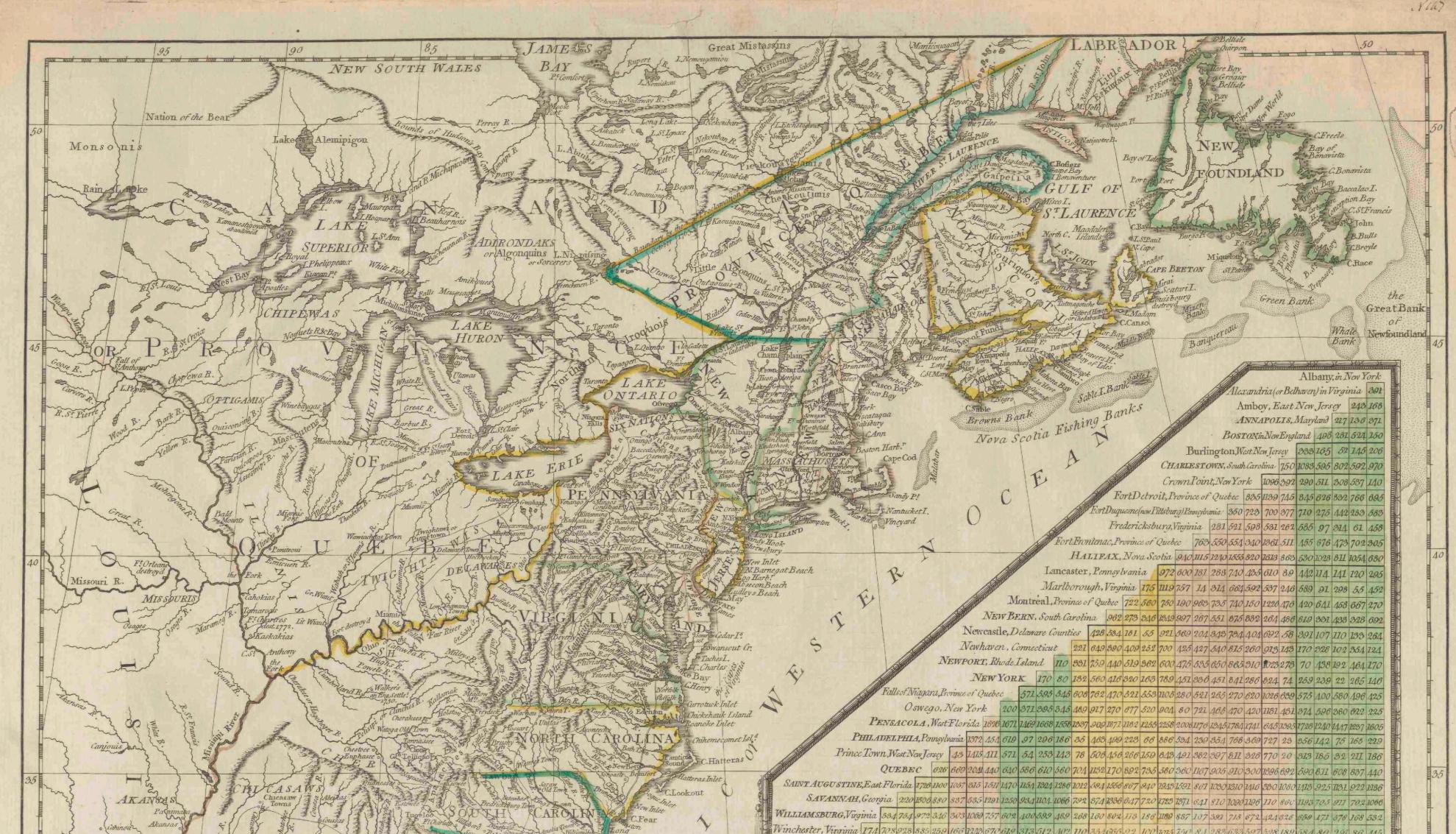
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A Compendious Account of the BRITISH COLONIES in NORTH-AMERICA.

GOVERNMENT OF NEWFOUNDLAND.

BY the Proclamation of the 7th of October, 1763, this government includes, 1. The ifle of Newfoundland and all the iflands adjacent to its coafts, except those of *Miquelon* and *St. Peter's*, which are left in the polleffion of the French: 2. The ifles of Anticofti and Magdalen, in the Gulf of St. Laurence: 3. All the coaft of Labrador, from St. John's River to Hudfon's Straits. The foil of this government is barren, but the fea is an inexhauftible mine of treasure, and its coasts are full of harbours, very fafe and commodious for the fishery. The chief town is St. John, on the fouth-east part of Newfoundland.

CANADA, OR THE PROVINCE OF QUEBEC.

By the Royal Proclamation of the 7th of October, 1763, this province is bounded on the East by the River St-John, and from thence, by a Line drawn from the head of that river, through Lake St. John, to the fourh end of Lake Nipiffing; from whence the faid Line, croffing the river St. Laurence and lake Champlain, in the 45th parallel of north latirude, paffes along the high lands which divide the rivers that empty themfelves into the faid river St. Laurence, from those which fall into the fea; and also along the north coast of the Baye des Chaleurs, and the coast of the Gulf of St Laurence, to Cape Rofiers, and from thence croffing the mouth of the river St. Laurence, by the weft end of the ifland of Anticofti, terminates at the aforefaid river St. John. An Act of Parliament, paffed in 1774, has removed the northern and weftern limits of the Province of Quebec, adding to its jurifdiction all the lands comprized between the northern bounds of New-York, the weftern line of Pennfylvania, the Ohio, the Miffippi, and the fouthern boundaries of Under Parliament. Comparison of Carbon Conternational and the fouthern boundaries of Hudson's-Bay Company .- The Towns of note are Quebec, Montreal, and Trois Rivieres. Quebec, which is a city and the capital of the whole province, is a fortified place, fituated at the confluence of the rivers St. Laurence and St. Charles on the north fide of the former: it confifts of an Upper and Lower Town, well-built of ftone, and contains 12 or 14,000 inhabitants.—Montreal is built on a fruitful island of the fame name, in the river St. Laurence, 60 leagues fouth-weft of Quebec; it is alfo divided into an Upper and Lower Town, well-built, and populous. Near Montreal, on the river Richelieu, are two forts, Chambly and St. John, taken by the Provincials.—Trois Rivieres lies at the confluence of the three rivers fo called, running into St. Laurence: it is much frequented by feveral nations of Indians, for the purpofe of trading; and there is a very good foundery in its neighbourhood.—Lakes: The five principal, which communicate, are Lake Superior, 500 leagues in circuit; the Lakes Ontario, Erié or Ofwego, Huron, and Michigan; all navigable by veffels of any fize, as also their communications, except that between lakes Erie and Ontario, where is a flupendous cataract, called the Falls of Niagara. The fream is about a mile wide, divided by a rocky ifland in the form of a halfmoon. The perpendicular height is 148 feet ; and the noife may be heard upwards of fifteen miles .- The chief River i that of St. Laurence, navigable from the fea to Montreal; it receives the rivers Outaouais, Richelieu or Sorel, Troit Rivieres, Saguenay, Buflard, and an innumerable quantity of leffer ones. Cape Rohers is the most remarkable Cape of the Province of Quebec, and of the Gulf of St. Laurence.

NOVA-SCOTIA,

Is bounded on the N. by Canada, E. Gulf of St. Laurence, S. Atlantic Ocean, W. New England. The chief town in Nova-Scotia is Halifax, founded in 1749, by an embarkation of near 4000 families. It is fituated on Che-bucto-bay, where there is one of the fineft harbours in the world, capable of containing 1000 fhips in fecurity, and very commodious for the fifthery. Annapolis Royal was formerly called Port-Royal by the French, but received its present name in honour of Queen Anne; its harbour, which is as fine as that of Halifax, has the difadvantage of a very difficult entrance.-Lunenburg, a fmall town to the weft of Halifax; Canfo, another little town to the eaftward.-Capes : Cape Sable, the most fouthern point of the province, Sambro, Canfo .- Bays, the great bay of Fundy, with those of Chignicto, St. Mary's, Chebucto, Milford, Bayverte, Miramichy, and Chaleur-Bay. -Rivers : Riftigouche, Nipiffiguit, Minaqua, St. John's, and river St. Croix, which divides the province from New-England. By the Royal Proclamation of 1763, the illes of Cape Breton and St. John's, in the Gulf of St. Laurence, are annexed to the government of Nova Scotia. The former, where the French had the fortrefs of Louifbourg, now in ruins, has feveral good harbours, and plenty of coals; its inhabitants are very few. St. John's ifland, which is fettled by the English fince the peace, has a fruitful foil, and feveral good harbours; its chief place is Charlotte-town.

NEW-ENGLAND,

Is bounded on the E. by Nova-Scotia, E. and S. by the Atlantic Ocean. W. New-York. N. Canada .- Bofton, its metropolis, is fituated upon a peninfula, joined to the continent by a neck of land, about half a mile long, 60 yards broad, where General Gage erected fortifica ins. The town, which stands at the bottom of a capacious harbour, defended from the violence of the fea by numerous fmall iflands, is nearly two miles in length, and half a mile in breadth ; it contained about 3000 good houfes, forming spacious fireets, 10 churches, and near 18 or 20,000 inhabitants ; and was divided into 12 wards, each of which kept a company of foot. At the bottom of the harbour is a noble pier, near 2000 feet in length, along which, on the north fide, extends a row of warehoufes. A light-houfe was on one of the iflands, called the Brewfiers, at the entrance of the harbour; has alfo a caffle on another ifland $1\frac{1}{2}$ mile from the town.—Cambridge has no regular fireets, but is remarkable for Harvard College, now turned into barracks for the Provincial foldiers. The Rev. Mr. John Harvard, minifter of Charles-Town, left towards it a legacy of 800l. An additional building was afterwards crefted called Stoughton Hall; of the for configuration afterwards erected, called Stoughton Hall; of these confists the university. - New-England confists of the four following Provinces: NEW-HAMPSHIRE, MASSACHUSETS-BAY, RHODE-ISLAND, CONNECTICUT .- New-Hampshire, though laid out in townships, is not formed into counties; nor are there but few towns; Portsmouth, Hampton, Lichfield, Dunitable, and Exeter, are the chief, Portfmouth being the feat of government.-Maffachufets Bay contains the following counties and towns; York (formerly the Province of Main): York, Kittery, Wells, Biddiford, Falmouth, Yarmouth, counties and towns; York (formerly the Province of Main): York, Kittery, Wells, Biddiford, Falmouth, Yarmouth, Brunfwick: with feveral forts.—Effex: Salem, Marblehead, Lynn, Andover, Bradford, Haverill, Salifbury, Newbury, O Ipfwich, Wenham, Glocefter, Beverly, &c.—Middlefex: Cambridge (an univerfity), Charles. Town (burnt by the King's troops, June 17, 1775), Concord, Lexington, Medford, Malden, Waltham, Woburn, Wilmington, Reading, Billerika, Groton, Chelfea, Wefton, Stow, Marlborough, Sudbury, Sherburn, Natick, Hollifton, &c.—Hamp-frire: Northampton, Hadley, Hatfield, Sunderland, Deerfield, Northfield, Narraganfet, Peterfham, Penfufok, Springfield, S pringfield Eaft and Weft, Sheffield, &c.—Suffolk: Bos Tow, the metropolis of New-England, Roxbury, Dorchefter, Mil-ton, Brantree, Weymouth, Hingham, Konohaffet, Stoughton, Wrentham, Walpole, Bellingham, Medway, Medfield, O Deadham, &c.—Morcefter: Oxford, Leicefter, Sutton, Rutland, Old Rutland, Weftborough, Mendon, Uxbridge, Douglas, &c.,—Ancient Colony of Plymouth, Plymouth, Abingdon, Duxbury, Marthfield, &c.—Briffol: Attleborough, Eafton, Raynham, Bridgewater, Taunton, Dighton, Swanfey, Dartmouth, Rochefter, Barrington, Rehoboth, &c. O -Barnftaple: Barnftaple, Sandwich, Falmouth, Yarmouth, Harwich, Eaftham, Silver-fpring, Belingfeate, Truro, Chatham, &c.—Dukds County, or Ifland of Martha's Vingyard: Edgar, Tifbury, Chilmark, &c.—Nantuckket County and Ifland: Sherburn, &c.—Beiides the above, to the Maffachufets-Bay province alfo belongs the territory of Sagadabok, where, among other fmall fettlements, are two forts, George's Truck-houfe and Fort Frederic.—The counties, &c. of RHODE-ISLAND and PROVIDENCE PLANTATION, are, Providence, Warwick, Coventry, Scituate, Glocefler, &c. O RHODE-ISLAND and PROVIDENCE PLANTATION, are, Providence, Warwick, Coventry, Scituate, Glocefler, &c. -Briffol: Briffol. -Newport: Newport (capital of the province), and Portfmouth, in Rhode-Illand ;-Tiwerton, Fagland and Little Compton. -King's: Richmond, Exeter, Kingfton, Greenwich, &c. - The counties, &c. of CONNEC-TICUT are, Windham: Windham, Mansfield, Afhford, Killingfley, Pomfret, Canterbury, Voluntown, Plainfield, &c. -Lichfield: Lichfield, Woodbury, New Milford, Kent, Cornwall, Sharon, Wiatiak, or Salifbury, &c. - Hertford:

Hertford (the chief town of the colony), New Cambridge, Farmington, Hadham, Middletown, Glaffenbury, Wethers- of an oblong, defigned to extend two miles from river to river. The fireets are laid out in parallel lines, interfected by field, Willington, Somers, Windfor, Simfbury, &c-Newbaven : Newbaven, Milford, Brentford, Guildford, Derby, Durham, &c.-Fairfield : Fairfield, Norwalk, Stamford, Stratford, Ridgfield, Newtown, Danbury, New Fairfield, &c. Durham, &c. -- Fairfield : Fairfield, Norwalk, Stanford, Stratford, Ridgheld, Newtown, Danbury, New Fairfield, &c. -- New London : New London, Groton, Stonington, Norwich, Lime, Killingworth, Seabrook, &c. -- The principal Capes, Headlands, and Points of New-England, are, Pemaquid and Small Points, Cape Elizabeth, Black Point, Porpus and Nidduck, or Bald-head Capes, York Nubbles, Lock's Point, Great Boar's-head, Pigeon-hill, Cape Ann, Nahant, Pullein's, Alderton, Marfhfield, Gurnet, Monument and Sandy Points, Murray's Cliffs, Sandy, Belinfgate, and Race Points, Cape Cod, Head of Pamet, Cape Malebar or Sandy Point, Goofeberry Neck, Ninigret, Quakoragok, Watch, Pullein Bird Capes, and Harmonflat Points, Suchary's Head, South, Long, Neck, and Elizabeth, Discourd, Discourd, Cape, Cod, Head of Pamet, Cape Malebar or Sandy Point, Goofeberry Neck, Ninigret, Quakoragok, Watch, Pullein Bird Capes, and Harmonflat Points, Suchary's Head, South, Long, Neck, and Elizabeth, Discourd, Points, Cape, Cod, Head of Pamet, Cape, Suchary's Head, South, Long, Neck, and Elizabeth, Discourd, Points, Cape, Cod, Head of Pamet, Cape, Suchary's Head, South, Long, Neck, and Elizabeth, Discourd, Points, Cape, Cod, Head of Pamet, Cape, Suchary's Head, South, Long, Neck, and Elizabeth, Discourd, Points, Cape, Ca

Points, Cape Cod, Head of Pamet, Cape Malebar or Sandy Point, Goodeberry Neck, Nintgret, Quakoragok, Watch, Black, Pipe-flaves, and Hemunaffet Points, Sachem's Head, South, Long Neck, and Elizabeth Points, and Lion's Tongue; alfo Cape Poge, and Gay Head, in Martha's Vineyard.—The chief Bays are, Penobfcot, Kennebek, Cafko, Sawko, Wells, the great Bay of Maffachufets, Cape Cod bay (including Plymouth Bay), Buzzard's and Narraganfet Bay; to which may be added the Devil's-Belt, or Long Ifland Sound, between that Ifland and Connecticut, and Winipifficket Pond, in New-Hampfhire.—Harbours: Winter, Pifcataqua, Cape Ann, Bofton, Konohaffet, Scituate, Yarmouth, Slokum's, New-haven, Ship, and Old Town (in Martha's Vineyard Ifland).—The principal Rivers are, Connecticut, Themes, Patuwar, Merrimack, Pifcataqua, Sawko, Cafoow, Kennebek, and Penobfect Connecticut, Thames, Patuxet, Merrimack, Pifcataqua, Sawko, Cafcow, Kennebek, and Penobfcot.

NEW YORK,

Is bounded N. by Canada. E. New-England. S. Atlantic Ocean, and New Jerfey. W. and N. W. Pennfylvania and Canada. - Counties and Towns ; New York : New York (the capital of the province). - Charlotte and Tryon counties bordering upon the Iroquois.—Albany: Albany (an incorporated city, which carries a great trade with the Indians); Schonectad, or Schonectady (an incorporated town).—Ulfer.—Dutchefs.—Orange: Orange.—Weschefter: Westchefter (an incorporated town), Rye, Eastchefter. The city of New-York is fituated on the fouth point of Mahanatan Island, formed by Hudfon's river. Ships of 500 tons may come up to the wharfs of the city, and be always afloat. New-York commands a fine profpect of waters, the Jerfeys, Long and Staten Iflands, &c. and contains near 3000 houfes, divided into feven wards, and above 12,000 inhabitants. In the Broadway-fireet most of the houfes have a row of trees before them; the generality of the other fireets are narrow. One inconveniency is, the inhabitants being obliged to fetch their water from fprings at a confiderable diffance from the town. Several iflands belong to the Province of New-York; the two principal are Long Island and Staten Island; the first lies in length from East to Welt about 120 miles, and at a medium about 15 broad, it is divided into three counties, viz. King's, Queen's, and Suffolk, and has no town of note. Staten Ifland, which makes one county, lies to the weft of Long Ifland. Amongst the fortreffes of the province are, Ticonderago on Lake George, and Crown Point at the extremity of Lske Champlain, now in the hands of the Provincials.—*Capes* in New-York are, May, Sandy-Hook, and Montock Points.—*Straits*: the Narrows and Hell-Gate; through the latter, about 80 yards wide, it is extremely dangerous failing, on account of the different rapid currents; for if a veffel gets into any but the right one, the inevitably runs on a thoal of rocks on one fide, or is whirled round and fivallowed up by a dreadful vortex on the other. - Rivers : Hudfon's or the North River (which runs through the whole province from North to South), Mohawk, and Schochery. On the Mohawk is a large cataract, called the Cohoes, whole perpendicular height is 70 feet.

NEW JERSEY, DIVIDED INTO EAST AND WEST,

Is bounded on the N. by New York. E. Atlantic Ocean. W. and S. W. Delaware River and Bay.-The counties and Is bounded on the N. by New York. E. Atlantic Ocean. W. and S. W. Delaware River and Bay. - The counties and towns in the Eaft Diffrict are, *Middlefex*: Perth-Amboy, New Brunfwick, Woodbridge, - Monmouth: Freehold. ----Effex: Elizabeth, Newark. Somerfet. Bergen: Bergen. Counties and towns in the Weft Diffrict; Burlington: Bur-lington, or Bridlington. Glaceflex: Glocefter. Salem: Salem. Cumberland: Hopewell. Cape May. Hunterdon: Tren-ton. Morris: Morris. Suffex. Perth-Amboy, the provincial town of the Eaft Jerfey, is delightfully fituated on a neck of land, included between the rivers Rariton and Amboy and a large open bay.-Burlington, the chief town of the Welf Jerfey, flands on the Delaware. In these two towns the General Affembly of all the Jerfeys fit alternately, and the diffinet Provincial or Supreme Courts fit respectively .- Brunswick is remarkable for the number of its beautifu women. In this town, which is nearly the center of the East and West Jerseys, there was established, in 1746, a college for the inftruction of youth, by a charter from Governor Belcher, with power to confer all degrees, as in the Universities of England.-Cape May is the chief Cape, at the entrance of Delaware-Bay; Perth-Amboy the chief Harbour; Delaware, Rariton, and Pafaic, the principal Rivers.

others at right angles, and are handfomely built, well lighted, and watched: a pavement of broad flones runs along each lide for loot-paffengers. The Quays are fpacious and fine, the principal one is 200 feet wide, and to this a veifel of 500 tons may lay her broad-fide.—Cape Hinlopen is the principal Cape of Pennfylvania, at the entrance of Dela-ware-Bay.—The chief *Rivers* are, the Delaware, Sufquehanna, and Schuilkill.

' MARYLAND,

Is bounded on the N. by Pennfylvania. E. Counties of Delaware and Atlantic Ocean. S. and W. by the Pa-towmack River, which feparates the Province from Virginia.—Its counties and towns are, in the EAST DIVISION Worcefter: Princefs Anne.—Somerfet: Snow-hill.—Dorfet: Dorfet or Dorchefter.—Talbot: Oxford.—Cecil.—Queen Anne's: Queen's-Town.—Kent: Chefter.— Counties and Towns in the WEST DIVISION; St. Mary's: St. Mary's: Mary's.— Charles: Briftol.—Prince George: Masterkout.—Calvert: Abingdon.—Arundel: Annapolis. — Baltimore: Baltimore. —Frederic.—Annapolis, the capital, is a small neat town, of 150 houses; the flreets are irregular, and not paved. It is fituated on a peninfula formed by the river Severn and two finall creeks, affording a beautiful profpect of Cheatapeak-bay, and of the Eaftern fhore beyond it. The chief river, which is navigable, is Patowmack.—Cheafapeak-bay includes many creeks, which afford the Province great commercial advantages by the convenience of inland navigation.

VIRGINIA,

Is bounded on the N. E. by the River Patowmack, dividing it from Maryland. E. Atlantic Ocean. S. North-Carolina. W. and N. W. the Apalachean Mountains. The counties and towns are, Amherft, Henrico, Richmond, Williamfburg, Prince William, Spotfylvania, Charlotte; James City, chief towns, Williamfburg and James-Town; Northumberland, Nanfemond, Buckingham, King and Queen, Stafford, Mecklenburgh, Loudouu, Louita, Dinwiddie, Effex or Rappahanock, York, Prince Edward, Lancafter, Fairfax, Goochland, Cumberland, Brunhwick, Fauquier, Frederick, Middlefex Northampton, Hampfhire, Prince George, Augusta, Surry, Bedford, Isle of Wight, Hanover, King George, Glocester, Princes Ann, Warwick, Albemarle, Caroline, New Kent, Southampton, Lunenburgh, Culpeper, King William, Halifax, Suffex; Norfolk, chief town, Norfolk, now in astes; Amelia; Elizabetb, chief town, Elizabeth; Chefterfield, Pitfylvania. Williamfburg, the capital town, fituated between two creeks, the one falling into James, the other into York River, contains 200 houfes. Here is a college, towards endowing which King William and Queen Mary gave 2000l. and 2000 acres of land, with a duty of id. per pound on all tobacco exported to the other plantations .- The Capes of Virginia, called Henry and Charles, open a paffage into the Bay of Cheafapeak, one of the largelt and finest in the world, being 18 miles broad at its mouth, and 7 or 8 throughout a length of near 200 miles, which it runs N. up the country. The chief *Rivers* are, James, York or Pamunky, Rappahanock, and Patowmack; they not only admit large flips into the very heart of the country, but abound with fo many creeks, and receive fuch a multitude of inferior, yet navigable rivers, that Virginia feems unrivalled throughout the universe for convenience of inland navigation; indeed, it has been obferved, and with reafon, that every planter here has a river at his door.

CAROLINA, DIVIDED INTO NORTH AND SOUTH,

Is bounded on the N. by Virginia. E. Atlantic Ocean. S. by Georgia and the Cherokees Indians. W. Apalachean Is bounded on the N. by Virginia. E. Atlantic Ocean. S. by Georgia and the Cherokees Indians. W. Apalachean Mountains and the Cherokees Indians. NORTH CAROLINA is divided into the counties of Anfon, Bladon, Beaufort, Brunfwic, Bute, Cartaret, Carrituck, Craven, Chatham, Chowan, Dobbs, Duplin, Edgecumbe, Granville, Guild-ford, Hyde, Halifax, Johnfton, Mecklenburgh, New Hanover, Northampton, Orange, Onflow, Pafquotank, Per-quimons, Rowan, Surry, Tyrrel, Tryon, Pitt, Wake, Bertie. The principal Towns are, Bath, Brunfwic, Edenton, Halifax, Hillfborough, Newbern, Salifbury, Wilmington. Edenton and Newbern are the capitals of the province. South CAROLINA contains the Counties and Towns of Berkeley; Charleftown, Dorchefter, Shemtown, -Colleton; Leakinghurgh, Councille, Berufort, Port Royal, Purtufnume, New Redner, Concent Town, Town Jackfonburgh.—Granville; Beaufort, Port-Royal, Purryfburgh, New Radnor.—Craven; George-Town.—Winyare. —Charles-Town is the capital and feat of government of South Carolina, and for fize, beauty, and trade, vies with the first towns in America; it is advantageously fituated at the confluence of the two navigable rivers Afhley and Cowper, in a most delightful neighbourhood : the streets are wide and straight, interfecting each other at right angles; and the houses, fome of which are of brick, and others of wood, amounting to about 1000, are well and elegantly built : its harbour has a bar at the entrance, which excludes veffels of more than 200 tons .- The Capes are, Hatteras, Look-out, and Cape Fear, in North Carolina; Cape Carteret, in South Carolina.-The Harurs are, Roanoke, Pamtico, and Cape Fear, in North Carolina; the two first do not admit vessels of above fourfcore tons: Winyaw or George Town, Charles Town, and Port-Royal, in South-Carolina. Port Royal, the best harbour in the Carolinas, is capable of receiving the largeft fleets, both with respect to number, bulk, and burthen, with the utmost fafety. The little town of Beaufort is built on an island of the fame name, at the extremity of the harbour .- The Rivers are, Roanoke or Albemarle, Pamtico, Neus, Cape Fear, in North Carolina; Pedee, Santee, and Savannah, in South Carolina.

PENNSYLVANIA, TOGETHER WITH THE COUNTIES ON DELAWARE, Is bounded on the N. by part of New-York. E. Delaware River, dividing it from New Jerfey. S. Maryland. W. partly by Virginia, and partly by Canada.-The counties and towns are, *Philadelphia*: Philadelphia, Germantown, Dublin, Francfort.-Chefter: Chefter.-Bucks: Newtown, Briftol _Berks: Reading.-Northampton: Eatton.-Lan-Dublin, Francfort.—*Chefter*: Chetter.—*Bucks*: Newtown, Erittol—*Berks*: Reading.—*Northampton*: Eatlon.—*Lancafter*: Lancafter, a town of 500 houfes.—*Fork*: York.—*Cumberland*: Carlifle, a town of 500 houfes.—*Bedford*.— On Delaware; *Newcaftle*: Newcaftle.—*Kent*: Dover.—*Suffex*: Lewes.—The city of Philadelphia was planned by the exalted and benevolent genius of the famous William Penn. It is fituated on a tongue of land, very near the confluence of the Delaware and Schuilkill Rivers, contains 3000 houfes, and 18 or 20,000 inhabitants: it is difpoled in the form

A TABLE of the Population of the BRITISH COLONIES in North-America. published in New-Jerfey, in November, 1765. Names of the Colonies. Men (White and Black) Number of Tub hitset

	able to bear Arms.	Lyumber of Inbabitants.
Canada, and Labrador Nova-Scotia, and Northern Iflands Maffachufets-bay England New-Hampfhire Connecticut Rhode-Ifland New-York The Two Jerfeys (Eaft and Weft), Pennfylvania, with the Lower Counties on Delaware Virginia, with Maryland North Carolina South-Carolina Georgia, with the Two Floridas	30,000	$ \begin{array}{c} 120,000\\ 40,000\\ 280,000\\ 80,000\\ 180,000\\ 60,000\\ 100,000\\ 80,000\\ 400,000\\ 720,000\\ 720,000\\ 120,000\\ 180,000\\ 40,000\\ \end{array} $
Total	600,000	2,400,000

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GEORGIA,

Is bounded on the E. and S. E. by the Savannah River, which divides it from South Carolina, and by the Atlantic; on the S. by St. Mary's River; on the W. by the Creek Indians; and on the N. by the Cherokees. It is not yet divided into counties. Its chief town is Savannah, about 12 miles from the fea, upon the large river of the fame name, navigable for boats 200 miles further to the fecond town Augusta, which stands upon a most fertile spot, and is very commodioufly fituated for the Indian trade. Between those two places, and on the fame river, are the towns of New Gottingen, Ebenezer, Abercorn, &c. Frederica is built in one of the iflands which divide the Eastern coast, and whole numerous channels are very favourable to the navigation of finall veffels. ---- The Rivers of Georgia (befides the Savannah, already mentioned) are, the Little Hogohechee, Great Hogohechee, Alatamaha, Great Sitilla, &c. all navigable for boats a great way in the country.

FLORIDA, DIVIDED INTO EAST AND WEST.

By the Royal Proclamation of 1763, the following boundaries are annexed to those provinces, viz. EAST FLORIDA is bounded to the Westward by the Gulf of Mexico and the Apalachicola River; to the Northward, by a Line drawn from that part of the faid River where the Chatahooche and Flint Rivers meet, to the fource of St. Mary's River, and by the Courfe of the faid River to the Atlantic Ocean; and to the Eaftward and Southward, by the Atlantic Ocean and the Gulf of Florida, including all iflands within fix leagues of the fea-coaft .- St. Augustine, the chief town, is Ocean and the Gulf of Florida, including all filands within hx leagues of the fea-coalt. St. Augultine, the chief town, is fituated upon the Eaftern fhore, and contains about 900 houfes, moftly uninhabited. The River St. John, the principal of this province, in point of utility and beauty, is not inferior to any in America; veffels may go up the river almoft as eafy as down, for 200 miles. WEST FLORIDA is bounded to the Southward by the Gulf of Mexico, including all the iflands within fix leagues of the coaft from the River Apalachicola to Lake Ponchartrain; to the Weftward, by the faid Lake and the River Mifflippi; to the Northward, by a Line drawn due Eaft from that Part of the River Mifflippi which lies in 31 degrees North latitude, to the confluence of the Rivers Flint and Chatahooche into the Apalachicola , and to the Eaftward, by the foid Apalachicola River. The chief town is Parford, built Apalachicola; and to the Eaftward, by the faid Apalachicola River. The chief town is Penfacola, built on the Weft fide of a bay receiving feveral rivers, in which fhips may lie fafe from all winds: it is the beft harbour on this coaft. To the Weft of Penfacola is the great Bay Mobile, with feveral French fettlements.