



# **Missa, litania et motetta II. III. III. V. voc. et duorum instrumentorum**

<https://hdl.handle.net/1874/422806>

Lamb. Royer

Mizpa. Etania ab. moketta

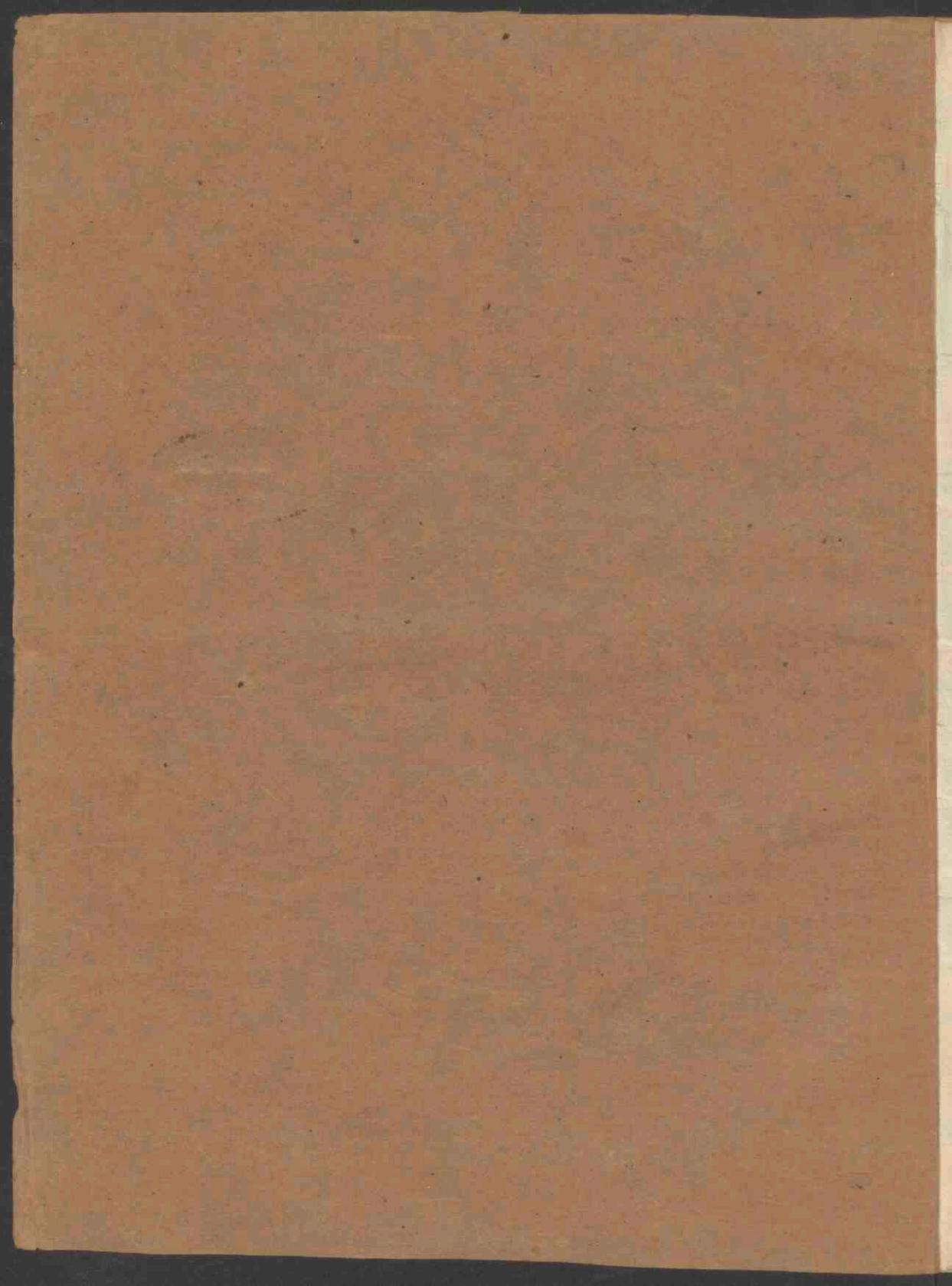


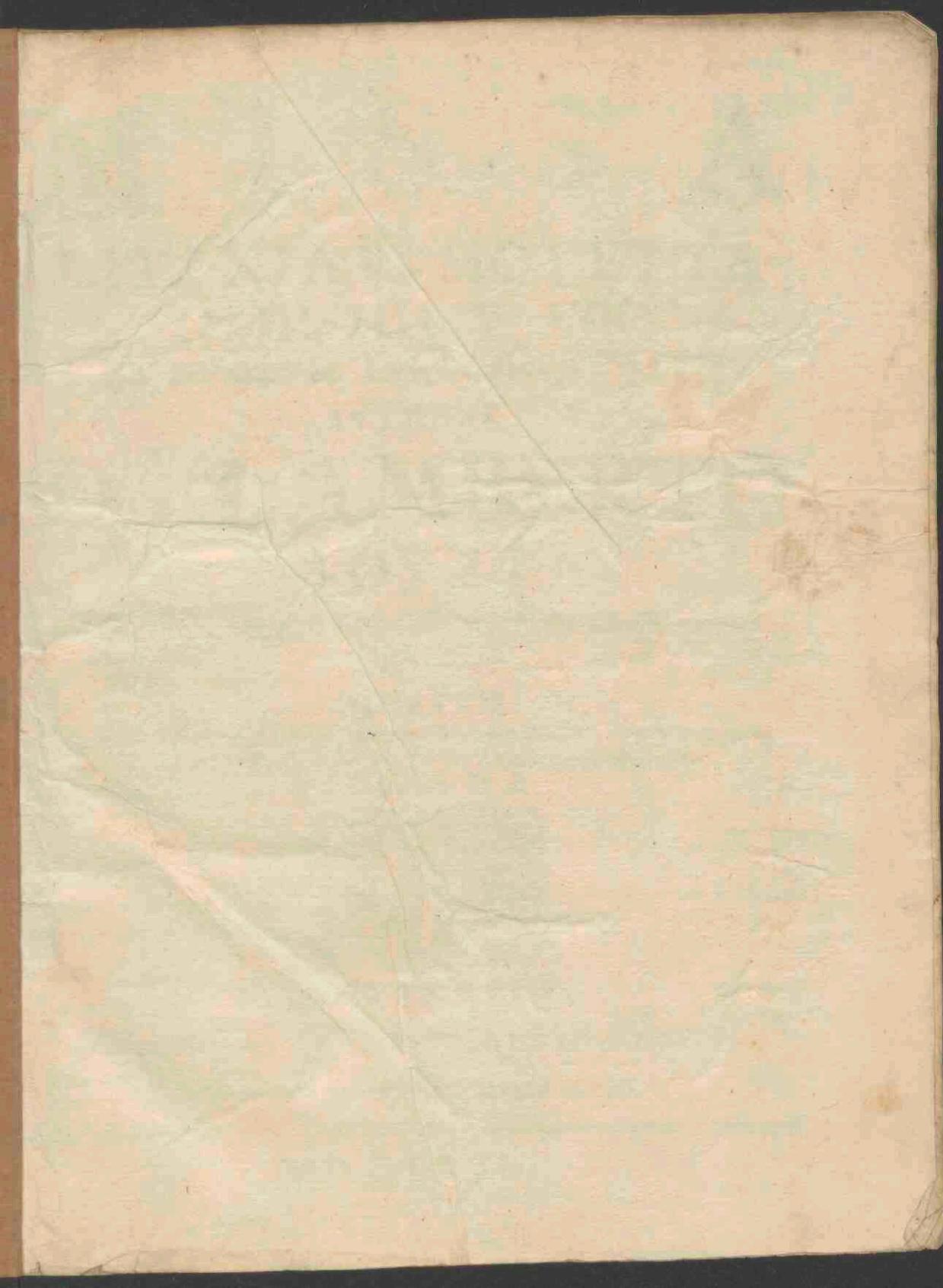
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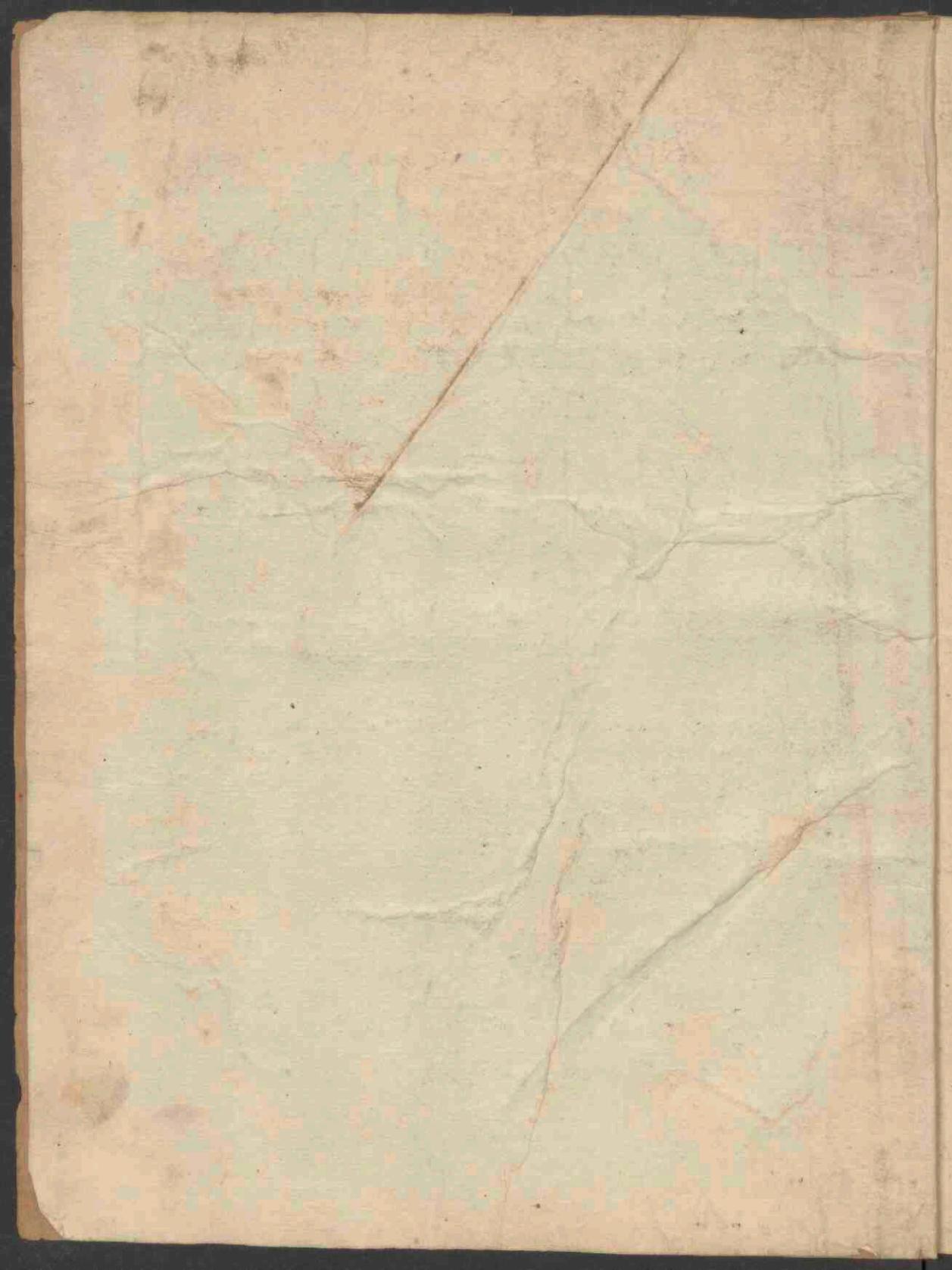
Violino I

Antv. 16/1

haer. P. Phaleseii







# MISSA

## LITANIA ET MOTETTA

II. III. IIII. V. VOC.

ET DVORVM INSTRVMENTORVM

AVTHORE

D. LAMBERTO  
ROYET

Organista, nec non Ecclesiae Parochialis Chastiletanæ  
Phonasco.

### DICATVM

Admodum Reverendo Amplissimeque Domino Domino PETRO de la  
HAM AIDE, Cœnobii Lobbiensis Abbatij longè Meritissimo.

VIOLINO I.



ANTVERPIÆ.

Apud Hæredes PETRI PHALESII, Typographi,  
Musices , ad insigne Davidis Regis.



M. D. C. L X X I.

# ADMODVM REVERENDO

**A**MPLISSIMOq; Domino Domino PETRO de la HAM AIDE, Divorum Vismari, Ermini, Theodulphi, Vulgisi, Amoluini, & Abelis, Lobbensem Abbatum, & Episcoporum meritissimo Successori in præsulatu.

Vacantis Ecclesiæ Leodiensis Administratori, & eiusdem Cœnobiarcharum Primati. Binchiensis & Anthoniensis vtriusq; Collegiatæ Præposito. Vicecomiti de Raignies, Supremo Lopatichæ de Lobbe, Iumè, Lernes, &c

## AMPLISSIME PRÆSVL,



Tibi esset assidua occasio Deum voce laudandi, vitam Monasticam (cuius primaria functio est Dei laudum quotidiana decantatio) amplexatus es, ut per Divinam laudem affectu, & pietate semper in Deum assurges: quia in functione te ita devotum & attentione, intellectus, & voluntatis affectu exhibasti, ut haec cum ceteris tuis virtutibus, quas tibi innata humilitas gratius hic taceri, quam longo ordine recenseri patitur, ad Prælaturam meritissime te exxerit.

Yix enim Prælarem dignitatem adeptus es, & ecce primo studio antiquatum & dissonans Ecclesiæ tuæ Organum innovas, & ad suavorem melodiam componis: haec me permoverunt, ut has meæ Musices primitias tuo Nomi inscriberem, rogans, obtestansq; ut easdem pari fuscipias animo, quo a me offeruntur, patiarisq; velut opus quoddam publicum tuo illo honoratissimo, & Successoris, & Administratoris, & Primatis titulo muniri, & ornari ac tutelari velut Numine venire in conspectum, locemque hominum.

Oferentis votum est, Amplissime Præful, ut in exordio tui Regiminis, magis ac magis cor tuum concalcat, & in meditatione tua per diem & noctem psallendo, & Dei laudes cantando, ignis divinus in te exardescat, quatenus tu, & ad tuum exemplum tui omnes hoc divino igne accensi, aliquando ad eam quæ sursum est Hierusalem transeat, ubi omnes læti corde sine dissonantia misericordias Domini in æternum cantetis.

## AMPLISSIMÆ DOMINATIONIS VESTRÆ

Obsequiosissimus Servitor LAMBERTVS ROYET Ecclesiæ Parochialis Chastiletanæ Phonascus.



Simphonia      Bi es

Tremolo piano

VIOLINO Prime:



A 2. voc. & 2. Instrum

VIOLINO Primo,

Grav.

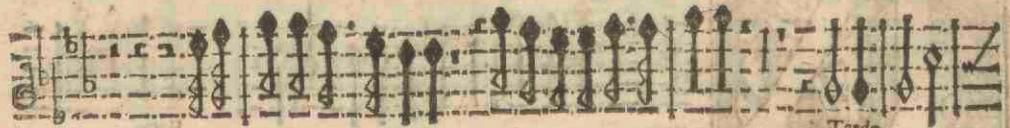
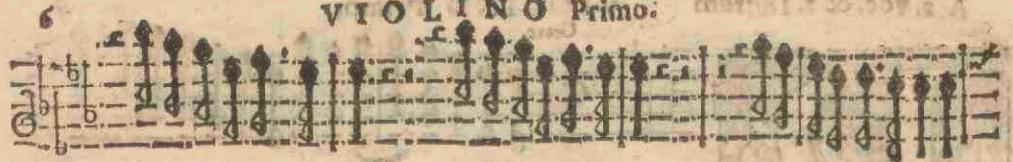


Ex Eterne

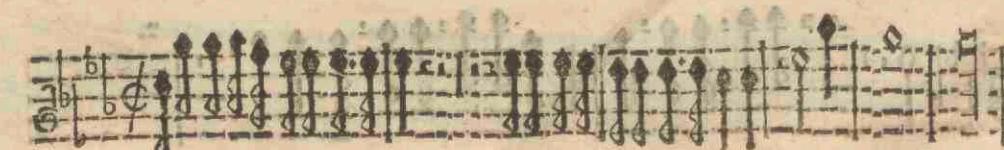
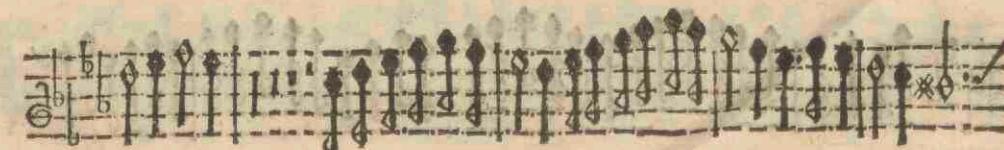
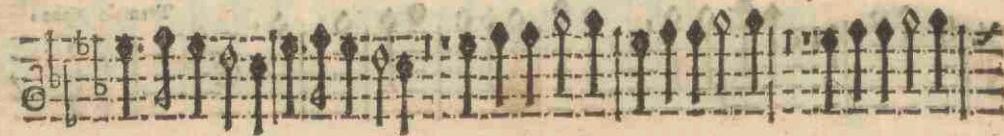
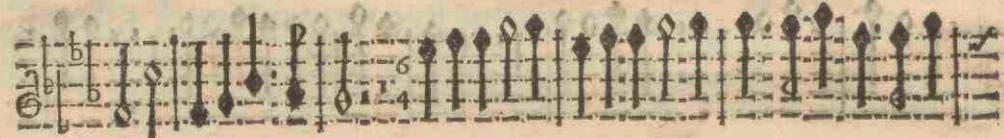
Forte

Tremolo Piano.

VIOLINO Primo.



Tardo.



A 3. voc & 2. Instrum. V I O L I N O Primo.

7

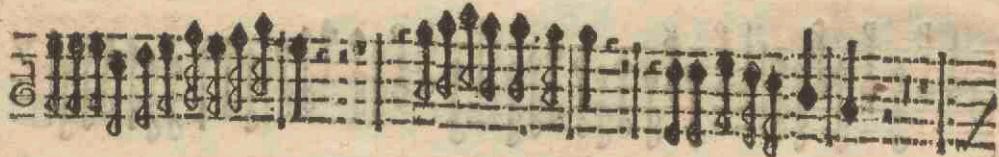
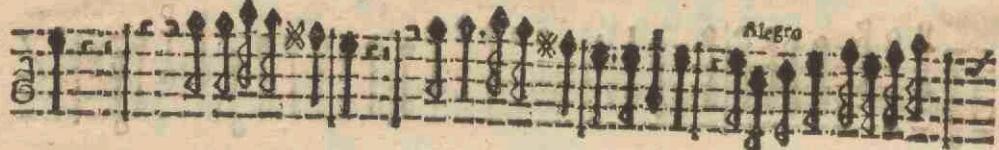


Ve Maria

Handwritten musical score for Violin Primo in 3/4 time, featuring six staves of music with various note heads and rests. The score includes a title "Ve Maria" and a tempo marking "Largo" at the bottom.

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## VIOLINO Prime.



Tremolo Piano



A 2. voc & 2. Instrum. VIOLINO Primo.



Xymphonie.

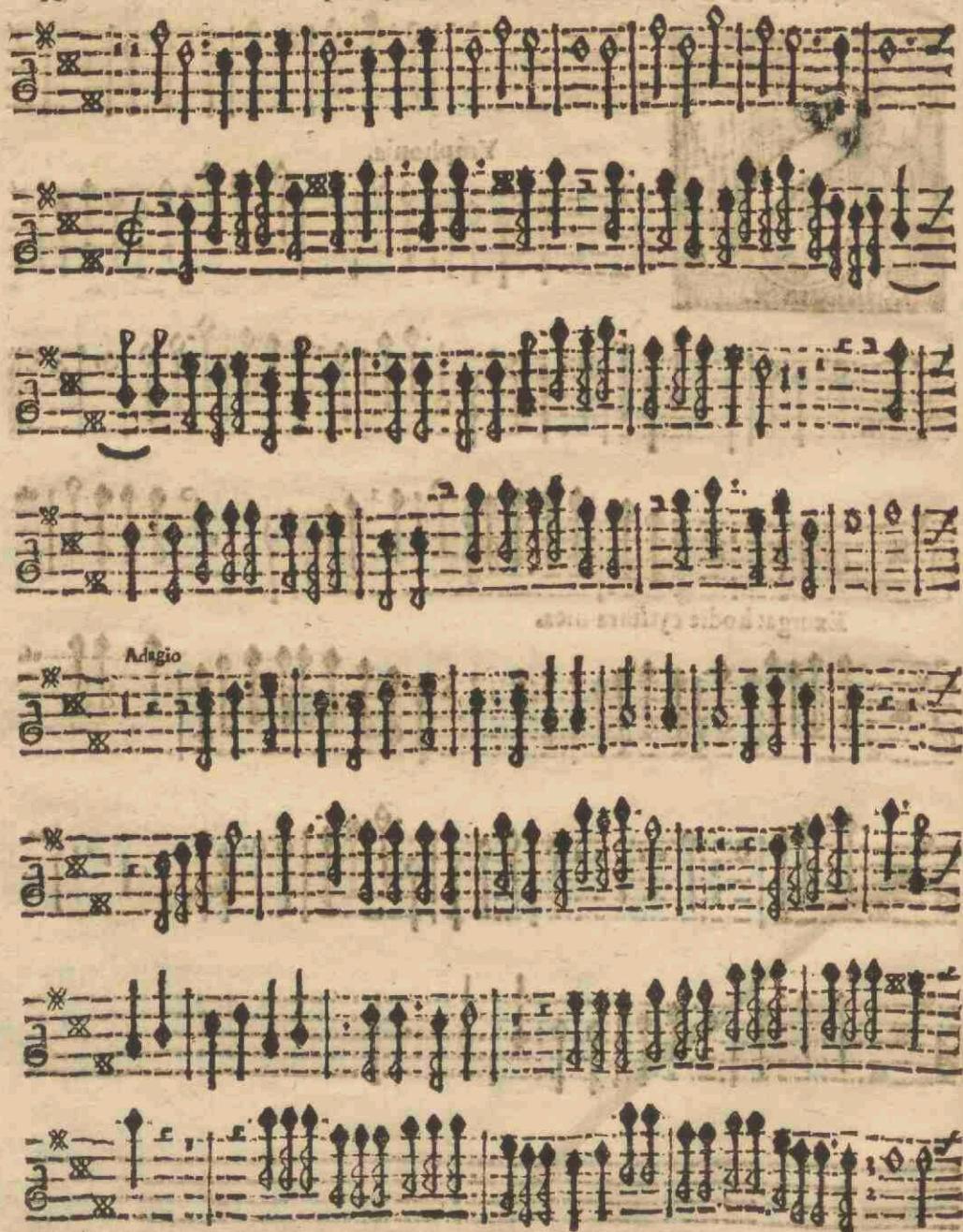


Exurgat hodie cythara mea.



Missa, Motets, & Litania, à 2. 3. 4. 5. Voc, & 2. Inst. Aut. D. Lamb. Royet.

F 4.



VIOLINO Primo.

11





Ymphonia.

Vrbis Ierusalem.

The musical score is composed of eight staves of music. The top staff is for the Violin I (labeled 'VIOLINO primo'). The second staff is for the Violin II (labeled 'VIOLINO secondo'). The third and fourth staves are for the Basso (labeled 'BASSO') and Cembalo (labeled 'CEMBALO'). The fifth through eighth staves are for the Ymphonia (labeled 'Ymphonia'). The music is written in common time with various note heads and stems. The vocal part 'Vrbis Ierusalem' is repeated across the staves.

## VIOLINO Primo.

13



14

VIOOLINO Primo.

The musical score is composed of six staves of handwritten notation for violin. The notation uses vertical stems with small circles at the top to represent note heads. The first five staves are in common time (indicated by a 'C' in the upper left corner of each staff). The sixth staff begins with a 'G' in the upper left corner, suggesting a change in key or time signature. The music is divided into measures by vertical bar lines. The notes are mostly eighth notes, with some sixteenth-note patterns and rests. The overall style is that of a handwritten manuscript from the late 18th or early 19th century.

4 voc. & 2 Instrum

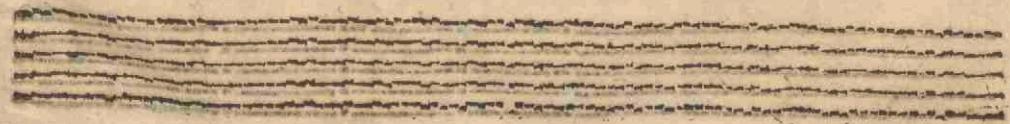
VIOLINO Primo,

15



Simphonia. Grave.  
Iesu.

Tremolo.





A 2. voc & 2. Instrum.

V I O L I N O Primo.

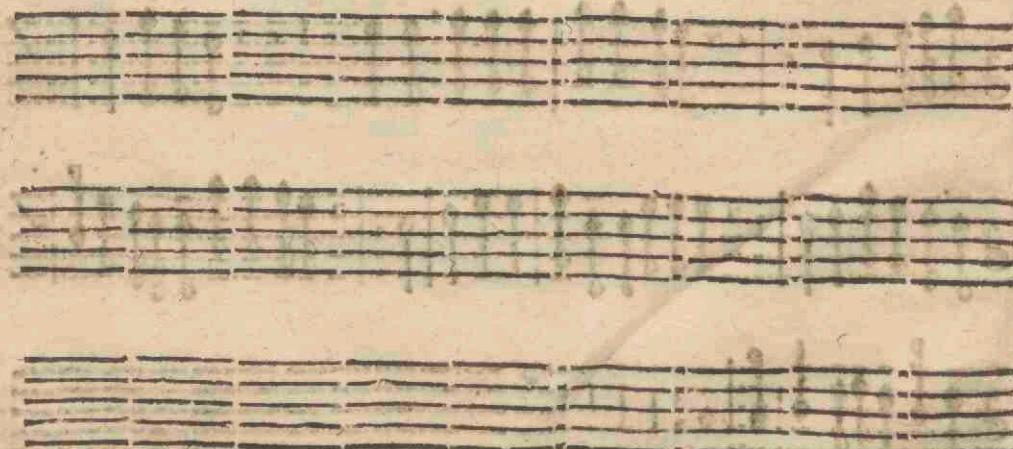
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Enire.

Missa, Motets, & Litania, à 2. 3. 4. 5. Voc. & 2. Inst. Ant. D. Lamb. Royer.

F. 6.



A 4. Voc. & 2. Inst. C. M. VIOLINO Primo.

19



Symphonia

D mensam cœlestem.

The musical score consists of six staves of music. The first staff starts with a treble clef and a common time signature (C). The second staff starts with a bass clef and a common time signature (C). The third staff starts with a bass clef and a common time signature (C). The fourth staff starts with a bass clef and a common time signature (C). The fifth staff starts with a bass clef and a common time signature (C). The sixth staff starts with a bass clef and a common time signature (C). The music is composed of eighth-note patterns. The first staff has a treble clef and a common time signature (C). The second staff has a bass clef and a common time signature (C). The third staff has a bass clef and a common time signature (C). The fourth staff has a bass clef and a common time signature (C). The fifth staff has a bass clef and a common time signature (C). The sixth staff has a bass clef and a common time signature (C).

## VIOLINO Primo:



VIOLINO Primo.



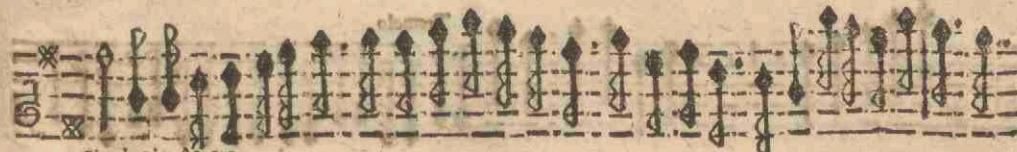
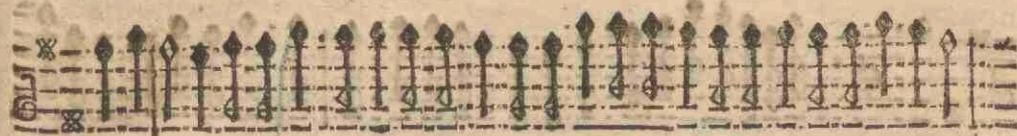
The musical score consists of six staves of handwritten musical notation for Violin I. The notation uses vertical stems with small dots or dashes indicating pitch and rhythm. Various dynamic markings are present:

- Yrie eleyson.** This marking appears above the first two staves.
- Tremolo Piano.** This marking appears above the third staff.
- Forte.** This marking appears above the sixth staff.

Each staff begins with a clef (either C or F) and a key signature. Measures are separated by vertical bar lines, and repeat signs with dots are used to indicate where sections of the music are to be repeated.

tempi VIOLINO Primo.

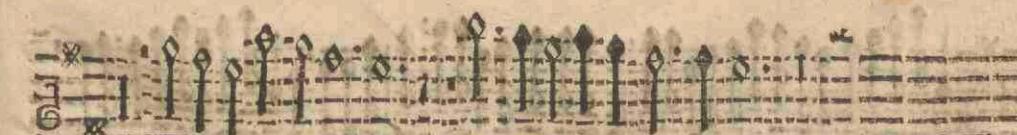
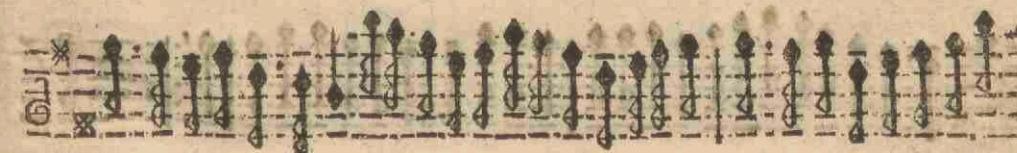
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Sinfonia Allegro



Alegro.

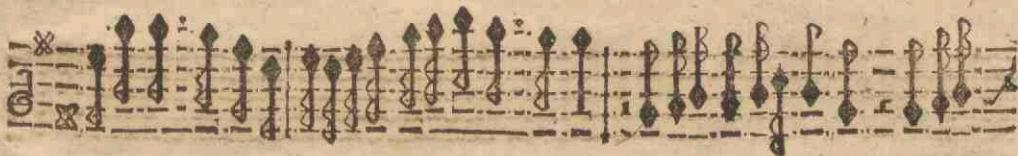


VIOLINO Primo:

The musical score consists of six staves of music for Violin I. The key signature is common time (indicated by 'C'). The first staff begins with a dynamic of **Forte**. The second staff starts with a dynamic of **Trino** (trill). The third staff features dynamics of **Forte** and **Lento**. The fourth staff begins with a dynamic of **Lento**. The fifth staff starts with a dynamic of **Alegro**. The sixth staff concludes the page.

## VIOLINO Primo.

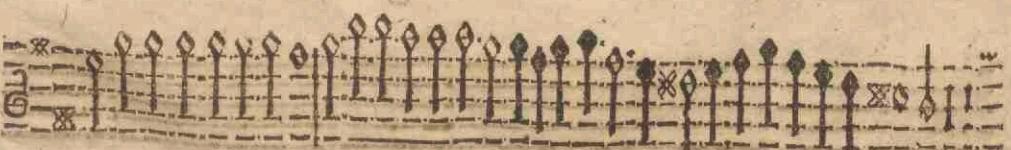
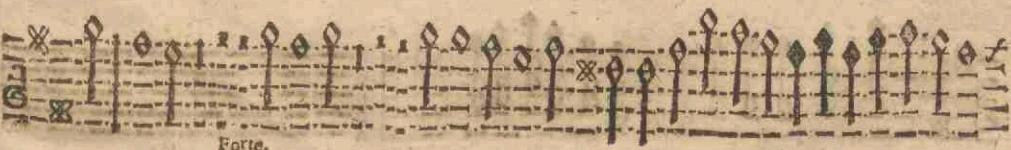
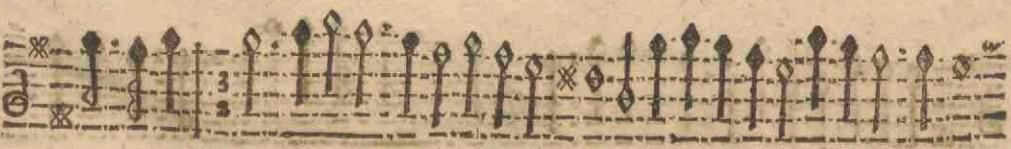
21



Lento



Symphonie Alegra

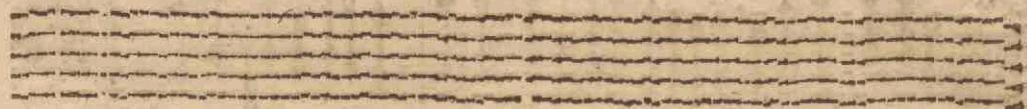


Missa, Motteta, &amp; Litania, à 2. 3. 4. 5. Voc. &amp; 2 Inst. Aut. D. Lamb. Royet

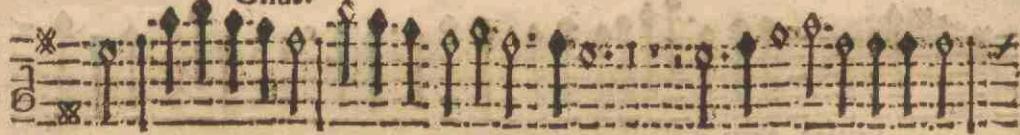
F 3

26

## I VIOLINO Primo.



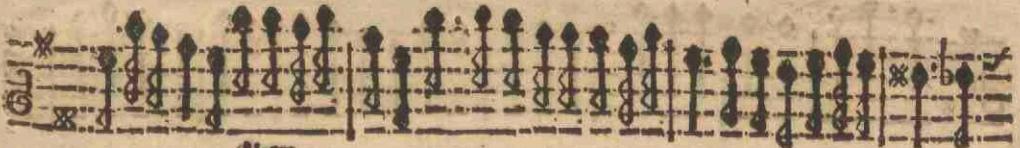
Gnus.



A 5. voc. & 2. Instrum

VIOLINO Primo,

27.



28

dolce. Largo

## VIOLINO Primo.

C. &amp; C.

moltissimo  
Christe

coda A

coda B

Forte.

Grave.

coda C

coda D

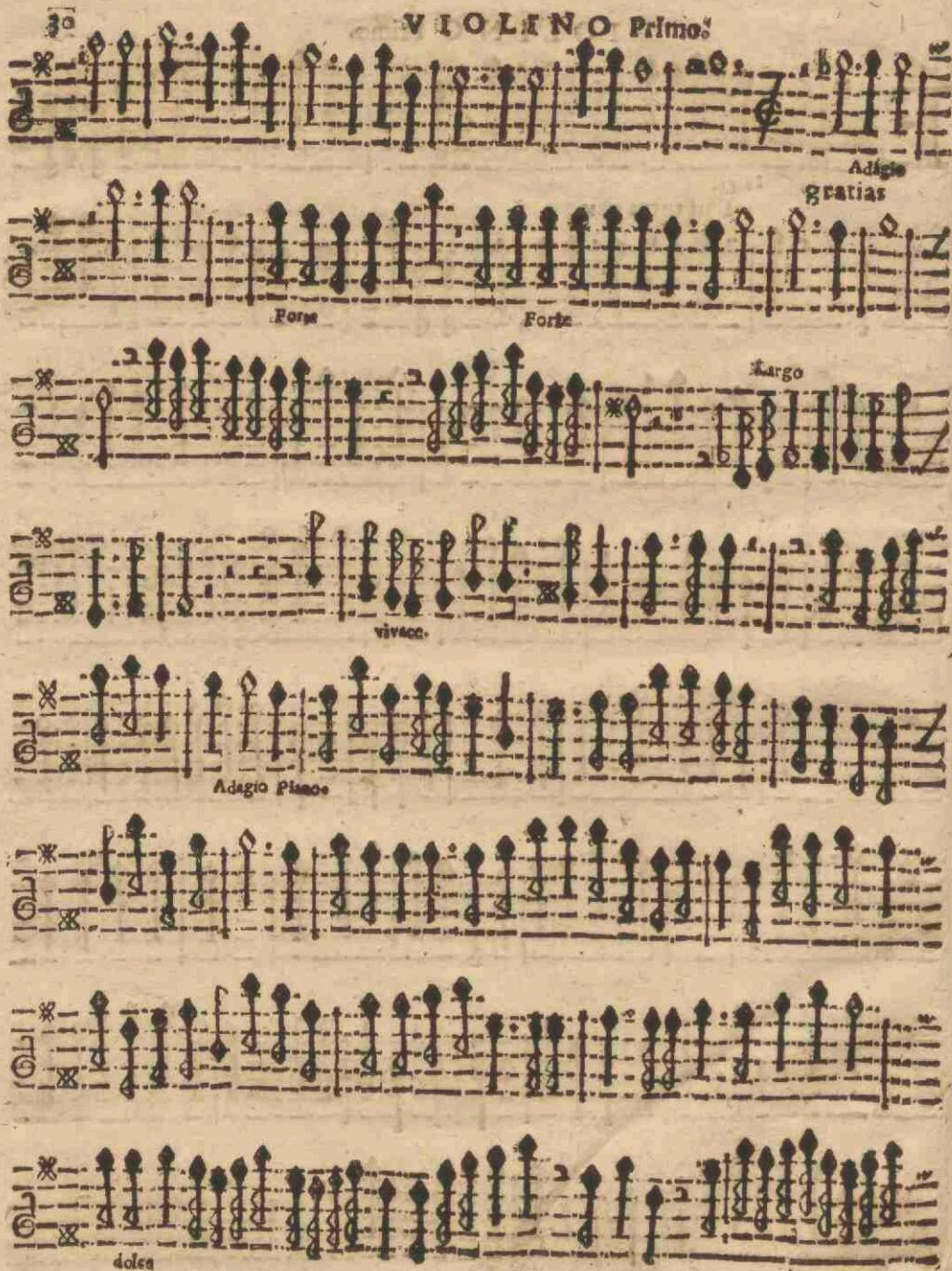
## VIOLINO Primo.

29

Largo.  
T in terra pax,

The musical score is handwritten on six staves, each consisting of five horizontal lines. The first staff begins with a large capital letter 'E'. The second staff begins with the words 'T in terra pax,'. The third staff begins with a small letter 'G'. The fourth staff begins with a small letter 'G'. The fifth staff begins with a small letter 'G'. The sixth staff begins with a small letter 'G'. The music is composed of continuous eighth-note patterns. The first staff has a treble clef, the second staff has a bass clef, and the remaining staves have a bass clef. The time signature is common time. The tempo is marked 'Largo.' and the key signature is one sharp, indicating G major. The vocal part 'T in terra pax,' is written in a larger, more prominent hand than the rest of the score.

V I O L I N O Primo:



## VOLINO Primo.

31



## VIOLINO Primo.



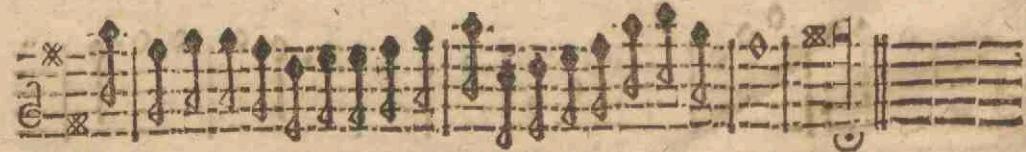
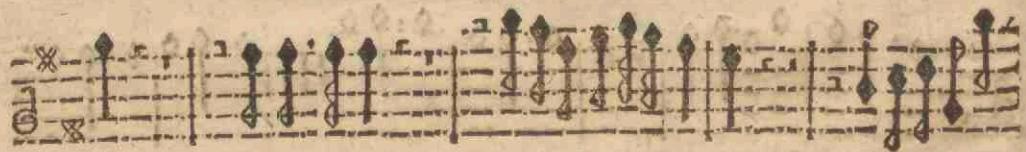
Tremolo Piano.

grave

Alegro

Alegro

Forte



## VIOLINO primo

33

P Largo

A trem

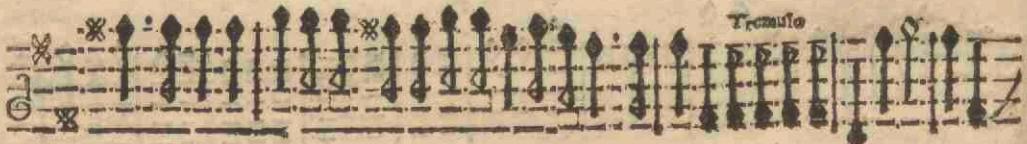
Alegro

Alegro

Alegro

Alegro

Alegro



Inst. cum Alto Solo

Piano

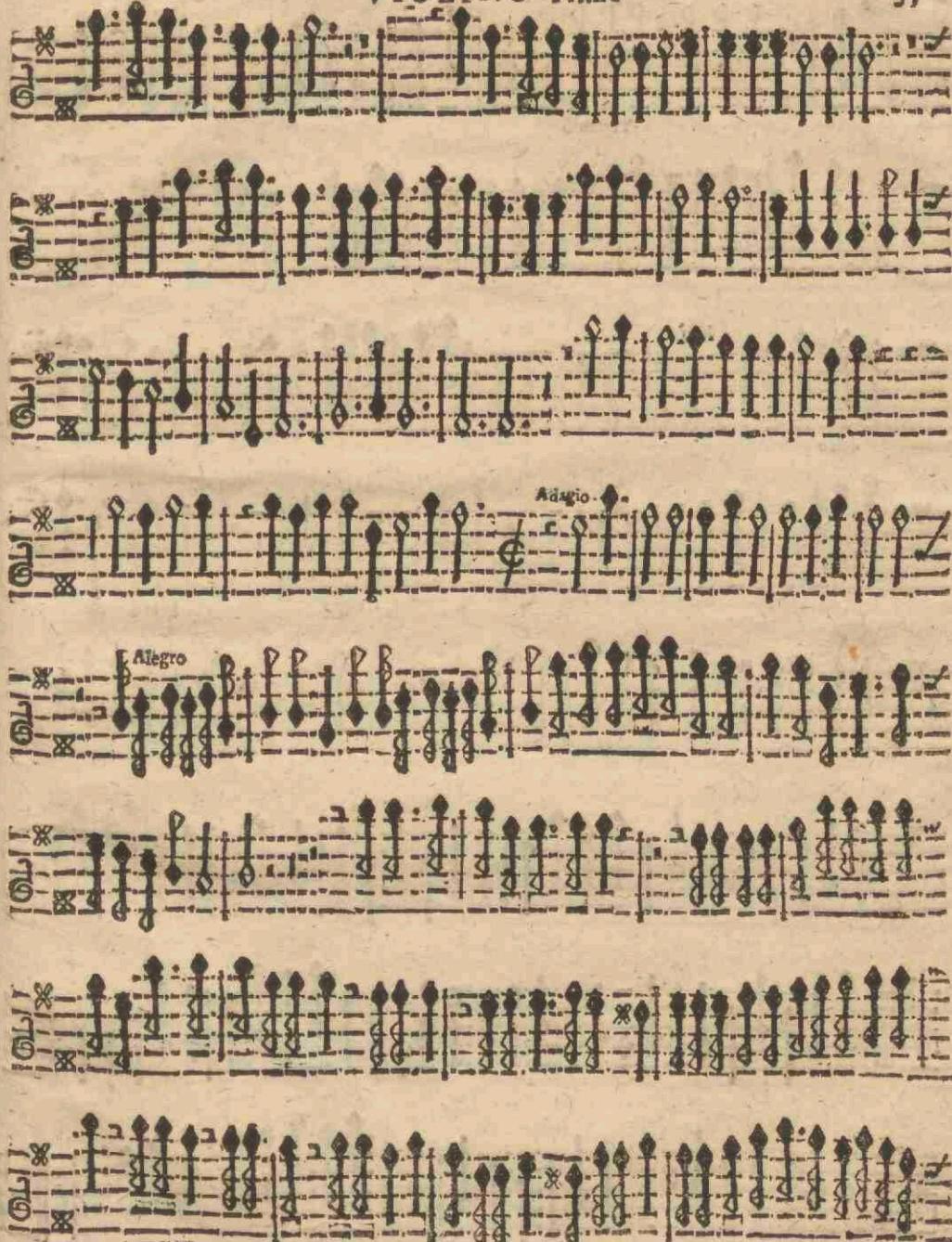


Crucifixus.



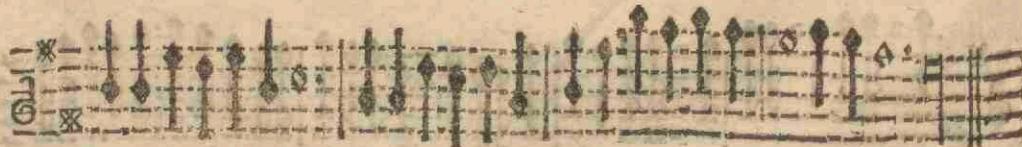
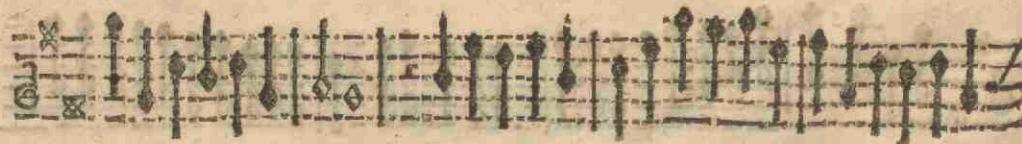
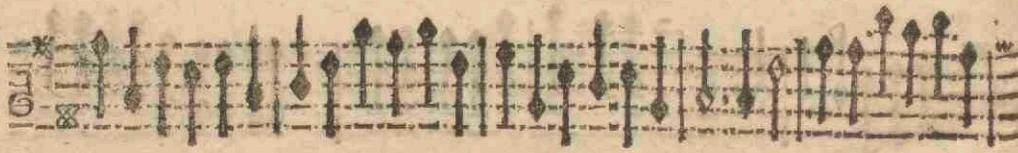
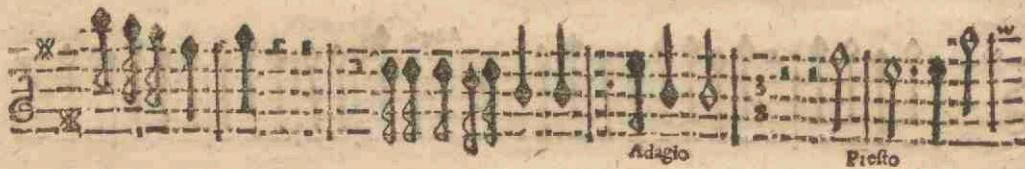
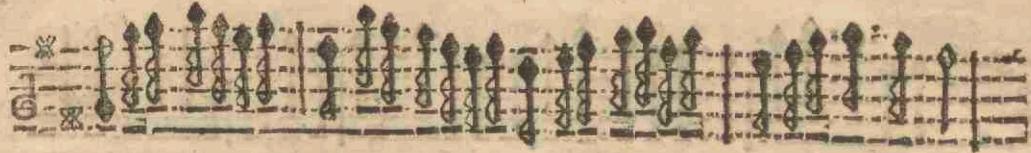
## VIOLINO Primo

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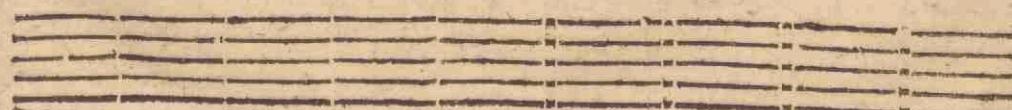
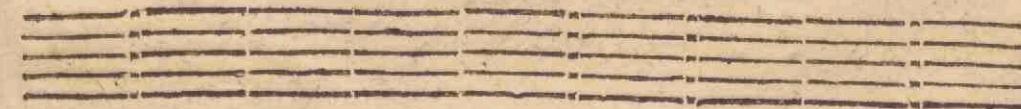
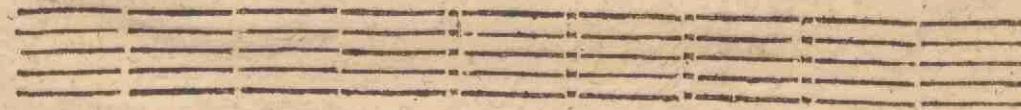
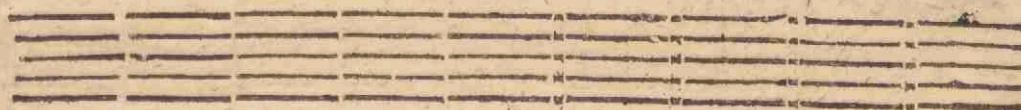
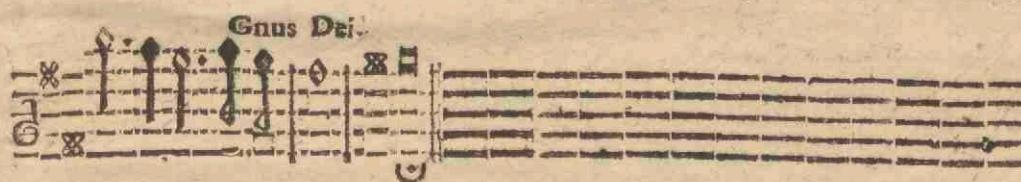
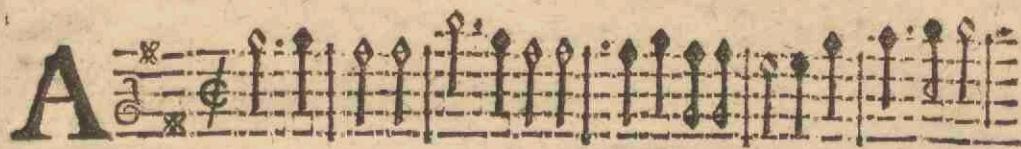
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## VIOLINO Primo



## VIOLINO Primo

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WIDELING 62

2000

Gen D.

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