

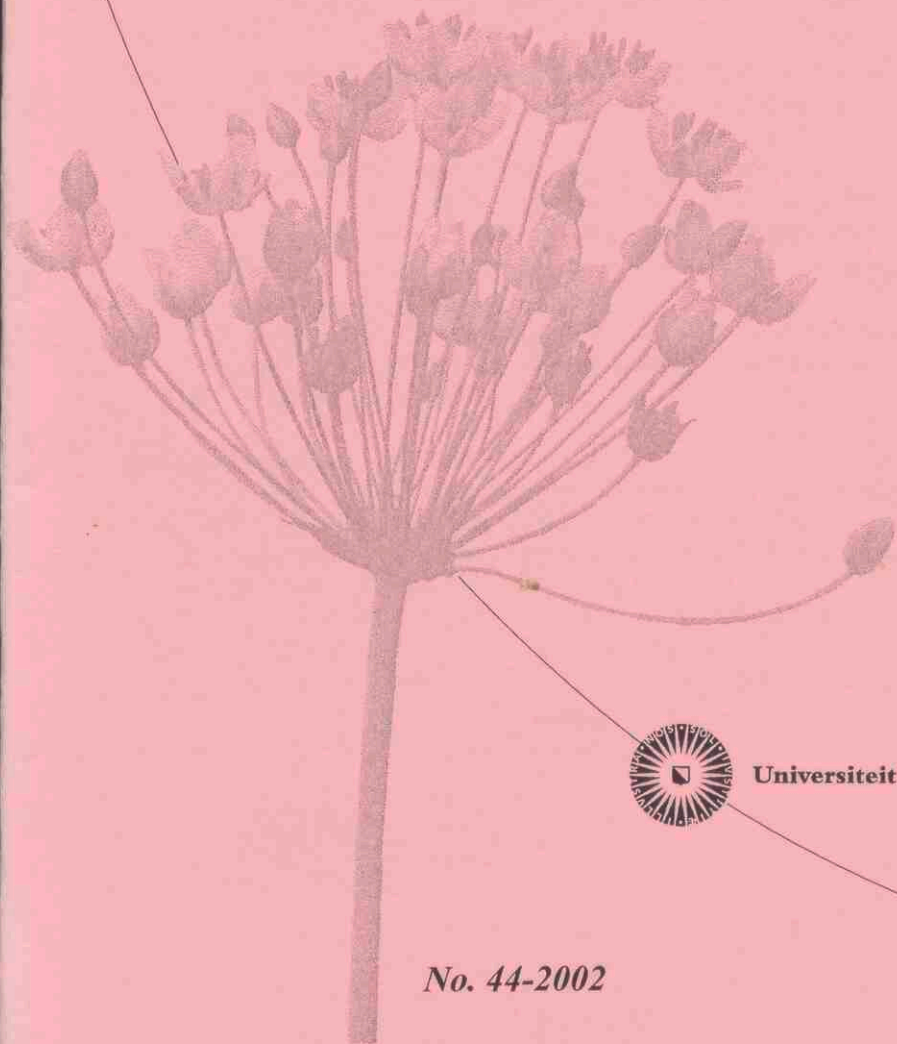


Index seminarum

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Index Seminum

*Utrecht University
Botanic Gardens
The Netherlands*



Universiteit Utrecht

No. 44-2002

UNIVERSITEITSBIBLIOTHEEK UTRECHT



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Utrecht University

Botanic Gardens

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The Netherlands

<http://www.bio.uu.nl/botgard/>

Index Seminum No. 44 - 2002

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Gardens location

- Utrecht: Fort Hoofddijk (University Centre)
- Doorn: Von Gimborn Arboretum

Situation and climate:

Geographical position of the Main Garden	52 06' N : 5 11' E
Altitude	2 m above sea level
Geographical position of the Von Gimborn Arboretum	52 00' N : 5 20' E
Altitude	3 m above sea level
Mean daily minimum of the coldest month	- 0,6 °C
Mean daily maximum of the warmest month	+ 21,6 °C
Highest temperature	+ 36,8 °C *
Lowest temperature	- 24,8 °C *
Average rainfall	803 mm

*Monitored since 1849



From the Curator's Department

With the presentation of this Index Seminum No. 44-2002 we take the opportunity, as usual, to inform you on the latest developments in Utrecht University Botanic Gardens.

In general, the activities of the curators are divided in the following main groups:

- Hans Persoon [HP]: Arboretum, Systematic Garden, Theme Garden
- Eric Gouda [EG]: Greenhouse Collections (focal point: Neotropical Collections) and the Rock Garden

Specializations:

In the framework of the National Plant Collection (NP), Utrecht University Botanic Gardens are maintaining specializations on the following groups and taxa:

- Flora of the Neotropics: [EG] Flora of the Guianas, with special emphasis on:
Bromeliaceae *Orchidaceae* *Costaceae*
- Broad-leaved hardy trees and shrubs: [HP]
Aceraceae *Betulaceae* *Ericaceae*
Euonymus *Laburnum* *Magnolia*
Oleaceae (esp.: *Fraxinus* and *Syringa*)
- *Annonaceae* (Research Collection) [EG]
- Conifers (esp. *Tsuga*) [HP]
- Alpines [EG]
- *Crassulaceae* (Research Collection) [EG]
- selected woodland plants (*Arisaema*, *Asarum* & *Trillium*) [EG]
- *Penstemon* [EG]
- *Lecanopteris* [EG]

These specializations are given extra attention regarding verification, nomenclature, wild source material, etc.

We are especially interested in material from natural sources of the groups and taxa mentioned above. We seek cooperation with gardens with identical specializations. If you are interested, please contact us and we will provide additional information.

Aceraceae:

We have the honour to announce that our Botanic Gardens was asked for a second time to be the Host Garden for the Bursary of the International Dendrology Society. This Bursary was generously donated by the I.D.S. to Dr. Cao Wei from Shenyang, China. He started his research, which is devoted to our *Aceraceae* Project in September 1999. Within the Section *Platanoidea*, the *A. pictum* - (*A. mono*) complex is the focal point of a D.N.A. research programme.

The research within this *Aceraceae* Project will take place in a number of phases

and we wish to thank the following organisations for their cooperation:

- * Dutch Botanic Gardens Foundation
- * The Maple Society
- * IUCN-SCC Temperate Broadleaved Trees Specialist Group
- * Botanic Gardens Conservation International (BGCI)
- * Regional Office of BGCI at Utrecht
- * Professional Growers of Aceraceae and the Keeper of the "Aceretum", Mr. D.M. v. Gelderen (Fa. C.Esveld) at Boskoop.

One of the goals will be the production of a survey of taxa of *Aceraceae*, currently considered threatened (IUCN Conservation Categories) present in the Western Botanic Gardens.

This list will be analysed and completed with the threatened species native to Temperate Asia. Special emphasis will be put on specimens of recorded wild origin. In this respect we kindly request the help and support of our Chinese colleagues.

Bromeliaceae:

Study and development in the *Bromeliaceae* collection has several focus points. In the first place the *Bromeliaceae* research project for the "Flora of the Guianas": we try to grow all possible species from this area.

Beside this, the *Tillandsioideae* collection (as Subfamily of the *Bromeliaceae*) is part of the National Plant Collection (NP). The genus *Tillandsia* of the Andian countries (especially Bolivia & Ecuador) has a special attention because of the various taxonomic problems on species level in these areas. To increase the general knowledge about the recognised genera in the Family we try to grow representatives from all genera. It is evident that our Bromeliaceae Collections will increase dramatically in both size and quality.

Arisaema:

The last few years we have been very active with this group, increasing the number of wild collected species in the collection. Some areas, like the Peat Garden, have been improved to grow more Arisaemas. International contact with various *Arisaema* (*Araceae*) specialists caused considerable improvement of the collection.

Last but not least, the living collections have been enriched this year. Many new accessions from natural sources replaced accessions from cultivated origin, as part of the long-term collection strategy to replace plants of cultivated origin for wild-collected stock.

Codes used

Explanation of provenance codes:

- E=** Seeds collected in the wild
S= Seeds derived from a plant in cultivation but from known natural source (not necessarily F1 generation).
G= Seeds from a plant from an other Botanical Garden or Institute; not from known natural source.
K= Nursery origin; not from known natural source.

Verification:

The seeds in this list have been taken from verified plants and only if we were reasonably sure that cross-pollination with related species would be unlikely. Verification codes used: **V**=verified; **I**=identified; **S**=identified by specialist

Accession Numbers:

The first two digits indicate the year of registration, (-- = unknown year of entry). The next two characters are coding for the garden location or specific group of plants: **GR**=Green houses; **BL**=Rock Garden; **ZG**=Orig. Von Gimborn Arboretum; **RD**=Woody Plants; **SL**= Seedlist only; **ZE**=Annuals and Biennials; **ZS** and **ZB**= Perennials.

The other five digits are a sequence number.

Explanation of abbreviated collector names:

A	A. Bakker	HTH	H.'t Hart
CT	C. Theune	HVDW	H. v.d. Werff
EAM	E. A. Mennega	MAAS	P.J.M. Maas
EHLERS	R. Ehlers	MOONEN	J. Moonen
ERN	H. Ern	Leu	Leuenberger
F.BI	F. Billiet	L & G	J.C. Lindeman & A. Görts
GB	G. van Buiten	SEP	Swedish Expedition to Pakistan
GR & SM	S. Gradstein & Smittenberg	WOLB	L. v.d. Wollenberg
HEKK	W. Hekking		

Source of illustrations used:

From colour illustrations made by the late Dr. C.D. Laros, Utrecht University Botanic Gardens.

This Index Seminum is printed on BIOTOP® (recycled, chlorine-free) paper.

Aceraceae

1. G V --ZG00968 *Acer maximowiczianum* Miq.
2. G I --ZG00997 *Acer micranthum* Siebold & Zucc.
3. K V 78RD00724 *Acer triflorum* Kom.

Agavaceae

4. G I 73GR00695 *Phormium tenax* J.R. & G.Forst.

Amaranthaceae

5. G I 73ZE00844 *Amaranthus retroflexus* L.
6. E V 74GR00319 *Pleuropetalum darwinii* Hook.f.; [HVDW 178]
Galapagos Islands, no other details available!

Apiaceae

7. E I 02SL01701 *Eryngium campestre* L.; [GB s.n.] Netherlands,
Zeeland, Schouwen-Duiveland, nature reserve
Bommenede, near Zonnemaire (saline).
8. G I 69BL00242 *Olymposciadium caespitosum* (J.E.Sm.) Wolff

Apocynaceae

9. G I 74GR00732 *Alyxia buxifolia* R.Br.

Aquifoliaceae

10. G V 61RD00653 *Ilex pedunculosa* Miq. var. *pedunculosa*

Araceae

11. E I 73BL00133 *Biarum tenuifolium* (L.) Schott var. *abbreviatum* (Schott) Engl.; [HTH] Greece, Parnassos Mts; 73-09-03. 1200 m Alt.
12. G I 68GR00913 *Nephtytis afzelii* Schott

Aristolochiaceae

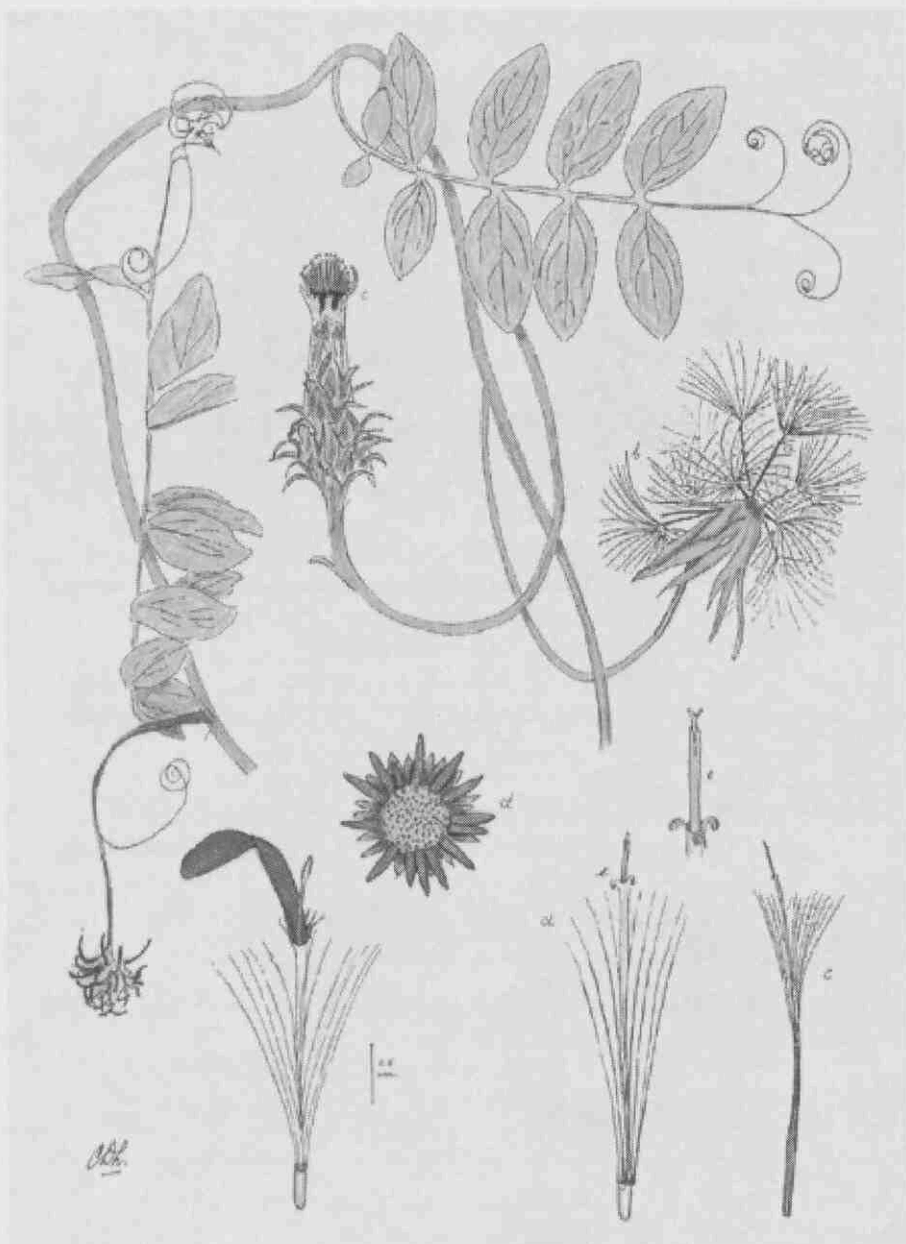
13. G V 92GR01149 *Aristolochia fimbriata* Cham.
14. S I 92GR00988 *Aristolochia littoralis* Parodi; El Salvador, Acajutla.

Asteraceae

15. S I 96BL00417 *Aster foliaceus* Lindl. (*A. subspicatus* Nees); Canada, B.C, Peace River District.
16. E I 02SL01698 *Aster tripolium* L.; [GB s.n.] Netherlands, Zeeland, Schouwen-Duiveland, nature reserve Bommenede, near Zonnemaire (saline).
17. E I 65BL00001 *Centaurea rhenana* Bor. subsp. *rhenana*; Czechoslovakia, alps.
18. G V 94GR00044 *Mutisia coccinea* St.-Hil. var. *coccinea*
19. E V 90ZE00538 *Sanvitalia procumbens* Lam.; Mexico, Km.26, carretera Jolalpan-Axochiapa, Morelos.
20. E I 75ZB00011 *Vernonia altissima* Nutt.; [A] U.S of N. America, Kentucky, Between Louisville and Lexington, no other details available!

Brassicaceae

21. E I 64BL00214 *Alyssoides utriculata* (L.) Medik.; Switzerland, near Martigny, during excursion; 1958.
22. G I 91ZE00646 *Brassica nigra* (L.) W.D.J.Koch
23. E I 72ZE02073 *Crambe hispanica* L. var. *glabrata* (DC.) Coss.; Spain, no other data available.
24. E I 91ZS00974 *Diplotaxis tenuifolia* (L.) DC.; Switzerland, Wallis, no further details! 700 m Alt.



Mutisia coccinea St.-Hill. var *coccinea* (Asteraceae)

Bromeliaceae

25. E I 90GR00249 *Aechmea aquilega* (Salisb.) Griseb. var. *aquilega*; [F.BI] French Guiana, Lucifer,
26. G S 72GR00240 *Aechmea filicaulis* (Griseb.) Mez
27. S I 96GR00653 *Aechmea nudicaulis* (L.) Griseb. var. *nudicaulis*; [Leu-3096] Brazil, Bahia, Mun. Camaca, Estrada BR101, 2 km S Camaca, "mata higrofila" with Cacao. Epiphyt.
28. E S 00GR00642 *Aechmea racinae* L.B. Sm.; [EHLERSs.n.] Brazil, Santa Catarina
29. S S 01GR00927 *Araeococcus goeldianus* L.B.Sm.; [MOONENs.n.] French Guiana, prob. Savanne Roche 14e Juillet.
30. G S 98GR00469 *Billbergia viridiflora* H.Wendland
31. G S 01GR00926 *Guzmania conifera* André ex Mez
32. E S 99GR00120 *Pitcairnia nuda* Baker; [E.G. 99-25] Suriname, Volz Mt. Reserve, Top II.
33. E V 98GR01463 *Tillandsia disticha* H.B.& K.; Peru, 1984.
34. E I 94GR02192 *Tillandsia schiedeana* Steud.; Honduras (probably) without locality.
35. G S 00GR00641 *Vriesea pauperrima* E.Pereira
36. E S 97GR00910 *Vriesea splendens* (Brongn.) Lem.; [MOONEN181] French Guiana, Mt. de Kaw; 97-09-14

Buddlejaceae

37. E V 99RD01423 *Buddleja albiflora* Hemsl.; N.China, Gansu, Mt. Maiji, by the waterside. 1500 m Alt.

Campanulaceae

38. E V 98BL00925 *Campanula takesimana* Nakai; South Korea, To-Dong, Ullung-Gun, Kyongsang Pukto. 150 m Alt.
39. G I 83BL00350 *Edraianthus dinaricus* (Kerner) Wettst.

Cannaceae

40. E S 89GR00010 *Canna indica* L.; [WOLB 88-001] Nepal, near village Phalenksangu, along Annapurna Trail on steep slope to river, 700 m Alt.

Capparaceae

41. E I 99GR00209 *Cleome viridiflora* Schreber; [MAAS 8803] Bolivia, I. Vargas C., C. Specht, F. Chispe.

Caprifoliaceae

42. K V 85RD00389 *Heptacodium miconioides* Rehder

Caryophyllaceae

43. E I 82BL00048 *Dianthus amurensis* Jacq.; Russia, Siberia, no further details!
44. S I 94BL00406 *Dianthus viscidus* Bory & Chaub.; Greece, Macedonia, Nomos, Kastorias, Pefkos/Kastoria, calcareous. 1350 m Alt.

Celastraceae

45. G V 80RD00222 *Euonymus bungeanus* Maxim. var. *bungeanus*

Chenopodiaceae

46. E I 02SL01704 *Suaeda maritima* (L.) Dumort.; [GB s.n.] Netherlands, Zeeland, Schouwen-Duiveland, nature reserve Bommenede, near Zonnemaire (saline).

Cistaceae

47. E I 66ZE02115 *Tuberaria guttata* (L.) Fourr.; [EAM s.n.] Spain, near Camping Leiro, between Orense and Vigo.

Commelinaceae

48. G I 72GR00380 *Palisota bracteosa* C.B.Clarke
49. E V 91ZS00825 *Tradescantia ohiensis* Raf.; U.S.A., Pennsylvania,
grounds Bowman's Hill Wildflower Preserve.

Crassulaceae

50. G I 77BL00079 *Chiastophyllum oppositifolium* (Ledeb. ex Nordm.)
Berger
51. G I 67BL00082 *Sedum dumulosum* Franch.

Cyperaceae

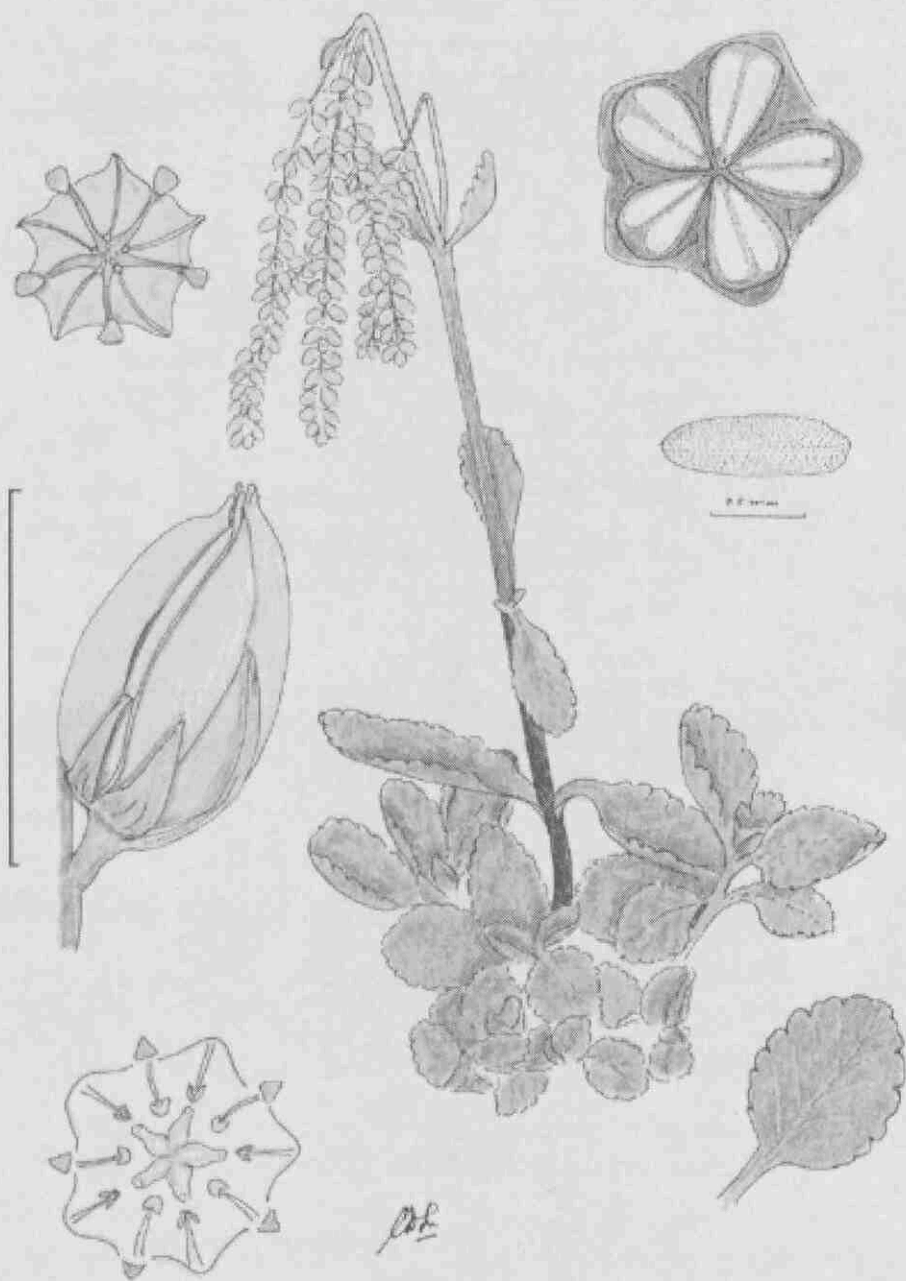
52. E V 96ZS00383 *Carex buxbaumii* Wahlenb. subsp. *buxbaumii*; Austria,
Salzburg, Grabensee 0,5 km SSW Gransdorf. 504 m
Alt.

Dipsacaceae

53. E V 91ZE00259 *Dipsacus fullonum* L.; Switzerland, Reinach,
Reinacherheide. 280 m Alt.

Ericaceae

54. G I --ZG00184 *Enkianthus cernuus* (Siebold & Zucc.) Makino var.
rubens (Maxim.) Makino
55. G I --ZG01222 *Kalmia latifolia* L.
56. E 96RD00478 *Kalmia microphylla* (Hook.) A.Heller; U.S.A.,
Washington, Gifford Pinchot National Forest, coll.:
95-08-27.
57. G I --ZG00097 *Rhododendron canadense* (L.) Torr.
58. G I --ZG01146 *Zenobia pulverulenta* (W.Bartram ex Willd.) Pollard



Chiastophyllum oppositifolium (Ledeb. ex Nordm.) (Crassulaceae)

Fabaceae

59. E V 72ZE02110 *Lathyrus clymenum* L.; France, E. Pyrenees, Roussillon, Corniche catalane: Port-Vendres, Banyuls, Cerbère, on coastel cliffs.

Gentianaceae

60. E V 83BL00287 *Gentiana affinis* Griseb.; Oregon, no other details available!
61. S I 98BL00012 *Gentiana septemfida* Pall. subsp. *septemfida*; Caucasus, Archyz.

Geraniaceae

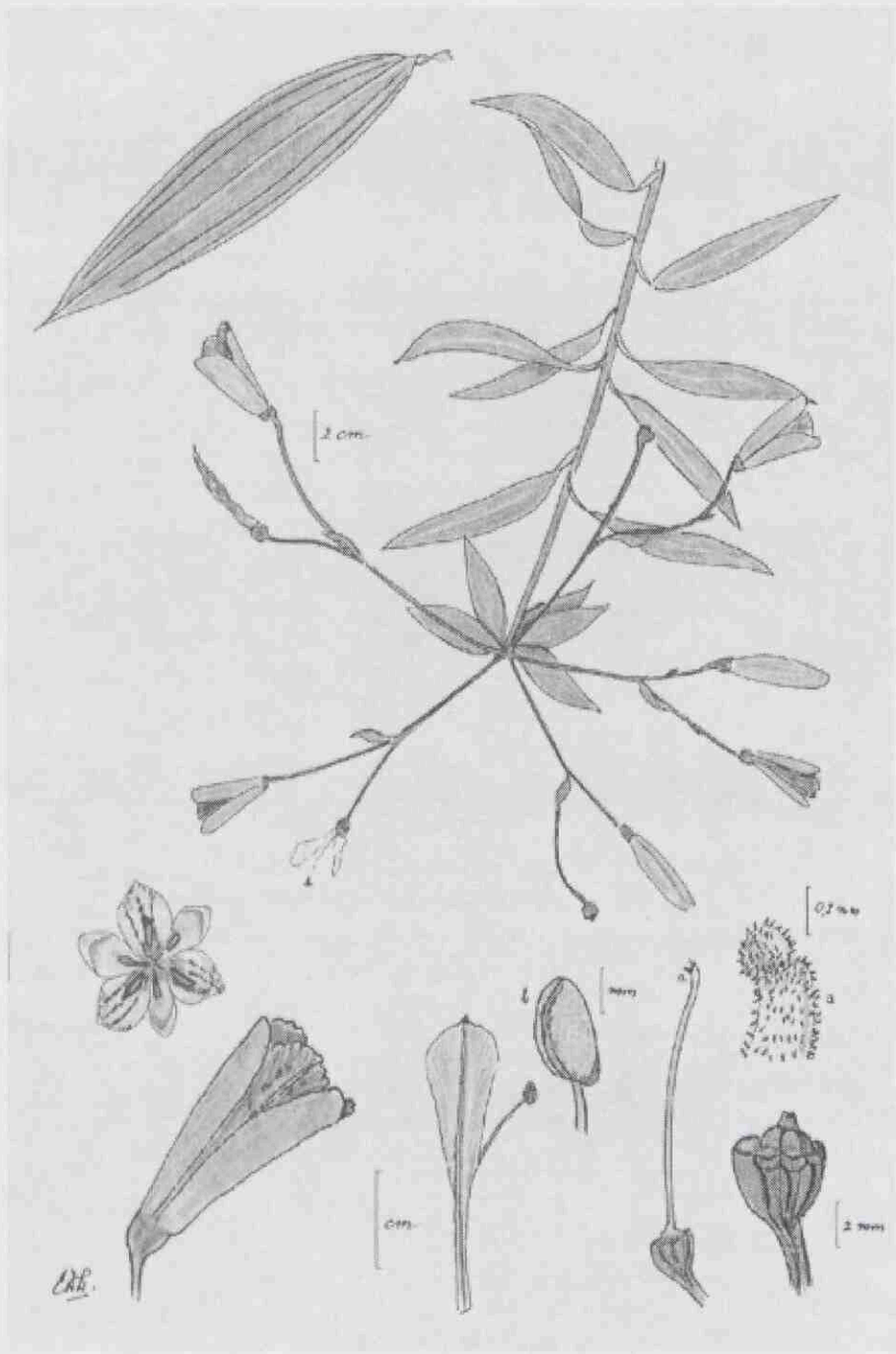
62. G V 61ZE00881 *Erodium cicutarium* (L.) L'Hér. ex Aiton subsp. *cutarium*
63. E V 87BL00423 *Geranium soboliferum* Kom.; Japan, Oshino-muro, near Mnt. Fuji. 95-1000 m Alt.

Gesneriaceae

64. G I 66BL00054 *Haberlea rhodopensis* Friv.
65. G V 65BL00453 *Ramonda myconi* (L.) Rchb.
66. S I 82BL00132 *Ramonda nathaliae* Pancic & Petrovic; Yugoslavia, Titov Veles. 230 mAlt.

Globulariaceae

67. E 91BL00275 *Globularia cordifolia* L.; Switzerland, BE, Brienzwieler, Wielerhorn. 1700 m Alt.
68. S V 98BL00265 *Globularia trichosantha* Fisch. & Mey.; Turkey, Pelli-Dag. 2200 m Alt.



Bomarea edulis (Tussac) Herb. (Liliaceae)

Haemodoraceae

69. E I 72GR00370 *Xiphidium caeruleum* Aubl.; [HEKK] Surinam, no further details.

Iridaceae

70. E I 96BL00959 *Iris hartwegii* Baker; USA, California, Humboldt Co., N of Eureka, Prairie Creek Redwoods State Park, Fern Canyon. 40 m Alt.
71. G I 77BL00409 *Iris magnifica* Vved.
72. S I 95BL00180 *Iris sintenisii* Janka subsp. *sintenisii*; Bulgaria, Eastern Sredna Gora Mts.

Juncaceae

73. E V 80ZS00050 *Juncus effusus* L.; W. Hungary, Comit. Vas, opp. Szöce.
74. S V 93BL00754 *Juncus ensifolius* Wikstr.; Canada, British Columbia, Kookeney Lake, Dandspit.

Lamiaceae

75. S V 94BL00415 *Scutellaria diffusa* Benth.; [ERN 6923] Turkey, Prov. Hatay, Amanus- mts. (Gavur Daglari), Atik.

Liliaceae

76. E I 80GR00248 *Bomarea edulis* (Tussac) Herb.; [L&G 455] Suriname, Kabelebo area, along Barieba Creek.
77. E I 68BL00137 *Ornithogalum sphaerocarpon* A.Kern.; [GR&SM s.n.] Greece, Isl Crete, no other details available!

Lythraceae

78. E V 90ZE00952 *Lythrum hyssopifolia* L.; (East) Germany, Kreiss Prensleu, Güstow.

Magnoliaceae

79. G I --ZG00099 *Liriodendron tulipifera* L.
80. G V 65RD00047 *Magnolia tripetala* (L.) L.
81. G I --ZG01144 *Magnolia virginiana* L.

Myrsinaceae

82. G I 74GR00008 *Ardisia solanacea* Roxb.

Onagraceae

83. G I 53ZE00879 *Clarkia purpurea* (Curtis) A.Nelson & J.F.Macbr.
84. E S 80GR00318 *Fuchsia paniculata* Lindl.; [MAAS 4985] Chiriqui
Mt.wood near Guadeloupe, 2 km N of Cerro Punta.
1800 m Alt.

Papaveraceae

85. E V 98ZE00094 *Papaver rhoeas* L.; Germany, Vorpommern,
W.Greifswald, along the road between Greifswald and
Ladebow.

Passifloraceae

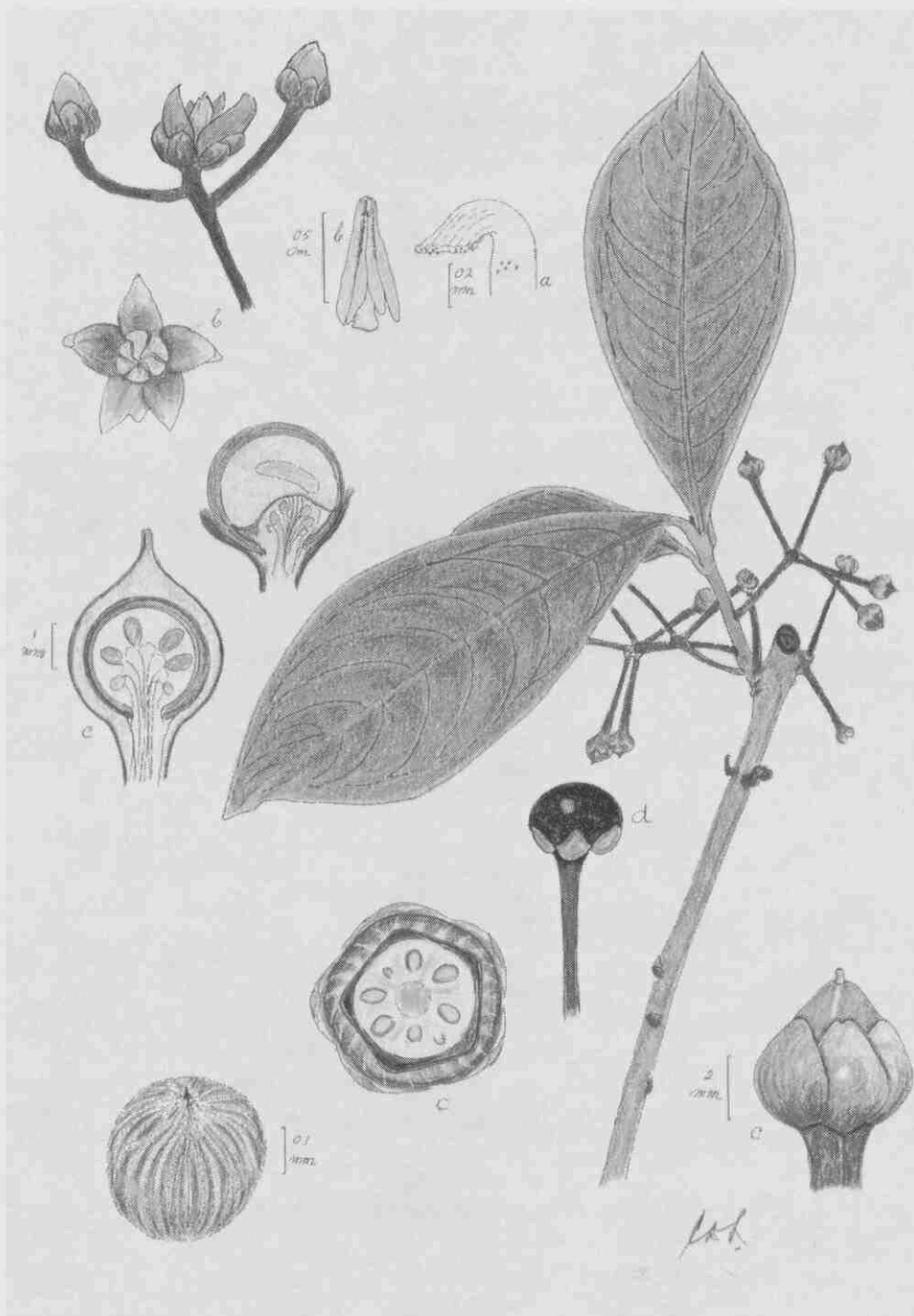
86. G V 98GR00988 *Passiflora suberosa* L.

Phytolaccaceae

87. S V 91ZS00782 *Phytolacca americana* L.; E. Canada, no further details!

Pinaceae

88. G I --ZG00915 *Pseudolarix amabilis* (A.Nelson) Rehder



Ardisia solanacea Roxb. (Myrsinaceae)

Pittosporaceae

89. G I 73GR00514 *Citriobatus multiflorus* A.Cunn.

Plumbaginaceae

90. E 87BL00526 *Bukiniczia cabulica* (Boiss.) Lincz.; [EP 18] Pakistan, Gilgit, Hunza, Batura Glacier, N. side, dry moraine, 2920-3000 m Alt.

Primulaceae

91. E I 83BL00281 *Dodecatheon pulchellum* (Raf.) Merr. subsp. *pulchellum*; U.S.A., N.W. Oregon; 1982.

Rosaceae

92. E V 94RD00736 *Rosa arvensis* Huds.; The Netherlands, Prov. Limburg, Epen, 'onderste bos', on cretaceous soil.

Rubiaceae

93. G 94GR00988 *Coffea arabica* L.

Saxifragaceae

94. E I 81BL00238 *Saxifraga sempervivum* K.Koch; [CYT T24903] Bulgaria, Rodopen, road Cudnite Mostove - Cepelaze, 1050 m Alt.

Sciadopytiaceae

95. G I --ZG01861 *Sciadopitys verticillata* (Thunb. ex Murray) Siebold & Zucc.

Scrophulariaceae

96. E I 01BL00138 *Penstemon strictiformis* Rydb.; USA, without locality.
97. E I 91ZS00771 *Veronicastrum sibiricum* (L.) Pennell; Japan, Tokyo Pref., Sakamotoenchi, Okutama Town.
98. G I 66BL00018 *Wulfenia carinthiaca* Jacq.

Smilacaceae

99. G I 68GR01536 *Eustrephus latifolius* R.Br. ex Sims

Sterculiaceae

100. G V 87GR00027 *Theobroma cacao* L..

Styracaceae

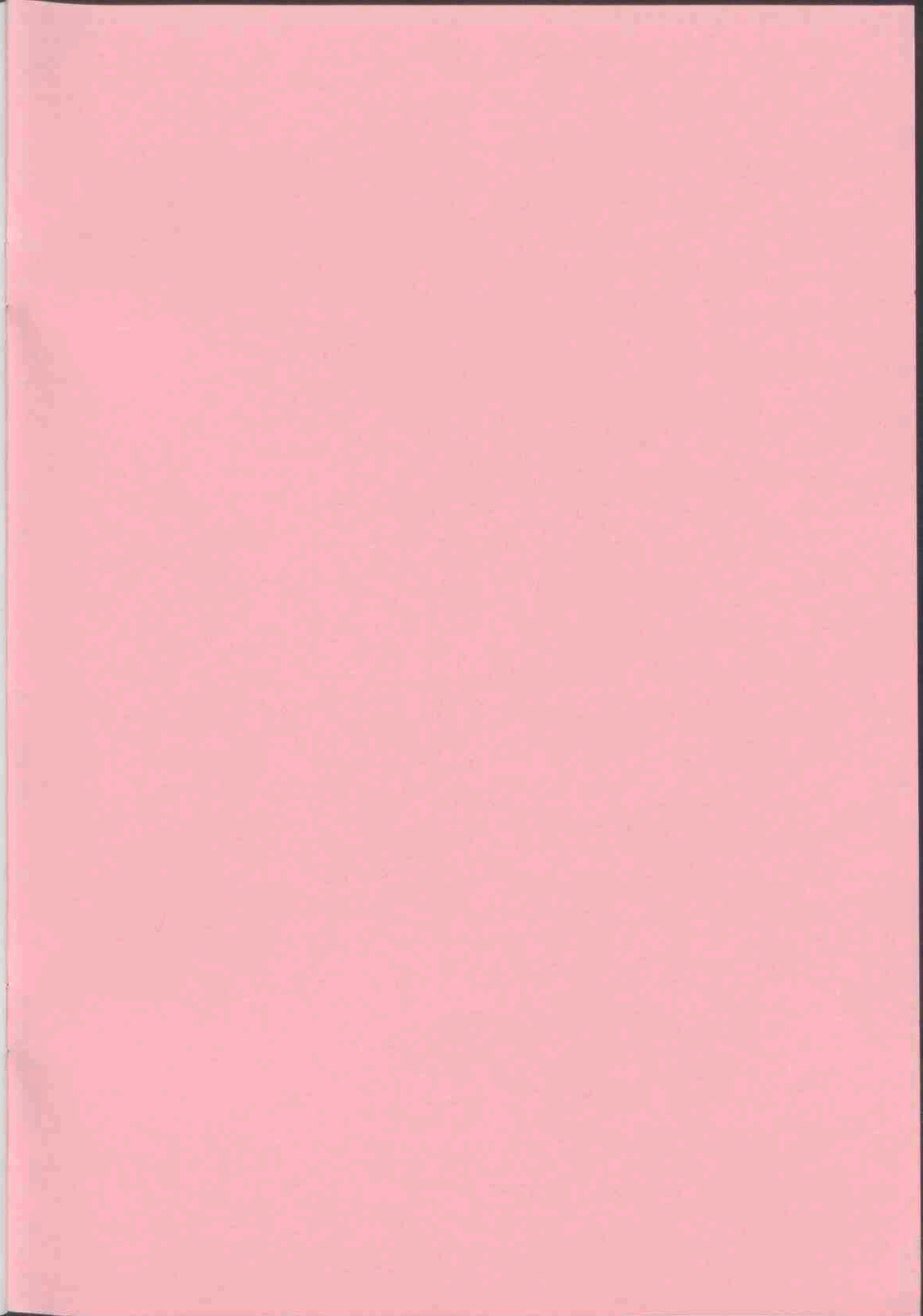
101. K V 64RD00305 *Halesia carolina* L.
102. G I --ZG01006 *Styrax japonica* Siebold & Zucc.

Symplocaceae

103. G V --ZG00909 *Symplocos paniculata* (Thunb. ex Murray) Miq.

Violaceae

104. G I 76GR00088 *Hymenanchera crassifolia* Hook.f.



the 1990s, the number of people in the world who are under 15 years of age is expected to increase from 1.1 billion in 1990 to 1.4 billion in 2000. This increase is expected to be particularly large in the developing countries.

It is not surprising that the number of people in the world who are under 15 years of age is increasing. The number of people in the world who are under 15 years of age is increasing because the number of people in the world is increasing and the number of people in the world who are under 15 years of age is increasing.

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