Circles) Order of 1884 (in this Order referred to as the Circles Order), do direct and order, and it is hereby directed and ordered, as follows:

1. The Circles Order shall, from the dates mentioned in Article 2 of this Order, apply and extend to and be in force in the District mentioned in the Schedule to this Order, and shall continue to apply and extend to and be in force in that District until the Privy Council by further Special Order direct and order.

2.—(1.) The provisions of Article 5 (*Power to Local Authority to make Regulations*) of the Circles Order shall apply and extend to and be in force in such District from the date of this Order.

(2.) Except as aforesaid, the provisions of the Circles Order shall apply and extend to and be in force in such District from and immediately after the tenth day of September, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-four.

(signed) HERBERT M. SUFT.

SCHEDULE.

District.

Borough of Canterbury.

(3201.)

(PORT OF HULL.—APPROVAL OF LANDING-PLACE FOR FOREIGN ANIMALS.)

AT THE COUNCIL CHAMBER, WHITEHALL,

The 12th day of September 1884.

BY HER MAJESTY'S MOST HONOURABLE PRIVY COUNCIL.

THE Lords and others of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, by virtue and in exercise of the powers in them vested under The Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878, and of every other power enabling them in this behalf, do hereby approve of the following part of the Port of Hull as a Landing-Place for foreign animals not subject to slaughter or quarantine :

All that space on the South Quay of the Albert Dock, in the borough of Kingston-upon-Hull, bounded by a line commencing at the southern face of the Quay abutting on the river Humber at a point sixteen hundred and seventy-four feet or thereabouts west from the entrance to the Albert Dock, thence running at a right angle in a northerly direction along a gate for thirteen feet six inches or thereabouts, thence at a right angle easterly along the south side of the slaughter-house for forty feet or thereabouts, thence at a right angle in a northerly direction along the eastern end of the slaughter-house for sixteen feet or thereabouts, thence at a right angle westerly along the north side of the slaughter-house and along the gate for fifty feet or thereabouts, thence at a right angle northerly along the eastern end of lair No. 1 for nine feet or thereabouts, thence at a right angle westerly along the north side of the said lair for two hundred and five feet or thereabouts, thence at a right angle southerly along the western end of the said lair for eight feet six inches or thereabouts, thence at a right angle westerly along the gate along the north end of the manure-house and along the second gate for thirty-nine feet or thereabouts, thence at a right angle northerly along the eastern end of lair No. 2 for eight feet six inches or thereabouts, thence at a right angle westerly along the north side of lair No. 2 along a gate along lair No. 3 and along another gate for two hundred and thirty feet six inches or thereabouts, thence at a right angle southerly along the east end of the Dock Company's No. 22 warehouse and along a gate for thirty-nine feet or thereabouts to the southern face of the Quay abutting on the river Humber, all which space is edged pink on the plan of part of the Albert Dock, deposited for the purposes of this Order at the Privy Council Office, a copy of which is deposited at the office of the Town Clerk of the borough of Kingston-upon-Hull.

(signed) HERBERT M. SUFT.

(3202.)

(PORT OF NEWCASTLE-UPON-TYNE.—APPROVAL OF LANDING-PLACES
FOR FOREIGN ANIMALS.)

AT THE COUNCIL CHAMBER, WHITEHALL,

The 12th day of September 1884.

BY HER MAJESTY'S MOST HONOURABLE PRIVY COUNCIL.

THE Lords and others of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, by virtue and in exercise of the powers in them vested under The Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878, and of every other power enabling them in this behalf, do hereby approve of the following parts of the Port of Newcastle-upon-Tyne as Landing-Places for foreign Animals not subject to slaughter or quarantine :

(1.) *Ouseburn Landing-Place.*

All that piece of ground lying between Ouse-street and the New Quay on the west and the Ouseburn on the east, in the East Ward of the parish of All Saints, in the city and county of Newcastle-upon-Tyne, comprising an area of eleven thousand and eighteen square yards or thereabouts (including the approaches from the Landing Quay) bounded by a line commencing at a point marked A on the plan of the said Landing-Place deposited for the purposes of this Order at the Privy Council Office, which point is at the south-east point of the New Quay, thence in a north-westerly direction up the river Tyne along the face of the Quay for a distance of one hundred and seventy feet or thereabouts to a point marked B on the said plan, thence in a north-easterly direction for a distance of twenty feet or thereabouts to a point marked C on the said plan bounded by a high wood fence, thence in a south-easterly direction for a distance of ninety-three feet or thereabouts to a point marked D on the said plan bounded by a high wood fence, thence in a north-easterly direction for a distance of forty-five feet or thereabouts to a point marked E on the said plan bounded by the high gable wall of the One Storey Shed, thence in a northerly direction for a distance of one hundred feet or thereabouts to a point marked F on the said plan bounded by a wood hoarding eight feet high, thence in a north-westerly direction for a distance of one hundred and ninety-two feet or thereabouts to a point marked G on the said plan bounded by a wood hoarding eight feet high, thence in a north-easterly direction for a distance of thirty-five feet or thereabouts to a point marked H on the said plan bounded by the north-west wall of the arched entrance to the Sanatorium, thence in a north-westerly direction for a distance of sixty feet or thereabouts to a point marked I on the said plan bounded by a high wooden fence, thence in an easterly direction for a distance of fifty-five feet or thereabouts to a point marked J on the said plan bounded by a portion of the south abutment wall of the New Glasshouse Bridge, thence in a northerly direction for a distance of forty-five feet to a point marked K on the said plan bounded by the west abutment wall of the New Glasshouse Bridge, thence in a westerly direction for a distance of one hundred and forty feet or thereabouts to a point marked L on the said plan bounded by a portion of the north abutment wall of the New Glasshouse Bridge, thence in a northerly direction for a distance of one hundred and twenty-five feet or thereabouts to a point marked M on the said plan bounded by a high wall next a street called Ouse-street, thence in a north-easterly direction for a distance of twenty-three feet or thereabouts to a point marked N on the said plan bounded by the gable wall of a two-storey-house, thence in a north-westerly direction for a distance of thirty-nine feet or thereabouts to a point marked O on the said plan bounded by the back wall of the aforesaid two-storey-house, thence in a south-westerly direction for a distance of nineteen feet or thereabouts to a point marked P on the said plan bounded by the gable wall of the aforesaid house, thence in a north-westerly direction for a distance of three hundred and two feet or thereabouts to a point marked Q on the said plan bounded by the side wall of the

cattle-shed next a street called Ouse-street, thence in a north-easterly direction for a distance of twenty-seven feet or thereabouts to a point marked R on the said plan bounded by the gable wall of a three-storey-dwelling-house, thence in a south-westerly direction for a distance of forty-seven feet or thereabouts to a point marked S on the said plan bounded by the back wall of the three-storey-dwelling-house aforesaid, thence in a north-easterly direction for a distance of one hundred feet or thereabouts to a point marked T on the said plan bounded by the brick side wall of the cattle-shed next the street called the Cut Bank, thence in a south-easterly direction for a distance of eight hundred and eighty-five feet or thereabouts to a point marked U on the said plan at the west end of the Glasshouse Bridge bounded by the Quay wall of the Ouseburn, thence in a north-westerly direction for a distance of one hundred and seventy-five feet or thereabouts to a point marked V on the said plan bounded by a high wood fence next the public-road leading from Horatio-street to the Glasshouse Bridge, thence in a southerly direction for a distance of sixty-three feet or thereabouts to a point marked W on the said plan bounded partly by the south-east wall of the arched entrance to the Sanatorium and partly by a wood hoarding eight feet high, thence in a south-easterly direction for a distance of one hundred and thirty-six feet or thereabouts to a point marked X on the said plan bounded by a wood hoarding eight feet high, and thence in a south-south-easterly direction for a distance of one hundred and ninety-eight feet or thereabouts to the first-mentioned point marked A on the said plan bounded by a wood-barrier four feet high at the edge of the Quay wall of the Ouseburn, all which space is partly coloured pink and partly edged pink on the plan of the said Landing-Place so deposited at the Privy Council Office as aforesaid, a copy of which is deposited at the office of the Town Clerk of the borough of Newcastle-upon-Tyne :

(2.) *St. Lawrence Landing-Place.*

All that piece of ground at St. Lawrence, in the parish of Byker, in the city and county of Newcastle-upon-Tyne, comprising an area of seventeen thousand and five hundred square yards or thereabouts, bounded by a line commencing at a point marked A on the plan of the said Landing-Place deposited for the purposes of this Order at the Privy Council Office, which point is at the south-east point of the New Timber Quay, thence in a north-easterly direction along the brick wall of Messrs. Fell and Company's Pottery for a distance of two hundred and sixty-three feet or thereabouts up to a point marked B on the said plan on a public footway, thence in a westerly direction along the south-west side of the public footway for a distance of one hundred and thirty-eight feet or thereabouts by a high fencing and stone wall to a point marked C on the said plan, thence along the east brick pier of the subway taking an easterly course for a distance of one hundred and thirty-eight feet or thereabouts by a high wood fencing up to a point marked D on the said plan, thence in a north-easterly direction along the wall of Messrs. Fell and Company's Pottery for a distance of two hundred and seventy-nine feet or thereabouts up to a point marked E on the said plan on the St. Lawrence-road, thence in a westerly direction along the St. Lawrence-road for a distance of two hundred and sixty feet or thereabouts by a high stone and brick wall to a point marked F on the said plan, thence in a southerly direction for a distance of forty-three feet or thereabouts by the stone yard wall of the Shipwright's Arms Public-house to a point marked G on the said plan, thence in a westerly direction by the last-mentioned wall for a distance of sixty-six feet or thereabouts to a point marked H on the said plan, thence in a south-westerly direction along the high stone boundary wall of Messrs. Langdale's Chemical Manure Works for a distance of one hundred and six feet or thereabouts to a point marked I on the said plan, thence running in a westerly direction for a distance of seventy-nine feet or thereabouts to a point marked J on the said plan, thence in a south-westerly direction by a high wall for a distance of sixty-eight feet or thereabouts to a point marked K on the said plan, thence in an easterly direction along a public footway by a high wood fence for a distance of two hundred and fifty feet or thereabouts to the western brick pier of the subway at a point marked

L on the said plan, thence in a westerly direction along a public footway by a high wood fence for a distance of two hundred and fifty feet or thereabouts to a point marked M on the said plan, thence taking a southerly direction along the brick buildings of Messrs. Langdale's Chemical Manure Works for a distance of one hundred and fifty feet or thereabouts to a point marked N on the said plan being the westernmost point of the Quay, and thence in a south-easterly direction along the water's edge for a distance of three hundred and ninety feet or thereabouts to the first-mentioned point marked A on the said plan, all which space is edged pink on the plan of the said Landing-Place so deposited at the Privy Council Office as aforesaid, a copy of which is deposited at the office of the Town Clerk of the borough of Newcastle-upon-Tyne.

(signed) HERBERT M. SUFT.

(3207.)

AT THE COUNCIL CHAMBER, WHITEHALL,

The 25th day of September 1884.

BY HER MAJESTY'S MOST HONOURABLE PRIVY COUNCIL.

PRESENT :

LORD PRESIDENT. | MR. DODSON.

THE Lords and others of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, by virtue and in exercise of the powers in them vested under The Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878, and of every other power enabling them in this behalf, and under and in pursuance of The Swine-Fever (Infected Circles) Order of 1884 (in this Order referred to as the Circles Order), do direct and order, and it is hereby directed and ordered, as follows :

1. The Circles Order shall, from the dates mentioned in Article 2 of this Order, apply and extend to and be in force in the District mentioned in the Schedule to this Order, and shall continue to apply and extend to and be in force in that District until the Privy Council by further Special Order direct and order.

2.—(1.) The provisions of Article 5 (*Power to Local Authority to make Regulations*) of the Circles Order shall apply and extend to and be in force in such District from the date of this Order.

(2.) Except as aforesaid, the provisions of the Circles Order shall apply and extend to and be in force in such District from and immediately after the twenty-sixth day of September, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-four.

(signed) HERBERT M. SUFT.

SCHEDULE.

District.

County of Berks.

(3210.)

AT THE COUNCIL CHAMBER, WHITEHALL,

The 3rd day of October 1884.

BY HER MAJESTY'S MOST HONOURABLE PRIVY COUNCIL.

PRESENT :

LORD PRESIDENT.

| MR. DODSON.

THE Lords and others of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, by virtue and in exercise of the powers in them vested under The Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878, and of every other power enabling them in this behalf, and under and in pursuance of The Swine-Fever (Infected Circles) Order of 1884 (in this Order referred to as the Circles Order), do direct and order, and it is hereby directed and ordered, as follows :

1. The Circles Order shall, from the dates mentioned in Article 2 of this Order, apply and extend to and be in force in the District mentioned in the Schedule to this Order, and shall continue to apply and extend to and be in force in that District until the Privy Council by further Special Order direct and order.

2.—(1.) The provisions of Article 5 (*Power to Local Authority to make Regulations*) of the Circles Order shall apply and extend to and be in force in such District from the date of this Order.

(2.) Except as aforesaid, the provisions of the Circles Order shall apply and extend to and be in force in such District from and immediately after the fourth day of October, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-four.

(signed) HERBERT M. SUFT.

SCHEDULE.

District.

Borough of Leeds.

(3211.)

(PORT OF LEITH.—APPROVAL OF LANDING-PLACE FOR FOREIGN ANIMALS.)

AT THE COUNCIL CHAMBER, WHITEHALL,

The 4th day of October 1884.

BY HER MAJESTY'S MOST HONOURABLE PRIVY COUNCIL.

THE Lords and others of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, by virtue and in exercise of the powers in them vested under The Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878, and of every other power enabling them in this behalf, do hereby approve of the following part of the Port of Leith as a Landing-Place for foreign animals not subject to slaughter or quarantine :

All that space in the parish of South Leith, in the county of Edinburgh, situated on the north side of the Albert Dock Basin, commencing at a point at the water's edge three hundred and forty-eight feet west of the East Quay of the said

Basin, thence in a northerly direction for a distance of twelve feet bounded by high wooden gates, thence in an easterly direction for a distance of ninety-five feet six inches bounded by the side of the cattle sheds and a high wooden fence, thence in a northerly direction for a distance of eighty-one feet bounded by a high wooden fence, thence in a westerly direction for a distance of two hundred and eighty-three feet bounded by a high wooden fence, thence in a southerly direction for a distance of twenty-five feet bounded by a high wooden fence, thence in an easterly direction for a distance of one hundred and seventy-three feet six inches bounded by a high wooden fence and the side of the cattle sheds, thence in a southerly direction for a distance of twelve feet to the water's edge bounded by high wooden gates, and thence along the edge of the wall of the North Quay of the said Albert Dock Basin for a distance of twelve feet to the point first-mentioned, all which space is edged pink on the plan of the said Landing-Place deposited for the purposes of this Order at the Privy Council Office, a copy of which is deposited at the office of the Town Clerk of the burgh of Leith.

This Order shall take effect from and immediately after the thirteenth day of October, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-four.

(signed) HERBERT M. SUFT.

(3217.)

THE FOOT-AND-MOUTH DISEASE ORDER OF NOVEMBER 1884.

AT THE COUNCIL CHAMBER, WHITEHALL,

The 13th day of November 1884.

BY HER MAJESTY'S MOST HONOURABLE PRIVY COUNCIL.

PRESENT :

LORD PRESIDENT. | MR. TREVELYAN.

THE Lords and others of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, by virtue and in exercise of the powers in them vested under The Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878, and of every other power enabling them in this behalf, do order, and it is hereby ordered, as follows :

Revocation of Former Order and Regulations.

1.—(1.) The Foot-and-Mouth Disease No. 2 Temporary Order of 1884 is hereby revoked.

(2.) All Regulations made by a Local Authority under The Foot-and-Mouth Disease No. 2 Temporary Order of 1884 and in force are hereby revoked.

(3.) Nothing in this Article shall be deemed to invalidate or make unlawful anything done under the said Order or any of such Regulations before the date of this Order, or interfere with the institution or prosecution of any proceeding in respect of any offence committed against, or any penalty incurred under, the said Order or Regulations hereby revoked before the date of this Order.

Additional Rules for Foot-and-Mouth Disease Infected Place.

2. In addition to the Rules contained in the Fourth Schedule to the Act of 1878, the Additional Rules set forth in the Schedule to this Order shall have effect in relation to a Foot-and-Mouth Disease Infected Place.

Extent.

3. This Order extends to England and Wales and Scotland only.

Interpretation.

4. Terms in this Order have the same meaning as in The Animals Order of 1884.

Short Title.

5. This Order may be cited as The Foot-and-Mouth Disease Order of November 1884.

(signed) C. L. PEEL.

SCHEDULE.

Additional Rules for Foot-and-Mouth Disease Infected Place.

Rule 1. No person (except the owner or person in charge of the animal) shall enter any cow-shed, field or other place situate within a Foot-and-Mouth Disease Infected Place in which an animal affected with foot-and-mouth disease is kept, except with the permission of the Local Authority.

Rule 2. The owner or the person in charge of an animal affected with foot-and-mouth disease shall forthwith inform the Local Authority of the name or names of the person or persons whom he desires may be permitted to tend such animal and any other animals that may be in the cow-shed, field or other place situate within a Foot-and-Mouth Disease Infected Place in which the diseased animal is kept, and any person or persons tending such animal or animals shall not tend any other animal except with the further permission of the Local Authority.

Rule 3. The Local Authority shall provide proper and suitable suits of Overall Clothes for the use of persons tending animals in a cow-shed, field or other place situate within a Foot-and-Mouth Disease Infected Place in which an animal affected with foot-and-mouth disease is kept. Such Overall Clothes are to be put on upon entering, taken off on leaving, and left in, such cow-shed, field or other place, and, previous to being removed therefrom, shall be properly disinfected with a solution of carbolic acid.

Rule 4. Every person upon leaving a cow-shed, field or other place situate within a Foot-and-Mouth Disease Infected Place in which an animal affected with foot-and-mouth disease is kept, shall thoroughly wash his hands with soap and water, and shall wash his boots with a solution of carbolic acid.

Rule 5. The Local Authority shall cause all utensils, substances and things which have been in contact with or used for or about animals in a cow-shed or other place situate within a Foot-and-Mouth Disease Infected Place in which an animal affected with foot-and-mouth disease has been kept to be disinfected with a solution of carbolic acid,

(3219.)

(SWINE-FEVER.)

AT THE COUNCIL CHAMBER, WHITEHALL,

The 21st day of November 1884.

BY HER MAJESTY'S MOST HONOURABLE PRIVY COUNCIL.

THE Lords of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, by virtue and in exercise of the powers in them vested under The Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878, and of every other power enabling them in this behalf, do order, and it is hereby ordered as follows :

1. The Area described in the Schedule to this Order is hereby declared to be an Area infected with swine-fever.

2. This Order shall take effect from and immediately after the twenty-third day of November, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-four.

(signed) C. L. PEEL.

SCHEDULE.

An Area comprising so much of the Forest of Dean, in the county of Gloucester, as is comprised within the following boundaries, that is to say, the Railway Line from Mitcheldean Road station to Grange Court station, thence the Railway Line to Lydney station, thence the Railway Line through Park-End and Speech House Road stations to Lydbrook station, and thence the road through Drybrook and Mitcheldean to Mitcheldean Road station.

(3220.)

THE NEW FOREST (SWINE-FEVER) NO. 2 ORDER OF 1884.

AT THE COUNCIL CHAMBER, WHITEHALL,

The 26th day of November 1884.

BY HER MAJESTY'S MOST HONOURABLE PRIVY COUNCIL.

PRESENT :

LORD PRESIDENT.

|

MR. TREVELYAN.

THE Lords and others of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, by virtue and in exercise of the powers in them vested under The Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878, and of every other power enabling them in this behalf, do order, and it is hereby ordered, as follows :

Short Title.

1. This Order may be cited as The New Forest (Swine-Fever) No. 2 Order of 1884.

Commencement and Duration.

2. This Order shall commence and take effect from and immediately after the thirtieth day of November, one thousand eight hundred and eighty four, and shall continue in force until the Privy Council otherwise order.

Interpretation.

3. In this Order—

The Act of 1878 means The Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878.

The New Forest means the New Forest within the perambulation of the New Forest, in the county of Southampton.

Other terms have the same meaning as in The Animals Order of 1884.

Restriction on Movement.

4. No pig shall be moved out of or through the New Forest except as expressly authorized by this Order.

Movement of Swine out of the New Forest.

5. Swine may be moved out of such parts of the New Forest as are not comprised within a Swine-Fever Infected Place or a Swine-Fever Infected Circle, or a Swine-Fever Infected Area with a movement licence of the Local Authority of the District in or into which the swine are to be moved on such conditions, if any, as the Local Authority granting the licence think expedient.

Movement of Swine through the New Forest.

6. Swine not affected with swine-fever may be moved through the New Forest by railway, without untrucking.

Granting of Movement Licences.

7.—(1.) A Local Authority may, if they think fit, withhold a movement licence in any case where the movement of the swine proposed to be moved would be in their judgment inexpedient or improper.

(2.) No licence for movement of a pig granted under this Order shall be available if granted by the owner of the pig to be moved or by his agent, or by the owner or consignee or other person selling the pig, or by the purchaser thereof or by his agent, or by the occupier of the farm or premises from or to which the pig is to be moved.

Production of Licences ; Names and Addresses.

8.—(1.) Every person in charge of swine being moved, where under this Order a movement licence may be necessary, shall, on demand of a Verderer of the New Forest, or of an officer of the Verderers of the New Forest, or of the Deputy Surveyor of the New Forest or any officer acting under him, or of a Justice, or of a Constable, or of an Inspector or other officer of a Local Authority, produce and show to him the movement licence, if any, authorizing the movement, and shall allow it to be read and a copy of or extract from it to be taken by the person to whom it is produced.

(2.) Every person so in charge shall, on demand as aforesaid, give his name and address to the person so authorized under this Article to demand the movement licence.

Offences.

9.—(1.) If a pig is moved in contravention of this Order, or of the conditions of a movement licence thereunder, the owner of the pig, and the person for the time being in charge thereof, and the person causing, directing, or permitting the movement, and the persons moving or conveying the pig, and the consignee or other person receiving or keeping it, knowing it to have been moved in contravention as aforesaid, shall, each according to and in respect of his own acts and defaults, be deemed guilty of an offence against the Act of 1878.

(2.) If a person in charge of swine being moved, where under this Order a movement licence is necessary, on demand made under this Order, fails to give his true name and address, or gives a false name or address, he shall be deemed guilty of an offence against the Act of 1878.

(signed) C. L. PEEL.

II.—EXPENDITURE.

II.—EXPENDITURE.

RETURN of the AMOUNT of COMPENSATION paid by LOCAL AUTHORITIES
in GREAT BRITAIN for ANIMALS Slaughtered during the Year ending
the 31st December 1884.

Local Authority.	Pleuro-Pneumonia.		Swine-Fever.	
	Amount of Compensation Paid by Local Authority for Cattle Slaughtered on account of Pleuro-Pneumonia.		Amount of Compensation Paid by Local Authority for Swine Slaughtered on account of Swine-Fever.	
	Diseased Cattle.	Healthy Cattle in Contact.	Diseased Swine.	Healthy Swine in Contact.
ENGLAND AND WALES.				
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Anglesey - - -	nil	nil	1 19 6	nil.
Beaumaris - - -	"	"	nil	"
Bedford - - -	17 5 -	nil	93 2 -	nil.
Bedford - - -	nil	"	nil	"
*Dunstable - - -	—	—	—	—
Luton - - -	nil	nil	nil	nil.
Berks - - -	nil	nil	91 8 3	nil.
Abingdon - - -	"	"	4 - -	"
Maidenhead - - -	"	"	nil	"
Newbury - - -	"	"	"	"
*Reading - - -	—	—	—	—
Wallingford - - -	nil	nil	nil	nil.
*Windsor - - -	—	—	—	—
Brecon - - -	nil	nil	nil	nil.
Brecon - - -	"	"	"	"
Bucks - - -	92 16 6	nil	89 6 6	71 18 4
Buckingham - - -	nil	"	nil	nil.
Chepping Wycombe - - -	"	"	"	"
Cambridge - - -	nil	nil	47 4 9	nil.
Cambridge - - -	"	"	nil	"
*Cardigan - - -	—	—	—	—
*Aberystwith - - -	—	—	—	—
*Cardigan - - -	—	—	—	—
*Lampeter - - -	—	—	—	—
Carmarthen - - -	nil	nil	nil	nil.
*Carmarthen - - -	—	—	—	—
*Llandovery - - -	—	—	—	—
Carnarvon - - -	nil	nil	0 5 -	nil.
Bangor - - -	"	"	nil	"
Carnarvon - - -	"	"	"	"
Conway - - -	"	"	"	"
Pwllheli - - -	"	"	"	"

* Information not received.

Amount of Compensation Paid for Animals Slaughtered—*continued.*

Local Authority.	Pleuro-Pneumonia.		Swine-Fever.	
	Amount of Compensation Paid by Local Authority for Cattle Slaughtered on account of Pleuro-Pneumonia.		Amount of Compensation Paid by Local Authority for Swine Slaughtered on account of Swine-Fever.	
	Diseased Cattle.	Healthy Cattle in Contact.	Diseased Swine.	Healthy Swine in Contact.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Chester - - - -	95 5 -	75 - -	116 14 -	nil.
Birkenhead - - -	nil - -	nil - -	1 - -	"
Chester - - - -	" - -	" - -	nil - -	"
*Congleton - - -	— - -	— - -	— - -	— - -
Crewe - - - -	nil - -	nil - -	nil - -	nil.
Hyde - - - -	28 10 -	" - -	" - -	"
Macclesfield - - -	nil - -	" - -	" - -	"
Stockport - - - -	" - -	" - -	4 " 15 -	"
Cornwall - - - -	nil - -	nil - -	65 2 11	38 14 -
Bodmin - - - -	" - -	" - -	nil - -	nil.
*Falmouth - - - -	— - -	— - -	— - -	— - -
Helston - - - -	nil - -	nil - -	nil - -	nil.
*Launceston - - -	— - -	— - -	— - -	— - -
Liskeard - - - -	nil - -	nil - -	nil - -	nil.
Penryn - - - -	" - -	" - -	" - -	"
*Penzance - - - -	— - -	— - -	— - -	— - -
St. Ives - - - -	nil - -	nil - -	nil - -	nil.
Truro - - - -	" - -	" - -	" - -	"
Cumberland - - - -	151 17 6	nil - -	nil - -	nil.
*Carlisle - - - -	— - -	— - -	— - -	— - -
Denbigh - - - -	nil - -	nil - -	nil - -	nil.
Denbigh - - - -	" - -	" - -	" - -	"
Ruthin - - - -	" - -	" - -	" - -	"
Wrexham - - - -	" - -	" - -	" - -	"
Derby - - - -	144 - -	3 15 -	31 9 6	10 6 6
Chesterfield - - -	nil - -	nil - -	nil - -	nil.
Derby - - - -	" - -	" - -	" - -	"
Glossop - - - -	" - -	" - -	" - -	"
Devon - - - -	nil - -	nil - -	100 19 -	1 11 6
*Barnstaple - - -	— - -	— - -	— - -	— - -
Bideford - - - -	nil - -	nil - -	nil - -	nil.
Dartmouth - - - -	" - -	" - -	" - -	"
Devonport - - - -	" - -	" - -	" - -	"
*Exeter - - - -	— - -	— - -	— - -	— - -
*Honiton - - - -	— - -	— - -	— - -	— - -
Plymouth - - - -	nil - -	nil - -	nil - -	nil.
South Molton - - -	" - -	" - -	" - -	"
*Tiverton - - - -	— - -	— - -	— - -	— - -
*Torrington - - -	— - -	— - -	— - -	— - -
Totnes - - - -	nil - -	nil - -	nil - -	nil.
Dorset - - - -	nil - -	nil - -	63 4 6	nil.
Blandford - - - -	" - -	" - -	nil - -	"
Bridport - - - -	" - -	" - -	" - -	"
Dorchester - - - -	" - -	" - -	" - -	"

* Information not received.

Amount of Compensation Paid for Animals Slaughtered—*continued.*

Local Authority.	Pleuro-Pneumonia.		Swine-Fever.	
	Amount of Compensation Paid by Local Authority for Cattle Slaughtered on account of Pleuro-Pneumonia.		Amount of Compensation Paid by Local Authority for Swine Slaughtered on account of Swine-Fever.	
	Diseased Cattle.	Healthy Cattle in Contact.	Diseased Swine.	Healthy Swine in Contact.
Dorset—<i>continued.</i>	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Lyme Regis - - -	nil	nil	nil	nil.
Poole - - -	"	"	8 - -	"
*Shaftesbury - - -	—	—	—	—
Weymouth - - -	nil	nil	nil	nil.
Durham - - -	36 - -	12 5 -	nil	nil.
Darlington - - -	nil	nil	"	"
*Durham - - -	—	—	—	—
Gateshead - - -	nil	nil	nil	nil.
*Hartlepool - - -	—	—	—	—
*Jarrow - - -	—	—	—	—
South Shields - - -	nil	nil	nil	nil.
Stockton-upon-Tees - - -	"	"	"	"
*Sunderland - - -	—	—	—	—
†Essex - - -	£560 6 6	nil	151 8 -	£51 17 6
Colchester - - -	nil	"	5 1 -	nil.
*Harwich - - -	—	—	—	—
*Maldon - - -	—	—	—	—
Saffron Walden - - -	nil	nil	nil	nil.
Flint - - -	nil	nil	nil	nil.
*Flint - - -	—	—	—	—
Glamorgan - - -	nil	nil	115 19 -	nil.
Aberavon - - -	"	"	nil	"
*Cardiff - - -	—	—	—	—
*Neath - - -	—	—	—	—
Swansea - - -	nil	nil	nil	nil.
Gloucester - - -	nil	nil	155 16 9	28 10 -
Bristol - - -	"	"	5 8 -	nil.
Cheltenham - - -	"	"	nil	"
Gloucester - - -	"	"	7 14 6	"
Tewkesbury - - -	"	"	nil	"
Hants - - -	nil	nil	157 19 -	174 11 -
Andover - - -	"	"	3 2 -	16 2 -
*Basingstoke - - -	—	—	—	—
Lymington - - -	nil	nil	11 6 -	nil.
Newport - - -	"	"	nil	"
*Portsmouth - - -	—	—	—	—
Romsey - - -	nil	nil	4 9 -	6 12 -
Ryde - - -	"	"	nil	nil.
Southampton - - -	"	"	7 - -	"
Winchester - - -	"	"	nil	"

* Information not received.

† In addition to these amounts, the sum of 36 L. 11 s. 2 d. was paid for animals affected with foot-and-mouth disease.

‡ The sum received as proceeds of the sale of carcases has been deducted from the gross amount of compensation awarded by the Local Authority.

Amount of Compensation Paid for Animals Slaughtered—*continued*.

Local Authority.	Pleuro-Pneumonia.		Swine-Fever.	
	Amount of Compensation Paid by Local Authority for Cattle Slaughtered on account of Pleuro-Pneumonia.		Amount of Compensation Paid by Local Authority for Swine Slaughtered on account of Swine-Fever.	
	Diseased Cattle.	Healthy Cattle in Contact.	Diseased Swine.	Healthy Swine in Contact.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Hereford . . .	133 17 6	330 - -	31 19 6	nil.
Hereford . . .	nil	nil	nil	"
Leominster . . .	"	"	"	"
Herts . . .	nil	nil	88 6 -	13 - -
*Hertford . . .	nil	nil	nil	nil.
St. Albans . . .	nil	nil	nil	nil.
Hunts . . .	25 2 6	nil	95 12 6	nil.
*Godmanchester . . .	nil	nil	nil	nil.
Huntingdon . . .	nil	nil	nil	nil.
St. Ives . . .	"	"	"	"
Kent . . .	† 625 2 6	1,320 - -	144 8 9	158 18 -
*Canterbury . . .	nil	nil	nil	nil.
Deal . . .	nil	nil	nil	nil.
*Dover . . .	nil	nil	nil	nil.
Faversham . . .	nil	nil	nil	nil.
*Folkestone . . .	nil	nil	nil	nil.
Gravesend . . .	nil	nil	nil	nil.
Hythe . . .	"	"	"	"
Maidstone . . .	"	"	13 13 9	"
Margate . . .	15 10 -	"	nil	"
*Ramsgate . . .	nil	nil	nil	nil.
Rochester . . .	43 10 -	nil	6 - -	nil.
Sandwich . . .	nil	"	3 - -	9 2 -
Tenterden . . .	"	"	nil	nil.
Tonbridge Wells . . .	227 " 5	† 423 " 5	"	"
Lancaster . . .	1,244 10 -	nil	144 7 -	nil.
Accrington . . .	nil	"	nil	"
Ashton-under-Lyne . . .	"	"	"	"
Bacup . . .	"	"	1 13 9	"
Barrow-in-Furness . . .	"	"	nil	"
Blackburn . . .	"	"	"	"
Blackpool . . .	"	"	1 " 5	"
Bolton . . .	"	"	nil	"
Bootle-cum-Linacre . . .	"	"	"	"
*Burnley . . .	nil	nil	2 - -	nil.
Bury . . .	"	"	nil	"
Chorley . . .	"	"	"	"
Clitheroe . . .	"	"	"	"
Heywood . . .	128 15 -	"	"	"
Lancaster . . .	nil	"	"	"
Liverpool . . .	198 15 -	"	"	"
Manchester . . .	nil	"	1 " 6	"

* Information not received.

† The sum received as proceeds of the sale of carcasses has been deducted from the gross amount of compensation awarded by the Local Authority.

Amount of Compensation Paid for Animals Slaughtered—*continued.*

Local Authority.	Pleuro-Pneumonia.		Swine-Fever.	
	Amount of Compensation Paid by Local Authority for Cattle Slaughtered on account of Pleuro-Pneumonia.		Amount of Compensation Paid by Local Authority for Swine Slaughtered on account of Swine-Fever.	
	Diseased Cattle.	Healthy Cattle in Contact.	Diseased Swine.	Healthy Swine in Contact.
Lancaster—<i>continued.</i>	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Oldham - - -	67 10 -	nil -	nil -	nil.
Over Darwen - - -	nil -	" -	" -	"
*Preston - - -	—	—	—	—
Rochdale - - -	nil -	nil -	nil -	nil.
St. Helens - - -	" -	" -	34 16 6	"
Salford - - -	" -	" -	nil -	"
Southport - - -	" -	" -	10 -	"
Stalybridge - - -	" -	" -	nil -	"
*Warrington - - -	—	—	—	—
*Wigan - - -	—	—	—	—
Leicester - - -	20 10 -	nil -	26 6 6	nil.
Leicester - - -	nil -	" -	nil -	"
Liberty of Isle of Ely -	22 10 -	nil -	7 16 6	nil.
*Wisbech - - -	—	—	—	—
*Lincoln (Parts of Holland)	—	—	—	—
*Bolton - - -	—	—	—	—
Lincoln (Parts of Kesteven)	nil -	nil -	nil -	nil.
Grantham - - -	" -	" -	" -	"
Stamford - - -	" -	" -	" -	"
*Lincoln (Parts of Lindsey)	—	—	—	—
Grimsby - - -	nil -	nil -	nil -	nil.
*Lincoln - - -	—	—	—	—
Louth - - -	nil -	nil -	nil -	nil.
Merioneth - - -	nil -	nil -	nil -	nil.
Metropolis, The - - -	†1,139 4 3	nil -	53 15 -	nil.
Middlesex - - -	1,024 17 6	nil -	325 12 9	nil.
London, City of - - -	nil -	" -	nil -	"
Monmouth - - -	nil -	nil -	38 11 6	48 19 -
Monmouth - - -	" -	" -	nil -	nil.
Newport - - -	" -	" -	" -	"
Montgomery - - -	nil -	nil -	nil -	nil.
*Llanidloes - - -	—	—	—	—
Welshpool - - -	nil -	nil -	nil -	nil.

* Information not received.

† The sum received as proceeds of the sale of carcasses has been deducted from the gross amount of compensation awarded by the Local Authority.

Amount of Compensation Paid for Animals Slaughtered—*continued.*

Local Authority.	Pleuro-Pneumonia.		Swine-Fever.	
	Amount of Compensation Paid by Local Authority for Cattle Slaughtered on account of Pleuro-Pneumonia.		Amount of Compensation Paid by Local Authority for Swine Slaughtered on account of Swine-Fever.	
	Diseased Cattle.	Healthy Cattle in Contact.	Diseased Swine.	Healthy Swine in Contact.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
*Norfolk - - -	272 18 -	nil - -	63 16 6	nil.
King's Lynn - - -	nil - -	" - -	nil - -	"
Norwich - - -	" - -	" - -	" - -	"
†Thetford - - -	— - -	— - -	— - -	—
Yarmouth - - -	nil - -	nil - -	nil - -	nil.
Northampton - - -	nil - -	nil - -	98 4 5	nil.
Daventry - - -	" - -	" - -	nil - -	"
Northampton - - -	" - -	" - -	‡ 5 15 -	"
Northumberland - - -	78 15 -	1,100 - -	nil - -	nil.
Berwick-upon-Tweed - - -	nil - -	nil - -	" - -	"
†Morpeth - - -	— - -	— - -	— - -	—
Newcastle-upon-Tyne - - -	nil - -	nil - -	nil - -	nil.
†Tynemouth - - -	— - -	— - -	— - -	—
Notts - - -	32 5 -	nil - -	23 19 -	nil.
East Retford - - -	nil - -	" - -	nil - -	"
Newark - - -	" - -	" - -	" - -	"
Nottingham - - -	" - -	" - -	" - -	"
Oxford - - -	nil - -	nil - -	112 19 3	nil.
Banbury - - -	" - -	" - -	nil - -	"
Chipping Norton - - -	" - -	" - -	" - -	"
†Henley-upon-Thames - - -	— - -	— - -	— - -	—
Oxford - - -	nil - -	nil - -	nil - -	nil.
Pembroke - - -	nil - -	nil - -	nil - -	nil.
Haverfordwest - - -	" - -	" - -	" - -	"
Pembroke - - -	" - -	" - -	" - -	"
Tenby - - -	" - -	" - -	" - -	"
Radnor - - -	nil - -	nil - -	nil - -	nil.
Rutland - - -	nil - -	nil - -	nil - -	nil.
Salop - - -	nil - -	nil - -	66 18 6	nil.
†Bridgnorth - - -	— - -	— - -	— - -	—
Ludlow - - -	nil - -	nil - -	nil - -	nil.
Oswestry - - -	" - -	" - -	2 11 -	"
†Shrewsbury - - -	— - -	— - -	— - -	—
Wenlock - - -	nil - -	nil - -	nil - -	nil.
†Soke of Peterborough - - -	— - -	— - -	— - -	—
Peterborough - - -	nil - -	nil - -	6 13 6	nil.

* In addition to these amounts, the sum of 263 l. 6 s. 1 d. was paid for compensation for animals slaughtered on account of foot-and-mouth disease.

† Information not received.

‡ In addition to this amount, the sum of 10 l. was paid for animals affected with foot-and-mouth disease, and 18 l. for healthy animals in contact.

Amount of Compensation Paid for Animals Slaughtered—*continued.*

Local Authority.	Pleuro-Pneumonia.		Swine-Fever.	
	Amount of Compensation Paid by Local Authority for Cattle Slaughtered on account of Pleuro-Pneumonia.		Amount of Compensation Paid by Local Authority for Swine Slaughtered on account of Swine-Fever.	
	Diseased Cattle.	Healthy Cattle in Contact.	Diseased Swine.	Healthy Swine in Contact.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
*Somerset - - -	nil	nil	841 14 6	†55 11 7
†Bath - - -	—	—	—	—
Bridgwater - - -	nil	nil	nil	nil.
Chard - - -	"	"	"	"
Glastonbury - - -	"	"	"	"
Taunton - - -	"	"	"	"
†Wells - - -	—	—	—	—
†Yeovil - - -	—	—	—	—
Stafford - - -	273 15 -	nil	208 13 3	nil.
Burslem - - -	nil	"	3 - -	"
Burton-upon-Trent - - -	"	"	7 2 6	"
Hanley and Shelton - - -	"	"	nil	"
†Lichfield - - -	—	—	—	—
Longton - - -	nil	nil	4 15 -	nil.
Newcastle - under - - -	"	"	nil	"
Lyme, - - -	—	—	—	—
Stafford - - -	"	"	3 - -	"
Stoke-upon-Trent - - -	"	"	5 10 -	"
Tamworth - - -	"	"	nil	"
Walsall - - -	"	"	6 12 6	"
†West Bromwich - - -	—	—	—	—
Wolverhampton - - -	nil	nil	8 - -	nil.
†Suffolk - - -	—	—	—	—
†Beccles - - -	—	—	—	—
†Bury St. Edmunds - - -	—	—	—	—
Eye - - -	nil	nil	nil	nil.
Ipswich - - -	"	"	"	"
Southwold - - -	"	"	"	"
Sudbury - - -	"	"	3 15 -	"
Surrey - - -	285 - 6	376 - -	115 19 -	8 15 -
Croydon - - -	285 - -	†245 7 5	nil	nil.
†Godalming - - -	—	—	—	—
Guildford - - -	nil	nil	nil	nil.
†Kingston-on-Thames - - -	—	—	—	—
Reigate - - -	15 - -	nil	nil	nil.
Sussex (Eastern Division)	149 12 6	154 18 9	19 11 -	41 1 -
Brighton - - -	nil	nil	nil	nil.
Eastbourne - - -	"	"	"	"
Hastings - - -	"	"	"	"
Hove - - -	"	"	"	"

* In addition to these amounts, the sum of 23 £. was paid for one head of cattle slaughtered on account of foot-and-mouth disease.

† The sum received as proceeds of the sale of carcasses has been deducted from the gross amount of compensation awarded by the Local Authority.

‡ Information not received.

Amount of Compensation Paid for Animals Slaughtered—*continued.*

Local Authority.	Pleuro-Pneumonia.		Swine-Fever.	
	Amount of Compensation Paid by Local Authority for Cattle Slaughtered on account of Pleuro-Pneumonia.		Amount of Compensation Paid by Local Authority for Swine Slaughtered on account of Swine-Fever.	
	Diseased Cattle.	Healthy Cattle in Contact.	Diseased Swine.	Healthy Swine in Contact.
Sussex (Eastern Division) — <i>continued.</i>	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Lewes - - -	nil - -	nil - -	nil - -	nil.
Rye - - -	" - -	" - -	" - -	"
Sussex (Western Division)	nil - -	nil - -	44 16 -	nil.
*Arundel - - -	nil - -	nil - -	nil - -	nil.
Chichester - - -	nil - -	nil - -	nil - -	nil.
Warwick - - -	18 15 -	nil - -	45 19 6	3 - -
Birmingham - - -	nil - -	" - -	nil - -	nil.
Coventry - - -	" - -	" - -	" - -	"
Leamington - - -	" - -	" - -	" - -	"
Stratford-on-Avon - - -	" - -	" - -	3 5 -	"
Warwick - - -	" - -	" - -	nil - -	"
Westmorland - - -	nil - -	nil - -	nil - -	nil.
Kendal - - -	" - -	" - -	" - -	"
Wilts - - -	nil - -	nil - -	442 6 3	96 18 -
*Calne - - -	— - -	— - -	— - -	—
*Chippenham - - -	— - -	— - -	— - -	—
Devizes - - -	nil - -	nil - -	6 - -	nil.
Marlborough - - -	" - -	" - -	nil - -	"
Salisbury (or New Sarum). - - -	" - -	" - -	20 8 6	"
*Worcester - - -	— - -	— - -	— - -	—
Bewdley - - -	nil - -	nil - -	nil - -	nil.
Droitwich - - -	" - -	" - -	" - -	"
Dudley - - -	" - -	" - -	23 - 3	"
Evesham - - -	" - -	" - -	nil - -	"
Kidderminster - - -	" - -	" - -	6 13 9	"
Worcester - - -	" - -	" - -	nil - -	"
York (East Riding)	12 - -	nil - -	28 3 -	nil.
Beverley - - -	nil - -	" - -	nil - -	"
*Hedon - - -	— - -	— - -	— - -	—
Kingston-upon-Hull	nil - -	nil - -	30 9 -	25 4 -
York (North Riding)	nil - -	nil - -	38 17 6	nil.
Middlesbrough - - -	" - -	" - -	nil - -	"
*Richmond - - -	— - -	— - -	— - -	—
*Scarborough - - -	— - -	— - -	— - -	—
York (West Riding)	1,219 6 3	nil - -	128 17 3	nil.
Barnsley - - -	nil - -	" - -	6 16 -	"
Batley - - -	" - -	" - -	- 16 -	"
Bradford - - -	48 7 6	" - -	1 14 6	"

* Information not received.

Amount of Compensation Paid for Animals Slaughtered—*continued.*

Local Authority.	Pleuro-Pneumonia.		Swine-Fever.	
	Amount of Compensation Paid by Local Authority for Cattle Slaughtered on account of Pleuro-Pneumonia.		Amount of Compensation Paid by Local Authority for Swine Slaughtered on account of Swine-Fever.	
	Diseased Cattle.	Healthy Cattle in Contact.	Diseased Swine.	Healthy Swine in Contact.
York (West Riding)—<i>continued.</i>	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Dewsbury - - -	16 10 -	nil -	2 - -	nil.
*Doncaster - - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -
Hallifax - - -	nil - -	nil - -	nil - -	nil.
*Harrogate - - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -
Huddersfield - -	nil - -	nil - -	nil - -	nil.
Keighley - - -	" - -	" - -	1 12 6	"
*Leeds - - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -
*Pontefract - - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -
Ripon - - -	nil - -	nil - -	1 2 6	nil.
Rotherham - - -	" - -	" - -	nil - -	"
Sheffield - - -	" - -	" - -	6 - -	"
*Wakefield - - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -
*York - - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -
SCOTLAND.				
Aberdeen - - -	nil - -	nil - -	nil - -	nil.
Aberdeen - - -	" - -	" - -	" - -	"
*Inverurie - - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -
Kintore - - -	nil - -	nil - -	nil - -	nil.
Peterhead - - -	" - -	" - -	" - -	"
Argyle - - -	nil - -	nil - -	nil - -	nil.
Campbelton - - -	" - -	" - -	" - -	"
Inverary - - -	" - -	" - -	" - -	"
Oban - - -	" - -	" - -	" - -	"
Ayr - - -	nil - -	nil - -	nil - -	nil.
Ayr - - -	" - -	" - -	" - -	"
Irvine - - -	" - -	" - -	7 " -	3 10 -
Kilmarnock - - -	" - -	" - -	nil - -	nil.
Banff - - -	nil - -	77 10 -	nil - -	nil.
*Banff - - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -
Cullen - - -	nil - -	nil - -	nil - -	nil.
Berwick - - -	67 10 -	26 - -	nil - -	nil.
Lauder - - -	nil - -	nil - -	" - -	"
Bute - - -	nil - -	nil - -	nil - -	nil.
*Caithness - - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -
*Wick - - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -
Clackmannan - - -	nil - -	nil - -	nil - -	nil.

* Information not received.

Amount of Compensation Paid for Animals Slaughtered—*continued.*

Local Authority.	Pleuro-Pneumonia.		Swine-Fever.	
	Amount of Compensation Paid by Local Authority for Cattle Slaughtered on account of Pleuro-Pneumonia.		Amount of Compensation Paid by Local Authority for Swine Slaughtered on account of Swine-Fever.	
	Diseased Cattle.	Healthy Cattle in Contact.	Diseased Swine.	Healthy Swine in Contact.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Cromarty - - -	nil - -	nil - -	nil - -	nil - -
*Cromarty - - -	—	—	—	—
*Dumbarton - - -	—	—	—	—
Dumbarton - - -	nil - -	nil - -	nil - -	nil - -
*Dumfries - - -	—	—	—	—
*Annan - - -	—	—	—	—
Dumfries - - -	nil - -	nil - -	nil - -	nil - -
Lochnaben - - -	" - -	" - -	" - -	" - -
Sanquhar - - -	" - -	" - -	" - -	" - -
Edinburgh - - -	550 2 6	nil - -	35 6 - -	nil - -
Edinburgh - - -	149 5 -	" - -	nil - -	" - -
Leith - - -	165 - -	" - -	" - -	" - -
Musselburgh - - -	nil - -	" - -	" - -	" - -
Portobello - - -	" - -	" - -	" - -	" - -
Elgin or Moray - - -	nil - -	nil - -	nil - -	nil - -
Elgin - - -	" - -	" - -	" - -	" - -
Forres - - -	" - -	" - -	" - -	" - -
Fife - - -	399 7 6	397 10 -	nil - -	nil - -
*Anstruther Easter - - -	—	—	—	—
*Anstruther Wester - - -	—	—	—	—
Burntisland - - -	nil - -	nil - -	nil - -	nil - -
*Crail - - -	—	—	—	—
Cupar - - -	nil - -	nil - -	nil - -	nil - -
Dunfermline - - -	15 15 -	" - -	" - -	" - -
*Dysart - - -	—	—	—	—
Inverkeithing - - -	nil - -	nil - -	nil - -	nil - -
*Kilrenny - - -	—	—	—	—
Kinghorn - - -	nil - -	nil - -	nil - -	nil - -
Kirkcaldy - - -	" - -	" - -	" - -	" - -
Pittenweem - - -	" - -	" - -	" - -	" - -
St. Andrews - - -	" - -	" - -	" - -	" - -
Forfar - - -	84 18 4	396 4 5	nil - -	nil - -
Arbroath - - -	nil - -	nil - -	" - -	" - -
*Brechin - - -	—	—	—	—
Dundee - - -	nil - -	nil - -	nil - -	nil - -
Forfar - - -	" - -	" - -	" - -	" - -
Montrose - - -	" - -	" - -	" - -	" - -
Haddington - - -	nil - -	nil - -	nil - -	nil - -
Dunbar - - -	" - -	" - -	" - -	" - -
Haddington - - -	" - -	" - -	10 6 -	" - -
*North Berwick - - -	—	—	—	—

* Information not received.

Amount of Compensation Paid for Animals Slaughtered—*continued.*

Local Authority.	Pleuro-Pneumonia.		Swine-Fever.	
	Amount of Compensation Paid by Local Authority for Cattle Slaughtered on account of Pleuro-Pneumonia.		Amount of Compensation Paid by Local Authority for Swine Slaughtered on account of Swine-Fever.	
	Diseased Cattle.	Healthy Cattle in Contact.	Diseased Swine.	Healthy Swine in Contact.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Inverness - - -	nil	nil	nil	nil.
*Inverness - - -	—	—	—	—
Kincardine - - -	†14 12 6	†341 10 -	nil	nil.
Inverbervie - - -	nil	nil	"	"
*Kinross - - -	—	—	—	—
Kirkcudbright - - -	nil	nil	nil	nil.
*Kirkcudbright - - -	—	—	—	—
New Galloway - - -	nil	nil	nil	nil.
Lanark - - -	201 15 -	nil	nil	nil
Airdrie - - -	nil	"	"	"
Glasgow - - -	420 12 6	"	72 12 6	"
Hamilton - - -	nil	"	nil	"
*Lanark - - -	—	—	—	—
Rutherglen - - -	nil	nil	nil	nil.
Linlithgow - - -	15 15 -	nil	8 17 1	nil.
Linlithgow - - -	nil	"	nil	"
Queen's Ferry - - -	"	"	"	"
Nairn - - -	nil	nil	nil	nil.
Nairn - - -	"	"	"	"
Orkney - - -	nil	nil	nil	nil.
Kirkwall - - -	"	"	"	"
Peebles - - -	nil	nil	nil	nil.
Perth - - -	†200 4 9	†1,459 5 -	nil	nil.
*Culross - - -	—	—	—	—
Perth - - -	nil	nil	nil	nil.
Renfrew - - -	nil	nil	nil	nil.
Greenock - - -	"	"	"	"
Paisley - - -	"	"	"	"
Port Glasgow - - -	"	"	"	"
*Renfrew - - -	—	—	—	—
Ross - - -	53 1 3	446 10 -	nil	nil.
Dingwall - - -	nil	nil	"	"
*Fortrose - - -	—	—	—	—
Tain - - -	nil	nil	nil	nil.

* Information not received.

† Paid 1st January 1885.

‡ The sum received as proceeds of the sale of carcasses has been deducted from the gross amount of compensation awarded by the Local Authority.

Amount of Compensation Paid for Animals Slaughtered—*continued*.

Local Authority.	Pleuro-Pneumonia.		Swine-Fever.	
	Amount of Compensation Paid by Local Authority for Cattle Slaughtered on account of Pleuro-Pneumonia.		Amount of Compensation Paid by Local Authority for Swine Slaughtered on account of Swine-Fever.	
	Diseased Cattle.	Healthy Cattle in Contact.	Diseased Swine.	Healthy Swine in Contact.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
*Roxburgh - - -	—	—	—	—
Hawick - - -	nil	nil	nil	nil.
*Jedburgh - - -	—	—	—	—
Selkirk - - -	nil	nil	nil	nil.
Galashiels - - -	"	"	"	"
*Selkirk - - -	—	—	—	—
*Shetland - - -	—	—	—	—
Stirling - - -	nil	nil	nil	nil.
Falkirk - - -	"	"	"	"
Stirling - - -	"	"	"	"
*Sutherland - - -	—	—	—	—
*Dornoch - - -	—	—	—	—
Wigtown - - -	nil	nil	nil	nil.
*Stranraer - - -	—	—	—	—
Whithorn - - -	nil	nil	nil	nil.
*Wigtown - - -	—	—	—	—
TOTAL ENGLAND } AND WALES - }	£. 8,750 4 6	4,100 11 2	4,802 8 1	869 11 5
TOTAL SCOTLAND - £.	2,436 10 4	3,144 9 5	124 6 1	3 10 -
TOTAL GREAT } BRITAIN - }	£. 11,187 3 10	7,245 - 7	4,926 14 2	873 1 5

* Information not received.

RETURNS of the RECEIPTS and EXPENDITURE in connection
at *London (Deptford), Bristol, and*

L O N D O N . - - - - -

THE CHAMBERLAIN in Account with the CORPORATION of LONDON in
Dr. Contagious Diseases (Animals), for the

	£.	s.	d.	£.	s.	d.
To Balance in hand on 31st December 1884, viz.:—						
On Income Account - - - - -	14,306	2	1½			
On Construction Account - - - - -	990	11	-			
				15,296	13	1½
To Wharfage Charges, Market Dues, &c., viz.:—						
Wharfage of cattle, tolls, and dues - -	51,008	16	6			
„ fresh meat, landing charges -	216	2	3			
				52,124	18	0
To slaughter-house charges - - - - -	-	-	-	47	11	-
„ Rents for slaughter-houses, &c. - - -	-	-	-	4,997	11	5
„ Reimbursements from tenants for gas - -	-	-	-	621	13	5
„ Supply of water to shipping - - - - -	-	-	-	2	6	-
„ Sale of manure - - - - -	-	-	-	947	-	-
„ Produce of boiling-houses - - - - -	-	-	-	7	6	-
„ Charges for transhipment of cattle - -	-	-	-	3,341	16	-
„ Produce of sale of 22 beasts slaughtered under Bye-law 22 - - - - -	-	-	-	41	1	11
„ Income tax retained on interest on loans -	-	-	-	171	11	1
„ Incidental receipts - - - - -	-	-	-	57	2	-
				77,656	10	8½
To Loan raised - - - - -	-	-	-	25,000	-	-
Carried forward - - - £.	-	-	-	102,656	10	8½

with the **LANDING and SLAUGHTER of FOREIGN ANIMALS**
Glasgow in 1884.

- - - - - **L O N D O N.**

respect of the **FOREIGN CATTLE MARKET** at *Deptford*, Act 32 & 33 Vict.
 Year ending the 31st December 1884.

Cr.

	£.	s.	d.	£.	s.	d.
By G. Philcox, clerk and superintendent, salary, one year - - - - -	-	-	-	600	-	-
„ Premium for guarantee of fidelity of ditto - - -	-	-	-	5	-	-
„ S. G. Holmans' services as inspector, 52 weeks - -	-	-	-	208	-	-
„ J. Clifford, assistant to superintendent, salary, one year - - - - -	-	-	-	200	-	-
„ Premium for guarantee of fidelity of ditto - - -	-	-	-	2	10	-
„ Weekly wages, including works and repairs - - -	-	-	-	9,100	-	-
„ Amount transferred to City's cash for official and general expenses for 1883 - - - - -	-	-	-	1,074	9	5
„ Clothing for constables, &c. - - - - -	-	-	-	22	-	-
„ Rent of wharf - - - - -	-	-	-	100	-	-
„ Rent of 9 and 10, Jessamine-terrace - - - - -	-	-	-	7	15	3
„ Parochial and other rates and taxes, &c. - - - -	-	-	-	5,127	-	-
„ Attendance of police - - - - -	-	-	-	750	8	-
„ Gas lighting - - - - -	-	-	-	2,460	9	5
„ Coals and coke - - - - -	-	-	-	513	4	2
„ Water rate - - - - -	-	-	-	1,948	8	6
„ Fire insurance - - - - -	-	-	-	256	15	9
„ Hire of horses and carts - - - - -	-	-	-	739	4	8
„ Sundry artificers - - - - -	-	-	-	335	15	10
By Construction and Reparations Account, viz.:—						
New crane - - - - -	506	-	0			
New hay stores - - - - -	800	-	-			
Repairs to jetties - - - - -	189	-	-			
New gut stores - - - - -	500	-	-			
Slaughter-house reparations - - - - -	747	7	5			
Sundry reparations - - - - -	192	15	6			
				2,935	3	5
By expenses in connection with transhipment of cattle - - - - -	-	-	-	2,162	1	10
„ B. Olde and Son, reimbursement of produce of sale of 22 beasts under Bye-law 22 - - - - -	-	-	-	41	1	11
„ Advertising - - - - -	-	-	-	75	9	6
„ Printing and stationery - - - - -	-	-	-	55	14	-
„ Law Expenses, viz.:—						
J. A. Brand, Esq., Comptroller - - - - -	5	6	10			
Sir T. J. Nelson, City Solicitor - - - - -	204	11	-			
				209	17	10
Carried forward - - - £.	-	-	-	29,530	9	0

Corporation of London, &c.—*continued.*

Cr.

	£.	s.	d.	£.	s.	d.
Brought forward - - -	-	-	-	29,530	9	6
By Sundries, viz. :—						
Lime, &c. - - - - -	71	6	5			
Disinfectants - - - - -	29	0	-			
Timber - - - - -	220	12	1			
Brooms, &c. - - - - -	83	6	7			
Rope, &c. - - - - -	20	17	10			
Ironmongery, tools, &c. - - - - -	370	14	9			
Ollman's goods - - - - -	138	17	5			
Hay, oats, and corn - - - - -	176	16	6			
Veterinary surgeon, shoeing horses, &c. - - - - -	46	16	9			
Harness - - - - -	31	-	6			
Architect's disbursements - - - - -	187	9	3			
Sundries - - - - -	96	2	6	1,473	6	7
By Interest on Loans, viz. :—						
One year on 208,500 l. at 3½ per cent. - - -	7,297	10	-			
Half-a-year on 25,000 l. at 4 per cent. - - -	500	-	-			
„ on 25,000 l. at 3½ per cent. - - -	437	10	-			
Discount allowed - - - - -	31	5	-	8,266	5	-
By Construction Account, viz. :—				39,270	1	1
Contract for works in extension of the Market (Balance) - - - - -	200	-	-			
New offal boiling-house - - - - -	744	-	-	944	-	-
By Loans discharged - - - - -	-	-	-	50,000	-	-
				90,214	1	1
Balance in hand on 31st December 1884, viz. :—						
On Income Account - - - - -	12,395	18	7½			
On Construction Account - - - - -	46	11	-	12,442	9	7½
	£.			102,656	10	8½

(signed) Benjamin Scott, Chamberlain.

BRISTOL. - - -

STATEMENT of RECEIPTS and EXPENDITURE on Account
for the Year ended

31 Dec. 1884	EXPENDITURE.	£. s. d.
	To Ordinary Expenditure - - - - -	599 - -

GLASGOW. - - -

LOCAL AUTHORITY for the CITY

ABSTRACT STATEMENT of the REVENUE and EXPENDITURE in
and the FOREIGN ANIMALS LANDING-PLACE at

REVENUE.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Pointhouse Wharf :		
Wharfage dues - - - - -	4,878 18 8	
Slaughtering dues - - - - -	886 12 4	
Weighing dues - - - - -	48 11 2	
Provender sold - - - - -	1,214 12 -	
Manure sold - - - - -	189 13 3	
Rent of blood-rooms - - - - -	39 - -	
		7,257 7 5
Plantation Landing-Place :		
Wharfage dues - - - - -	- - -	2,422 2 9
		9,679 10 2
Balance, being excess of Expenditure - - -	- - -	960 9 2
	£.	10,645 19 4

City Chambers, Glasgow,
4 March 1885.

Note.—The Local Authority have recently accepted an offer for the extension of the Pointhouse Wharf of about 15,000 *l.*, and operations are in progress.

(signed) J. Nicol, Treasurer.

- - - - BRISTOL.

of the FOREIGN ANIMALS WHARF at *Bristol*,
31st December 1884.

		RECEIPTS.	£.	s.	d.
31 Dec. 1884	By Receipts	- - - - -	684	4	9

(signed) *F. B. Girdlestone*,
Secretary and General Manager to Docks Committee
of the Corporation of Bristol.

- - - - GLASGOW.

and BURGH of *Glasgow*.

connection with the FOREIGN ANIMALS WHARF at *Pointhouse*,
Plantation, for Year ending 31st December 1884.

EXPENDITURE.		£.	s.	d.	£.	s.	d.
By Balance from last Account brought forward -		-	-	-	1,615	4	9
Pointhouse Wharf :							
Rent, taxes, gas, water, fuel, &c. -	-	1,424	16	11			
Wages to assistants, scavengers, &c. -	-	774	11	6			
Provender -	-	865	12	1			
Stationery, printing, advertising, &c. -	-	43	14	7			
Maintenance, cleaning premises, and general furnishings, &c. -	-	133	4	7			
					3,241	19	8
Plantation Landing-Place :							
Rent, taxes, gas, water, fuel, &c. -	-	435	12	10			
Wages to assistants, scavengers, &c. -	-	226	12	6			
Maintenance, cleaning premises, and general furnishings, &c. -	-	47	17	2			
					710	2	6
General Expenses :							
Salary to manager -	-	266	13	4			
Insurance -	-	22	18	2			
Law Expenses, including services of Secretary	-	200	-	-			
		489	11	6			
Interest on Loans and Sinking Fund -	-	723	16	9			
Expenses of general management, proportion of	-	150	-	-			
					1,363	8	3
Sinking Fund :							
Sum set apart as Sinking Fund, equal to 20 per cent. on cost of buildings, to be applied towards redemption of the money borrowed	-	-	-	-	3,715	4	2
					£.	10,645	19 4

(signed) *J. Nicol*,
City Chamberlain,
Treasurer to Local Authority.

RECEIVED		DATE	
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